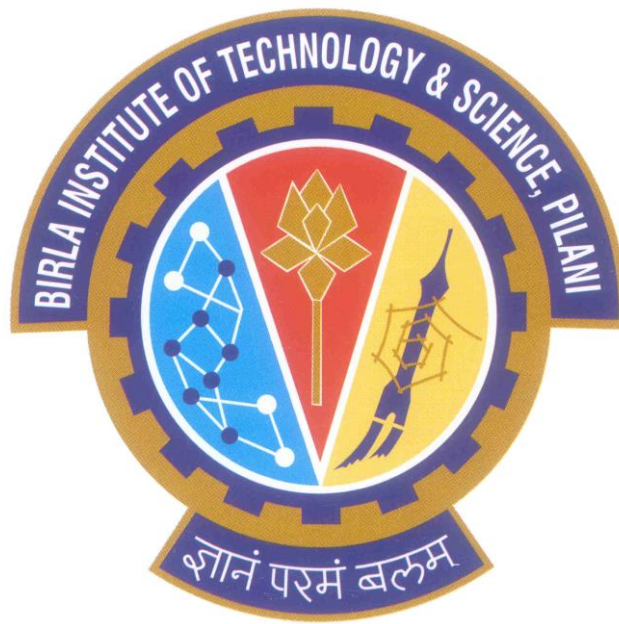


Design assignment on

Chocolate Vending Machine

In partial fulfilment of the course
Microprocessors and Interfacing



BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SCIENCE
K. K BIRLA GOA CAMPUS

PROBLEM STATEMENT No. : 19

BATCH : B191

Submitted by:

- 1: R. Srinath (2012B5A7560G)
- 2: S. Bhaargav (2013A7PS006G)
- 3: Sudhindra Sajjalguddam (2013A7PS065G)
- 4: Arpit Pandey (2013A7PS075G)

Problem Statement

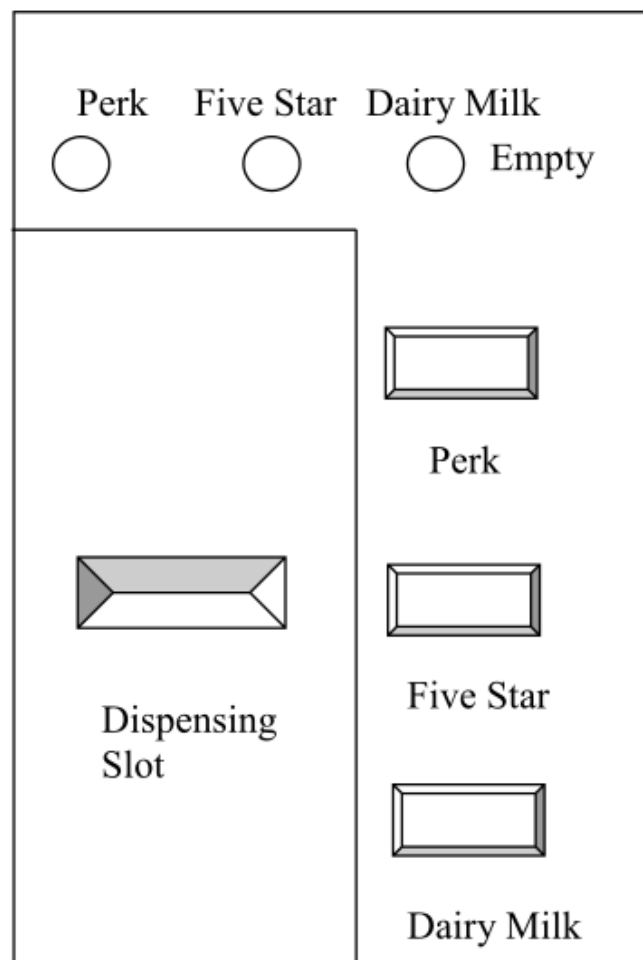
System to be designed: *Chocolate Vending Machine*

Description: This automatic machine vends three different kinds of chocolates.

- Perk; Rs. 5.00
- Five-Star; Rs. 10.00
- Dairy Milk; Rs. 20.00

The currency has to be given in terms of 5 rupee coins. A weight sensor is used to detect whether the coin is a Rs. 5 coin or not. There are three buttons available for the selection of the chocolate. After the chocolate has been selected, the user has to put the correct currency in to the coin slot. When the user has dropped the entire amount into the slot, the machine dispenses the correct chocolate.

LED's are used as indicators to show if any of the chocolates being vended are not available.



Components Required

Item	Number	Description
RAM 6116	2	Random Access Memory
ROM 2732	2	Read Only Memory

Item	Number	Description
8086	1	Microprocessor
8255	1	Programmable Peripheral Interface

Item	Number	Description
74LS373	3	Latching the address lines of 8086.
74LS245	2	Buffering the data lines of 8086.
74LS138	2	Decoder for memory interfacing.

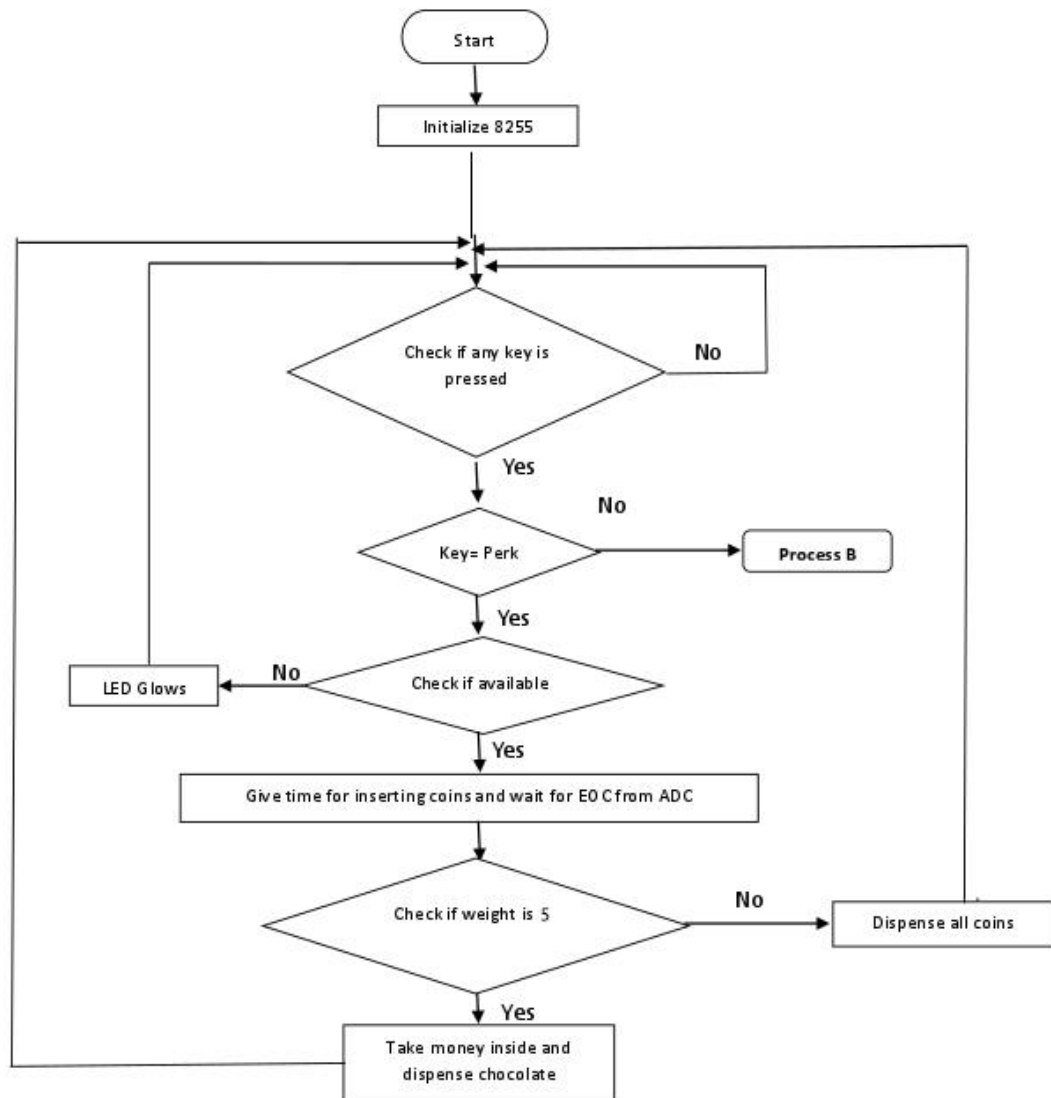
Item	Number	Description
LMD293D	2	Drivers for running motors.
ADC0808	1	For converting analog voltage shown by weight sensor to digital value.

Item	Number	Description
12V DC Motor	4	For operating dispensing slots.
Switches	3	For taking in input from user.
LED	3	To display if a particular chocolate is unavailable.
Weight Sensor (Potentiometer)	1	Verifying the weight of the coins.

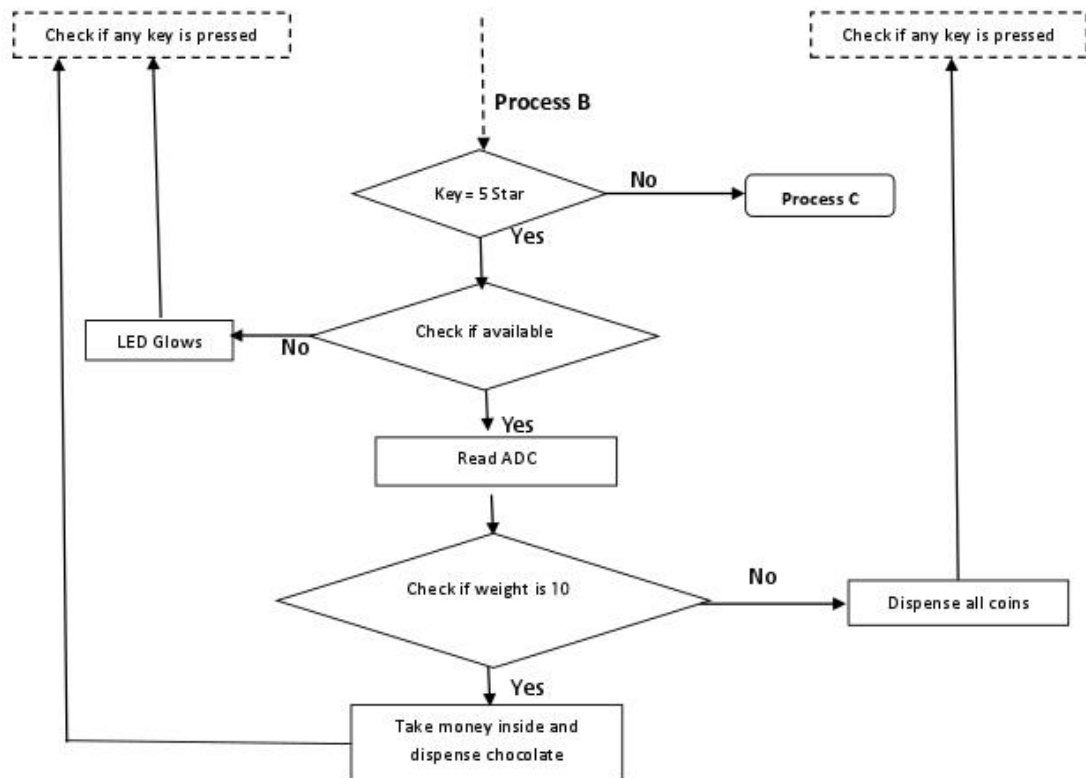
Logic Gates:

Item	Number	Description
NOT	8	Invertors
OR	6	OR Gates

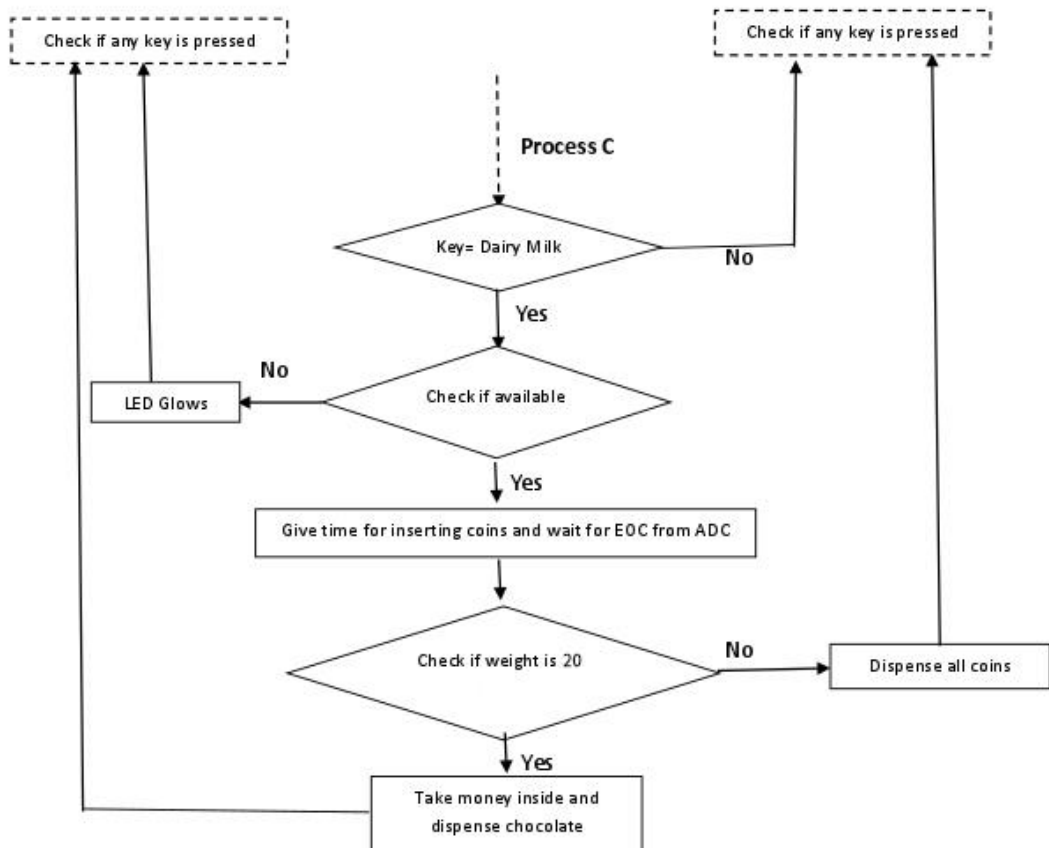
Flowchart for the Process



Process B:



Process C:



ASSUMPTIONS:

- The maximum no of each chocolate is 100.
- If a user inserts a wrong coin, all the coins are returned and he/she has to start from the beginning.
- The user can press only one button at a time.
- LEDs are used to indicate the unavailability of a chocolate.
- The unavailability of a chocolate is indicated only after the user presses the button for that chocolate.
- All the Re. 5 coins weigh the same.
- One chocolate can be dispensed at a time.
- Voltage across LED is 5 volts.
- There are three gates for each of the chocolates that open into the same dispensing slot.
- The wrong coins are also dispensed through the same slot as that for chocolates.
- Only one quantity of any chocolate is ordered at any point of time.
- If extra or less amount of money is inserted the whole amount will be ejected and user has to start over again.
- Machine never exits the code unless it is powered off, because even when no chocolate is available LEDs need to be switched on forever to show user that vending machine is empty.

Working of weight sensor

The rated voltage of the Potentiometer Bridge is 0.5 V / unit % length of resistor. Here we are using a maximum voltage of 50 V as excitation voltage. So the output voltage when the jockey rests at the end point of the resistor will be 50 V. As we are using a range of 0-50g. So output will be 1 V / g

As V_{ref+} of ADC is connected to 50 V and V_{ref-} is connected to ground so the resolution of ADC 0808 will be $(50-0)/255 = 0.2 \text{ mV/LSB}$

Potentiometer produces different voltages for different lengths and using this concept to calculate voltages corresponding to different weights of chocolates, we get

Weight of coins in grams (g)	Voltage (V)	Length of resistance (% of total length)
5g	5V	10% of total length of resistor.
10g	10V	20% of total length of resistor.
20g	20V	40% of total length of resistor.

And the corresponding binary values given by the ADC are:

PERK: 01011000B

FIVESTAR: 11001100B

DAIRYMILK: 01100110B

Motor Functions:

IN1	IN2	MOTOR FUNCTION
0	0	Stop
0	1	Rotate Backward
1	0	Rotate Forward
1	1	Stop

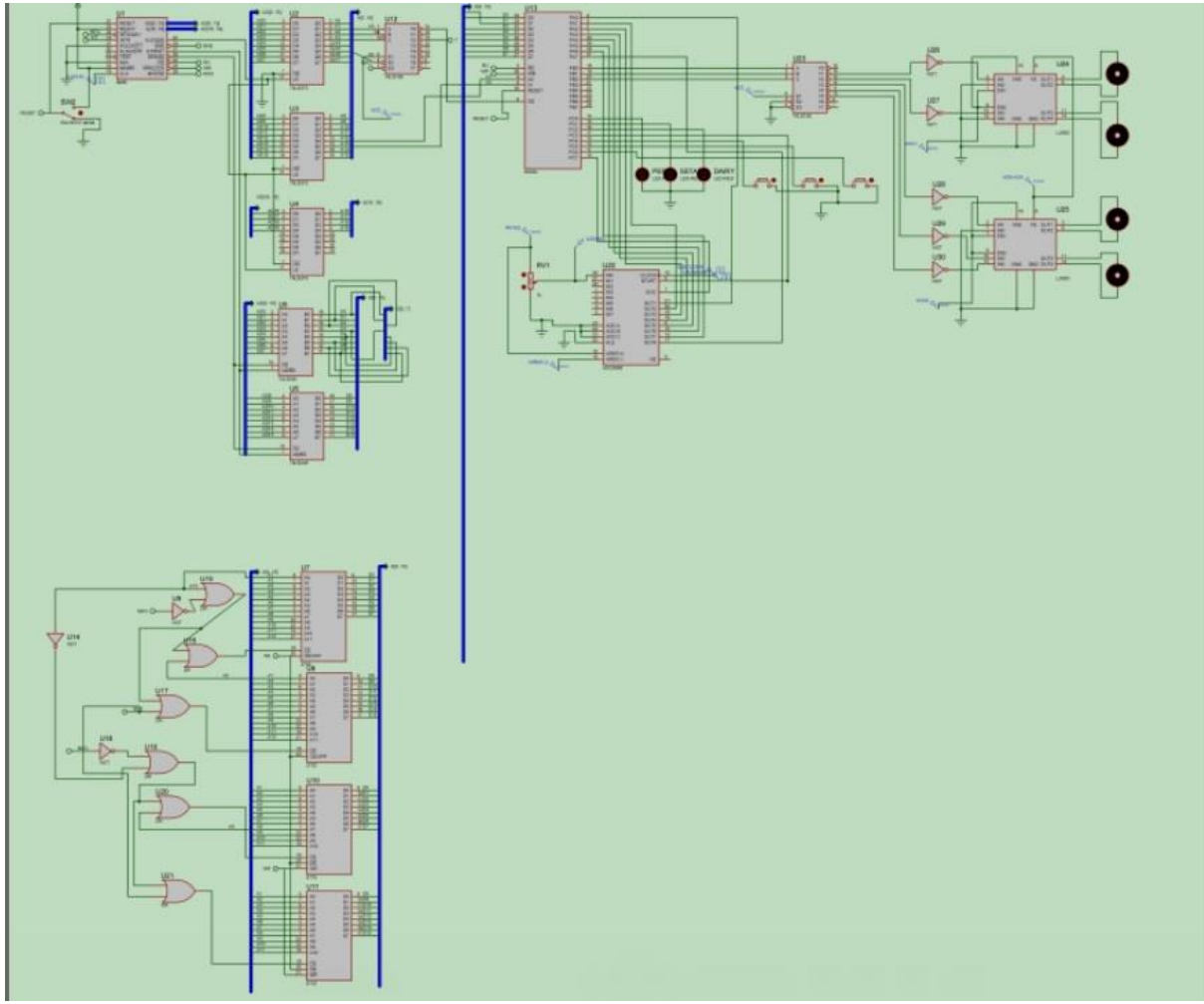
Truth Table for Decoder:

Inputs						Outputs							
E ₁	E ₂	E ₃	A ₀	A ₁	A ₂	O ₀	O ₁	O ₂	O ₃	O ₄	O ₅	O ₆	O ₇
H	X	X	X	X	X	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
X	H	X	X	X	X	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
X	X	L	X	X	X	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	L	H	L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	L	H	H	L	L	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	L	H	L	H	L	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H
L	L	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	L	H	H	H	H
L	L	H	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H	H
L	L	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H
L	L	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H
L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L

System Description

- There is one input slot for inserting coins for the chocolates.
- A weight sensor is used to measure the weight of the coin inserted and verify that the coin entered is actually Rs. 5 coins.
- When the user inserts a coin, the weight sensor measures the weight and if equal to the weight of the required number coins for that chocolate, it takes the money inside and dispenses the chocolate.
- If any other coin is inserted, the coin would be returned back to the user.
- The coins that collect on the piezoelectric sensor are moved either to the coin collection box or are dispensed back to the user using a motor.
- The owner stores each of the different chocolates in the specified place in the machine.
- The counter gets decremented by 1 every time a chocolate is dispensed.
- LED's are used to indicate non-availability of a particular chocolate.
- Three different motors are used to dispense the chocolates, one for each brand.

Hardware Implementation:



ALP CODE:

```
#make_bin#  
#LOAD_SEGMENT=FFFFh#  
#LOAD_OFFSET=0000h#  
#CS=0000h#  
#IP=0000h#  
#DS=0000h#  
#ES=0000h#  
#SS=0000h#  
#SP=0FFFEh#  
#AX=0000h#  
#BX=0000h#  
#CX=0000h#  
#DX=0000h#  
#SI=0000h#  
#DI=0000h#  
#BP=0000h#
```

```
        jmp    st1  
        db     1021 dup(0)  
; Main program
```

```
st1:    cli  
; initialize ds, es,ss to start of RAM  
        mov    ax,0200h  
        mov    ds,ax  
        mov    es,ax  
        mov    ss,ax  
        mov    sp,0FFFEh
```

```
PORTA EQU 0000H  
PORTB EQU 0002H
```

```
; DATA  
JMP     START
```

```
PORTA    EQU    00h  
PORTB    EQU    02h  
PORTC    EQU    04h  
CREG1    EQU    06h
```

```
START:
```

```
; Initialize 8255A  
; portA as input, portB as output , portC lower as output and portC upper as input
```

```
        MOV     AL, 10011000b  
        OUT     CREG1, AL
```

```
; loading count of chocolates
```

```
        MOV     AX, 100  
        MOV     [6F0h], AX
```

```

MOV     AX, 100
MOV     [6F2h], AX
MOV     AX, 100
MOV     [6F4h], AX

; setting portb
MOV     AL, 00000000B
OUT     PORTB, AL
MOV     AL, 08H
OUT     PORTC, AL

MAIN:
; check if key is pressed and figure out whether it is perk or 5star or dairy milk
IN      AL, PORTC
AND     AL, 70h
CMP     AL, 01100000B
JE      PERK
CMP     AL, 01010000B
JE      FIVESTAR
CMP     AL, 00110000B
JE      DAIRYMILK
JMP     MAIN

; perk
PERK:

W1:     MOV     CL, 5
        CALL    DELAY_1S
        NOP
        LOOP    W1

        MOV     DL, 01
        LEA     SI, [6F0h]
        MOV     AL, [SI]
        CMP     AL, 0000h
        JNE     ADCWAIT           ; if perk is present jump to ADCWAIT
        MOV     AL, 00000001B      ; PC0 is set so as to glow the led
        OUT     CREG1, AL
        CALL    DELAY_1S          ; DELAY
        MOV     AL, 98H           ; resetting 8255A
        OUT     CREG1, AL
        JMP     MAIN

; checking for weight of perk. From ADCWAIT, we jump to P1 this if perk was the selected input.
P1:     MOV     AL, 98H
        OUT     CREG1, AL
        MOV     AH, 01011000B
        IN      AL, PORTA
        CMP     AL, AH
        JNE     MONEYBACK

```

DEC [SI]

; Logic to rotate the motor so as to take the money in

```
MOV     AL, 98h
OUT     CREG1, AL
MOV     AL, 00000100B
OUT     PORTB, AL
CALL    DELAY_1S
MOV     AL, 98h
OUT     CREG1, AL
MOV     AL, 00000000B      ; stop the motors
OUT     PORTB, AL
```

; Logic to rotate the motor so as to dispense the chocolate out

```
MOV     AL, 00000001B
OUT     PORTB, AL
CALL    DELAY_1S
MOV     AL, 00000000B      ; stopping the motors
OUT     PORTB, AL
JMP     CHOCOUT
```

; 5star

FIVESTAR:

```
MOV     DL, 02
LEA     SI, [6F2h]
MOV     AL, [SI]
CMP     AL, 00h
JNE     ADCWAIT             ; if 5star is present jump to ADCWAIT
MOV     AL, 0000011B        ; PC1 is set
OUT     CREG1, AL
CALL    DELAY_1S           ; DELAY
MOV     AL, 98h             ; resetting
OUT     CREG1, AL
JMP     MAIN
```

; checking for weight of 5star. From ADCWAIT, we jump to P2 if 5star was the selected input.

P2:

```
MOV     AL, 98H
OUT     CREG1, AL
MOV     AH, 11001100b
IN      AL, PORTA
CMP     AL, AH
JNE     MONEYBACK
DEC     [SI]
```

; Logic to rotate the motor so as to take the money in

```
MOV     AL, 98h
OUT     CREG1, AL
MOV     AL, 00000100B
OUT     PORTB, AL
CALL    DELAY_1S
MOV     AL, 98h
OUT     CREG1, AL
MOV     AL, 00000000B      ; stop the motors
```

```
OUT        PORTB, AL
```

; Logic to rotate the motor so as to dispense the chocolate out

```
MOV        AL, 00000010B
OUT        PORTB, AL
CALL       DELAY_1S
MOV        AL, 00000000B      ; stopping the motors
OUT        PORTB, AL
JMP        CHOCOUT
```

; Dairy milk

DAIRYMILK:

```
MOV        DL, 03
LEA        SI, [6F4h]
MOV        AL, [SI]
CMP        AL, 0000h
JNE        ADCWAIT            ; if dairy milk is present jump to ADCWAIT
MOV        AL, 00000101B      ; PC2 is set
OUT        CREG1, AL
CALL       DELAY_1S           ; DELAY
MOV        AL, 98h            ; resetting
OUT        CREG1, AL
JMP        MAIN
```

; checking for weight of dairy milk. From ADCWAIT, we jump to P3 if dairy was the selected input

P3:

```
MOV        AL, 98H
OUT        CREG1, AL
MOV        AH, 01100110b
IN         AL, PORTA
CMP        AL, AH
JNE        MONEYBACK
DEC        [SI]

MOV        AL, 98h
OUT        CREG1, AL
MOV        AL, 00000100B
OUT        PORTB, AL
CALL       DELAY_1S
MOV        AL, 98h
OUT        CREG1, AL
MOV        AL, 00000000B      ; stop the motors
OUT        PORTB, AL

MOV        AL, 00000011B
OUT        PORTB, AL
CALL       DELAY_1S
MOV        AL, 00000000B      ; stopping the motors
OUT        PORTB, AL
JMP        CHOCOUT
```


; adwait

ADCWAIT:

; delay to give time for the user to set weight

```
T3:    MOV        CL, 07
      CALL       DELAY_1S
      LOOP       T3
```

; setting adc on

```
      IN         AL, PORTC
      AND        AL, 11110111B
      OUT        PORTC, AL
```

; loop till adc interrupt is raised .ie. eoc is 1

```
J1:    N         AL, PORTC
      AND        AL, 80H
      CMP        AL, 0
      JE         J1

      IN         AL, PORTA
      JMP        EXITADC
```

; Logic to decide whether to go perk, or 5star, or dairy milk

```
T1:    MOV        AH, 1
      CMP        AH, DL
      JE         P1
```

```
      MOV        AH, 2
      CMP        AH, DL
      JE         P2
```

```
      MOV        AH, 3
      CMP        AH, DL
      JE         P3
```

; exitadc

EXITADC:

; Clear adcst and ale in PC3

```
      MOV        AI, 98h
      OUT        CREG1, AL
      MOV        AL, 00000111b
      OUT        CREG1, AL

      JMP        T1
```

; moneyback

MONEYBACK:

```
MOV     AL, 98h
OUT     CREG1, AL
MOV     AL, 00000101B
OUT     PORTB, AL
CALL    DELAY_1S
MOV     AL, 98h
OUT     CREG1, AL
MOV     AL, 00000000B    ; stop the motors
OUT     PORTB, AL
JMP     MAIN
```

; chocout

CHOCOUT:

```
MOV     AL, 98h
OUT     CREG1, AL
MOV     AL, 00000101B
OUT     PORTB, AL
CALL    DELAY_1S
MOV     AL, 98h
OUT     CREG1, AL
MOV     AL, 00000000B    ; stop the motors
OUT     PORTB, AL
JMP     MAIN
```

; Procedures used

; delay_20ms
DELAY_20MS proc

```
MOV     CH, 5
X1:     NOP
        NOP
        DEC     CH
        JNZ     X1
```

RET
DELAY_20MS endp

; delay_1s
DELAY_1S proc

```
MOV     BX, 15000
X2:     CALL    DELAY_20MS
        DEC     BX
        JNZ     X2
```

RET
DELAY_1S endp