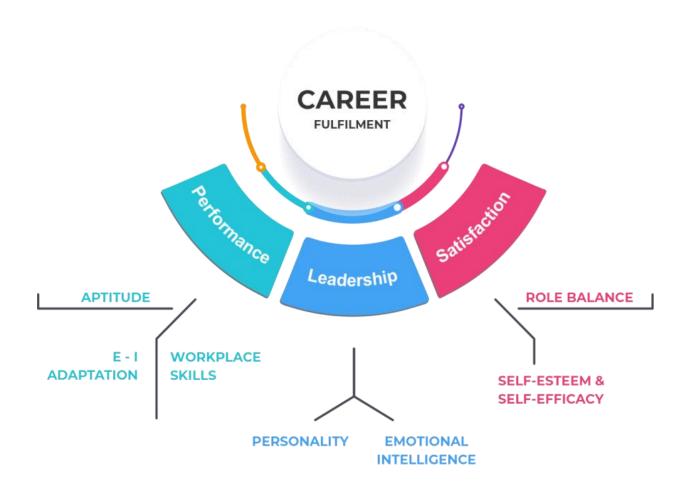
CAREER MENTOR





Holistic career fulfilment includes workplace performance, workplace leadership as well as work satisfaction

Workplace performance skills are essential for satisfactory work performance – both cognitive and otherwise. We have considered aptitude that is important for learning new skills, E- I dimension of personality that is important for adjustment in a role as well as the client's self-appraisal on the task, personal and people leadership skills that are important in work. It provides clients an assessment of their current status as well as growth recommendations.

Extraversion vs Introversion

Extraverts derive their energy from people. They are involved in outer world of people. Introverts derive their energy through self-reflection. They are interested in inner world of concepts & ideas. E-I preference starts appearing from a very early age (3-4 years), like left & right-handedness. Understanding and respecting these preferences and exploring careers accordingly helps a healthy work adjustment.



Signs of E-I

Extraversion

You are publicly vocal.

You are generally fulofenergy.

You show enthusiasm

You are open andaccessible.

You enjoy social gatherings.

You focus more focused on breadth ofinterests than on depthof interests.

Introversion

You are generally silent.

You are seems more reserved.

You are slow to open-

up.You are

introspective.

You "mind you own business"

You get drained by or get irritablein social gatherings.

You are more comfortable alone or in a small group of familiar people.

You are less distracted by environmental stimuli.

Score	Percentile
<=17	<=25
17 - 22	25 - 50
22 – 27	50 – 75
>27	> 75

Some Career suggestions for 75+ percentile

Cluster	Extraverted	Introverted
Agriculture, Food & Natural Resources		Agricultural Engineers
Architecture & Construction		Architects, Civil engineers, Transportation, engineers
Arts, Audio/Video Technology & Communications	Chief Executives	Operations Research Analysts
Education & Training	Post-secondary teachers (Arts, Drama & Music)	Post-secondary teachers (Science, Engineering, Law)
Finance	Sales Agents (Securities and Commodities)	Actuaries, Credit analysts, Financial managers
Government & Public Administration		Urban and Regional Planners
Health Science		Epidemiologists, Neurologists, Surgeons, Neuropsychologists,
Information Technology		Geographic Information Systems Technicians
Law, Public Safety, Corrections &Security		Probation Officers and Correctional Treatment Specialists
Manufacturing		Industrial Engineering Technologists, Manufacturing Engineering Technologists
Science, Technology, Engineering &Mathematics		Engineers, Archeologists, Scientists, Biostatisticians, Chemists, Historians, Mathematicians, Economists

Some Career Suggestions for 50 – 75 percentile

Cluster	Introverted	Introverted
Agriculture, Food & Natural Resources		Animal Scientists, Biological technicians, Food scientists & technologists, Soil & Plan scientists, Zoologists & Wildlife biologists
Architecture & Construction		Cost Estimators, Interior designers, Landscape architects, Surveyors
Arts, Audio/Video Technology & Communications	Agents and Business Managers of Artists, Performers, and Athletes, Choreographers, Producers,Reporters & correspondents	Art directors, Commercial & Industrial designers, Film & Video editors, Music directors, Musicians, Poets, Lyricists & creative writers
Business Management& Administration	Chief Sustainability Officers, Compensation &benefit managers, General & operations managers, Human resource managers, Labour relations managers, Meeting- convention-event planners, Purchasing managers	Biofuels Production Managers, Business continuity planners, Computer& information systemsmanagers, Industrial production managers, Management analysts, Regulatory affairs managers, Security managers
Education & Training	Education administrators, Coaches & scouts	Adapted Physical Education Specialists, Distance learning coordinators, Post-secondary teachers (science streams)
Finance	Sales agents	Accountants, Auditors, Budget analysts, Financial analysts, Insurance examiners, Risk management specialists, Treasurers & controllers
Government & Public Administration	Equal Opportunity Representatives and Officers	Appraisers, Real Estate, Compliance officers, Regulatory affairs specialists, Statistical assistants,
Health Science	Athletic trainers, Dieticians & nutritionists, Medical &health service managers	Audiologists, Anesthesiologists, Genetic counsellor, Low vision therapist, Medical scientist, Radiologist

Introverted	Introverted
Industrial-Organizational Psychologists, Social and Community Service Managers, Healthcare social worker	Counseling Psychologists, School psychologist
	Business Intelligence Analysts, Computer network architects, Computer programmers, Database administrators, Information securityanalysts
Administrative Law Judges, Adjudicators, and Hearing Officers, Arbitrators, Mediators, and Conciliators	Intelligence analysts, Forensic science technicians
Purchasing agents	Engineers & technologists
Advertising and Promotions Managers, Energy brokers, Marketing managers, Public relations officers and fundmanagers	Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists
	Anthropologists, Climate change analysts, Economists, Engineers, Geographers
	Pilots, Flight engineers, Logistic engineers, Transportation managers
	Industrial-Organizational Psychologists, Social and Community Service Managers, Healthcare social worker Administrative Law Judges, Adjudicators, and Hearing Officers, Arbitrators, Mediators, and Conciliators Purchasing agents Advertising and Promotions Managers, Energy brokers, Marketing managers, Public relations

Some Career Suggestions for 50- percentile

Cluster	Introverted	Introverted
Cluster Agriculture, Food &Natural Resources	Extraverted Buyers and Purchasing Agents, Farm Products	Introverted
Arts, Audio/Video Technology & Communications	Broadcast News Analysts	Copy Writers, Editors, Proofreaders
Business Management & Administration	Fundraisers, Human resource managers, Training & development managers	Compliance Managers
Education & Training	Fitness and Wellness Coordinators, Post- secondary teachers	Archivists, Librarians, Instructional designers & technologists
Finance		Claims Examiners, Property and Casualty Insurance Fraud Examiners, Investigators and Analysts
Health Science		Acupuncturists, Midwives, Musicart-recreational therapists
Hospitality & Tourism	Lodging Managers, Recreational workers	
Human Services	Child, Family, and School Social Workers, Clergy, Community health worker, Health educators	Mental health counsellors, Rehabilitation counsellors
Information Technology		Document Management Specialists
Law, Public Safety, Corrections & Security	Fish and Game Wardens	
Marketing	Public Relations Specialists, Sales representatives (non-technical products)	
Science, Technology, Engineering &Mathematics		City and Regional Planning Aides, Park Naturalists

Task Leadership – Associated with successful task completion

Dimension	Description	Status
Communication (Foundation)	Reading comprehension, Translating or explaining, Writing, skills, Working with emails	
Creativity & Innovation	Thinking creatively, Innovating	
Knowledge Management	Learning strategies, Knowledge updating, Active learning	
Problem Solving	Analytical thinking, problem identification, developing and evaluating alternatives,	
Quality management	Attention to details, maintaining accuracy, Inspecting & Monitoring, Self-monitoring	
Systems thinking	System analysis, System evaluation	
Task closure	Goal setting, Time Management, Administration	
Working with Information	Monitoring, information gathering, evaluation and processing.	

Focus Areas			

Personal Leadership -

Associated with corporate citizenship

Dimension	Description	Status
Judgment & decision Making	Using judgment, Making decisions	
Emotional Intelligence	Self-control, Adaptability, Managing ambiguity & competition, Managing work pressure, Stress tolerance, Working in limited freedom	
Initiative & Effort	Establishing challenging goals, actively attacking problems, putting efforts and displaying perseverance	
Integrity	Ethical Behaviour, Dependability	

Focus Areas	

People leadership – Associated with working well & leading people

Dimension	Description	Status
Communication (Advanced)	Providing information, Active Listening, Speaking, Interacting	
Cooperation	Understanding others' feelings, Helping others	
Coordination	Getting group members together for task Accomplishment	
Customer Management	Dealing with or performing for public or external customer, Facilitating others	
Influencing	Convincing others to change their minds	
Interacting with People	Non face to face interactions, Public speaking, communicating outside organization	
Leadership	Goal setting, Team building, Directing, Monitoring, Leading, Negotiating, Persuading	
Resource Management	Management of people resources, staffing	
Social skills	Social Orientation, Social Perceptiveness	

Focus Areas		

Concerns, Suggestions

Dimension	Description	Status
Self-Control	To control adverse	1. Develop emotional self-awareness. This is a
(Emotional	emotions at work	pre-requisite
Intelligence)	place	to emotional self-regulation
		2. Emotional Self-regulation - Covered in El
Social Orientation	To maintain personal	Develop respect & empathy for others - being concerned.
(Social Skills)	connection with	
	other collegues	2. Maintain self-esteem - believing in your
	at work place	ability to buildconnections.
		3. Be approachable, reasonable &
		professional. Makeinteractions easy and
		enjoyable. However, set your boundaries.
		4. Offer help at times.
		Seek reasonable help - allow others to feel valued.
		6. Believe in a growth mindset & a win-win approach.
		7. Focus on problem resolution
Assisting & Caring (Social Skills)	Providing personal assistance,	 Develop respect & empathy for others - being concerned.
	medical attention,	
	emotional support,	2. Identify how you can help most naturally -
	or other personal	by being available, through financial
	care to others such	assistance in need, by offeringadvice or
	as coworkers,	expertize, etc.
	customers, or	2 Offer help Find time ? energy to effect help
	patients.	3. Offer help - Find time & energy to offer help,
		even when itmeans a little discomfort or

additional effort.

Knowledge updating (Knowledge Management)

Keeping up-to-date technically and applyingnew knowledge to your job.

- 1. Understand the purpose Being able to perform current
- responsibilities well, preparing yourself for growth to higher role, preparing for your long term aspiration, gaining respectfor your subject matter expertise and satisfying your intellectual curiosity). Accordingly, identify the relevant domain of knowledge and expertise that you should invest your time on.
- 2. Identify the right sources Being part of relevant projects, working with SMEs, Getting formal training (either through organization or otherwise), Reading relevant journals, Informally supporting teams working on technical projects
- 3. Be prepared to put sustained efforts Being recognized as adomain expert and keeping updated on relevant knowledge requires a lot of extra efforts than just completing your assignments. It requires spending time on the resources identified in previous points, many times over and above the formal work assignment. As the domain knowledge constantly gets updated, it almost always means sustained efforts.
- 4. Be honest to yourself Be clear in your mind, what role you want to play in longer term which domain will it be the SMEor the managerial role that shall interest you. Accordingly, youneed to identify the domain knowledge on which to focus.

Stress Tolerance	To handle criticism	Develop emotional self-awareness &
(Emotional	well	emotional self-regulation.
Intelligence)		2. Don't take it too personally - Criticism of work
		performanceis not always a personal criticism.
		Differentiate between the two.
		billetendate between the two.
		3. Follow the process - Try to process the criticism
		as open- mindedly & objectively as possible.
		Avoid defensiveness or excuses. Receive inputs.
		Give yourself some time for this to beabsorbed -
		when initial negative emotions weaken and you
		can more objectively think of this as a feedback.
		Evaluate the feedback logically to identify areas
		of improvement and pointsto be ignored.
		During the entire process, maintain your respect & empathy
		towards critic. Similarly, during the entire
		process, maintainyour self-esteem - the feeling
		of being inherently worthy.
Stress Tolerance	To maintain calm during stressful situations	1. Emotional self-awareness & self-regulation
(Emotional Intelligence)		2. Relaxation techniques
Adaptability (Emotional	Being open to both	Maintain a healthy balance of self-esteem & self-awareness
Intelligence)	positive and	- Believing in your capacity to add value, also
intelligence)	negative changes at workplace and	realize that wealways has a lot to learn.
		rounzo mat woanwayo nao a fot to foam.
	am able to adapt to	2. Be aware of the bigger picture and how this
	them	is driving thechange.
		3. Focus on improving, not proving - Manage
		your internal process (emotions, biases,
		judgments, etc) to remain open tosuggestions &
		experiences. Be patient in analyzing them
		before declaring them more or less suitable.
		4. Be aware of your thinking process - Is it reasonably logicalor is it heavily loaded with bias or prejudice.

5. Utilize any opportunity for discussion to

discuss your view point in most constructive and non-violent manner. Utilize yoursocial perceptiveness and other social skills while doing so.

- 6. Remain motivated if some or all of your suggestions are rejected, even if it personally affect you.
- 7. Choose your next actions adapt & give your best if the impact of decision is manageable or identify opportunitieswithin/ outside organization (in case the impact is not manageable). Remember to remain professional in any situation.

Social Perceptiveness	Being aware of others'	Part of Emotional Intelligence detailing
(SocialSkills)	reactions and	
	understanding	
	why theyreact as	
	they do.	
Customer management	Dealing with external customers or	Develop & practice service orientation - willingness & 2.
	general public in work related matters	activity that can help customer have an excellent experience.
		 Develop your communication skills - active & empathetic listening and respectful, reassuring speaking. Develop social perceptiveness and mastery of non-verbal communication
	_	Practice empathy & patience.Develop resourcefulness and ability to close.

Conflict management	Handling and	Focus on managing conflicts as opportunities
(Leadership)	managing conflict	for
	situations on a	organization learning & group performance
		enhancementwhile minimizing the negative
	regular basis	impact.
	without losing	O Handaratanal than various atulas of conflict
	my motivation	Understand the various styles of conflict
		management -competing, compromising,
		collaborating, avoiding & accommodating.
		3. Resolution strategy should be perceived as a win-
		win for theconflicting parties.
		 If you are a mediator, then it is important to establish your personal credibility over conflicting parties through appropriate displa of self-esteem, respect & competence.
		Consider conflicts as inevitable ingredient of team working. Also believe in your ability to manage them well.
Directing	Providing guidance	Maintain healthy self-esteem.
(Leadership)	and	
	direction to subordinates,	2. Maintain respect and empathy for others.
	including setting performance	3. Believe in your capacity to guide, while
	standards and	acknowledging yourshortcomings and
		weaknesses.
	monitoring	
	performance.	4. Develop healthy working relations,
		through a focus onprofessional approach
		and emotional maturity.
		5. Focus on enabling teams to become
		competent and independent.
		6. Watch out for signs of high-handedness or
		overpowering inyour approach. Consider yourself
		a mentor and enabler, while
		still being in-charge.

Leadership	If required, taking charge of the situation quickly	Have a vision - Have an idea of how success looks life for a problem they are facing. Be a problem solver. See themselvesas instruments of change
		2. Be forthright in your thought and expression,
		without beingunsupportive or unfriendly.
		3. Be a change agent - Be clear of what you
		want from eachinteraction & communicate in
		ways that are most likely to meet goals &
		produce results. Provide a balanced feedback
		that originates from a balanced perspective.
		4. Help others to behave similarly by training &
		coaching themto be problem solvers.
		5. To achieve above - work on your need to
		be liked, poor confrontation skills, and fear
		of conflict and absence of avision.
		Be respectful of others. All your thoughts and actions
		should consider others as equals and not mere
		resources tomeet your goals.
Negotiation (Leadership)	Bringing others together	 Maintain a healthy self-esteem - believe in your inherent worth.
	and trying to	2. Respect others - treat them as equals.
	reconcile differences.	3. Know the difference between influencing &
		manipulating -Influencing is behaving in ways
		that may help others reconsider their opinions,
		possibly leading them to change or cooperate.
		4. Develop self-awareness & self-regulation.
		5. Build social perceptiveness & social skills.
		Help others feelvalued and cared - as a starting
		point of building rapport.

6. Build communication skills - Develop active &

empathetic listening as well as comforting,

reassuring yet purpose-drivenspeaking skills. 7. Represent yourself well - Make sure to have situation -appropriate dressing & mannerism. 8. Be truly concerned about others - Educate others about thetopic/ product under discussion in best possible manner. Be open to accept the short-comings and never misguide. - Be openminded. Be ready to accept errors in your logic possibly good suggestions from others. Persuasion Persuading others to 1. Maintain a healthy self-esteem - believe in your (Leadership) inherent worth. change their 2. Respect others - treat them as equals. minds or behavior. 3. Know the difference between influencing & manipulating -Influencing is behaving in ways that may help others reconsider their opinions, possibly leading them to change or cooperate. 4. Develop self-awareness & self-regulation. 5. Build social perceptiveness & social skills. Help others feelvalued and cared - as a starting point of building rapport. 6. Build communication skills - Develop active & empathetic listening as well as comforting, reassuring yet purpose-drivenspeaking skills. 7. Represent yourself well - Make sure to have situation -appropriate dressing & mannerism. 8. Be truly concerned about others - Educate

others about thetopic/ product under discussion in best possible manner. Be open to accept the short-comings and never misguide. - Be open-

		minded. Be ready to accept errors in your logic
		and
		possibly good suggestions from others.
Team building	Encouraging and building	Shared vision - Explain the shared vision towards which the entire team, including yourself should be working.
(Leadership)	mutual trust,	
	respect, and cooperation among team members.	 Communication - Clear, open, honest respectful communications, enabling team members to expressthemselves.
		Try to create as clear roles & responsibilities as possible.
		4. Give a sense of fairness - without bias or prejudice5. Develop collaboration skills of the team - promote mutual
		trust & appreciation, ability to express respectfully without 5. fear, willingness to listen with open mind, affinity throughteam building exercises