```
In [12]: import pandas as pd
       import seaborn as sns
       from sklearn.datasets import load_digits
       import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [13]: ram=load_digits()
In [14]: dir(ram)
Out[14]: ['DESCR', 'data', 'feature_names', 'frame', 'images', 'target', 'target_names']
In [15]: ram.data
Out[15]: array([[ 0., 0., 5., ..., 0., 0., 0.],
           [ 0., 0., 0., ..., 10., 0., 0.],
           [ 0., 0., 0., ..., 16., 9., 0.],
            [ 0., 0., 1., ..., 6., 0., 0.],
           [ 0., 0., 2., ..., 12., 0., 0.],
           [ 0., 0., 10., ..., 12., 1., 0.]])
In [16]: plt.matshow(ram.images[0])
Out[16]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1c774704390>
          0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
       0 -
       1 -
       2 -
       3 -
       4 -
       5 -
       6 -
In [17]: for i in range(4):
         plt.matshow(ram.images[i])
          0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
       0 -
       1-
       2 -
       3 -
       5 -
       6 -
       7 -
          0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
       0 -
       1 -
       2 -
       3 -
       4 -
       6 -
       7 -
          0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
       0 -
       1 -
       2 -
       3 -
       4 -
       5 -
       6 -
       7 -
          0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
       0 -
       1-
       2 -
       3 -
       5 -
       6 -
In [18]: df
       NameError
                                     Traceback (most recent call last)
       Cell In[18], line 1
       ----> 1 df
       NameError: name 'df' is not defined
In [19]: df=pd.DataFrame(ram.data) #here we create the dataframe using data
In [20]: df
Out[20]:
        3 0.0 0.0 7.0 15.0 13.0 1.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 8.0 ... 9.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 7.0 13.0 13.0 9.0 0.0 0.0
        1792 0.0 0.0 4.0 10.0 13.0 6.0 0.0 0.0 1.0 ... 4.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 2.0 14.0 15.0 9.0 0.0 0.0
       1796 0.0 0.0 10.0 14.0 8.0 1.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 2.0 ... 8.0 0.0 0.0 1.0 8.0 12.0 14.0 12.0 1.0 0.0
      1797 rows × 64 columns
In [21]: df['target']=ram.target
In [22]: df
Out[22]:
           0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 ... 55 56 57 58 59 60
        0 0.0 0.0 5.0 13.0 9.0 1.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 ... 0.0 0.0 0.0 6.0 13.0 10.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
        1 0.0 0.0 0.0 12.0 13.0 5.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 ... 0.0 0.0 0.0 11.0 16.0 10.0 0.0 0.0
        3 0.0 0.0 7.0 15.0 13.0 1.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 8.0 ... 0.0 0.0 0.0 7.0 13.0 13.0 9.0 0.0 0.0
        1792 0.0 0.0 4.0 10.0 13.0 6.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1.0 ... 0.0 0.0 0.0 2.0 14.0 15.0 9.0 0.0 0.0
       1794 0.0 0.0 1.0 11.0 15.0 1.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 ... 0.0 0.0 0.0 2.0 9.0 13.0 6.0 0.0 0.0
       1796 0.0 0.0 10.0 14.0 8.0 1.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 2.0 ... 0.0 0.0 1.0 8.0 12.0 14.0 12.0 1.0 0.0
      1797 rows × 65 columns
In [23]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
In [24]: x=df.drop('target',axis=1)
In [25]: y=df.target #
In [26]: x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.2) # here we set the training and test dataset
In [27]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
In [28]: model=RandomForestClassifier()
In [30]: model.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[30]:
      ▼ RandomForestClassifier
       RandomForestClassifier()
In [32]: model.score(x_test,y_test) @ the accuracy is very high
Out[32]: 0.988888888888888
In [34]: ypredicted=model.predict(x_test)
In [37]: from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
       cm=confusion_matrix(y_test,ypredicted)
In [38]: cm
Out[38]: array([[39, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
            [ 0, 40, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
            [ 0, 0, 36, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
            [ 0, 0, 0, 43, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1],
            [ 0, 0, 0, 0, 26, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0],
            [ 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 35, 0, 0, 0, 0],
            [ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 35, 0, 0, 0],
            [ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 34, 0, 0],
            [ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 32, 0],
            [ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 36]], dtype=int64)
In [40]: sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True)
Out[40]: <AxesSubplot: >
                                                   - 35
                                                   - 30
                                                   - 25
       u - 0 0 0 0 1 35 0 0 0 0
                                                   - 20
       ω - 0 0 0 0 0 0 35 0 0 0
                                                   - 10
```

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

In [41]: # here the 39 times the value was 0 and predicted 0

'''1 times the value was 5 then predicted as 4'''