

Line editor in C/C++

Project Description	<p>Define Your Project Scope: you want to create a line editor to read from and writing to files, performing string operations, managing a list of strings, and enabling search and position movement for CRUD operations.</p> <p>Project Description: we are going to develop a line editor which should be able to open, write, save files. Open file should be supported from command arguments as defined in step 1</p> <p>Create a New C File: Begin by creating a new C file for your project, e.g., line_editor.c. Include Necessary Header Files: Include standard C libraries like <stdio.h>, <stdlib.h>, <string.h>, etc., for file I/O, memory management, and string operations.</p>
Step 1: Handle Command Line Arguments	<p>Create a program to read commands given at CMD prompt to open a new file.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• - One Argument (c:/editor): Create "file.txt" in the current directory with "w+" mode if no additional arguments are provided.• - Two Arguments (c:/editor filename): Open "filename" in "r+" mode if it exists; otherwise, create it in "w+" mode in the current directory.• - Three Arguments (c:/editor filename directoryname): Open "filename" in "directoryname" with "r+" mode if it exists; otherwise, create it in "w+" mode in "directoryname".• -more than 3 arguments: error handling.
Step2:Creating a Buffer	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Design a buffer to hold up to 25 lines of text.- Read the file content line by line using fgets()/freadline and store each line in the buffer. <p>Allocate memory dynamically for each line.</p> <p>Example to store data in data structure: Suppose we have a text read from opened file then it should store the data linewise:</p> <p>[Line No1:] "This is line 1."</p> <p>[Line No2:] "I love my studies."</p> <p>[Line No3:] "I am in Chitkara University."</p> <p>You should think about a buffer design (How to store data line by line) so that further operations like inserting a line, updating a line, and deleting a line becomes easy.</p>
Step 3: Reading and Writing to the File	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Reading, storing and printing a file: Open the file, use fgets() to read lines, and store them in the buffer. Close the file after reading.• Writing to file the contents of the buffer: Open the file in write mode, iterate over the buffer, and use fprintf() to write each line to the file. Close the file after writing.
Step4: Implementing the	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Search for a specified word in the buffer: It returns the line number and position of the word if found, return a composite variable with name "cursor"; return -1 if not found.

searchFunction	
Step5	<p>Implement CRUD Operations on buffer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Write functions to perform CRUD operations (Create(insert), Read, Update, Delete) on lines of text. <p>Create:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Insert a new line at the cursor position. Line should be inserted at the cursor position. If your cursor is at 5th line then a new line will be inserted at 5 position and every other line index will be incremented by one. • Insert a new word at the cursor position (searched word) and by incrementing the index of further words in this line. <p>Read (print):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Display the contents of the given line. • Display the whole contents of buffer line wise. <p>Update</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Replacing a searched word with another word. • Insert a new word at cursor position. • Modify the contents of the current line starting from the current cursor position to the given index or word. <p>Delete:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Remove the current line from the buffer. • Remove a word (already searched by cursor position) in the given line.