

Dus, guidus, mkusb version 12 quick start manual

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14 August 2021 1



Prepare for mkusb

- Drives alias mass storage devices
 - You need two drives or mass storage devices (pendrive, flash card, HDD, SSD). The minimum sizes are 2 GB and 8 GB, but obviously the final operating system will soon need more space for your personal files as well as for additional system files (program packages),
 - a drive for the installer at least as big as the iso file for cloning, so minimum 2 GB for Ubuntu Server, 4 GB for standard Ubuntu desktop and the Ubuntu family flavours for a live only system and 8 GB or more for a persistent live system (typically a USB pendrive, but a memory card or an external SSD will also work),
 - a **drive for the target**, the final installed operating system (typically an internal drive, but it could also be connected via USB, eSATA or a card reader). Minimum 8 GB for Lubuntu but 16 GB or more is better, and standard Ubuntu desktop with a lot of snaps needs at least 32 GB.
- Backup
 - Backup all personal data before trying this method because the installer drive and maybe also the target drive will be completely overwritten

Tough guys never backup their data, they do the work twice instead ;-)



Install or download mkusb

- Install (or download) the shell-script mkusb and
- download the operating system as a
 - -hybrid iso file or compressed image file.
- mkusb can be installed from PPA with the following commands

```
sudo add-apt-repository ppa:mkusb/ppa # and press Enter
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install mkusb
sudo apt-get install usb-pack-efi # for persistent live drives
```

- -Installing via PPA is the easy way to install and keep mkusb up to date automatically.
- For distros outside the Ubuntu family, mkusb can be downloaded / installed starting by downloading from https://phillw.net/isos/linux-tools/mkusb/ or

https://github.com/sudodus/tarballs

and download a tarball to be used according to instructions at the following pages

https://help.ubuntu.com/community/mkusb/gui/tarball

https://help.ubuntu.com/community/mkusb/plug

-These instructions install mkusb-**dus** and/or **mkusb-plug** with a graphical user interface (plus text user interfaces to be used with text screens and in terminal windows). They are most likely to work in Debian and Linux distros based on Ubuntu and Debian. With distros that are more different, *cloning* is likely to work, but *not* creating persistent live drives.



Files and checksums

 Current Ubuntu, Debian and many other linux iso files can be used (including the mini.iso files except the mini.iso of 12.04 LTS). Image files and compressed image files can also be used.

```
file.iso
file.img
file.img.gz
file.img.xz
```

Windows 7-10 iso files

```
windows.iso
```

Download also the corresponding checksum files, usually md5sum. See the following links

https://help.ubuntu.com/community/mkusb

http://phillw.net/isos/linux-tools/mkusb/



Check download and clone image in Linux

- Change directory to where you have the downloaded files.
- Check that the download was successful with md5sum
 - Example: md5sum xubuntu-20.04.2-desktop-amd64.iso
- Use mkusb to install/clone/flash the operating system
 mkusb helps you find the correct target drive and avoid the risk with dd.
- If installed, mkusb is in the system PATH and can be started
 - from the menu
 - menu system mkusb

Start from the menu in many distros

- or in **dash** (in standard Ubuntu) or similar tools to select installed application programs.
- It can also be started from a terminal window or a text screen with
 mkusb # or with an input file, for example
 mkusb xubuntu-20.04.2-desktop-amd64.iso
 mkusb "path/file.iso" # within quotes for special characters
- If downloaded, make mkusb executable sudo chmod ugo+x mkusb

Start mkusb from Activities in Gnome or Dash in Unity



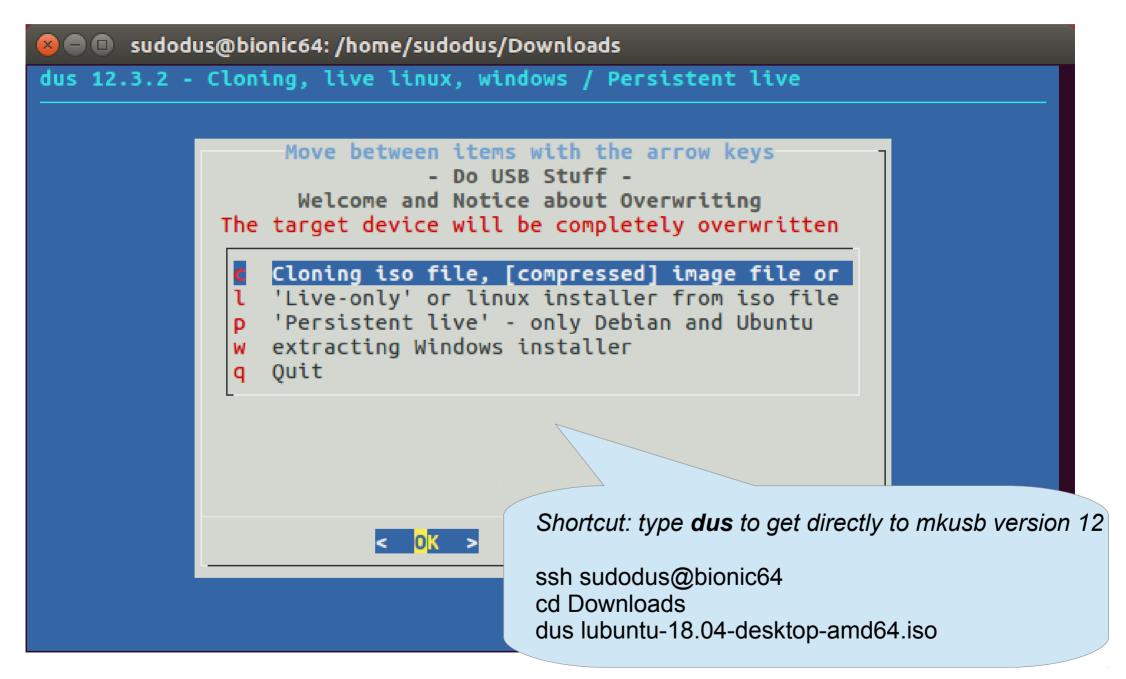


Start mkusb in a terminal window

```
ubuntu@ubuntu: ~
 \Box
ubuntu@ubuntu:~$ man mkusb
ubuntu@ubuntu:~$ man mkusb-nox
ubuntu@ubuntu:~$ mkusb
Usage: mkusb [input-file]
                             # optional parameter
d: dus , guidus, mkusb-dus
                             - Classic, easy to use
p: Plug, mkusb-plug
                     - New, easy to use
          sudo mkusb-nox
n: NoX,
                             - original text mode
         sudo mkusb-bas
                             - basic text mode for old/basic linux
b: Bas,
                             - Old user interface
e: Eleven, sudo -H mkusb-11
q: Quit
Select version of mkusb (d/p/n/b/e/q)
```



Start mkusb via ssh in text mode





... more details

- The current version of mkusb uses a **text based console** and **graphical windows** to help you select the correct source file and target device. mkusb can monitor the data transfer with pv, and suggests that you install it, if not yet installed. pv shows Mibibytes and dd shows Megabytes.
- mkusb needs a number of help programs and suggests that you install them. If you cannot install some of these help programs, you should install **dus** or **mkusb-nox** or **mkusb-bas**, available at this link

http://phillw.net/isos/linux-tools/mkusb/

mkusb is described with more details at the wiki page

https://help.ubuntu.com/community/mkusb

• If you have installed mkusb from the PPA, it will be updated together with other installed programs, and there are manual pages for mkusb and mkusb-nox

```
man mkusb
man mkusb-nox
```

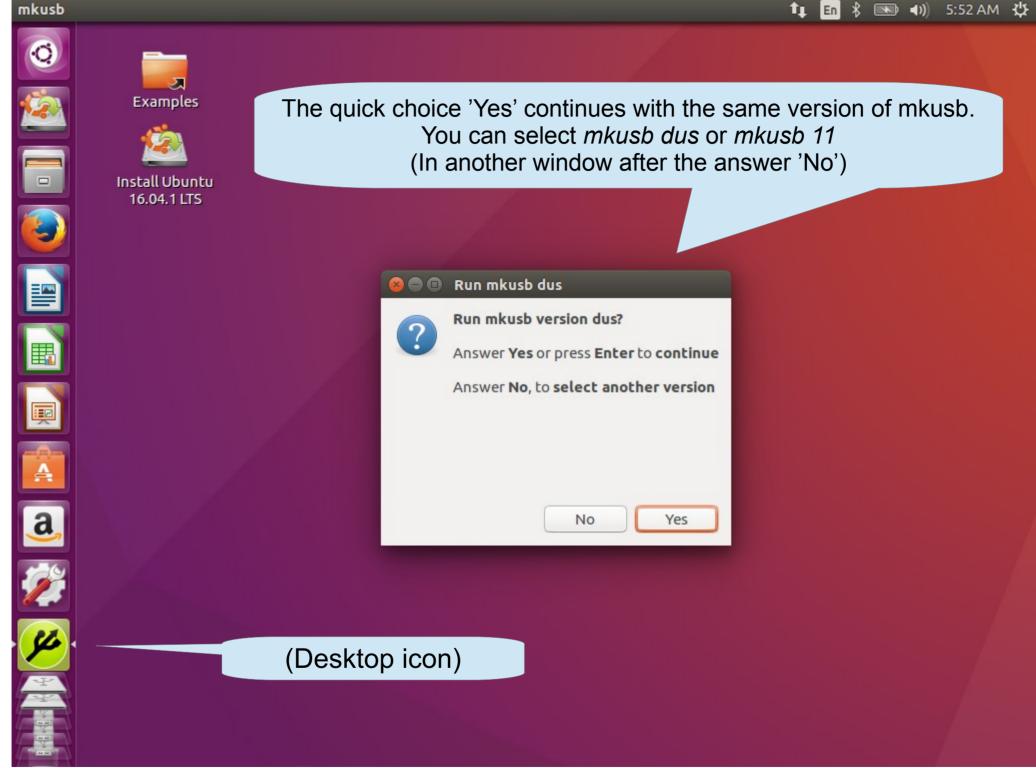


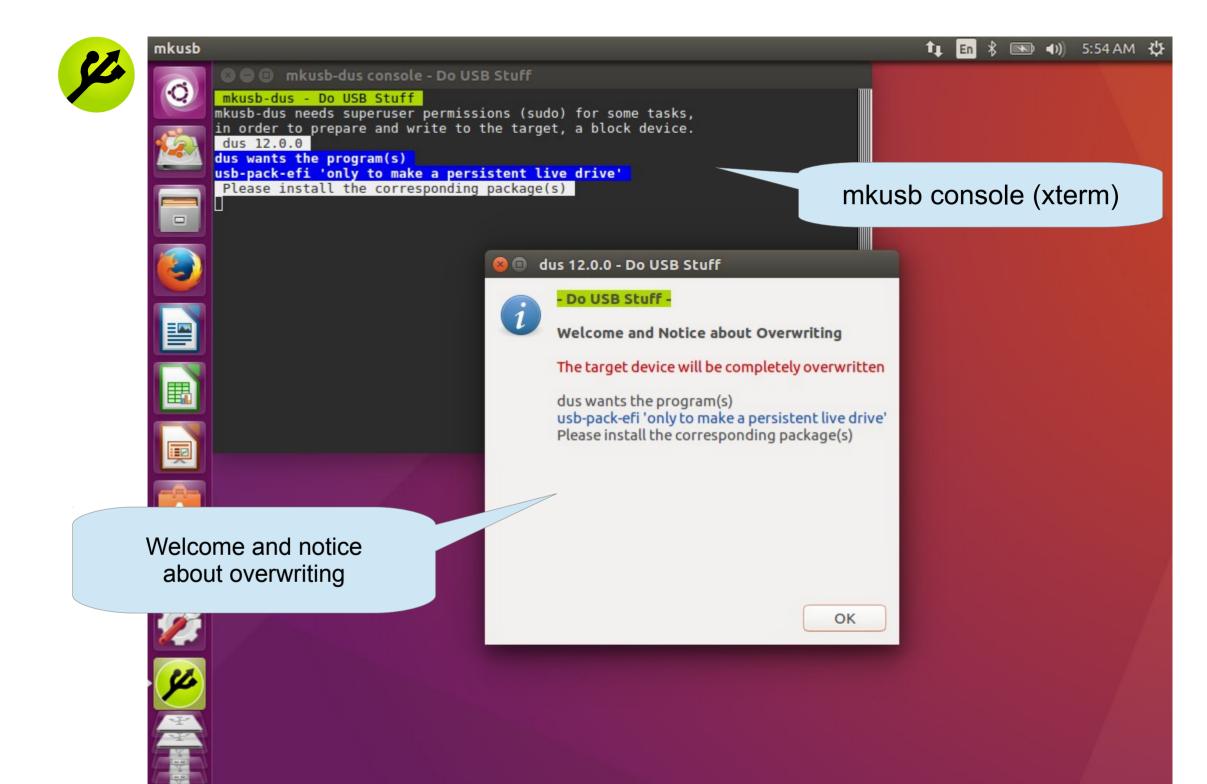
Slideshow

- This manual was made for mkusb version 12 alias dus with the GUI guidus.
- In order to get a view of mkusb version 11, you can watch the following slideshow,

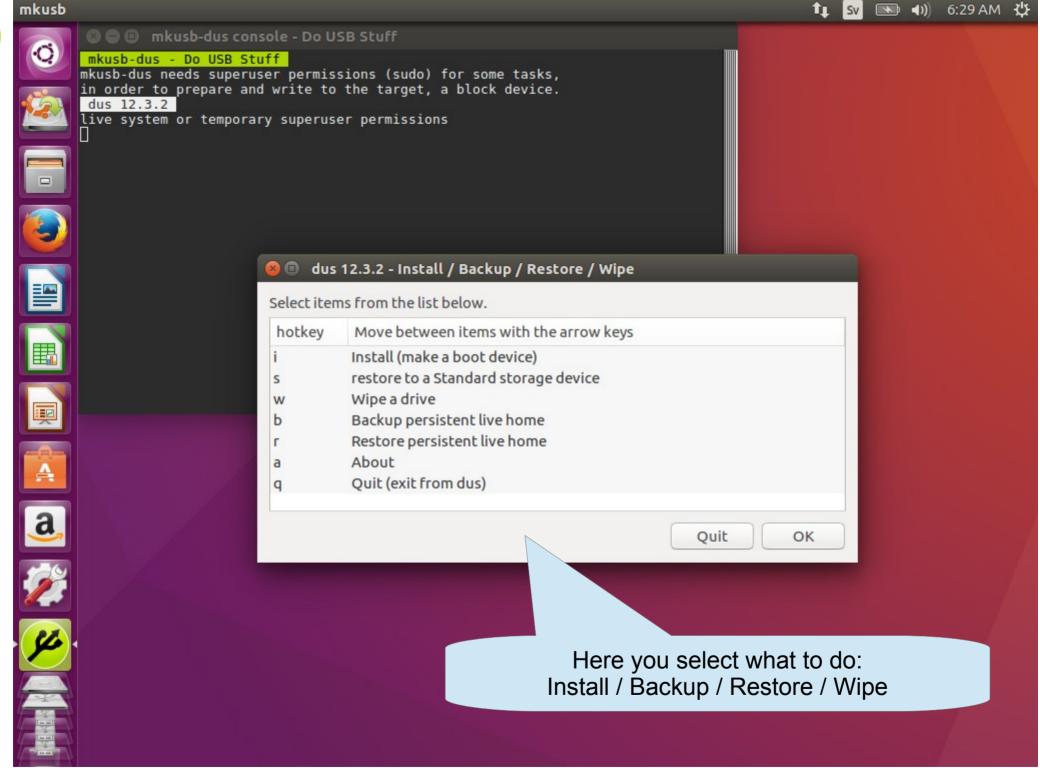
mkusb-in-ubuntu slideshow.pdf



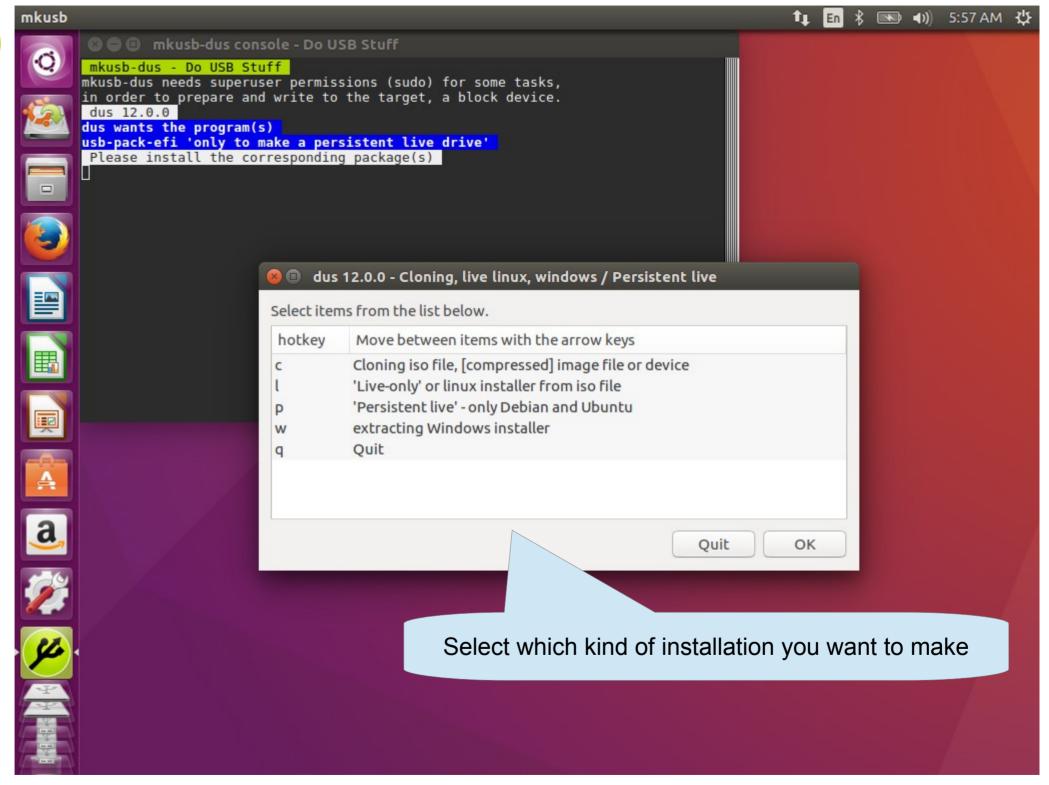




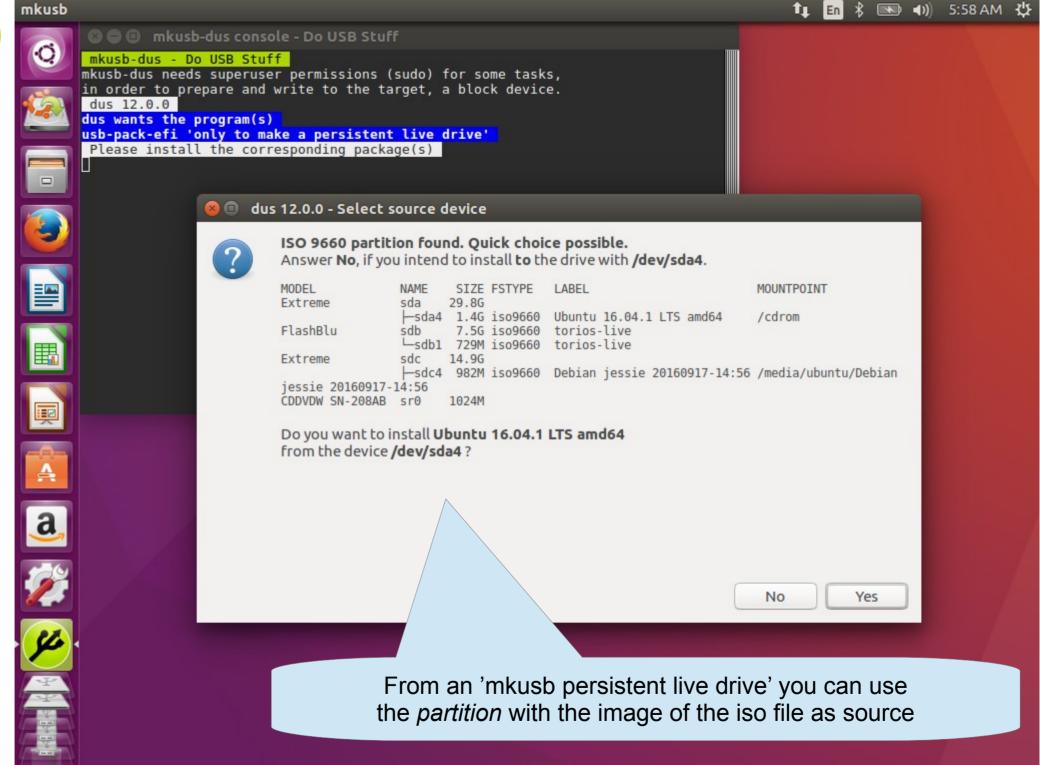




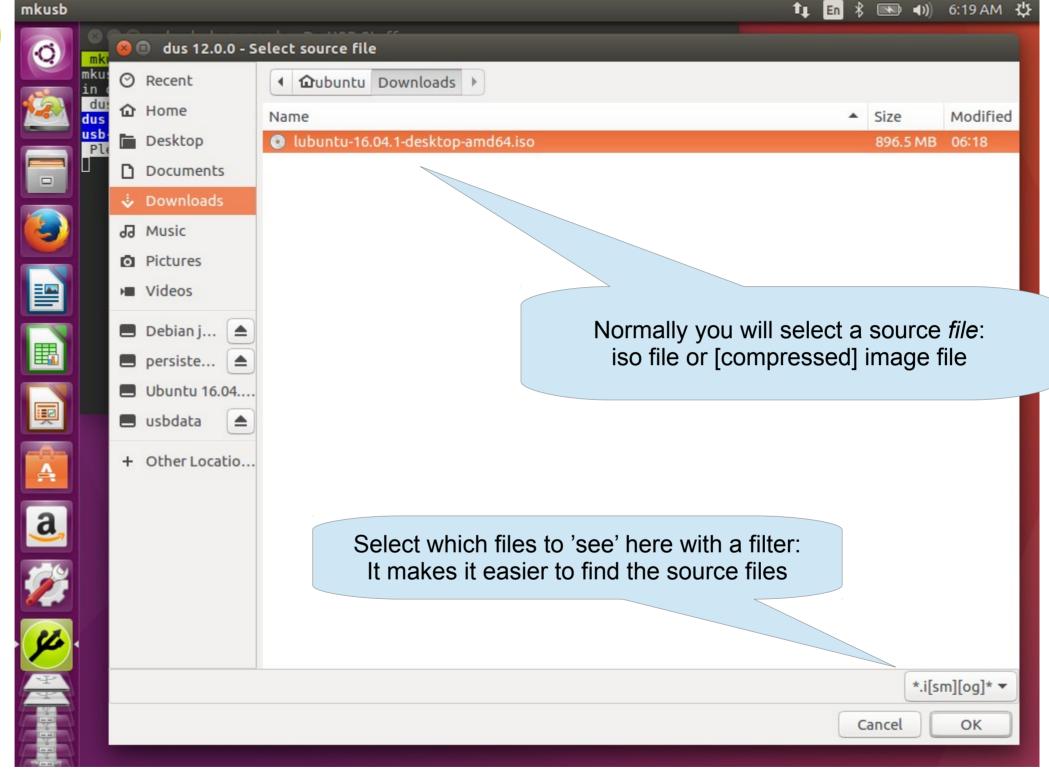




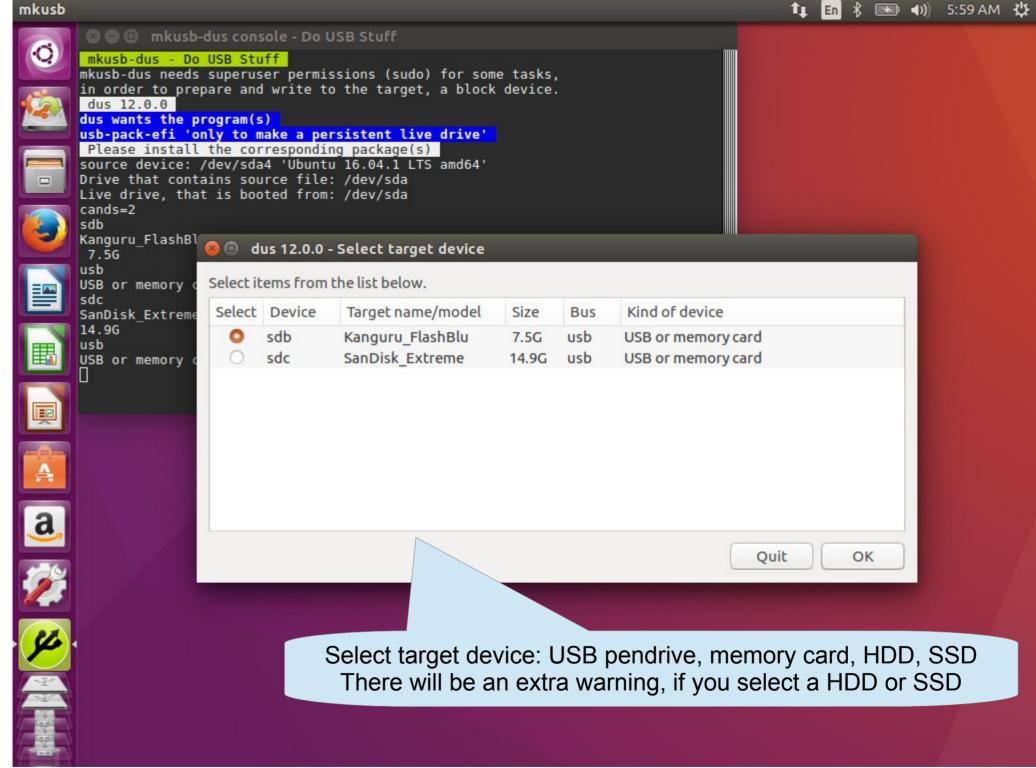




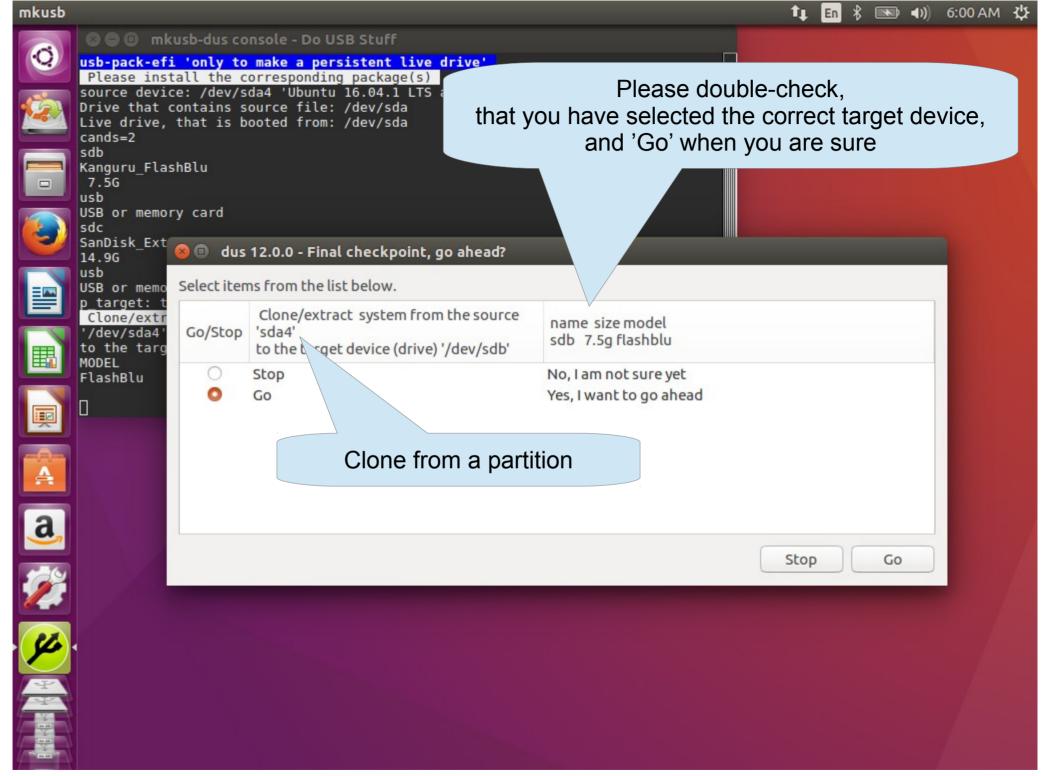




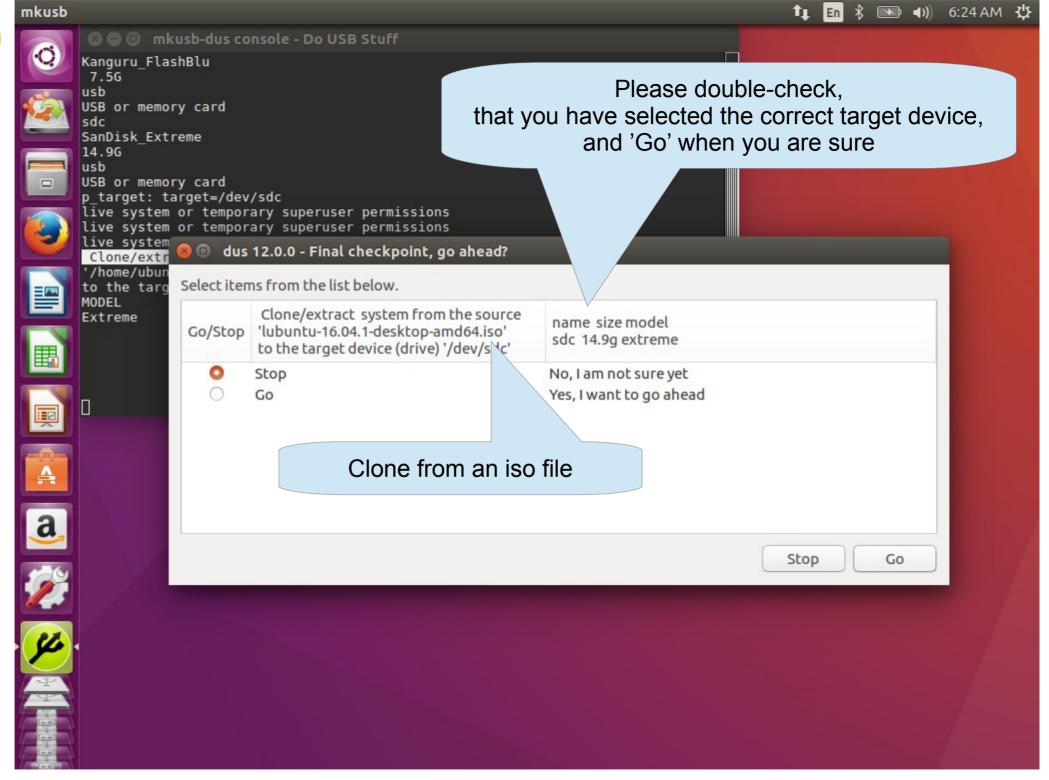




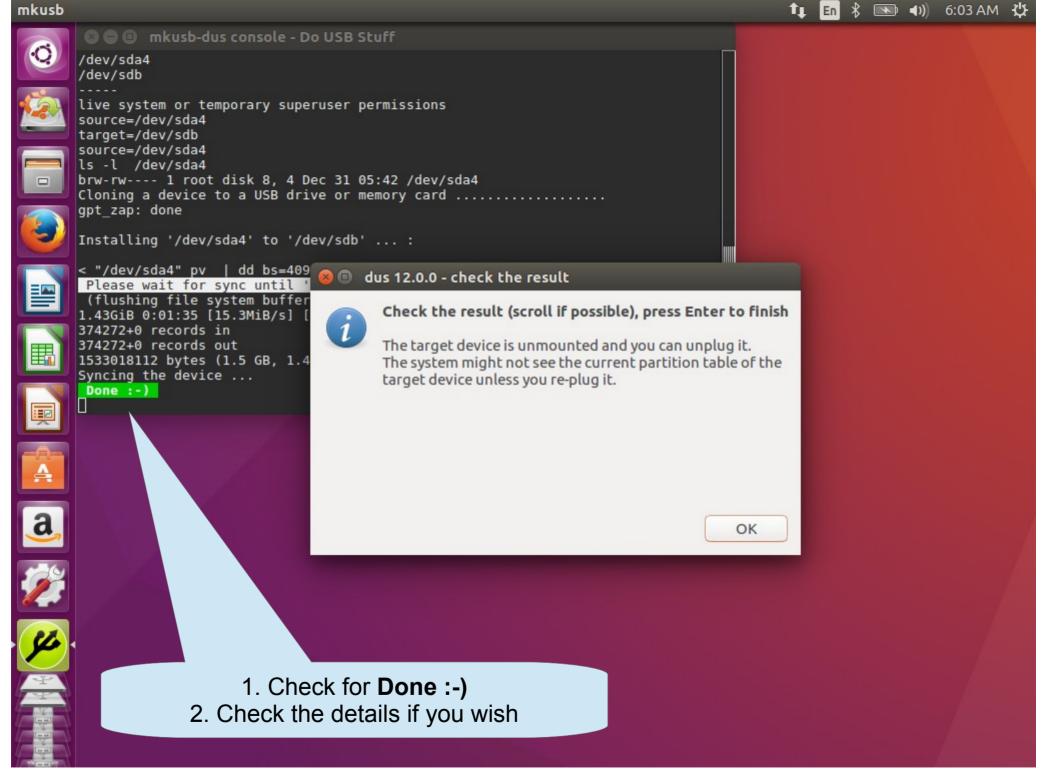




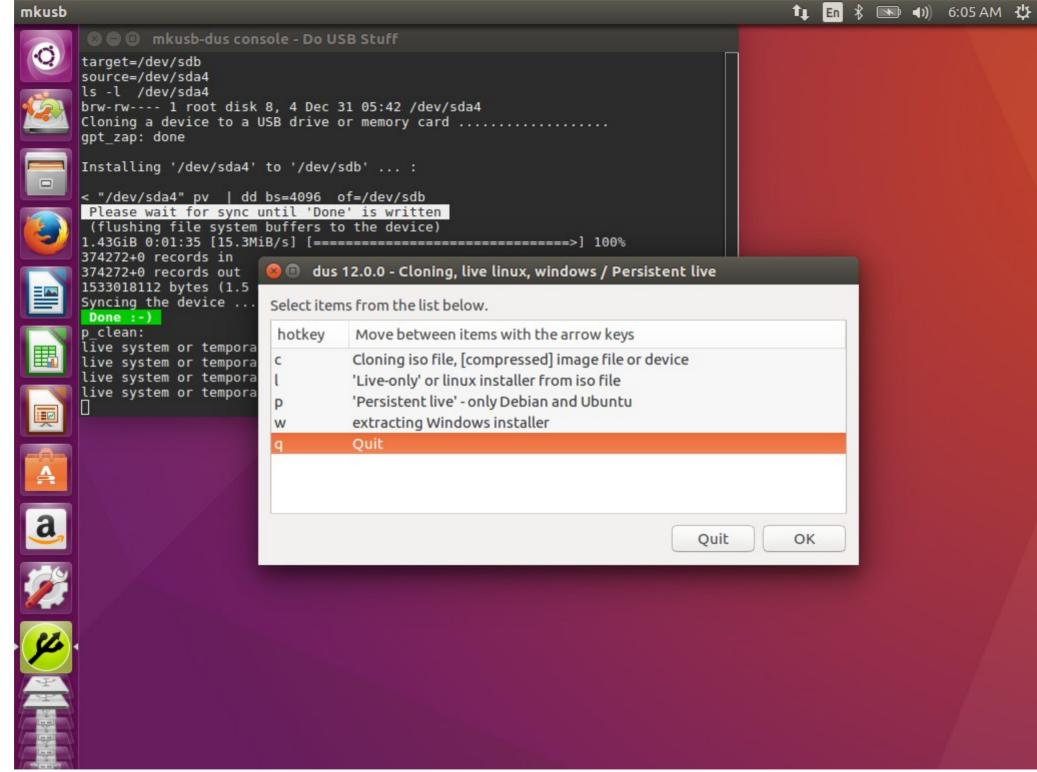




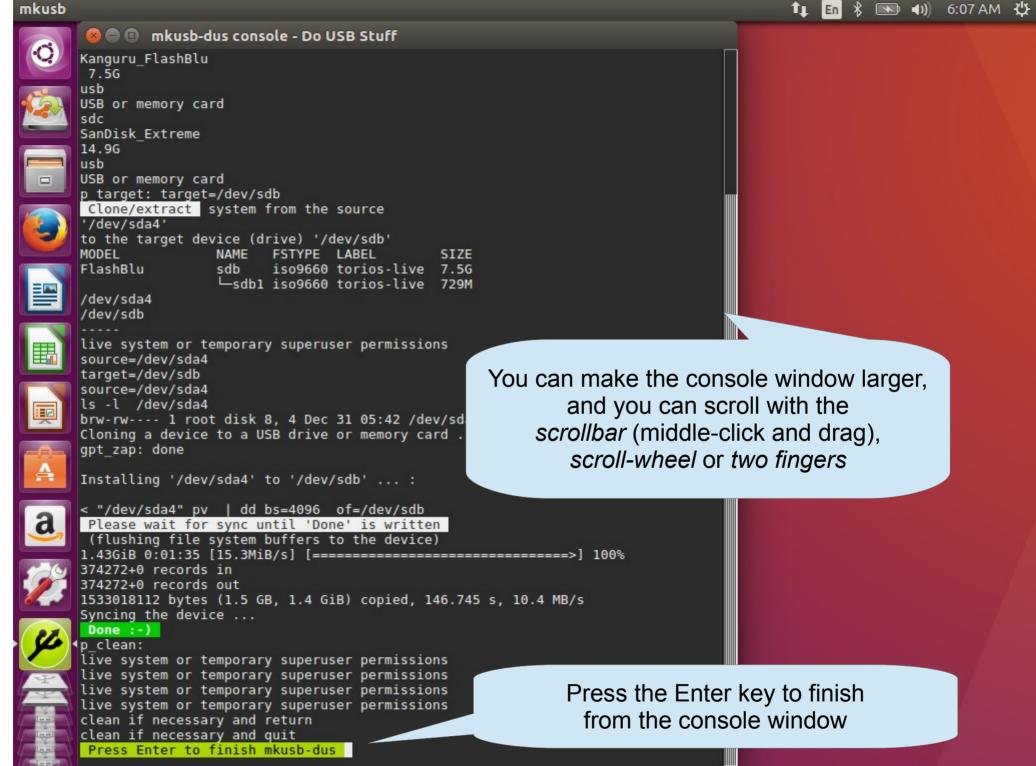








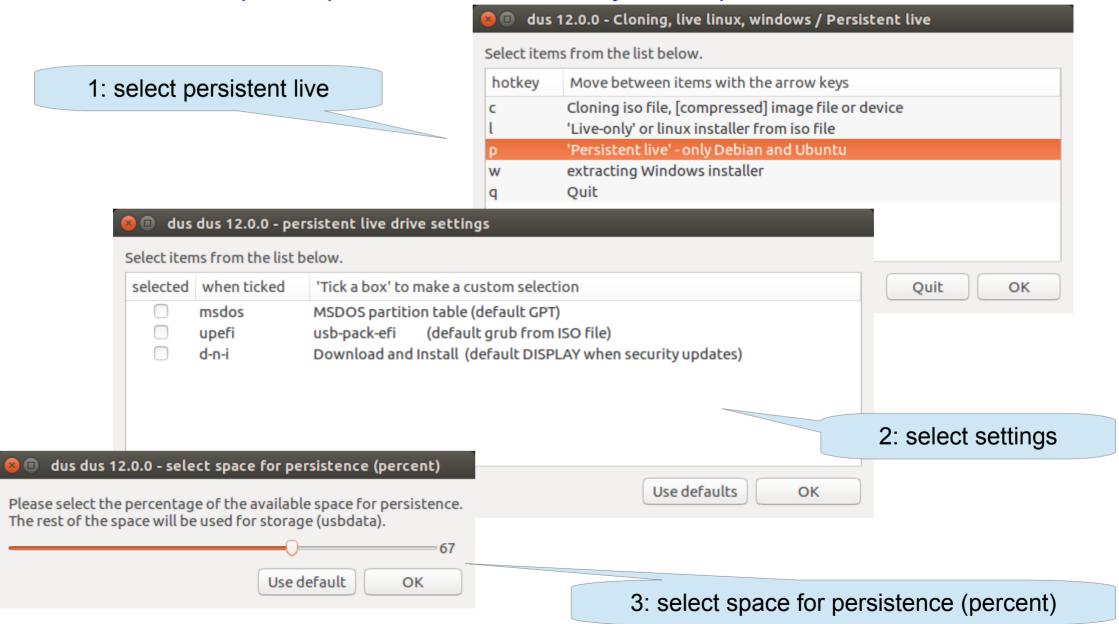






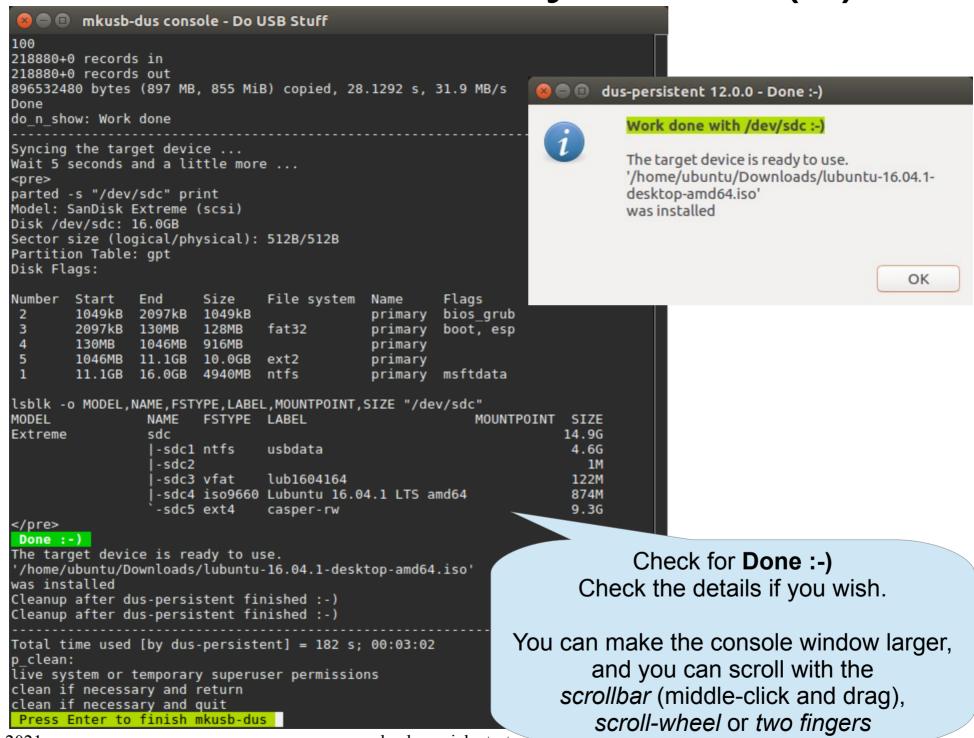
Persistent live system 1(3)

See details at https://help.ubuntu.com/community/mkusb/persistent





Persistent live system 2(3)



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mkusb - quick start manuar



Persistent live system 3(3)

Advantages

- works with all current Ubuntu flavour desktop files (Ubuntu, Kubuntu, Lubuntu, ... Xubuntu)
 and with Linux Mint, ToriOS and several other distros/re-spins based on Ubuntu and Debian
 Jessie
- very safe (minimal risk to overwrite the wrong drive by mistake)
- easy to use
- the target drive with the persistent live system works in [almost] all PC (Intel/AMD) computers
- Disadvantages (but 'live only' pendrives made with mkusb work in these cases)
 - usb-pack-efi does not work at all in secure mode (UEFI's secure mode), and the boot system based on a 64-bit iso file does not boot in 32-bit computers
 - does not work with linux distros that are not based on Ubuntu (maybe you can tweak the grub.cfg file and make it work)
 - does not work with non-desktop iso files for example the Ubuntu mini.iso or the Ubuntu Server

Remember that most of the time it is enough with a live only USB pendrive and only a waste of effort to create a persistent live system



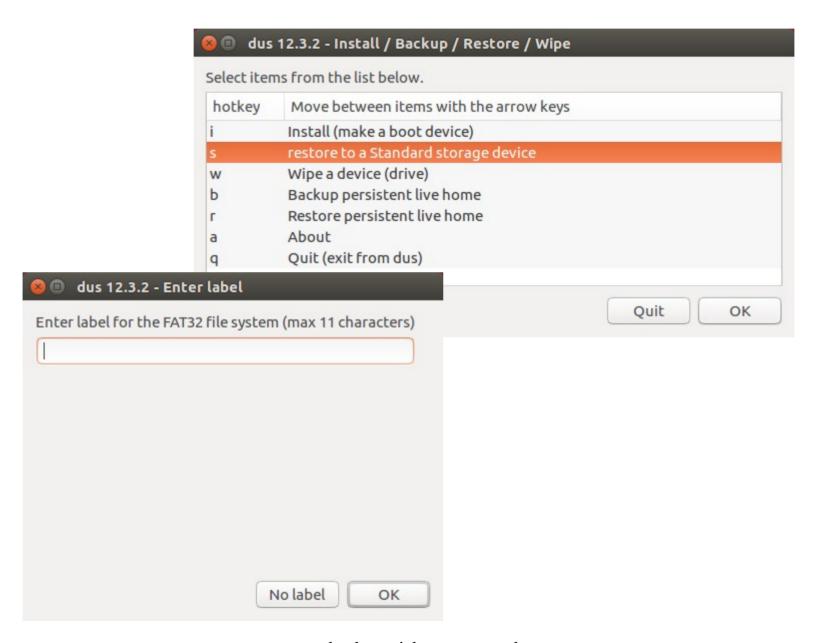
Wipe the first megabyte (mibibyte)

- If you want to re-use a USB device that has been used with an iso file system, iso9660, you should wipe the first megabyte (actually mibibyte) with dd, overwrite with zeros. Otherwise grub-install and some partitioning tools don't want to write into the head of the drive, because they see the CD file system and are confused.
- You need not wipe the drive before cloning or restoring with mkusb. It will be done automatically.





Restore to a standard storage device



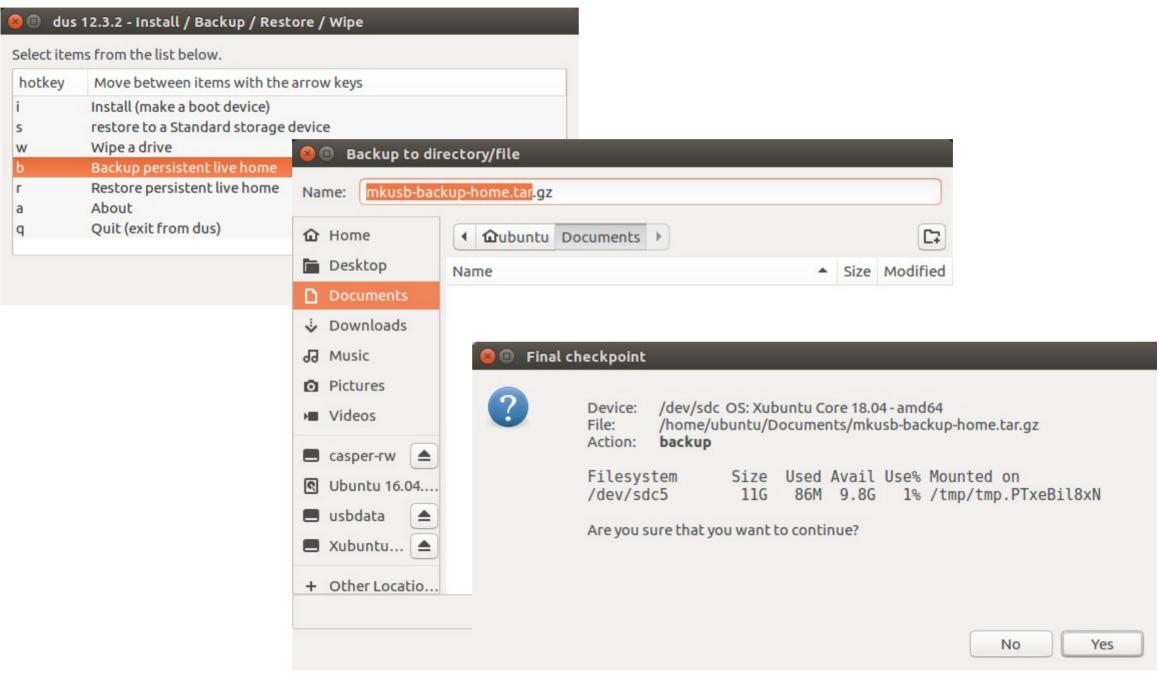


Manage persistent live system

- Backup and restore of the /home directory in an Ubuntu casper-rw partition
- Upgrade persistent live system
 - Restore works to another persistent live drive made from a current daily iso file, and also to another version of Ubuntu
 - So you can upgrade (or downgrade) your persistent live system: use **mkusb** to create a new system from another (typically newer) iso file, and restore from the backup to this other persistent live system.

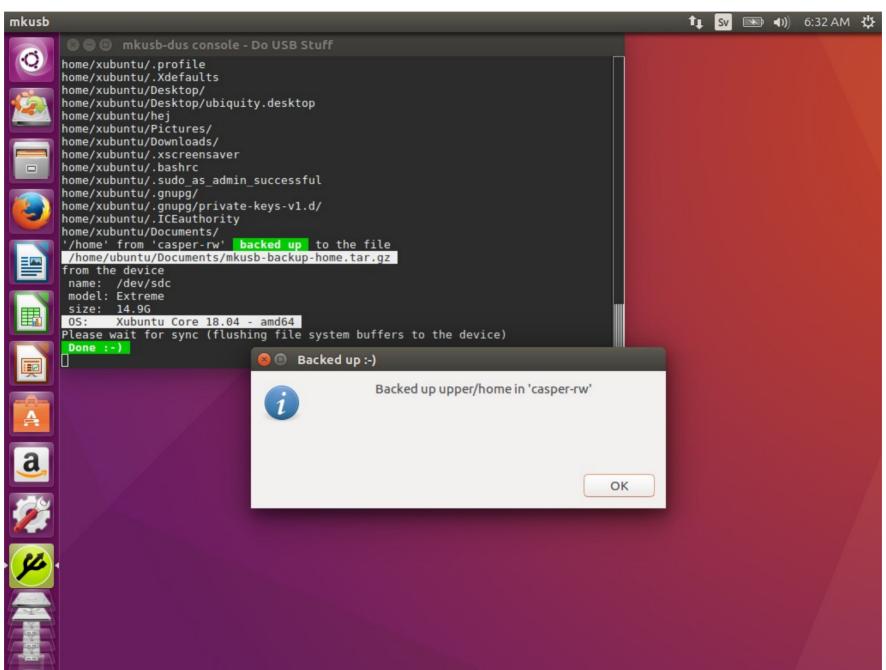


Backup persistent live home 1(2)



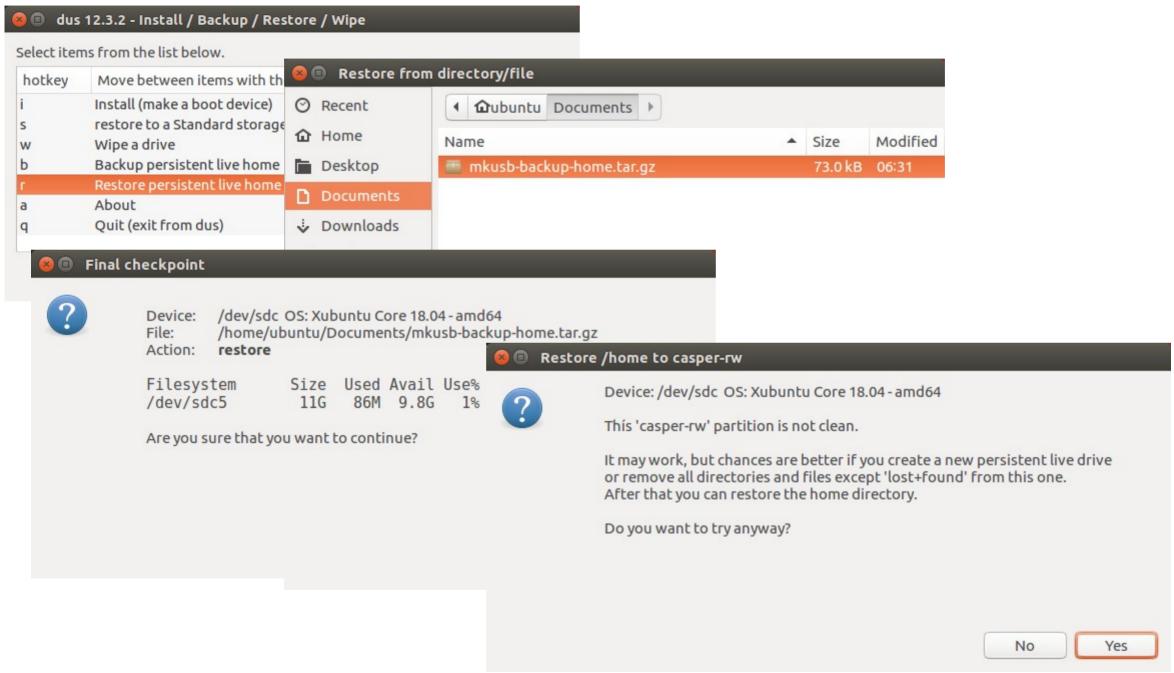


Backup persistent live home 2(2)



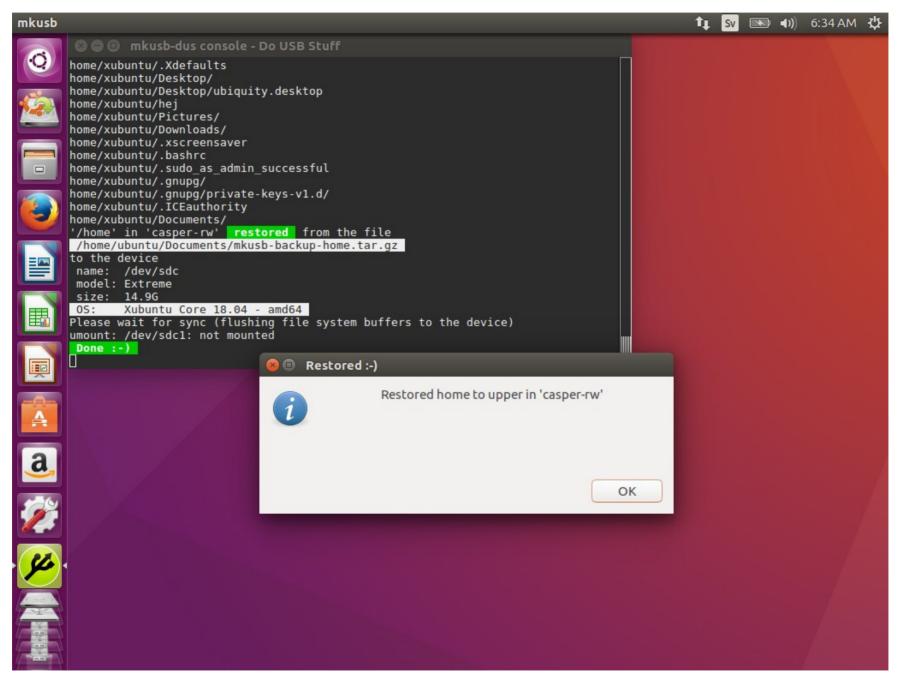


Restore persistent live home 1(2)





Restore persistent live home 2(2)





References

See the tutorials in the Ubuntu Forums and YouTube for more details

Howto make USB boot drives

Backup and restore the /home directory in casper-rw partitions of mkusb persistent drives

YouTube tutorial by ventrical part 1

YouTube tutorial by ventrical part 2

alongside the previously mentioned links

https://help.ubuntu.com/community/mkusb

http://phillw.net/isos/linux-tools/mkusb/

mkusb-in-ubuntu_slideshow.pdf

And read this wiki page with methods and tools to create USB boot devices/drives/sticks

https://help.ubuntu.com/community/Installation/FromUSBStick