Nmap Cheat Sheet

Target Specification			
Switch -iL -iRexclude	Example nmap 192.168.1.1 nmap 192.168.1.1 192.168.2.1 nmap 192.168.1.1-254 nmap scanme.nmap.org nmap 192.168.1.0/24 nmap -iL targets.txt nmap -iR 100 nmapexclude 192.168.1.1	Description Scan a single IP Scan specific IPs Scan a range Scan a domain Scan using CIDR notation Scan targets from a file Scan 100 random hosts Exclude listed hosts	

Scan Techniques		
<u>Switch</u> -sS -sT	<u>Example</u> nmap 192.168.1.1 -sS nmap 192.168.1.1 -sT	<u>Description</u> TCP SYN port scan (Default) TCP connect port scan (Default without root privilege)
-sU -sA -sW -sM	nmap 192.168.1.1 -sU nmap 192.168.1.1 -sA nmap 192.168.1.1 -sW nmap 192.168.1.1 -sM	UDP port scan TCP ACK port scan TCP Window port scan TCP Maimon port scan

Host Discovery			
<u>Switch</u>	<u>Example</u>	<u>Description</u>	
-sL	nmap 192.168.1.1-3 -sL	No Scan. List targets only	
-sn	nmap 192.168.1.1/24 -sn	Disable port scanning	
-Pn	nmap 192.168.1.1-5 -Pn	Disable host discovery. Port scan only	
-PS	nmap 192.168.1.1-5 -PS22-25,80	TCP SYN discovery on port x. Port 80 by default	
-PA	nmap 192.168.1.1-5 -PA22-25,80	TCP ACK discovery on port x. Port 80 by default	
-PU	nmap 192.168.1.1-5 -PU53	UDP discovery on port x. Port 40125 by default	
-PR	nmap 192.168.1.1-1/24 -PR	ARP discovery on local network	
-n	nmap 192.168.1.1 -n	Never do DNS resolution	

Port Specification			
<u>Switch</u>	<u>Example</u>	<u>Description</u>	
-p	nmap 192.168.1.1 -p 21	Port scan for port x	
-p	nmap 192.168.1.1 -p 21-100	Port range	
-p	nmap 192.168.1.1 -p U:53,T:21-25,80	Port scan multiple TCP and UDP ports	
-p-	nmap 192.168.1.1 -p-	Port scan all ports	
-p	nmap 192.168.1.1 -p http,https	Port scan from service name	
-F	nmap 192.168.1.1 -F	Fast port scan (100 ports)	
top-ports	nmap 192.168.1.1top-ports 2000	Port scan the top x ports	
-p-65535	nmap 192.168.1.1 -p-65535	Leaving off initial port in range makes the scan start at port 1	
-p0-	nmap 192.168.1.1 -p0-	Leaving off end port in range makes the scan go through to port 65535	

Service and Version Detection			
Switch -sV -sVversion-intensity -sVversion-light -sVversion-all -A	Example nmap 192.168.1.1 -sV nmap 192.168.1.1 -sVversion-intensity 8 nmap 192.168.1.1 -sVversion-light nmap 192.168.1.1 -sVversion-all nmap 192.168.1.1 -A	Description Attempts to determine the version of the service running on port Intensity level 0 to 9. Higher number increases possibility of correctness Enable light mode. Lower possibility of correctness. Faster Enable intensity level 9. Higher possibility of correctness. Slower Enables OS detection, version detection, script scanning, and traceroute	

<u>Switch</u>	<u>Example</u>	<u>Description</u>
-0	nmap 192.168.1.1 -O	Remote OS detection using TCP/IP stack fingerprinting
-Oosscan-limit	nmap 192.168.1.1 -Oosscan-limit	If at least one open and one closed TCP port are not found it will not try OS detection against host
-Oosscan-guess	nmap 192.168.1.1 -Oosscan-guess	Makes Nmap guess more aggressively
-Omax-os-tries	nmap 192.168.1.1 -Omax-os-tries 1	Set the maximum number x of OS detection tries against a target
-A	nmap 192.168.1.1 -A	Enables OS detection, version detection, script scanning, and traceroute

Timing and Performance				
Switch -T0 -T1 -T2 -T3 -T4 -T5	Example nmap 192.168.1.1 -T0 nmap 192.168.1.1 -T1 nmap 192.168.1.1 -T2 nmap 192.168.1.1 -T3 nmap 192.168.1.1 -T4 nmap 192.168.1.1 -T5	Sneaky (1) In Polite (2) slo Normal (3) v Aggressive (vhich is default speed 4) speeds scans; assu	stem evasion use less bandwidth and use less target machine resources
Switchhost-timeout <time>min-rtt-timeout/max-rtt-timeout/initial-rtt-timeout <time>min-hostgroup/max-hostgroup <size>min-parallelism/max-parallelism <numprobes>scan-delay/max-scan-delay <time>max-retries <tries>min-rate <number>max-rate <number></number></number></tries></time></numprobes></size></time></time>		Example input 1s; 4m; 2h 1s; 4m; 2h 50; 1024 10; 1 20ms; 2s; 4m; 5h 3 100 100	Description Give up on target after this long Specifies probe round trip time Parallel host scan group sizes Probe parallelization Adjust delay between probes Specify the maximum number of port scan probe retransmissions Send packets no slower than <number> per second Send packets no faster than <number> per second</number></number>	

		NSE Scripts	
Switch -sCscript defaultscriptscriptscriptscriptscriptscript	Example nmap 192.168.1.1 -sC nmap 192.168.1.1script default nmap 192.168.1.1script=banner nmap 192.168.1.1script=http* nmap 192.168.1.1script=http,banner nmap 192.168.1.1script "not intrusive" nmapscript snmp-sysdescrscript-args	Description Scan with default NSE scripts. Considered user with default NSE scripts. Considered user with a single script. Example banner Scan with a wildcard. Example http Scan with two scripts. Example http and bascan default, but remove intrusive scripts snmpcommunity=admin 192.168.1.1	useful for discovery and safe

Useful NSE Script Examples

Oscial NSE Script Examples		
<u>Command</u>	<u>Description</u>	
nmap -Pnscript=http-sitemap-generator scanme.nmap.org	http site map generator	
nmap -n -Pn -p 80open -sV -vvvscript banner,http-title -iR 1000	Fast search for random web servers	
nmap -Pnscript=dns-brute domain.com	Brute forces DNS hostnames guessing subdomains	
nmap -n -Pn -vv -O -sVscript smb-enum*,smb-ls,smb-mbenum,smb-o	os-discovery,smb-s*,smb-vuln*,smbv2* -vv 192.168.1.1	Safe SMB scripts to run
nmapscript whois* domain.com	Whois query	
nmap -p80script http-unsafe-output-escaping scanme.nmap.org	Detect cross site scripting vulnerabilities.	
nmap -p80script http-sql-injection scanme.nmap.org	Check for SQL injections	

Firewall / IDS Evasion and Spoofing			
<u>Switch</u>	<u>Example</u>	<u>Description</u>	
-f	nmap 192.168.1.1 -f	Requested scan (including ping scans) use tiny fragmented	
		IP packets. Harder for packet filters	
mtu	nmap 192.168.1.1mtu 32	Set your own offset size	
-D	nmap -D 192.168.1.101,192.168.1.102,192.168.1.103,192.168.1.23 192.168.1.1	Send scans from spoofed IPs	
-D	nmap -D decoy-ip1,decoy-ip2,your-own-ip,decoy-ip3,decoy-ip4 remote-host-ip		
-S	nmap -S www.microsoft.com www.facebook.com	Scan Facebook from Microsoft (-e eth0 -Pn may be required)	
-g	nmap -g 53 192.168.1.1	Use given source port number	
proxies	nmapproxies http://192.168.1.1:8080, http://192.168.1.2:8080 192.168.1.1	Relay connections through HTTP/SOCKS4 proxies	
data-length	nmapdata-length 200 192.168.1.1	Appends random data to sent packets	

Example IDS Evasion command nmap -f -t 0 -n -Pn --data-length 200 -D 192.168.1.101,192.168.1.102,192.168.1.103,192.168.1.23 192.168.1.1

		Output
Switch -oN -oX -oG -oA -oGappend-output -v -d	Example nmap 192.168.1.1 -oN normal.file nmap 192.168.1.1 -oX xml.file nmap 192.168.1.1 -oG grep.file nmap 192.168.1.1 -oA results nmap 192.168.1.1 -oG - nmap 192.168.1.1 -oN file.fileappend-output nmap 192.168.1.1 -v nmap 192.168.1.1 -d	Description Normal output to the file normal.file XML output to the file xml.file Grepable output to the file grep.file Output in the three major formats at once Grepable output to screenoN -, -oX - also usable Append a scan to a previous scan file Increase the verbosity level (use -vv or more for greater effect) Increase debugging level (use -dd or more for greater effect)
reason open packet-trace iflist resume	nmap 192.168.1.1u nmap 192.168.1.1reason nmap 192.168.1.1open nmap 192.168.1.1 -T4packet-trace nmapiflist nmapresume results.file	Display the reason a port is in a particular state, same output as -vv Only show open (or possibly open) ports Show all packets sent and received Shows the host interfaces and routes Resume a scan

Helpful Nmap Output examples

<u>Description</u>
Scan for web servers and grep to show which IPs are running web servers
Generate a list of the IPs of live hosts
Append IP to the list of live hosts
Compare output from nmap using the ndiff
Convert nmap xml files to html files
Reverse sorted list of how often ports turn up

	Miscellaneous Options		
<u>Switch</u>	Example	<u>Description</u>	
-6	nmap -6 2607:f0d0:1002:51::4	Enable IPv6 scanning	
-h	nmap -h	nmap help screen	

Other Useful Nmap Commands	
<u>Command</u>	<u>Description</u>
nmap -iR 10 -PS22-25,80,113,1050,35000 -v -sn	Discovery only on ports x, no port scan
nmap 192.168.1.1-1/24 -PR -sn -vv	Arp discovery only on local network, no port scan
nmap -iR 10 -sn -traceroute	Traceroute to random targets, no port scan
nmap 192.168.1.1-50 -sLdns-server 192.168.1.1	Query the Internal DNS for hosts, list targets only