

## Lab #8.2: Set up database connectivity using Python

### Python program: Library database management

#### *Overview*

#### Objective

Use Python programming language to connect to a database and manage data in the database.

We will develop a Python program that interfaces with the database in the following labs:

- Lab 7: Create a skeleton program for a database application.
- **Lab 8:** *Set up database connectivity and cursor setup.*
- Lab 9: Create and call functions that query the database.

#### Outcomes

- Connect to the database with Python database connector functions provided by a module.
- Test database connectivity via a Python program.

#### Knowledge expected

This is a review of previously acquired knowledge in Python programming.

#### Submission instructions

- **READ ALL THE WORDS**
- **You must follow ALL submission instructions:** Submission instructions are explained in the “Lab 8 submission details” document, posted on BrightSpace. ANY submission instructions below NOT followed result in a grade of zero.  
*Note:* This includes extra functionality that has not been requested.

### ***Section A - Set up database connectivity.***

In this section we will:

- Set up the Python program file.
- Install the Python database connector.
- Establish and close a database connection in the Python program.
- Test the database connection.
- Establish and close the cursor object.

Before proceeding, verify that both the library database (**lib\_your\_networkID**) and a database role (**db\_your\_networkID** or other) are created in PostgreSQL. If not, create them.

### **Exercise #1: Set up a Python program.**

- Create a Python program file and name it `dblib_your_networkID.py`.  
*Example:* `dbib_smit0001.py`
- Create program header comment.
- Verify that the program is executable.

### **Syntax practice #2: Install the Python database connector.**

Use the following commands to install the Python database connector module:

- `yum install postgresql-devel`
- `yum install python36-devel`
- `yum install python36-psycopg2`

### **Syntax practice #3: Establish and close a database connection in a Python program.**

- Import `sys` and `psycopg2`, one import per line.
- The code section below establishes a database connection. Provide the following information: your database name and the role that you use to access the database.
  - *Best practice:* Set up database and role name as constant variables.

```
try:
    connection=psycopg2.connect(database='name',
user='role')
except psycopg2.DatabaseError:
    print("Error: Connection to database not established.")
    sys.exit(1) # early exit if DB not available
print("Database connection established")
```

- Close the connection. The VERY LAST statement of the program has to be the closing of the database connection:  
`connection.close()`

### **Exercise #4: Test the database connection.**

- Execute the script to test database connectivity.
  - Test successful connectivity.
  - Test unsuccessful connectivity: use a wrong database name.

### **Syntax practice #5: Set up the cursor.**

To enable Python to perform database operations using SQL commands a “cursor” is required.

- Set up the cursor with the function call `cursor = connection.cursor()` *right after* the database connection is opened (after the `try/except`).

- Closed the cursor with the function call `cursor.close()` *just before* the database connection is closed in the program file.