WELCOME TO CLASS 3! BLACK HAT PYTHON3 RALEIGH ISSA

GITHUB REPO

https://github.com/tiarno/bhp3_class

SUMMARY FROM LAST CLASS

- mapping an app
- word lists for enumeration
- word lists for password bruteforce
- browser tools
- lxml for web parsing

POLL

https://linkto.run/p/OTWCR171

WRAPPING UP BHP CHAPTER 5

Web Hacking

A NOTE ON ITERATING A QUEUE

You can't do it that way :-)

CLEAN UP mapper.py

- contextlib/ context manager
- thread.join()

https://pymotw.com/3/contextlib/index.html#from-generator-to-context-manager

A NOTE ON 1xm1

General notes and demo

```
from lxml import etree
url = 'http://www.textfiles.com/hacking/INTERNET'
parser = etree.HTMLParser()
tree = etree.parse(url, parser=parser)
headelem = tree.find('//h1')
print(headelem.text)
```

EXCEPTION HANDLING

https://www.pythonforthelab.com/blog/learning-notto-handle-exceptions/

BLACK HAT PYTHON, CHAPTER 3

SOCKETS

https://github.com/crazyguitar/pysheeet/blob/master/d socket.rst

SOCKET SERVER

Required:

- create
- bind

Maybe, depends on type:

- listen
- accept

SOCKET CLIENT

connect

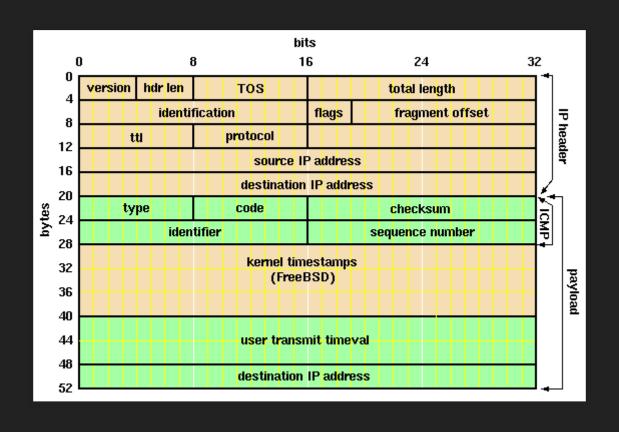
SOCKET COMMUNICATION

- send
- recv
- sendto
- recvfrom

LET'S CODE!

sniffone.py

IP PACKET



IP HEADER

	Internet Protocol							
Bit Offset	0–3	4–7	8–15	16–18	19–31			
0	Version Length Type of Service		Total Length					
32	Identification			Flags Fragment Offset				
64	Time to Live Protocol			Header Checksum				
96	Source IP Address							
128	Destination IP Address							
160	Options							

CODE

- c_ip.py
- struct_ip.code
- c_icmp.py
- struct_icmp.py

struct PACKAGE

https://docs.python.org/3/library/struct.html

HEADER PARTS

```
1. B (ver, hdrlen)
2. B tos
3. H total len
4. H identification
5. H flags + frag offset
6. B ttl
7. B protocol
8. H checksum
9. 4s src ip
10. 4s dst ip
```

HIGH NYBBLE

We have one byte and want the high-order nybble:

0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	>> 4
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	

LOW NYBBLE

We have one byte and want the low-order nybble:

0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	&F
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	

PYTHON CODE

```
>>> m = 66

>>> m

66

>>> bin(m)

'0b1000010' # or 0100 0010

>>> bin(m>>4)

'0b100' # or 0100

>>> bin(m&0xF)

'0b10' # or 0010
```

```
"{0:016b}".format(0x1234)
f"{0x1234:016b}"

>>> '{0:08b}'.format(0x45)
'01000101'
>>> '{0:04b}'.format(0x45>>4)
'0100'
>>> '{0:04b}'.format(0x45&0xF)
'0101'
```

TEST IT OUT:

• ipheader0.py

ICMP HEADER

Destination Unreachable Message						
0–7	8–15	16–31				
Type = 3	Code	Header Checksum				
Uni	used	Next-hop MTU				
IP Header and First 8 Bytes of Original Datagram's Data						

ICMP HEADERS

- ping
- traceroute

https://www.erg.abdn.ac.uk/users/gorry/course/inetpages/icmp-code.html

TEST IT OUT:

• ipheader1.py

IPADDRESS PACKAGE

https://docs.python.org/3/library/ipaddress.html

UDP SCANNER

- how it works
- UDP packet to unused port
 - network unreachable (from router)
 - host unreachable (from router)
 - port unreachable!

TEST IT OUT

• scanner.py

READING 1

https://docs.python.org/3/library/struct.html#formatcharacters

https://docs.python.org/3.5/library/ctypes.html#ctypes.

http://www.firewall.cx/networkingtopics/protocols/icmp-protocol/153-icmp-destinationunreachable.html

YOUR JOB

- Pick your favorite method to define headers
- Add an IP and ICMP class to your bhp3_class/packets/__init__.py file
- Create your own network UDP scanner in your bhp3 class/packets module

FEEDBACK PLEASE!

- tim@reachtim.com
- discord: https://discord.gg/WR23qUj