Electrical
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Resolution

1000 counts/revolution 5 V ±10%

Quadrature A, B, and Index

180 deg (±18 deg) electrical

90 deg (±22.5 deg) electrical

Tested to BS EN61000-6-2; BS EN50081-02; BS EN61000-4-2; BS

Within 0.017 deg mechanical or 1 arc-minute from true position

EN61000-4-3; BS EN61000-4-6; BS EN500811

Differential line driver

67.5 deg electrical

CE

**IP40** 

Yes

-20 to 85 °C

Thru-bore

200 kHz

20 to 85 °C

Input voltage Input current

100 mA max (65 mA typical) with no output load

Output type Noise immunity

Channel configuration

Quadrature phasing

Minimum edge separation Accuracy **Industry Standards** 

Industrial standards Sealing standards

RoHS Compliance **Physical** Operating temperature

Symmetry

Model type Bore size Mounting

Maximum frequency Operating temperature Max shaft speed Bore tolerance

User shaft tolerances

Radial runout Axial endplay

Starting torque Moment of inertia

Humidity

Vibration

Max acceleration Weight Storage temperature

8000 rpm -0.0000 in./+0.0006 in. 0.008 in, max ±0.030 in. max

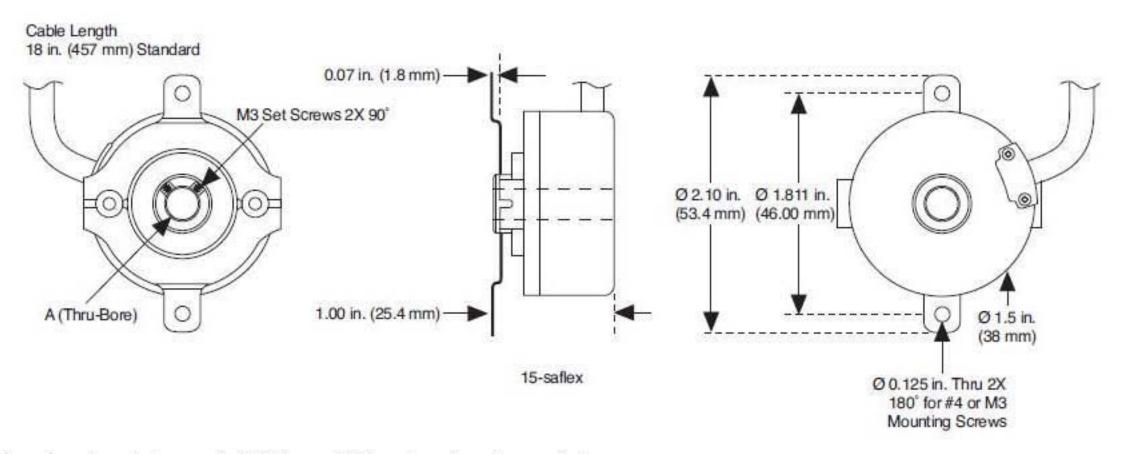
0.300 oz-in. (0.212 N . m)

10 g @ 58 to 500 Hz

6.7 x 10-5 oz-in.-sec2 (4.8 gm-cm2) 1 x 105 rad/sec2 3 oz typical

1/4 in. (780251-01), 8 mm (780252-01) 1.812 in. (46 mm) two-hole flex mount

-25 to 85 °C 98% RH noncondensing



Note: All dimensions have a tolerance of ±0.005 in. or ±0.01 in. unless otherwise specified.

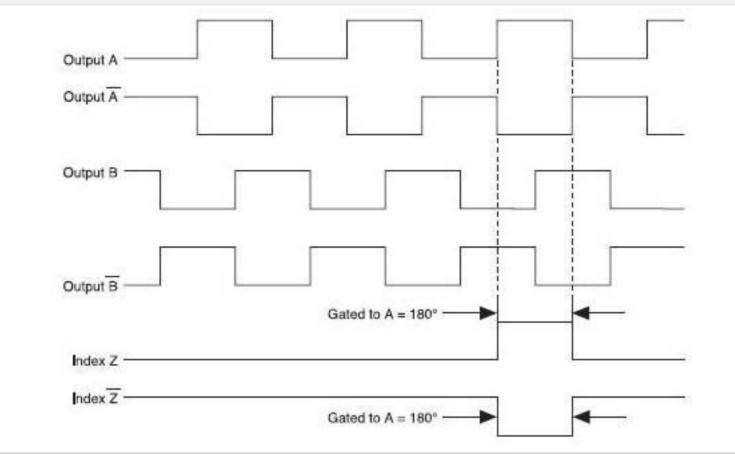
NI Part Number	Manufacturer Part Number	A (Thru-Bore Diameter)
780251-01	15T-01SA-1000-N5RHV-F00-CE	1/4 in., 0.250 in.
780252-02	15T-14SA-1000-N5RHV-F00-CE	8 mm

## Wire Description

Pin#	Wire Color	Function
1	Brown	Α
2	White	+VDC
3	Yellow	A
4	Red	В
5	Green	В
6	Orange	Z
7	Black	COM
8	Blue	Z

## **Quadrature Waveform**

## Quadrature Waveform



amps/phase	The maximum amount of current allowed through a phase of the stepper motor. Holding torque, the speed versus torque curve, andso on are determined when the motor is excited by this value. The specifications listed in this data sheet are adjusted for the winding configuration.	
angular accuracy	A percentage of the step angle that defines the accuracy of each full step.	
detent torque (cogging torque)	The amount of torque necessary to rotate the stepper motor one full step when the motor is deenergized.	
differential line driver	A type of electrical digital output that can transmit digital data over a long distance. It consists of a complementary pair of digital lines.	
electrical symmetry	How close each quadrature channel is to a 50 percent duty cycle when at a constant speed.	
holding torque	The amount of torque necessary to rotate the stepper motor one full step (microstepping turned off) when the motor is energized at the rated amps/phase of that motor.	
minimum edge separation	Defines in degrees how close (electrically) an edge on channel A can be to an edge on channel B.	
NEMA	National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA). NEMA is a U.S based association that creates standards for mountings. The NEMA size of a motor defines its shaft size and mounting configuration.	
phase inductance	The inductance of each phase of the stepper motor. The specifications listed in this data sheet are already adjusted for the winding configuration.	
phases	A wound wire in the stepper motor that is excited with current to produce electromagnetic force. Two or more phases work together by alternating between positively energized, deenergized, and negatively energized states to rotate the stepper motor.	
quadrature phasing	The electrical phase shift between channels A and B in a quadrature encoder.	
step angle	The distance the motor rotates each full step of the stepper motor. Also defined as 360 degrees divided by the steps per revolution.	