MAXIMUM CARDINALITY MATCHING FOR BIPARTITE GRAPHS

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ABSTRACT

Maximum cardinality matching, focus on existing algorithms and optimize the parallel versions in a highly multithreaded environment. Focus on Pothen-Fan, reason about performance.

1. INTRODUCTION

Bla bla

Motivation. Graph matching has several applications in computer science, for example the marriage problem or computing the block triangular form (BTF) of a sparse matrix [1]. As data gets bigger, the performance of algorithms that solve these problems gets more and more important.

Related work. [2] [3]

2. BACKGROUND: ALGORITHMS FOR MAXIMUM MATCHING IN BIPARTITE GRAPHS

3. ALGORITHMS AND OPTIMIZATIONS

Focus on Pothen-Fan [2] but also report Tree Grafting [3] for completeness

3.1. Pothen-Fan

Parallel Pothen-Fan. Pseudocode for parallel ppf

PRAM Analysis. Show DAG, worst case O(n), best case O(1) with n processors (n nodes), but real world graph are rather O(1)

Roofline Model. number of operations, number of moves, what if whole graph fits into cache, etc

Optimizations. Test and Test and Set, Locality, Use only half of the visited array, set only half of the matching vector while setting the rest last, etc

4. EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

Experimental setup.

Xeon Phi, GCC, -O3

Benchmarks **Results.**

5. CONCLUSIONS

Super linear speedup because of caching effects

6. REFERENCES

- [1] Alex Pothen and Chin-Ju Fan, "Computing the block triangular form of a sparse matrix," *ACM Trans. Math. Softw.*, vol. 16, no. 4, pp. 303–324, Dec. 1990.
- [2] A. Azad, M. Halappanavar, S. Rajamanickam, E. G. Boman, A. Khan, and A. Pothen, "Multithreaded algorithms for maximum matching in bipartite graphs," in 2012 IEEE 26th International Parallel and Distributed Processing Symposium, May 2012, pp. 860–872.
- [3] Ariful Azad, Aydin Bulu, and Alex Pothen, "A parallel tree grafting algorithm for maximum cardinality matching in bipartite graphs," in *Proceedings of the 2015 IEEE International Parallel and Distributed Processing Symposium*, Washington, DC, USA, 2015, IPDPS '15, pp. 1075–1084, IEEE Computer Society.