# **LAB 07**

## **CONDITIONAL PROCESSING**



STUDENT NAME	ROLL NO	SEC			
	SIGNATU	JRE & DATE			
MARKS AWARDED:					
NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF COMPUTER AND EMERGING SCIENC	CES (NUCES). KARACH				

Prepared by:

Aashir Mahboob

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## Lab Session 07: CONDITIONAL PROCESSING

### **Objectives:**

- Boolean Instructions
- Set Operations
- CMP Instruction
- Conditional Jumps

## **Boolean Instructions**

#### AND

Boolean AND operation between a source operand and destination operand.

**Syntax:** AND reg, reg

AND reg, mem AND reg, imm AND mem, reg AND mem, imm

#### OR

Boolean OR operation between a source operand and destination operand.

**Syntax:** OR reg, reg

OR reg, mem OR reg, imm OR mem, reg OR mem, imm

#### XOR

Boolean XOR operation between a source operand and destination operand.

**Syntax:** *XOR reg, reg* 

XOR reg, mem XOR reg, imm XOR mem, reg XOR mem, imm

#### NOT

Instructor: Kashan Hussain

Boolean NOT operation on a destination operand.

**Syntax:** *NOT reg* 

**NOT** mem



#### TEST

Similar to AND operation, except that instead of affecting any operands it sets the FLAGS appropriately.

Syntax: TEST reg, reg TEST reg, mem TEST reg, imm TEST mem, reg TEST mem, imm

#### Example 01:

```
Include Irvine32.inc
.code
main proc
   mov
           al, 10101110b
                               ; Clear only bit 3
           al, 11110110b
                                ; AL = 10100110
    and
           al, 11100011b
    mov
                               ; set bit 2
                               ; AL = 11100111
           al, 00000100b
    or
           al, 10110101b
                                ; 5 bits means odd parity
    mov
           al, 0
                                ; PF = 0 (PO)
    xor
           al, 10100101b
                                ; 4 bits means even parity
    mov
           al, 0
                                ; PF = 1 (PE)
    xor
           al, 11110000b
    mov
           al
                                      AL = 000011111b
    not
           al, 00100101b
    mov
           al, 00001001b
                               ; ZF = 0
    test
           al, 00100101b
    mov
           al, 00001000b
                               ; ZF = 1
    test
           DumpRegs
    call
exit
main ENDP
END main
```

## **Set Operations (using Boolean instructions)**

#### Set Complement

The complement of a set can be achieved through NOT instruction.

#### • Set Intersection

The intersection of two sets can be achieved through AND instruction.

#### Set Union

END main

Instructor: Kashan

The union of two sets can be achieved through OR instruction.

#### Example 02:

```
Include Irvine32.inc
.data
   A DWORD 1000000000000000000000000000111b
   B DWORD 10000001010100000000011101100011b
   msg1 BYTE "A intersection B is: ", 0
   msg2 BYTE "A union B is: ", 0
   msg3 BYTE "Complement of A is: ", 0
.code
main proc
   mov eax,A
   and
         eax, B
                     ; A intersection B
   mov edx, OFFSET msg1
   call
         WriteString
         ebx, TYPE DWORD
   mov
         WriteBinB
   call
   call
         Crlf
         eax, A
   mov
                  ; A union B
         eax, B
   or
         edx, OFFSET msg2
   mov
   call
         WriteString
         ebx, TYPE DWORD
   mov
         WriteBinB
   call
         Crlf
   call
   mov
         eax, A
                             ; A complement
         eax
   not
         edx, OFFSET msg3
   mov
         WriteString
   call
         ebx, TYPE DWORD
   mov
   call
         WriteBinB
call
      DumpRegs
exit
main ENDP
```



### **CMP** instruction

CMP (compare) instruction performs an implied subtraction of a source operand from a destination operand for comparison.

For unsigned operands:

•	Destination < source	ZF = 0	CF = 1
•	Destination > source	ZF = 0	CF = 0
•	Destination = source	ZF = 1	CF = 0

For signed operands:

```
    Destination < source</li>
    Destination > source
    Destination = source
    ZF = 1
```

#### Example 03:

```
Include Irvine32.inc
.code
main proc
         ax, 5
   mov
                                 and CF = 1
         ax, 10
                    ; ZF = 0
   cmp
   mov ax, 1000
   cmp ax, 1000
                     ; ZF = 1
                                 and CF = 0
         si, 106
   mov
                     ; ZF = 0
                                 and CF = 0
         si, 0
   cmp
call DumpRegs
exit
main ENDP
END main
```

## **Conditional Jumps**

## Jumps based on Flag values

Mnemonic	Description	Flags / Registers	
JZ	Jump if zero	ZF = 1	
JNZ	Jump if not zero	ZF = 0	
JC	Jump if carry	CF = 1	
JNC	Jump if not carry	CF = 0	
JO	Jump if overflow	OF = 1	
JNO	Jump if not overflow	OF = 0	
JS	Jump if signed	SF = 1	
JNS	Jump if not signed	SF = 0	
JP	Jump if parity (even)	PF = 1	
JNP	Jump if not parity (odd)	PF = 0	

### • Jumps based on Equality

Mnemonic	Description
JE _	Jump if equal $(leftOp = rightOp)$
JNE	Jump if not equal ( $leftOp \neq rightOp$ )
JCXZ	Jump if CX = 0
JECXZ	Jump if ECX = 0

## • Jumps based on unsigned comparisons

Mnemonic	Description
JA	Jump if above (if leftOp > rightOp)
JNBE	Jump if not below or equal (same as JA)
JAE	Jump if above or equal (if $leftOp \ge rightOp$ )
JNB	Jump if not below (same as JAE)
JB	Jump if below (if $leftOp < rightOp$ )
JNAE	Jump if not above or equal (same as JB)
JBE	Jump if below or equal (if $leftOp \le rightOp$ )
JNA	Jump if not above (same as JBE)

## • Jumps based on signed comparisons

Mnemonic	Description	
JG	Jump if greater (if $leftOp > rightOp$ )	
JNLE	Jump if not less than or equal (same as JG)	
JGE	Jump if greater than or equal (if $leftOp \ge rightOp$ )	
JNL	Jump if not less (same as JGE)	
л	Jump if less (if $leftOp < rightOp$ )	
JNGE	Jump if not greater than or equal (same as JL)	
ЛE	Jump if less than or equal (if $leftOp \le rightOp$ )	
JNG	Jump if not greater (same as JLE)	

#### Example 04:

```
Include Irvine32.inc
.data
   var1 DWORD 250
   var2 DWORD 125
   larger DWORD?
.code
main proc
         eax, var1
   mov
   mov larger, eax
   mov ebx, var2
   cmp eax, ebx
         L1
   jae
   mov larger, ebx
L1: call DumpRegs
exit
main ENDP
END main
```

#### Example 05:

```
Include Irvine32.inc
.data
   var1 DWORD 50
   var2 DWORD 25
   var3 DWORD 103
          BYTE "The smallest integer is: ", 0
.code
main proc
moveax, var1
          eax, var2
   cmp
          L1
   jbe
```

```
mov
          eax, var2
    L1:
          eax, var3
    cmp
   jbe
          L2
    mov
          eax, var3
   L2:
          edx, OFFSET msg
   mov
          WriteString
    call
          WriteDec
    call
call
      DumpRegs
exit
main ENDP
END main
```

#### Example 06:

Instructor: Kashan

```
Include Irvine32.inc
.data
char BYTE?
.code
main proc
L1:
           eax, 10
                               ; create 10ms delay
    mov
    call
           Delay
           ReadKey
                               ; reads a key input
    call
                                ; repeat if no key is pressed
           L1
    įΖ
                        ; saves the character
    mov char, al
call
      DumpRegs
exit
main ENDP
END main
```

### Lab Task(s):

1. Write a program to calculate grades and make a marksheet accordingly of students in lab.

2. Use cmp and jumps to find the first non-zero value in the given array:

intArr

**SWORD** 

0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 20, 35, 12, 66, 4, 0

3. Write a program that takes USER input and continue to take until USER press '0'.

4. Write a program for sequential search. Take an input from the user and find if it occurs in the following array:

arr WORD

10, 4, 7, 14, 299, 156, 3, 19, 29, 300, 20

