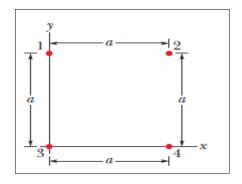
Electric Force Problems

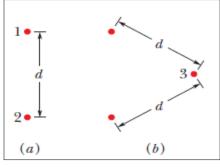
In Figure-1, the particles have charges q1=q2=100 nC and q3=q4=200 nC, and distance a=5.0 cm. What are the (a) x and (b) y components of the net electrostatic force on particle 3? (Ans: (a) 0.17 N (b) -0.046N)



7.00 μC 0.500 m 2.00 μC –4.00 μC

Fig-1 Fig-2

- 12 Three point charges are located at the corners of an equilateral triangle, as shown in Figure 2 . Calculate the net electric force on the 7 μ C charge.
 - 3. A point charge q1 = -9 μ C is at x=0 , while q2= 4 μ C is at x=1 m. At what point, besides infinity, would the net force on a positive charge q3 be zero ? (d=2m)
- At what separation would the force between a proton and an electron be 1 N? (Ans: 1.52 x 10⁻¹⁴m)
- In Fig. 3a, particles 1 and 2 have charge 20.0 mC each and are held at separation distance d = 1.50 m. (a) What is the magnitude of the electrostatic force on particle 1 due to particle 2? In Fig3b Particle 3 of charge 20.0 mC is positioned so as to complete an equilateral triangle. (b) What is the magnitude of the net electrostatic force on particle 1 due to particles 2 and 3? (Ans: (a) 1.6 N, (b) 2.77N)



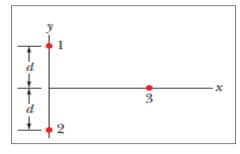


Fig-3 Fig-4

6. In figure-4, particles 1 and 2 of chagre $q1 = q2 = +3.2 \times 10^{-19}$ C are on a y axis at distance d = 17cm from the origin. Particles 3 of chagre $q3 = +6.4 \times 10^{-19}$ C is moved gradually along the x axis from x=0 to x=+5m. At what values of x will the magnitude of the electrostatics force on the third particles from the other two particles be (a) minimum and (b) maximum?

(Ans: (a) 0 (b) 12cm)