

## Supervised learning

*Training dataset contains pairs of input and corresponding output values*  
*Goal: create an accurate predictor for future data*

### Classification

*Output variable is discrete:  
label or binary*

### Regression

*Output variable is real-valued:  
e.g., value of a physical property*

## Unsupervised learning

*Training dataset contains input with no corresponding labels or output*  
*Goal: identify undetected patterns in the data*

### Clustering

*Group data points according  
to their similarity*

### Principal component

*Reduce dimensionality of  
data and identify trends*