Previous | Contents | Index | Next

- Chapter 7: Using the command-line connection tool Plink
 - 7.1 Starting Plink
 - 7.2 Using Plink
 - 7.2.1 Using Plink for interactive logins
 - 7.2.2 Using Plink for automated connections
 - 7.2.3 Plink command line options
 - 7.3 Using Plink in batch files and scripts
 - 7.4 Using Plink with CVS
 - 7.5 Using Plink with WinCVS

Chapter 7: Using the command-line connection tool Plink

Plink (PuTTY Link) is a command-line connection tool similar to UNIX ssh. It is mostly used for automated operations, such as making CVS access a repository on a remote server.

Plink is probably not what you want if you want to run an interactive session in a console window.

7.1 Starting Plink

Plink is a command line application. This means that you cannot just double-click on its icon to run it and instead you have to bring up a console window. In Windows 95, 98, and ME, this is called an 'MS-DOS Prompt', and in Windows NT, 2000, and XP, it is called a 'Command Prompt'. It should be available from the Programs section of your Start Menu.

In order to use Plink, the file plink.exe will need either to be on your PATH or in your current directory. To add the directory containing Plink to your PATH environment variable, type into the console window:

```
set PATH=C:\path\to\putty\directory;%PATH%
```

This will only work for the lifetime of that particular console window. To set your PATH more permanently on Windows NT, 2000, and XP, use the Environment tab of the System Control Panel. On Windows 95, 98, and ME, you will need to edit your AUTOEXEC.BAT to include a set command like the one above.

7.2 Using Plink

This section describes the basics of how to use Plink for interactive logins and for automated processes.

Once you've got a console window to type into, you can just type plink on its own to bring up a usage message. This tells you the version of Plink you're using, and gives you a brief summary of how to use Plink: