Congratulations! You passed!

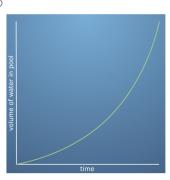
Grade received 80% To pass 80% or higher

1. In this quiz you will get a refresher in functions - in particular, matching a description of a function to the graph of the function.

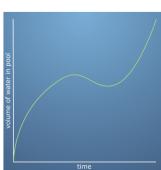
1/1 point

Imagine that you place one end of a water hose into a swimming pool and turn the tap on at the other end. Water then pours into the pool at a constant rate, causing the volume of water in the pool to increase at a constant rate.

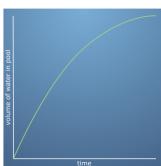
While the swimming pool is still filling up with water, what would we expect the plot of the function of volume of water in the pool with respect to time to look like?



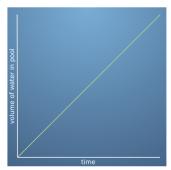
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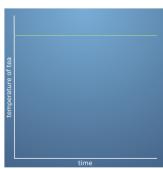
2. Jessica makes a cup of tea but gets distracted writing her code, and forgets to drink it.

1/1 point

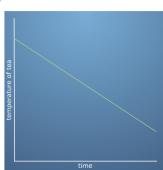
The tea is left to cool down. The speed of cooling depends on the temperature of the tea: when it is hot it cools $\ \ \, \text{down quickly and as it gets colder it cools down} \, \, \textit{more and more slowly,} \, \text{until it approaches room temperature.}$

Which of the following graphs could represent the temperature of that cup of tea with time?

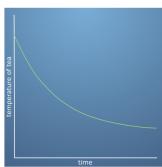
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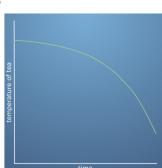
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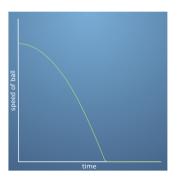
Ocrrect

If you're interested in understanding more you could read about Newton's law of cooling. This is an accompany to the cooling of function soon. exponential function; you'll see more of this type of function soon.

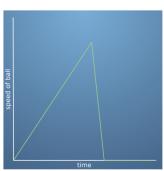
3. Rahul drops a ball from the top of a ladder into a pit of sand.

0 / 1 point

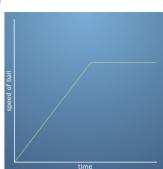
When the ball is released it begins to accelerate towards the ground, getting faster and faster until it hits the sand in the ball is released in the sand of the ball is released in the sand of the ball is released.and quickly becomes stationary again. What would a plot of the speed of the ball against time look like?



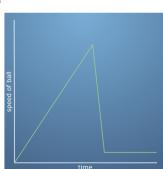
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(S) Incorrect

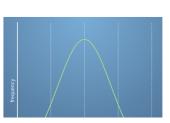
This plot is more like a plot of the ball's height with respect to time.

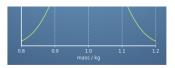
4. Bags of flour labelled 1 kg from a supermarket are weighed. Most of the weights measured are very close to 1 kg, with some a little more and others a little less. Those which are further away from 1 kg are found less and less often, with almost no bags more than 100 g out.

1/1 point

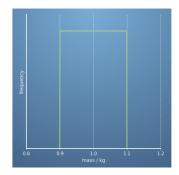
What might we expect the plot of frequency (i.e. how often a type of bag is found) against mass to look like?

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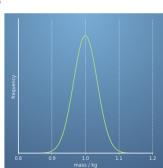




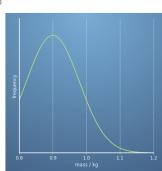
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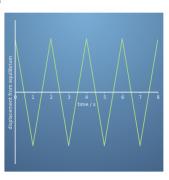
○ Correct The weights can be approximated by a bell-curve, called the "Normal Distribution".

5. A mass is attached to a string and hung from the ceiling. It is then pulled away from its natural hanging position (called equilibrium) and released, so that it swings backwards and forwards. Let's assume there is no air resistance, so that when the mass swings back it returns all the way back to where it was originally released. It completes a full swing, away and back, every 2 seconds.

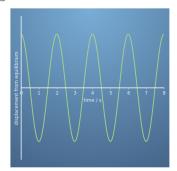
1/1 point

 $What is a \ reasonable \ plot for the \ displacement \ of the \ mass \ from \ equilibrium \ with \ respect \ to \ time?$

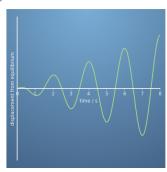
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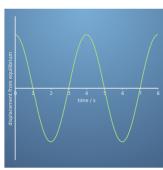
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Correct
This is called a simple harmonic oscillator - that is, we model the movement of the pendulum through
time as a simple sine wave, with some amplitude (determined by the maximum distance of the pendulum
to the equilibrium point) and some frequency (determined by the period of the swing).

The pendulum takes 2 seconds to complete a full revolution, which can also be described as swinging at a frequency of $0.5\,\mathrm{Hz}.$