

```
In [1]: 1 import pandas as pd
        2 import scipy.stats as stats
        3
        4 std_marks=[34,36,36,38,38,39,39,40,40,41,41,41,41,42,42,45,49,56]
```

executed in 2.17s, finished 16:05:17 2022-03-28

```
In [2]: 1 std_marks=pd.DataFrame(std_marks)
```

executed in 13ms, finished 16:05:17 2022-03-28

```
In [3]: 1 std_marks.mean()
```

executed in 16ms, finished 16:05:17 2022-03-28

```
Out[3]: 0    41.0
dtype: float64
```

```
In [4]: 1 std_marks.describe()
```

executed in 23ms, finished 16:05:17 2022-03-28

```
Out[4]:
```

	0
count	18.000000
mean	41.000000
std	5.052664
min	34.000000
25%	38.250000
50%	40.500000
75%	41.750000
max	56.000000

```
In [5]: 1 std_marks.median()
```

executed in 16ms, finished 16:05:17 2022-03-28

```
Out[5]: 0    40.5
dtype: float64
```

```
In [6]: 1 std_marks.var()
```

executed in 15ms, finished 16:05:17 2022-03-28

```
Out[6]: 0    25.529412
dtype: float64
```

```
In [7]: 1 std_marks.std()
```

executed in 8ms, finished 16:05:17 2022-03-28

```
Out[7]: 0    5.052664
dtype: float64
```



```
In [8]: 1 Q9=pd.read_csv("Q9_a.csv")
```

executed in 18ms, finished 16:05:17 2022-03-28

```
In [9]: 1 Q9.skew()
```

executed in 22ms, finished 16:05:17 2022-03-28

```
Out[9]: Index      0.000000  
speed    -0.117510  
dist      0.806895  
dtype: float64
```

```
In [10]: 1 import seaborn as sns
```

executed in 585ms, finished 16:05:18 2022-03-28

```
In [11]: 1 import matplotlib.pyplot  
2 plt.figure(figsize = (6,4))  
3  
4 plt.hist(Q9["dist"],  
5         bins = 10  
6         color="#108A99",  
7         )  
8 plt.title("speed and distance",fontsize = 14)  
9 plt.xlabel("speed")  
10 plt.ylabel("distance")  
11 sns.despine()  
12 plt.show()
```

executed in 8ms, finished 16:05:18 2022-03-28

 SyntaxError: invalid syntax (Temp/ipykernel_40268/4073283644.py, line 6) ▶

```
In [ ]: 1 import numpy as np  
2 import scipy.stats as st
```

executed in 0ms, finished 16:05:18 2022-03-28

```
In [ ]: 1 #confidence interval for 94%  
2 st.t.interval(alpha= 0.97 , df = 2000, loc = 200 , scale = 30)
```

executed in 0ms, finished 16:05:18 2022-03-28

```
In [ ]: 1 #confidence interval for 98%  
2 st.t.interval(alpha= 0.99 , df = 2000, loc = 200 , scale = 30)
```

executed in 0ms, finished 16:05:18 2022-03-28

```
In [ ]: 1 # confidence interval for 96%  
2 st.t.interval(alpha=0.98 , df = 2000 , loc = 200 , scale = 30)
```

executed in 0ms, finished 16:05:18 2022-03-28

Q.20

cars.csv

```
In [ ]: 1 import seaborn as sns
```

executed in 0ms, finished 16:05:18 2022-03-28

```
In [ ]: 1 cars = pd.read_csv("Cars (1).csv")
```

executed in 0ms, finished 16:05:18 2022-03-28

```
In [ ]: 1 cars
```

executed in 0ms, finished 16:05:18 2022-03-28

```
In [ ]: 1 sns.boxplot(cars.MPG)
```

executed in 0ms, finished 16:05:18 2022-03-28

```
In [ ]: 1 # A) P(mpg>38)
2 print("probability mpg>38 = ",(1-stats.norm.cdf(38,cars.MPG.mean(),cars.MPG.s
```

executed in 0ms, finished 16:05:18 2022-03-28

```
In [ ]: 1 # B) P(mpg>40)
2 print("probability mpg>40 = ",(stats.norm.cdf(40,cars.MPG.mean(),cars.MPG.std
```

executed in 0ms, finished 16:05:18 2022-03-28

```
In [ ]: 1 P(20<mpg<50)
2 print("probability mpg>50 = ",(stats.norm.cdf(50,cars.MPG.mean(),cars.MPG.std())-stats
```

executed in 0ms, finished 16:05:18 2022-03-28

```
In [ ]: 1 sns.kdeplot(cars["MPG"])
```

executed in 0ms, finished 16:05:18 2022-03-28

21b

waist adipose tissue

```
In [14]: 1 at=pd.read_csv("wc-at.csv")
```

executed in 30ms, finished 16:06:36 2022-03-28

In [16]:

```
1 at
```

executed in 32ms, finished 16:06:54 2022-03-28

Out[16]:

	Waist	AT
0	74.75	25.72
1	72.60	25.89
2	81.80	42.60
3	83.95	42.80
4	74.65	29.84
...
104	100.10	124.00
105	93.30	62.20
106	101.80	133.00
107	107.90	208.00
108	108.50	208.00

109 rows × 2 columns

In []:

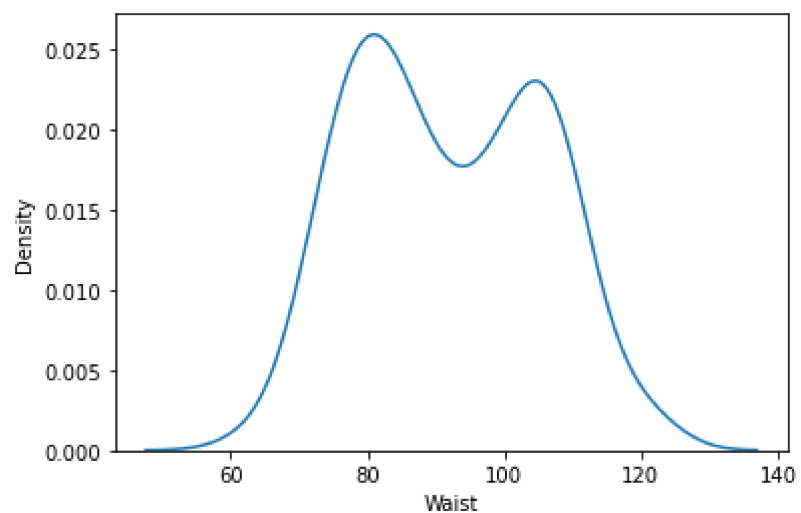
```
1
```

In [20]:

```
1 sns.kdeplot(at["Waist"])
```

executed in 339ms, finished 16:07:48 2022-03-28

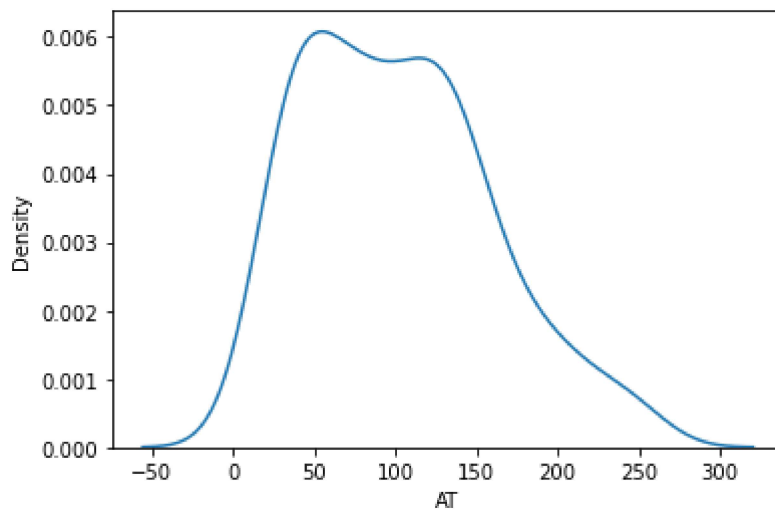
Out[20]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Waist', ylabel='Density'>



In [21]: 1 sns.kdeplot(at["AT"])

executed in 377ms, finished 16:08:07 2022-03-28

Out[21]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='AT', ylabel='Density'>



22)

calculation of z scores

In [22]: 1 # z score of 90%
2 stats.norm.ppf(0.95)

executed in 18ms, finished 16:16:12 2022-03-28

Out[22]: 1.6448536269514722

In [23]: 1 # z scores of 94%
2 stats.norm.ppf(0.97)

executed in 15ms, finished 16:16:55 2022-03-28

Out[23]: 1.8807936081512509

In [24]: 1 # z scores of 60%
2 stats.norm.ppf(.8)

executed in 27ms, finished 16:17:58 2022-03-28

Out[24]: 0.8416212335729143

23)

confidence interval

```
In [25]: 1 # t score of 95 sample size of 25  
        2 stats.t.ppf(0.975,24)
```

executed in 19ms, finished 16:26:15 2022-03-28

Out[25]: 2.0638985616280205

```
In [26]: 1 # t score of 96 sample size of 25  
        2 stats.t.ppf(0.98,24)
```

executed in 18ms, finished 16:27:03 2022-03-28

Out[26]: 2.1715446760080677

```
In [28]: 1 # t score of 96 sample size of 25  
        2 stats.t.ppf(0.995,24)
```

executed in 19ms, finished 16:28:38 2022-03-28

Out[28]: 2.796939504772804

24)

```
In [32]: 1 t= (260-270)/(90/18**0.5)  
        2 t
```

executed in 12ms, finished 16:38:27 2022-03-28

Out[32]: -0.4714045207910317

```
In [34]: 1 # pvalue =  
        2 Pvalue = 1-stats.t.cdf(abs(-0.4714),df=17)  
        3 Pvalue
```

executed in 16ms, finished 16:40:34 2022-03-28

Out[34]: 0.32167411684460556