

# 20S1 CZ2007 Project: Lab 3 Submission

## Team Members:

1. U1922940J - Le Quang Anh (Leader)
2. U1922557L - Chew Harris Rezal
3. U1922222E - Max Pang Liang Hui
4. U1922050A - Neo Yong Tai
5. U1922981C - Ong Jing Hong Elliott
6. U1923230B - Suhana Gupta

## Relational schema

\*\*\*We will only present non-trivial FDs

### Relation #1

Shops (ShopName)

FDs: None

Key(s): {ShopName}

Primary key: {ShopName}

The relation is in 3NF.

### Relation #2

Products (ProductID, Maker, Category, ProductName)

FDs: ProductID → Maker, Category, ProductName

Key(s): {ProductID}

Primary key: {ProductID}

The relation is in 3NF.

### Relation #3

ProductsInShop (ProductID, ShopName, Price, Stock)

FDs: ProductID, ShopName → Price, Stock

Key(s): {ProductID, ShopName}

Primary key: {ProductID, ShopName}

The relation is in 3NF.

### Relation #4

Records (ProductID, ShopName, StartDate, EndDate, Price)

FDs:

ProductID, ShopName, StartDate → EndDate, Price

ProductID, ShopName, EndDate → StartDate, Price

Key(s): {ProductID, ShopName, StartDate}, {ProductID, ShopName, EndDate}

Primary key: {ProductID, ShopName, StartDate}

Assumption:

1. Each product will have a unique endDate as the no two or more price changes can end on the same date for the same product.

R(ABCDE)

FDs: ABC → DE, ABD → CE

Key(s): {ABC}, {ABD}

ABC → DE (ABC contains ABC)

ABD → CE (ABD contains ABD)

The relation is in 3NF.

## Relation #5

ProductsInOrder(ProductID, ShopName, OrderID, Quantity, DeliveryDate, Status, Price)

FDs: ProductID, ShopName, OrderID → Quantity, DeliveryDate, Status, Price

Key(s): {ProductID, ShopName, OrderID}

Primary key: {ProductID, ShopName, OrderID}

The relation is in 3NF.

## Relation #6

Orders(OrderID, UserID, TotalCost, DateTime, ShippingAddress)

FDs:

OrderID → UserID, TotalCost, DateTime, ShippingAddress

UserID and DateTime → OrderID, TotalCost, ShippingAddress

Key(s): OrderID, {UserID, DateTime}

Primary key: {OrderID}

Assumption:

1. UserID alone cannot determine ShippingAddress since the same user may choose to ship to different addresses (Example: friend's house, office, etc..).
2. UserID and DateTime can determine the other attributes, assuming that the same user can only place one order at any one time.
3. A user can only submit a single order at any one time, which means that DateTime will always be unique for each UserID.

R(ABCDE)

FDs: A → BCDE, BD → ACE

Keys: {A}, {BD}

A → BCDE (A contains A)

BD -> ACE (BD contains BD)

The relation is in 3NF.

### Relation #7

Users(UserID, Name)

FDs: UserID -> Name

Key(s): {UserID}

Primary key: UserID

The relation is in 3NF.

### Relation #8

Rates(UserID, ProductID, Rating, Comment, DateTime)

FDs:

UserID, ProductID -> Rating, Comment, DateTime

UserID, DateTime -> Rating, Comment, ProductID

Key(s): {UserID, ProductID}, {UserID, DateTime}

Primary key: {UserID, ProductID}

Assumption:

1. A user can only add or modify a rating or comment at any one time, which means that DateTime will always be unique for each UserID.

R(ABCDE)

FDs: AB -> CDE, AE -> BCD

Keys: {AB}, {AE}

AB -> CDE (AB contains AB)

AE -> BCD (AE contains AE)

The relation is in 3NF.

### Relation #9

Complaints(ComplaintID, Status, FiledDateTime, AddressedDateTime, Text, UserID, EmployeeID)

FDs:

ComplaintID -> Status, FiledDateTime, AddressedDateTime, Text, UserID, EmployeeID

UserID, FiledDateTime -> ComplaintID, Status, AddressedDateTime, Text, EmployeeID

Key(s): {ComplaintID}, {UserID, FiledDateTime}

Primary key: {ComplaintID}

Assumption:

1. A user can only file a complaint at any one time, which means that DateTime will always be unique for each UserID.

R(ABCDEFGF)

FDs: A -> BCDEFG, CF -> ABDEG

Keys: {A}, {CF}

A -> BCDEFG (A contains A)

CF -> ABDEG (CF contains CF)

The relation is in 3NF.

### Relation #10

ComplaintsOnOrder(ComplaintID, OrderID)

FDs: ComplaintID -> OrderID

Key(s): {ComplaintID}

Primary key: {ComplaintID}

The relation is in 3NF.

### Relation #11

ComplaintsOnShop(ComplaintID, ShopName)

FDs: ComplaintID -> ShopName

Key(s): {ComplaintID}

Primary key: {ComplaintID}

The relation is in 3NF.

### Relation #12

Employees(EmployeeID, MonthlySalary, Name)

FDs: EmployeeID -> MonthlySalary, Name

Key(s): {EmployeeID}

Primary key: {EmployeeID}

The relation is in 3NF.