

3)

$$\|x\|_w = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n w_i x_i^2}$$

(i) Homogeneity

$$\|x\|_w = \sqrt{x_1^2 w_1 + x_2^2 w_2 + \dots + x_n^2 w_n}$$

$$\|x\|_w \in \mathbb{R} \text{ as } w_i \in \mathbb{R} \ \& \ w_i > 0$$

so each term $w_i x_i^2 > 0$

$$\|\cdot\|_w : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

(ii) Non-negativity

$$\|x\|_w = \sqrt{w_1 x_1^2 + w_2 x_2^2 + \dots + w_n x_n^2}$$

$$w_i > 0, \ x_i^2 > 0$$

$$\|x\|_w \geq 0$$

(iii) Definiteness

$$\|x\|_w = \sqrt{w_1 \tilde{x}_1 + w_2 \tilde{x}_2 + \dots + w_n \tilde{x}_n} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow w_1 \tilde{x}_1 = w_2 \tilde{x}_2 = w_3 \tilde{x}_3 = \dots = 0$$

$$w_i > 0$$

so

$$\Rightarrow \tilde{x}_1 = \tilde{x}_2 = \tilde{x}_3 = \dots = 0$$

$$x = 0$$

(iv) Triangle inequality.

$$f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$$

Transform a vector x to vector y

$$f: \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{w_1} x_1 \\ \sqrt{w_2} x_2 \\ \vdots \\ \sqrt{w_n} x_n \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\|y\|_2 = \sqrt{(\sqrt{w_1} x_1)^2 + \dots + (\sqrt{w_n} x_n)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{w_1 x_1^2 + w_2 x_2^2 + \dots + w_n x_n^2}$$

$$= \|x\|_w$$

For $\|y\|_2$, we have already proven.

$$\|y_1 + y_2\|_2 \leq \|y_1\|_2 + \|y_2\|_2$$

So.

$$\|x_1 + x_2\|_w = \|y_1 + y_2\|_2$$

$$\|x_1 + x_2\|_w \leq \|x_1\|_w + \|x_2\|_w$$

$$y_1 + y_2 = \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{w_1} (x_1 + x_2) \\ \sqrt{w_2} (x_1 + x_2) \\ \vdots \\ \sqrt{w_n} (x_1 + x_2) \end{bmatrix}$$

$\Rightarrow \|\cdot\|$ is a norm (called weighted norm)