

## Mod Divmod

One of the built-in functions of Python is *divmod*, which takes two arguments *a* and *b* and returns a tuple containing the quotient of  $a/b$  first and then the remainder *a*.

For example:

```
>>> print divmod(177,10)
(17, 7)
```

Here, the integer division is  $177/10 \Rightarrow 17$  and the modulo operator is  $177\%10 \Rightarrow 7$ .

### Task

Read in two integers, *a* and *b*, and print three lines.

The first line is the integer division  $a//b$  (While using Python2 remember to import `division` from `__future__`).

The second line is the result of the modulo operator:  $a\%b$ .

The third line prints the *divmod* of *a* and *b*.

### Input Format

The first line contains the first integer, *a*, and the second line contains the second integer, *b*.

### Output Format

Print the result as described above.

### Sample Input

```
177
10
```

### Sample Output

```
17
7
(17, 7)
```



```
1  # Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print output to STDOUT
2  a = int(input())
3  b = int(input())
4
5  print(a//b)
6  print(a % b)
7  print(divmod(a, b))
8
9
```