

# Statistics for Data Science

## Unit 5 Homework: Joint Distributions

May 8, 2018

### 1. Unladen Swallows

In the async lecture, we built a model consisting of two random variables: Let  $W$  represent the wingspan of a swallow, and  $V$  represents the velocity.

We assume  $W$  has a normal distribution with mean 10 and standard deviation 4.

We assume that  $V = 0.5 \cdot W + U$ , where  $U$  is a random variable (which we might call error). We assume that  $U$  has a standard normal distribution and is independent of  $W$ .

Using properties of variance and covariance, derive each element of the variance-covariance matrix for  $W$  and  $V$ .

### 2. Broken Rulers

You have a ruler of length 1 and you choose a place to break it using a uniform probability distribution. Let random variable  $X$  represent the length of the left piece of the ruler.  $X$  is distributed uniformly in  $[0, 1]$ . You take the left piece of the ruler and once again choose a place to break it using a uniform probability distribution. Let random variable  $Y$  be the length of the left piece from the second break.

- (a) Find the conditional expectation of  $Y$  given  $X$ ,  $E(Y|X)$ .
- (b) Find the unconditional expectation of  $Y$ . One way to do this is to apply the law of iterated expectations, which states that  $E(Y) = E(E(Y|X))$ . The inner expectation is the conditional expectation computed above, which is a function of  $X$ . The outer expectation finds the expected value of this function.
- (c) Compute  $E(XY)$ . Hint: if you take an expectation conditional on a value of  $X$ ,  $X$  is just a constant inside the expectation. This means that  $E(XY|X) = XE(Y|X)$
- (d) Using the previous results, compute  $cov(X, Y)$ .

### 3. Great Time to Watch Async

Suppose your waiting time in minutes for the Caltrain in the morning is uniformly distributed on  $[0, 5]$ , whereas waiting time in the evening is uniformly distributed on  $[0, 10]$ . Each waiting time is independent of all other waiting times.

- (a) If you take the Caltrain each morning and each evening for 5 days in a row, what is your total expected waiting time?
- (b) What is the variance of your total waiting time?

- (c) What is the expected value of the difference between the total evening waiting time and the total morning waiting time over all 5 days?
- (d) What is the variance of the difference between the total evening waiting time and the total morning waiting time over all 5 days?

#### 4. Maximizing Correlation

Show that if  $Y = aX + b$  where  $X$  and  $Y$  are random variables and  $a \neq 0$ ,  $\text{corr}(X, Y) = -1$  or  $+1$ .

#### 5. Optional Challenge Problem: Working with Poisson Variables

A Poisson random variable  $M$  is a discrete random variable with probability mass function given by

$$P_M(m) = \frac{\alpha^m}{m!} e^{-\alpha}, m = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

Where  $\alpha$  is a parameter.

Let  $N$  be another random variable that, conditional on  $M = m$ , is equally likely to take on any value in the set  $0, 1, 2, \dots, m$

- Find the joint PMF of  $M$  and  $N$
- Find the marginal PMF of  $N$ ,  $P_N(n)$
- Explain the significance of  $N$  in terms of a Poisson process.