RISING CITY REPORT

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Structure

- risingCity.cpp: This contains the logic for the rising city problem statement. The project begins at this place, working of which is explained in the working of the project.
- Structure.cpp & Structure.h: This contains the implementation of the heap and maintains the root node. All the operations of Red Blac Tree , heap and risingCity Problem statement are in this file.

Nodes.h :

This has the node structure of the Red Black node("RedBlackElement") and Min Heap Node("MinHeapElement").

• Building.h:

Is the class which maintains the triplet information, which is inherited in "MinHeapElement".

Working of The Project

The rising city implementation logic:

- Global counter, input command processing is implemented in "risingCity.cpp". The input is sequentially loaded into "currentCommand". Whenever a command gets executed the next command is loaded into "currentCommand".
- The day counter is incremented by a unit using while loop, at every iteration commands can be executed or a new building can be picked up either by disposing the old one or inserting the old one back in to the min heap.
- The building is chosen as per the problem statement, "void removeMin()" is executed whenever a building is chosen. This allows us to dispose it if it gets completed after the 5 days or before, or insert the node back into the tree.
- This process is continued until both the root is null and the input commands are empty.

```
//www.kertBuilding(int building_num, int total_time);

void InsertBuilding(int building_num, ofstream& output);

void ExecuteCommand(vector <string> command, ofstream& output);

string PrintBuildingForRange(int building_num1,int building_num2,RedBlackElement* node, string result);
```

Above are the functions used for risingCity problem statement

void InsertBuilding(int building num, int total time):

This function creates a RedBlackElement and a HeapElement and stores pointers to each other in one another.invokes "heapInsert()" and "RBTinsert()" respectively.

void PrintBuilding(int building_num, ofstream& output):

This function searches in the red black tree to find the node with building Num, to access the Heap

- void ExecuteCommand(vector <string> command, ofstream& output):
 - This function searches in the red black tree to find the node with building Num , to access the Heap
- string PrintBuildingForRange(int building_num1,int building_num2,RedBlackElement* node, string result):

This function searches on the red black tree and

accumulates the node data if the building number is in the range.

Red Black Tree:

```
RedBlackElement* ParentSibling(RedBlackElement* node);
void BSTinsert(RedBlackElement* root1, RedBlackElement* node);
 void RBTinsert(RedBlackElement* node);
 void RecursiveCorrect(RedBlackElement* node);
 void LeftRotationWithColorChange(RedBlackElement* node);
 void RightRotationWithColorChange(RedBlackElement* node);
 void LeftRotation(RedBlackElement* node);
 void RightRotation(RedBlackElement* node);
 void RBTdelete(RedBlackElement* node);
 RedBlackElement* InorderSuccesor(RedBlackElement* node);
 void SwapNodes(RedBlackElement* node1,RedBlackElement* node2);
 void DoubleBlackCases(RedBlackElement* node);
 RedBlackElement* Sibling(RedBlackElement*node);
 void DeleteDoubleBlackNullNode(RedBlackElement* DoubleBlackNull);
 //Searching - returns null if not found
static RedBlackElement* SearchTreeByValue(int building_num,RedBlackElement* root);
```

Above are the functions used, description about some non-intuitive functions are below

void RBTinsert(RedBlackElement* node) :

Implements BST insert and then handles the cases using "LeftRotationWithColorChange", "RightRotationWithColorChange" and "RecursiveCorrect".

void RecursiveCorrect(RedBlackElement* node) :

This function is used as a part of insertion where it contains all the actions that needs to be done after recoloring.

void RBTdelete(RedBlackElement* node) :

The implementation is divided into several cases and classifies a black node with two black child into DoubleBlack case, which is further divided into cases which transform into each other.these are handled using "DoubleBlackNodeCases".

Min Heap:

Above are the functions used for implementation of heap.