

Paths completed: 1  
Targets compromised: 145  
Ranking: Top 5%

PATHS COMPLETED

PROGRESS

**Cracking into Hack the Box**

**3 Modules** **Easy**



To be successful in any technical information security role, we must have a broad understanding of specialized tools, tactics, and terminology. This path introduces core concepts necessary for anyone interested in a hands-on technical infosec role. The modules also provide the essential prerequisite knowledge for joining the main Hack The Box platform, progressing through Starting Point through easy-rated retired machines, and solving "live" machines with no walkthrough. It also includes helpful information about staying organized, navigating the HTB platforms, common pitfalls, and selecting a penetration testing distribution. Students will complete their first box during this path with a guided walkthrough and be challenged to complete a box on their own by applying the knowledge learned in the Getting Started module.

**100% Completed**



MODULE

PROGRESS

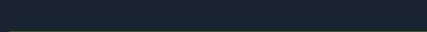
**Intro to Academy**



**8 Sections** **Fundamental** **General**

This module is recommended for new users. It allows users to become acquainted with the platform and the learning process.

**100% Completed**



**Hacking WordPress**



**16 Sections** **Easy** **Offensive**

WordPress is an open-source Content Management System (CMS) that can be used for multiple purposes.

**93.75% Completed**



**Linux Fundamentals**



**30 Sections** **Fundamental** **General**

This module covers the fundamentals required to work comfortably with the Linux operating system and shell.

**60% Completed**



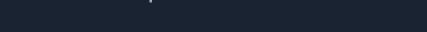
**File Transfers**



**10 Sections** **Medium** **Offensive**

During an assessment, it is very common for us to transfer files to and from a target system. This module covers file transfer techniques leveraging tools commonly available across all versions of Windows and Linux systems.

**80% Completed**





## SQL Injection Fundamentals

17 Sections Medium Offensive

Databases are an important part of web application infrastructure and SQL (Structured Query Language) to store, retrieve, and manipulate information stored in them. SQL injection is a code injection technique used to take advantage of coding vulnerabilities and inject SQL queries via an application to bypass authentication, retrieve data from the backend database, or achieve code execution on the underlying server.

100% Completed



## Web Requests

8 Sections Fundamental General

This module introduces the topic of HTTP web requests and how different web applications utilize them to communicate with their backends.

100% Completed



## File Inclusion

11 Sections Medium Offensive

File Inclusion is a common web application vulnerability, which can be easily overlooked as part of a web application's functionality.

100% Completed

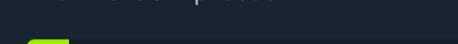


## Introduction to Networking

21 Sections Fundamental General

As an information security professional, a firm grasp of networking fundamentals and the required components is necessary. Without a strong foundation in networking, it will be tough to progress in any area of information security. Understanding how a network is structured and how the communication between the individual hosts and servers takes place using the various protocols allows us to understand the entire network structure and its network traffic in detail and how different communication standards are handled. This knowledge is essential to create our tools and to interact with the protocols.

9.52% Completed



## Stack-Based Buffer Overflows on Linux x86

13 Sections Medium Offensive

Buffer overflows are common vulnerabilities in software applications that can be exploited to achieve remote code execution (RCE) or perform a Denial-of-Service (DoS) attack. These vulnerabilities are caused by insecure coding, resulting in an attacker being able to overrun a program's buffer and overwrite adjacent memory locations, changing the program's execution path and resulting in unintended actions.

92.31% Completed



## JavaScript Deobfuscation

11 Sections Easy Defensive

This module will take you step-by-step through the fundamentals of JavaScript Deobfuscation until you can deobfuscate basic JavaScript code and understand its purpose.

100% Completed

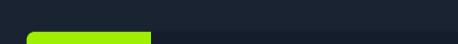


## Windows Fundamentals

14 Sections Fundamental General

This module covers the fundamentals required to work comfortably with the Windows operating system.

28.57% Completed



## Attacking Web Applications with Ffuf

13 Sections Easy Offensive

This module covers the fundamental enumeration skills of web fuzzing and directory brute forcing using the Ffuf tool. The techniques learned in this module will help us in locating hidden pages, directories, and parameters when targeting web applications.

92.31% Completed





## Login Brute Forcing

### Login Brute Forcing

11 Sections | Easy | Offensive

Learn how to brute force logins for various types of services and create custom wordlists based on your target.

100% Completed



## Introduction to Web Applications

### Introduction to Web Applications

17 Sections | Fundamental | General

In the Introduction to Web Applications module, you will learn all of the basics of how web applications work and begin to look at them from an information security perspective.

100% Completed



## Getting Started

### Getting Started

23 Sections | Fundamental | Offensive

This module covers the fundamentals of penetration testing and an introduction to Hack The Box.

100% Completed



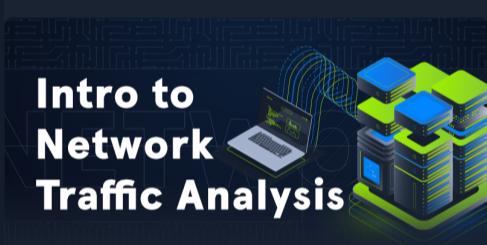
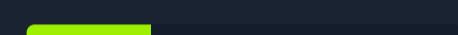
## Broken Authentication

### Broken Authentication

14 Sections | Medium | Offensive

Authentication is probably the most straightforward and prevalent measure used to secure access to resources, and it's the first line of defense against unauthorized access. Broken authentication is currently listed as #7 on the 2021 OWASP Top 10 Web Application Security Risks, falling under the broader category of Identification and Authentication failures. A vulnerability or misconfiguration at the authentication stage can devastatingly impact an application's overall security.

28.57% Completed



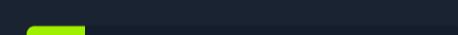
## Intro to Network Traffic Analysis

### Intro to Network Traffic Analysis

15 Sections | Medium | General

Network traffic analysis is used by security teams to monitor network activity and look for anomalies that could indicate security and operational issues. Offensive security practitioners can use network traffic analysis to search for sensitive data such as credentials, hidden applications, reachable network segments, or other potentially sensitive information "on the wire." Network traffic analysis has many uses for attackers and defenders alike.

13.33% Completed



## Introduction to Python 3

### Introduction to Python 3

14 Sections | Easy | General

Automating tedious or otherwise impossible tasks is highly valued during both penetration testing engagements and everyday life. Introduction to Python 3 aims to introduce the student to the world of scripting with Python 3 and covers the essential building blocks needed for a beginner to understand programming. Some advanced topics are also covered for the more experienced student. In a guided fashion and starting soft, the final goal of this module is to equip the reader with enough know-how to be able to implement simple yet useful pieces of software.

100% Completed



## Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)

### Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)

10 Sections | Easy | Offensive

Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) vulnerabilities are among the most common web application vulnerabilities. An XSS vulnerability may allow an attacker to execute arbitrary JavaScript code within the target's browser and result in complete web application compromise if chained together with other vulnerabilities. This module will teach you how to identify XSS vulnerabilities and exploit them.

100% Completed





## Command Injections

### Command Injections

12 Sections | Medium | Offensive

Command injection vulnerabilities can be leveraged to compromise a hosting server and its entire network. This module will teach you how to identify and exploit command injection vulnerabilities and how to use various filter bypassing techniques to avoid security mitigations.

100% Completed



## Shells & Payloads

### Shells & Payloads

17 Sections | Medium | Offensive

Gain the knowledge and skills to identify and use shells & payloads to establish a foothold on vulnerable Windows & Linux systems. This module utilizes a fictitious scenario where the learner will place themselves in the perspective of a sysadmin trying out for a position on CAT5 Security's network penetration testing team.

100% Completed



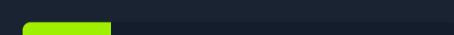
## Information Gathering - Web Edition

### Information Gathering - Web Edition

10 Sections | Easy | Offensive

This module covers techniques for identifying and analyzing an organization's web application-based attack surface and tech stack. Information gathering is an essential part of any web application penetration test, and it can be performed either passively or actively.

20% Completed



## File Upload Attacks

### File Upload Attacks

11 Sections | Medium | Offensive

Arbitrary file uploads are among the most critical web vulnerabilities. These flaws enable attackers to upload malicious files, execute arbitrary commands on the back-end server, and even take control over the entire server and all web applications hosted on it and potentially gain access to sensitive data or cause a service disruption.

100% Completed



## Server-side Attacks

### Server-side Attacks

19 Sections | Medium | Offensive

A backend that handles user-supplied input insecurely can lead to sensitive information disclosure and remote code execution. This module covers how to identify and exploit server-side bugs. This module introduces Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF), Server-Side Template Injection (SSTI), and Server-Side Includes (SSI) injection attacks, alongside other server-side vulnerabilities.

100% Completed



## Web Service & API Attacks

### Web Service & API Attacks

13 Sections | Medium | Offensive

Web services and APIs are frequently exposed to provide certain functionalities in a programmatic way between heterogeneous devices and software components. Both web services and APIs can assist in integrating different applications or facilitate separation within a given application. This module covers how to identify the functionality a web service or API offers and exploit any security-related inefficiencies.

100% Completed



## Security Monitoring & SIEM Fundamentals

### Security Monitoring & SIEM Fundamentals

11 Sections | Easy | Defensive

This module provides a concise yet comprehensive overview of Security Information and Event Management (SIEM) and the Elastic Stack. It demystifies the essential workings of a Security Operation Center (SOC), explores the application of the MITRE ATT&CK framework within SOCs, and introduces SIEM (KQL) query development. With a focus on practical skills, students will learn how to develop SIEM use cases and visualizations using the Elastic Stack.

9.09% Completed

