

1.8.11

AI25BTECH11035 - SUJAL RAJANI

Question:

Find the coordinates of the point **P** on AD such that AP : PD = 2 : 1.

Solution:

As nothing is mentioned in the question about the coordinates of A and D , so we are assuming the coordinates of A as (2,2) ,D as (-1,-1) .

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{D} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}. \quad (1)$$

as mentioned in the question **P** is dividing the join of A and D in 2 : 1.

so for finding the position vector of **P** we are using section formula

If **D** divides BC in the ratio k : 1

$$\mathbf{D} = \frac{k\mathbf{C} + \mathbf{B}}{k + 1}$$

k=2

the position vector of **P** is :

$$\mathbf{P} = \frac{2\mathbf{D} + \mathbf{A}}{2 + 1}$$

In matrix form:

$$\mathbf{P} = \frac{1}{3} (\mathbf{D} \quad \mathbf{A}) \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2)$$

$$\mathbf{P} = \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (4)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (5)$$

