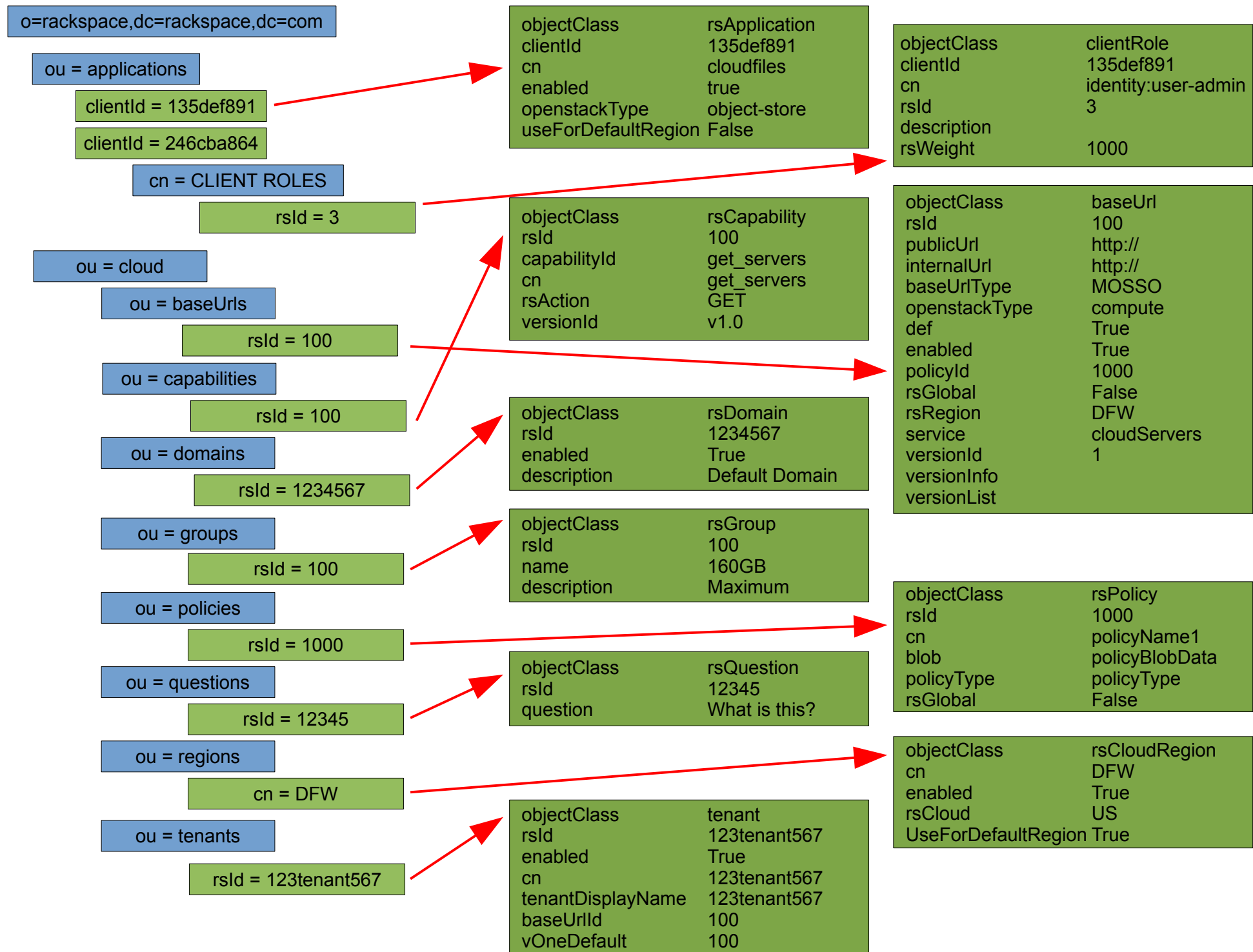
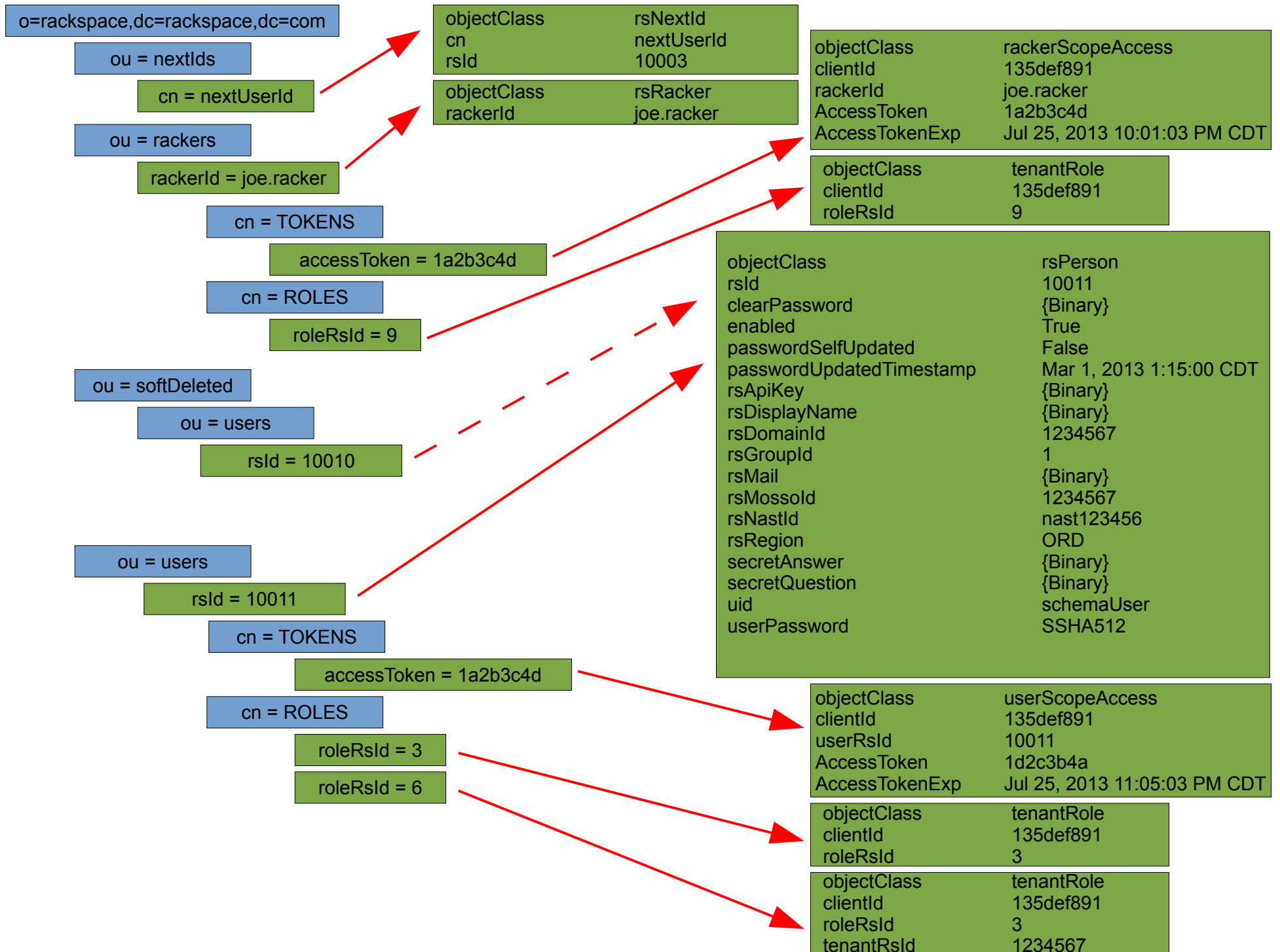


Cloud Identity

LDAP Directory Structure

April 2, 2013





Applications

- An application defines an available Service.
- An application can contain Roles for a Service.
- The openStackType attribute defines the type of Service
- The “identity” application holds all Global Roles as well as identity roles. (To change in near future to separate identity roles)

Domains

- A Domain can have many Tenants. These become accessible endpoints to users when a user is a member of the Domain.

Groups

- A group defines limits used by other systems.
- A group can be related to a User.

Regions

- A Region defines the region within a deployed Cloud. (Current clouds are US and UK)
- A Cloud must only have one Default Region assigned at a time.
- A region maps to the region for EndpointTemplates.

Tenants

- A Service Catalog consists of a list of EndpointTemplates with Tenants. EndpointTemplates are assigned to a Tenant, which then
- exposes services that the Tenant can be interacted with.

Users

- A user can only be a member of a single Domain.
- A user can have a single default region.
- A user only has a single ApiKey.
- A user can have multiple Groups
- A UID is unique at the “Users” level.
- A user can be assigned multiple Roles.
- A users Service Catalog is managed by Roles containing a Tenant.
- A user can have multiple tokens at any given time.
- An impersonated token lives under the individual doing impersonation. (To change after migration)
- A user has accessible endpoints when the Domain has additional Tenants even though the user doesn't have a role on the Tenant.