

# **QUESTIONS**

Lab 1. Day-2 Lab

(PN: ChatGPT exercise is mandatory)

Lab 1. Use the Database and table from Day 1 lab. Insert 5 records in each table and retrieve data from all tables and display.

• Create a database with the name StudentManagementSystem.

#### Code:

```
mysql> create database StudentManagementSystem;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.07 sec)
```

### **Output:**

i) A table with named Students with attributes:

StudentID (Primary Key), FirstName, LastName, DateOfBirth, Gender, Email, Phone

#### Code:

```
mysql> Use Studentmanagementsystem;
Database changed
```

#### **Insert five records:**

### Display the data which is retrieved from the table Students:

```
mysql> select *from Students;
 StudentID | FirstName | LastName | DateOfBirth | Gender | Email
                                                                                     Phone
        481 | Rajitha
                        Lingutla | 2002-06-21
                                                | Female | rajitha@gmail.com
                                                                                     1934756782
        482 | Bob
                         Stone
                                   1999-02-20
                                                Male
                                                         bob.stone@gmail.com
                                                                                     8987654329
        483 | Cara
                         Wins
                                   2001-03-25
                                                | Female | cara.wins@example.com
                                                                                     1122334458
        484 | David
                                                        | david.johnson@example.com | 2233445568
                                   2002-04-30
                        Johnson
                                                Male
        485 | Eva
                        Brown
                                  | 1998-05-10 | Female | eva.brown@example.com
                                                                                     3344556674
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

### 2) A table with name Course with attributes:

CourseID (Primary Key), CourseTitle, Credits

#### **Insert five records:**

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Course (CourseID, CourseTitle, Credits)
-> VALUES
-> (1, 'Introduction to Computer Science', 3),
-> (2, 'Data Structures and Algorithms', 4),
-> (3, 'Database Systems', 3),
-> (4, 'Operating Systems', 4),
-> (5, 'Web Development', 3);
Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 5 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

## Display the data which is retrieved from the table Course:

```
mysql> Select *from Course;

+------+

| CourseID | CourseTitle | Credits |

+-----+

| 1 | Introduction to Computer Science | 3 |

| 2 | Data Structures and Algorithms | 4 |

| 3 | Database Systems | 3 |

| 4 | Operating Systems | 4 |

| 5 | Web Development | 3 |

+-----+

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

3) A table with named Instructor with attributes:

InstructorID (Primary Key), FirstName, LastName, Email

#### **Insert five records:**

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Instructor (InstructorID, FirstName, LastName, Email)
   -> VALUES
   -> (1, 'John', 'Doe', 'john.doe@example.com'),
   -> (2, 'Jane', 'Smith', 'jane.smith@example.com'),
   -> (3, 'Mike', 'Johnson', 'mike.johnson@example.com'),
   -> (4, 'Sara', 'Williams', 'sara.williams@example.com'),
   -> (5, 'Tom', 'Brown', 'tom.brown@example.com');
Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.05 sec)
Records: 5 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

To display the data retrieved from the Instructor table:

```
mysql> Select *from Instructor;
                           | LastName | Email
 InstructorID | FirstName
                                        john.doe@example.com
                 John
                             Doe
             2
                                        jane.smith@example.com
                 Jane
                             Smith
             3
                                        mike.johnson@example.com
                 Mike
                             Johnson
             4
                             Williams
                                        sara.williams@example.com
                 Sara
                                        tom.brown@example.com
                Tom
                             Brown
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

4) A table with named Enrollment with attributes:

EnrollmentID (Primary Key), EnrollmentDate,StudentID(Foreignkey),

CourseID(Foreign Key),InstructorID(Foreign key)

Insert five records:

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Enrollment (EnrollmentID, EnrollmentDate, StudentID, CourseID, InstructorID)
-> VALUES
-> (221, '2023-01-01', 481, 1, 1),
-> (222, '2023-01-02', 482, 2, 2),
-> (223, '2023-01-03', 483, 3, 3),
-> (224, '2023-01-04', 484, 4, 4),
-> (225, '2023-01-05', 485, 5, 5);
Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.03 sec)
Records: 5 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

To display the data retrieved from the Enrollment table:

orID    1
1
2
3
4
5

5) A table with named Score with attributes:

ScoreID (Primary Key), CourseID (Foreign key), StudentID (Foreign Key), DateOfExam, CreditObtained

Insert the five records:

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Score (ScoreID, CourseID, StudentID, DateofExam, CreditObtained)
-> VALUES
-> (21, 1, 481, '2023-01-10', 2.5),
-> (22, 2, 482, '2023-01-11', 3.0),
-> (23, 3, 483, '2023-01-12', 2.8),
-> (24, 4, 484, '2023-01-13', 3.2),
-> (25, 5, 485, '2023-01-14', 2.7);
Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.03 sec)
Records: 5 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

To display the data retrieved from the Score table:

```
mysql> Select *from Score;
           CourseID | StudentID |
                                                   CreditObtained
                                     DateofExam
       21
                               481
                                     2023-01-10
                    1
                                                              2.50
                    2
                                                              3.00
       22
                               482
                                     2023-01-11
                    3
       23
                               483
                                     2023-01-12
                                                              2.80
       24
                    4
                               484
                                     2023-01-13
                                                              3.20
       25
                    5
                                     2023-01-14
                                                              2.70
                               485
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

6) A table with named Feedback with attributes:

FeedbackID (Primary Key), StudentID (Foreign key), Date, InstructorName, Feedback

Insert the records:

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Feedback (FeedbackID, StudentID, FeedbackDate, InstructorName, Feedback)
-> VALUES
-> (41, 481, '2023-01-01', 'John Doe', 'Great instructor, very helpful.'),
-> (42, 482, '2023-01-02', 'Jane Smith', 'Explained concepts very clearly.'),
-> (43, 483, '2023-01-03', 'Bob Johnson', 'Enthusiastic and knowledgeable.'),
-> (44, 484, '2023-01-04', 'Alice Williams', 'Made the class fun and engaging.'),
-> (45, 485, '2023-01-05', 'Charlie Brown', 'Very organized and approachable.');
Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.03 sec)
Records: 5 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

To display the data retrieved from the Feedback table:

FeedbackID	StudentID	FeedbackDate	InstructorName	Feedback
41	   481	   2023-01-01	John Doe	   Great instructor, very helpful.
42	482	2023-01-02	Jane Smith	Explained concepts very clearly.
43	483	2023-01-03	Bob Johnson	Enthusiastic and knowledgeable.
44	484	2023-01-04	Alice Williams	Made the class fun and engaging.
45	485	2023-01-05	Charlie Brown	Very organized and approachable.

#### ChatGPT Exercise

Generating a normalized table using ChatGPT as a continuation of our earlier

ChatGPT scenario.

Put the below statement in the message box and see what ChatGPT says:

I have created a database of emergency contact information. Kindly help me by providing normalized tables with understanding.

- 1) Employee (EmployeeID, FirstName, LastName, DateOfBirth, Gender, Phone)
- 2) Emergency Contact (Contact ID, Employee ID, Contact Name, Relationship)
- 3)ContactDetails (ContactID, ContactType, ContactValue)

The Employee table stores information about each employee, including their name, date of birth, gender, and phone number. The primary key is EmployeeID, which uniquely identifies each employee.

The EmergencyContact table stores information about each employee's emergency contact, including their name and relationship to the employee. The primary key is ContactID, which is also a foreign key that references the ContactDetails table. The EmployeeID attribute is a foreign key that references the Employee table, indicating which employee this emergency contact belongs to.

The ContactDetails table stores the actual contact information for each emergency contact, including their email address and physical address. The ContactType attribute indicates whether the ContactValue is an email address or a physical address. The primary key is ContactID, which is also a foreign key that references the EmergencyContact table.

Here is an example of how you can create the ContactDetails table:

CREATE TABLE ContactDetails (

ContactID INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,

ContactType VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,

ContactValue VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,

FOREIGN KEY (ContactID) REFERENCES EmergencyContact(ContactID)

);

Sure, I'd be happy to help you normalize your database of emergency contact information. Here's an example of how you might structure the tables.

## Employee Table

- EmployeeID (Primary Key, Auto-Increment)
- FirstName
- LastName
- DateOfBirth
- Gender
- Phone

## EmergencyContact Table

- ContactID (Primary Key, Auto-Increment)
- EmployeeID (Foreign Key, References Employee(EmployeeID))
- ContactName
- Relationship
- ContactEmail
- ContactAddress

In this design, the Employee table stores information about each employee, and the EmergencyContact table stores information about each employee's emergency contact.

The EmployeeID field in the EmergencyContact table is a foreign key that references the Employee table, indicating which employee this emergency contact belongs to.				
By normalizing the database in this way, we avoid redundancy and ensure that e piece of information is stored in only one place. This makes the database easier to maintain, update, and query.				