HW9 用 C11 實現 spinlock 並量測公平性

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- 1. gnu_spinlock.c
- 2. c11_spinlock.c
- 3. fair.c

4.

● 硬體的設定

CPU: Intel(R) Core(TM) i7-10700 CPU @ 2.90GHz

因為我的電腦不太好觀察數據所以用 pc341 的電腦跑,但 wikichip 只記錄到 8 代前的資訊,沒找到這顆 (應該是 10 代)。

```
Architecture:

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Syste order:

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● 實驗數據

沒改 makefile

delay_size = rand_r(&rand_seq)%73

```
pc341@E500-G6:~/hw9$ ./fair
0, 2231365
1, 2423758
2, 2085511
3, 2332400
4, 2242524
5, 2076431
6, 2038604
7, 3564440
8, 2983415
9, 3519557
10, 2938882
11, 3155608
12, 2977741
13, 2939383
14, 2641315
15, 4883041
```

Max=4883041, min=2038604, max/min = 2.4

delay_size = rand_r(&rand_seq)%1000

```
pc341@E500-G6:~/hw9$ ./fair
0, 69544317
1, 95454
2, 92717
3, 64586
4, 63934
5, 67396
6, 72611
7, 63556
8, 26162116
9, 125750
10, 129758
11, 84776
12, 87730
13, 97307
14, 103812
15, 84739
```

Max=69544317, min=63556, max/min = 1094

delay_size = rand_r(&rand_seq)%10000

```
pc341@E500-G6:~/hw<mark>9$ ./fai</mark>r
0, 61696543
1, 103719
2, 113323
3, 98347
4, 83719
5, 94196
6, 89722
7, 77740
8, 31613433
9, 141652
10, 145780
11, 145094
12, 128632
13, 129485
14, 117835
15, 125905
```

Max=61696543, min=77740, max/min = 793.6

delay_size = rand_r(&rand_seq)%100000

```
c341@E500-G6:~/hw9$ ./fair
0, 10049619
1, 13250413
2, 20207392
3, 8506587
4, 199
5, 179
6, 185
7, 158
8, 9851788
9, 11832196
10, 21009336
11, 10133137
12, 348
13, 261
14, 215
15, 151
```

Max=21009336, min=151, max/min = 139134.6

Makefile 拿掉-O3

delay_size = rand_r(&rand_seq)%1000

```
pc341@E500-G6:~/hw9$ ./fair
0, 1669730
1, 1745296
2, 1814726
3, 1800569
4, 2038242
5, 2021764
6, 2009553
7, 2007194
8, 1683214
9, 1760510
10, 1825368
11, 1814018
12, 2036713
13, 2024718
14, 2008178
15, 2007014
```

Max=2038242, min=1669730, max/min = 1.2

delay_size = rand_r(&rand_seq)%100000

```
00-G6:~/hw9$ ./fair
0, 48670
1, 48761
2, 48636
3, 48786
4, 48707
5, 48677
6, 48623
7, 48651
8, 48729
9, 48688
10, 48774
11, 48646
12, 48774
13, 48759
14, 48707
15, 48769
pc341@E500-G6:~/hw9$
```

Max=48786, min=48623, max/min = 1.00335

加入參數(march=skylake-avx512)到 makefile

delay_size = rand_r(&rand_seq)%100000

```
pc341@E500-G6:~/hw9$ ./fair

0, 11009320

1, 19598029

2, 6981847

3, 5551817

4, 43807

5, 45957

6, 48863

7, 32803

8, 11293774

9, 18933623

10, 7207721

11, 5850754

12, 57137

13, 57001

14, 59652

15, 54632
```

Max=19598029, min=32803, max/min = 579.4

delay_size = rand_r(&rand_seq)%1000

```
pc341@E500-G6:~/hw9$ ./fair
0, 16470761
1, 24589394
2, 182948
3, 171289
4, 214403
5, 216264
6, 193999
7, 179723
8, 16629577
9, 24645179
10, 232525
11, 244867
12, 329254
13, 268751
14, 248850
15, 266887
pc341@E500-G6:~/hw9$
```

Max=24645179, min=171289, max/min = 143.8

觀察以上截圖可以發現單純只修改 delay_size, delay 增加公平性越低;把-O3 拿掉的效果是最好的,公平性最高;加入 march=skylake-avx512 效果次好。

Delay_size\參數	沒改	拿掉-03	加 march=skylake-avx512
1000	1094	1.2	143.8
100000	793.6	1.00335	579.4
結論(公平性)	最不公平	最公平	中間