

ISTE-722 Database Connectivity and Access

Practice Exercise 3 - Data Retrieval

Assignment Purpose: Practice writing generic code.

1. Modify your database class that contains *connect* and *close* from PE2 as follows:
 - a. Add a method named `getData` that accepts an SQL string and the number of fields¹
 - i. `getData` should perform the query that was passed in, then convert the `ResultSet` (or `RecordSet`) into a simple 2-d `ArrayList` (or similar structure if using a language other than Java)
 - b. Add a method named `setData` that accepts an SQL string and returns a `Boolean`. This will be used for doing “UPDATE”, “DELETE”, and “INSERT” operations
 - i. `setData` should perform the query that was passed
 - ii. If the query runs successfully, `setData` should return the number of records affected, otherwise any errors should return -1
2. To represent and store contents of the EQUIPMENT table, create a data layer class named “Equipment”
 - a. Provide attributes that mirror the Equipment table
 - b. Provide a default constructor
 - c. Provide a constructor that accepts and sets the `equipmentId`
 - d. Provide a constructor that accepts and sets all attributes
 - e. Provide accessors and mutators for all attributes
 - f. Provide public methods named “fetch”, “put”, “post”, and “delete”. These methods will interact between the object’s attributes and the database, using the methods in the database class
 - i. `fetch` will use the object’s `equipmentId` attribute and the Database class’ `getData` method to retrieve the database values for that particular `equipmentId` and update the object’s attributes
 - ii. `put` will update the database values, for that object’s `equipmentId`, using all the object’s attribute values
 - iii. `post` will insert the object’s attribute values into the database as a new record
 - iv. `delete` will remove from the database any data corresponding to the object’s `equipmentId`
3. Write a “main” class that:
 - a. Instantiates the equipment data object, sets its `equipmentId`, calls the data object’s `fetch` method, and then displays the values to the user
 - b. Create a new equipment object setting all attributes to new values. Use `post` to insert a new record, then print out how many records were inserted

¹ Specify the number of fields. Do NOT use metadata, we will learn about metadata in a few weeks and change `getData()`.

- c. Use mutators to change the equipment capacity attribute, and use put to update the record, then printing how many records were updated
- d. Use the fetch method and display the inserted information to the user
- e. Use the delete method to remove the record from the database, printing how many records were deleted
- f. Use the fetch method for this equipmentId to show a user-friendly message when no data is retrieved

Grading: Do NOT use metadata. Using metadata is -10 points.

