Problem 5.2 CSP as a Search Problem

Answer:

According to the problem description, a binary CSP P with,

- Set of variables, V
- Domains, $D := \{D_v | v \in V\}$
- Constrains, $C := \{C_{uv} \subseteq D_u \times D_v | u, v \in V \text{ and } u \neq v\}$, where C_{uv} is the dual of C_{vu}

Therefore,

- Constraint network, $\gamma := \langle V, D, C \rangle$
- Variable assignment $a: V \to \bigcup_{u \in V} D_u$, if $a(v) \in D_v$ for all $v \in dom(V)$

The search problem (S, A, T, I, G) corresponding to P is defined below:

• States: For CSP P state are variable assignments. Therefore, states set,

$$S = \{a \mid a: V \to \cup_{u \in V} D_u\} \ if \ a(v) \in D_v \ for \ all \ v \in dom(V)$$

- Initial State: Initial state is empty assignment \emptyset . So, $I=S_0=\emptyset$
- Goal State: Goal state means the solution of CSP which is a consistent total assignment. So,

$$G = S_g = a$$
, if $f \forall C_{uv} \in C$, $(a(u), a(v)) \in C_{uv}$

• Actions: Action will be the extension of current assignment a_c , let's say extension of a_c is a_e , So,

$$A = \{a_e\}$$
 where $dom(a_c) \subset dom(a_e)$ and $a_e|_{dom(a_c)} = a_c$

• Transition model: For CSP, Transition model T will be the next successful assignment via backtracking.