

Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 4_PAH_Updated

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 60
Marks Obtained : 60

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Ravi is working on analyzing a set of integers to determine how many of them are divisible by 3 and how many are divisible by 5. He decides to use lambda functions to filter and count the numbers based on their divisibility.

Write a program that takes a list of integers, calculates how many numbers are divisible by 3, and how many are divisible by 5, and then prints the results.

Additionally, the program should calculate the total sum of all numbers divisible by 3 and divisible by 5 separately.

Input Format

The first line contains an integer n, representing the number of integers in the list.

The second line contains n space-separated integers.

Output Format

The first line should print the count of numbers divisible by 3.

The second line should print the count of numbers divisible by 5.

The third line should print the sum of numbers divisible by 3.

The fourth line should print the sum of numbers divisible by 5.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 6

3 5 6 10 15 20

Output: 3

4

24

50

Answer

You are using Python

```
n = int(input())
```

```
nums = list(map(int, input().split()))
```

```
div3 = list(filter(lambda x: x % 3 == 0, nums))
```

```
div5 = list(filter(lambda x: x % 5 == 0, nums))
```

```
print(len(div3))
```

```
print(len(div5))
```

```
print(sum(div3))
```

```
print(sum(div5))
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

2. Problem Statement

Hussain wants to create a program to calculate a person's BMI (Body Mass Index) based on their weight in kilograms and height in meters. The BMI is a measure of a person's body fat relative to their height.

Your program should take user input for weight and height, calculate the BMI, and display the result.

Function Signature: `calculate_bmi(weight, height)`

Formula: $BMI = Weight / (Height)^2$

Input Format

The first line of input consists of a positive floating-point number, the person's weight in kilograms.

The second line of input consists of a positive floating-point number, the person's height in meters.

Output Format

The output displays "Your BMI is: [BM]" followed by a float value representing the calculated BMI, rounded off two decimal points.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 70.0
1.75

Output: Your BMI is: 22.86

Answer

```
weight = float(input())
height = float(input())

# You are using Python
def calculate_bmi(weight, height):
    bmi = weight / (height ** 2)
    print(f"Your BMI is: {bmi:.2f}")
```

calculate_bmi(weight, height)

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

3. Problem Statement

Ella is designing a messaging application that needs to handle long text messages efficiently. To optimize storage and transmission, she plans to implement a text compression feature that replaces consecutive repeated characters with the character followed by its count, while leaving non-repeated characters unchanged.

Help Ella create a recursive function to achieve this compression without altering the original message's meaning.

Function Specification: `def compress_string(*args)`

Input Format

The input consists of a single line containing the string to be compressed.

Output Format

The output consists of a single line containing the compressed string.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: aaaBBBccc

Output: a3B3c3

Answer

You are using Python

```
def compress_recursive(s, index=0, count=1, result=""):
```

```
    if index == len(s):
```

```
        return result
```

```
    if index + 1 < len(s) and s[index] == s[index + 1]:
```

```
        return compress_recursive(s, index + 1, count + 1, result)
```

```
else:
    if count > 1:
        result += s[index] + str(count)
    else:
        result += s[index]
    return compress_recursive(s, index + 1, 1, result)
s = input().strip()
print(compress_recursive(s))
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

4. Problem Statement

Alice works at a digital marketing company, where she analyzes large datasets. One day, she's tasked with processing customer ID numbers, which are long numeric sequences.

To simplify her task, Alice needs to calculate the digital root of each ID. The digital root is obtained by repeatedly summing the digits of a number until a single digit remains.

Help Alice write a program that reads a customer ID number, calculates its digital root, and prints the result using a loop-based approach.

For example, the sum of the digits of 98675 is $9 + 8 + 6 + 7 + 5 = 35$, then $3 + 5 = 8$, which is the digital root.

Function prototype: `def digital_root(num)`

Input Format

The input consists of an integer num.

Output Format

The output prints an integer representing the sum of digits for a given number until a single digit is obtained.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 451110

Output: 3

Answer

```
num = int(input())  
  
# You are using Python  
def digital_root(num):  
    while num >= 10:  
        sum_digits = 0  
        while num > 0:  
            sum_digits += num % 10  
            num //= 10  
        num = sum_digits  
    return num
```

```
print(digital_root(num))
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

5. Problem Statement

Sophia is developing a feature for her online banking application that calculates the total sum of digits in customers' account numbers. This sum is used to generate unique verification codes for secure transactions. She needs a program that takes an account number as input and outputs the sum of its digits.

Help Sophia to complete her task.

Function Specification: def sum_digits(num)

Input Format

The input consists of an integer, representing the customer's account number.

Output Format

The output prints an integer representing the sum of the digits of the account number.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 123245

Output: 17

Answer

```
num = int(input())
# You are using Python
def sum_digits(num):
    return sum(int(d) for d in str(num))

sum = sum_digits(num)
print(sum)
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

6. Problem Statement

Create a Python program to monitor temperatures in a greenhouse using two sensors. Calculate and display the absolute temperature difference between the two sensor readings to ensure proper temperature control.

Note: Use the `abs()` built-in function.

Input Format

The first line consists of a floating-point number, representing the temperature reading from Sensor 1.

The second line consists of a floating-point number, representing the temperature reading from Sensor 2.

Output Format

The output displays the absolute temperature difference between Sensor 1 and

Sensor 2, rounded to two decimal places.

Refer to the sample output for the exact format.

Sample Test Case

Input: 33.2

26.7

Output: Temperature difference: 6.50 °C

Answer

You are using Python

```
sensor1 = float(input())
```

```
sensor2 = float(input())
```

```
difference = abs(sensor1 - sensor2)
```

```
print(f"Temperature difference: {difference:.2f} \u00B0C")
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10