Python-PrepTerm Quiz

Code:	MT2020065
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- 1. What is the following function returns item from the list with max value?
 - 1. cmp(list)
 - 2. len(list)
 - $3. \max(list)$
 - $4. \min(list)$
- 2. Which of the following operator in python evaluates to true if the variables on either side of the operator point to the same object and false otherwise?
 - 1. **
 - 2. //
 - 3. **is**
 - 4. not in
- 3. What will be the output of the below given code?

```
\begin{array}{lll} colors \ = \ [ \, \hbox{\tt "white"} \,, \,\, \hbox{\tt "Black"} \,, \,\, \hbox{\tt "Grey"} \,] \\ x \ = \,\, \hbox{\tt "Red"} \,\, \mathbf{not} \,\, \mathbf{in} \,\, \operatorname{colors} \end{array}
```

- 1. Yes
- 2. No
- 3. Error: not in not defined
- 4. True
- 4. What happens in the below code?

```
class A:
    def __init__(self , i=100):
        self.i=i
class B(A):
    def __init__(self , j=0):
        self.j=j
def main():
    b= B()
    print(b.i)
    print(b.j)
main()
```

- 1. Class B inherits all the data fields of class A.
- 2. Class B needs an Argument.
- 3. The data field 'j' cannot be accessed by object b.
- 4. Class B is inheriting class A but the data field 'i' in A cannot be inherited.
- 5. What is the output of **print** tinylist *2 if tinylist =[123, 'john']?
 - 1. [123, 'john', 123, 'john']\lstinline
 - 2. $[123, 'john'] * 2 \setminus lstinline$
 - 3. Error
 - 4. None of the above.
- 6. What is the following function inserts an object at given index in a list?
 - 1. **list** .index(obj)
 - 2. **list** . insert (index, obj)
 - 3. $\mathbf{list}.pop(obj=\mathbf{list}[-1])$
 - 4. **list** .remove(obj)
- 7. How many except statements can a try-except block have?
 - 1. zero
 - 2. one
 - 3. more than one
 - 4. more than zero
- 8. What is the output of the code?

```
def f():
    try:
        return(1)
    finally:
        return(2)
k=f()
print(k)
```

- 1. 1 2
- 2. 2 1
- 3. 2
- 4. Error
- 9. Using the pack manager, how you can you put the components in a container in the same row?
 - 1. Component.pack(side= ','LEFT',')
 - 2. Component.pack(','Left',')
 - 3. Component.pack(side=LEFT)

- 4. Component.pack(Left-side)
- 10. Which of the following function convert a string to a float in python?
 - 1. **int**(x [, base])
 - 2. long(x [,base])
 - 3. float(x)
 - 4. **str**(x)
- 11. When is the finally block executed?
 - 1. when there is no exception
 - 2. when there is an exception
 - 3. only if some condition that has been specified is satisfied
 - 4. always
- 12. What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
class Sales:
```

```
def _init_(self , id):
    self.id = id
    id = 100
```

$$val = Sales(123)$$

print (val.**id**)

- 1. SyntaxError, this program will not run
- 2. 100
- 3. 123
- 4. None of the above
- 13. What will be the output of the code?
 - z = "Best website is Tutorials Point" z.find("Tutorials")
 - 1. 3
 - 2. 13
 - 3. 17
 - 4. 16
- 14. What will be the output of the following code?

- 1. tniop
- 2. point
- 3. $t \, n \, i \, o \, p \, 1 \, 0 \, -1$

```
4. point 10 - 1
```

15. Is the following Python code valid?

```
try:
    # Do something
except:
    # Do something
finally:
    # Do something
```

- 1. no, there is no such thing as finally
- 2. no, finally cannot be used with except
- 3. no, finally must come before except
- 4. yes
- 16. What is the following function sorts a list?
 - 1. **list** . reverse ()
 - 2. **list** . sort ([func])
 - 3. $\mathbf{list}.pop(obj=\mathbf{list}[-1])$
 - 4. **list** .remove(obj)
- 17. What is output for:

'rhyme'.join(a)

- 1. ['hat','mat','rat','rhyme']
- 2. 'hatmatratrhyme'
- 3. ['hat mat rat rhyme']
- 4. 'hatrhymematrhyme rat'
- 18. Which of the following is required to create a new instance of the class?
 - 1. A constructor
 - 2. A class
 - 3. A value-returning method
 - 4. A None method
- 19. What will be the output of the following code?

```
\begin{array}{ll} {\rm minidict} \ = \ \{ \ \ \text{'name': 'TutorialsPoint'}, \ \ \text{'name': 'website'} \} \\ {\bf print} \left( \ {\rm minidict} \left[ \ \text{'name'} \right] \right) \end{array}
```

- 1. TutorialsPoint
- 2. Website
- 3. ('TutorialsPoint', 'website')

- 4. It will show an Error.
- 20. $\operatorname{nfig}()$ in Python Tkinter are used for
 - 1. destroy the widget
 - 2. place the widget
 - 3. change property of the widget
 - 4. configure the widget