Python-PrepTerm
Quiz

Code:	MT2020520

1. What will be the output of the following Python code?

   def foo(): try: return 1 finally: return 2 k = foo() print(k)

   1. 1
   2. 2
   3. 3
   4. error, there is more than one return statement in a single try-finally block

2. What will be the output of the code?

   z = "Best website is Tutorials Point" z.find("Tutorials")

   1. 3
   2. 13
   3. 17
   4. 16

3. What will be the output of the following code?

```
minidict = { 'name': 'TutorialsPoint', 'name': 'website'}
print(minidict['name'])
```

   1. TutorialsPoint
   2. Website
   3. ('TutorialsPoint', 'website')
   4. It will show an Error.

4. Which of the following function of dictionary gets all the keys from the dictionary?

   1. getkeys()
   2. key()
   3. keys()
   4. None of the above.

5. Which of the following statements are correct about the given code snippet?

```
class A:
    def __init__(self, i = 0):
        self.i = i

class B(A):
    def __init__(self, j = 0):
        self.j = j

def main():
    b = B()
    print(b.i)
    print(b.j)

main()
```

1. Class B inherits A, but the data field `'i'` in A is not inherited.
2. Class B inherits A, thus automatically inherits all data fields in A.
3. When you create an object of B, you have to pass an argument such as B(5).
4. The data field `'j'` cannot be accessed by object b.

6. What is the following function returns item from the list with max value?

    1. **cmp**(**list**)
    2. **len**(**list**)
    3. **max**(**list**)
    4. **min**(**list**)

7. What is the following function inserts an object at given index in a list?

    1. **list**.index(obj)
    2. **list**.insert(index, obj)
    3. **list**.pop(obj=**list**[−1])
    4. **list**.remove(obj)

8. What is the output of the following code?

    eval(`"1 + 3 * 2"`)

    1. 1+6
    2. 4∗2
    3. 1+3∗2
    4. 7

9. Which of the following statements can be used to check, whether an object obj is an instance of class A or not?

    1. obj.**isinstance**(A)
    2. A.**isinstance**(obj)

3. **isinstance**(obj, A)
4. **isinstance**(A, obj)

10. Which of the following operator in python evaluates to true if the variables on either side of the operator point to the same object and false otherwise?

    1. **
    2. //
    3. **is**
    4. **not in**

11. What is output of following code:

```
num=3
while True:
    if (num%0o12 == 0):
        break
print(num)
num += 1
```

    1. 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
    2. 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
    3. 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11
    4. None of the above

12. Is the following Python code valid?

```
try:
    # Do something
except:
    # Do something
finally:
    # Do something
```

    1. no, there is no such thing as finally
    2. no, finally cannot be used with except
    3. no, finally must come before except
    4. yes

13. Which of the following environment variable for Python contains the path of an initialization file containing Python source code?

    1. PYTHONPATH
    2. PYTHONSTARTUP
    3. PYTHONCASEOK
    4. PYTHONHOME

14. What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
try:
    if '1' != 1:
        raise "someError"
    else:
        print("someError has not occurred")
except "someError":
    print ("someError has occurred")
```

1. someError has occurred
2. someError has **not** occurred
3. invalid code
4. none of the mentioned

15. Using the pack manager, how you can you put the components in a container in the same row?

    1. Component.pack(side= ''LEFT'')
    2. Component.pack(''Left '')
    3. Component.pack(side=LEFT)
    4. Component.pack(Left−side)

16. How many except statements can a try-except block have?

    1. zero
    2. one
    3. more than one
    4. more than zero

17. What is the following function removes an object from a list?

    1. **list** .index(obj)
    2. **list** . insert (index, obj)
    3. **list** .pop(obj=**list**[−1])
    4. **list** .remove(obj)

18. What will be the output of the following code?

```
for i in ['t', 'n', 'i ', 'o', 'p'][::-1]:
   print(i)
```

    1. t n i o p
    2. p o i n t
    3. t n i o p 1 0 −1
    4. p o i n t 1 0 −1

19. rrect way to draw a line in canvas tkinter?

    1. line ()

2. canvas. create_line ()
3. create_line (canvas)
4. None of the above

20. What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
class Sales:
    def __init__(self, id):
        self.id = id
        id = 100

val = Sales(123)
print (val.id)
```

1. SyntaxError, this program will not run
2. 100
3. 123
4. None of the above