## Python-PrepTerm Quiz

	<b>Code:</b> MT2020169
L.	Syntax error in python is detected by at
	<ol> <li>compiler/ compile time</li> <li>interpreter/ run time</li> <li>compiler/ run time</li> <li>interpreter/ compile time</li> </ol>
2.	What is the output of <b>print</b> str[2:5] if str = 'Hello World!'?
	<ol> <li>llo World!</li> <li>H</li> <li>llo</li> <li>None of the above.</li> </ol>
3.	What will be the output of the following code?
	$\mathbf{print}(\mathbf{type}(1/2))$
	<ol> <li><class 'float'=""></class></li> <li><class 'int'=""></class></li> <li>NameError: '1/2'is not defined.</li> <li>0.5</li> </ol>
1.	Which of the following statements are correct about the given code snippet? $ \begin{array}{lll} \textbf{class A:} \\ \textbf{def } \_\texttt{init}\_(\texttt{self} \;,\;\; i \; = \; 0): \\ & \texttt{self.i} \; = \; i \end{array} $
	<pre>class B(A):     def _init_(self , j = 0):         self . j = j</pre>
	<pre>def main():     b = B()     print(b.i)     print(b.j)</pre>

main()

- 1. Class B inherits A, but the data field 'i' in A is not inherited.
- 2. Class B inherits A, thus automatically inherits all data fields in A.
- 3. When you create an object of B, you have to pass an argument such as B(5).
- 4. The data field 'j' cannot be accessed by object b.
- 5. What is the following function compares elements of both dictionaries dict1, dict2?
  - 1. dict1.cmp(dict2)
  - $2. \operatorname{dict1.sort}(\operatorname{dict2})$
  - 3. **cmp**(dict1, dict2)
  - 4. None of the above.
- 6. Which of the following function convert a String to a list in python?
  - 1.  $\mathbf{repr}(x)$
  - 2. eval(str)
  - 3. tuple(s)
  - 4. **list**(s)
- 7. rrect way to draw a line in canvas tkinter?
  - 1. line()
  - 2. canvas. create\_line ()
  - 3. create\_line (canvas)
  - 4. None of the above
- 8. What is the output of **print** tinylist \*2 if tinylist =[123, 'john']?
  - 1. [123, 'john', 123, 'john']\lstinline
  - 2.  $[123, 'john'] * 2 \setminus lstinline$
  - 3. Error
  - 4. None of the above.
- 9. What will be the output of the following code?

```
minidict = { 'name': 'TutorialsPoint', 'name': 'website'}
print(minidict['name'])
```

- 1. TutorialsPoint
- 2. Website
- $3. \ ('TutorialsPoint', 'website')$
- 4. It will show an Error.
- 10. What is output for:

```
a = ['hat', 'mat', 'rat']
'rhyme'.join(a)
```

```
1. ['hat','mat','rat','rhyme']
```

- 2. 'hatmatratrhyme'
- 3. ['hat mat rat rhyme']
- 4. 'hatrhymematrhyme rat'
- 11. Which of the following function convert a string to a float in python?
  - 1. int(x [,base])
  - 2. long(x [,base])
  - 3. float(x)
  - 4.  $\mathbf{str}(x)$
- 12. What is the following function removes an object from a list?
  - 1. **list** .index(obj)
  - 2. **list** . insert (index, obj)
  - 3.  $\mathbf{list}.pop(obj=\mathbf{list}[-1])$
  - 4. **list** .remove(obj)
- 13. Analyze the code:

```
print("Recursive Function")
def factorial(n):
    return(n*factorial(n-1))
factorial(4)
```

- 1. Recursive Function 24.
- 2. Recursive Function.
- 3. Function runs infinitely and causes a StackOverflowError.
- 4. Syntax Error.
- 14. What happens in the below code?

```
class A:
    def __init__(self , i=100):
        self.i=i
class B(A):
    def __init__(self , j=0):
        self.j=j
def main():
    b= B()
    print(b.i)
    print(b.j)
main()
```

- 1. Class B inherits all the data fields of class A.
- 2. Class B needs an Argument.
- 3. The data field 'j' cannot be accessed by object b.

- 4. Class B is inheriting class A but the data field 'i' in A cannot be inherited.
- 15. What will be the output of the code?

```
z = "Best website is Tutorials Point" z.find("Tutorials")
```

- 1. 3
- 2. 13
- 3. 17
- 4. 16
- 16. What is output of following code:

```
num=3
while True:
   if (num\%0o12 == 0):
      break
print(num)
num += 1
```

- 1. 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
- 2. 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
- 3. 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11
- 4. None of the above
- 17. Which of the following function sets the integer starting value used in generating random numbers?
  - 1. choice(seq)
  - 2. randrange ([start,] stop [, step])
  - 3. random()
  - 4.  $\operatorname{seed}([x])$
- 18. There are different basic operators in python and work according to the order of their precedence.

Arrange the order of precedence of the following operators:

- 1. Division
- 2. Multiplication
- 3. Parentheses
- 4. Exponential
- 5. Addition
- 6. Subtraction
- 1. i, ii, iii, iv, v, vi.
- 2. iv, iii, ii, i, vi, v.
- 3. iii, iv, i, ii, v, vi.

- 4. iv, iii, i, ii, v, vi.
- 19. How to create a frame in Python?
  - 1. Frame = new.window()
  - 2. Frame = frame.new()
  - 3. Frame = Frame()
  - 4. Frame = window.new()
- 20. What is the following function inserts an object at given index in a list?
  - 1. **list** .index(obj)
  - $2. \ \mathbf{list} . \operatorname{insert} \left( \operatorname{index}, \ \operatorname{obj} \right)$
  - 3.  $\mathbf{list}.pop(obj=\mathbf{list}[-1])$
  - 4. **list** .remove(obj)