Starting from a very basic function 9+2=11.

Now we move to a bit complex function including negation (-4)*5=-20.

Now we see the cases of parenthesis, so taking the basic function (3*5)*(7/2)=28.

Now, let us see the uses of degree to radian sin90(deg)=1 and sin90(rad)=0.841471.

Now let us move to a bit complex function (8*5P2+3!+sin(90)+log100*(3^3)=63.89396.

The previous answer was in decimal because sin was in radian. Now let us move to a bit complex Function (5*4)+(8-7)*(1-5C4)=16.

Now we will switch on to graph plotter. On clicking sinx we get graph of sinx

Similarly clicking on cosx we get graph of cosx on same sheet.
Drawing same graph on sheet allows us to find intersection and roots. Also drawing logx and lnx we can find the variation in the graph. On clicking 'back to calculator' we move back to calculator.

Now we move to more complex functions therefore we move to the terminal window. First we see the matrix solver taking arbitrary values (1,1,1); (2,3,5);

(1,2,3). and the answer evaluates to (-6,13,5). Now we move to statistics as it is a very useful tool in commercial field therefore we included it. So we Demonstrate an example of standard deviation taking values as (2,5,10,13) the answer came out to be 3.96046.

Now we see the miscellaneous function such as GIF and interest. ON calculating GIF of -5.6 the GIF comes out to be -6.
Now we will see the simple interest taking principle amount Rs 1000, Rate= 12, Time=3 yrs. So the required simple interest is Rs3600.

In this manner we demonstrated all our functions of calculatornow the last one is OFF button. On clicking OFF button the calculator gets shut down.

THANKYOU.