# NGROK

**Easy HTTPS**

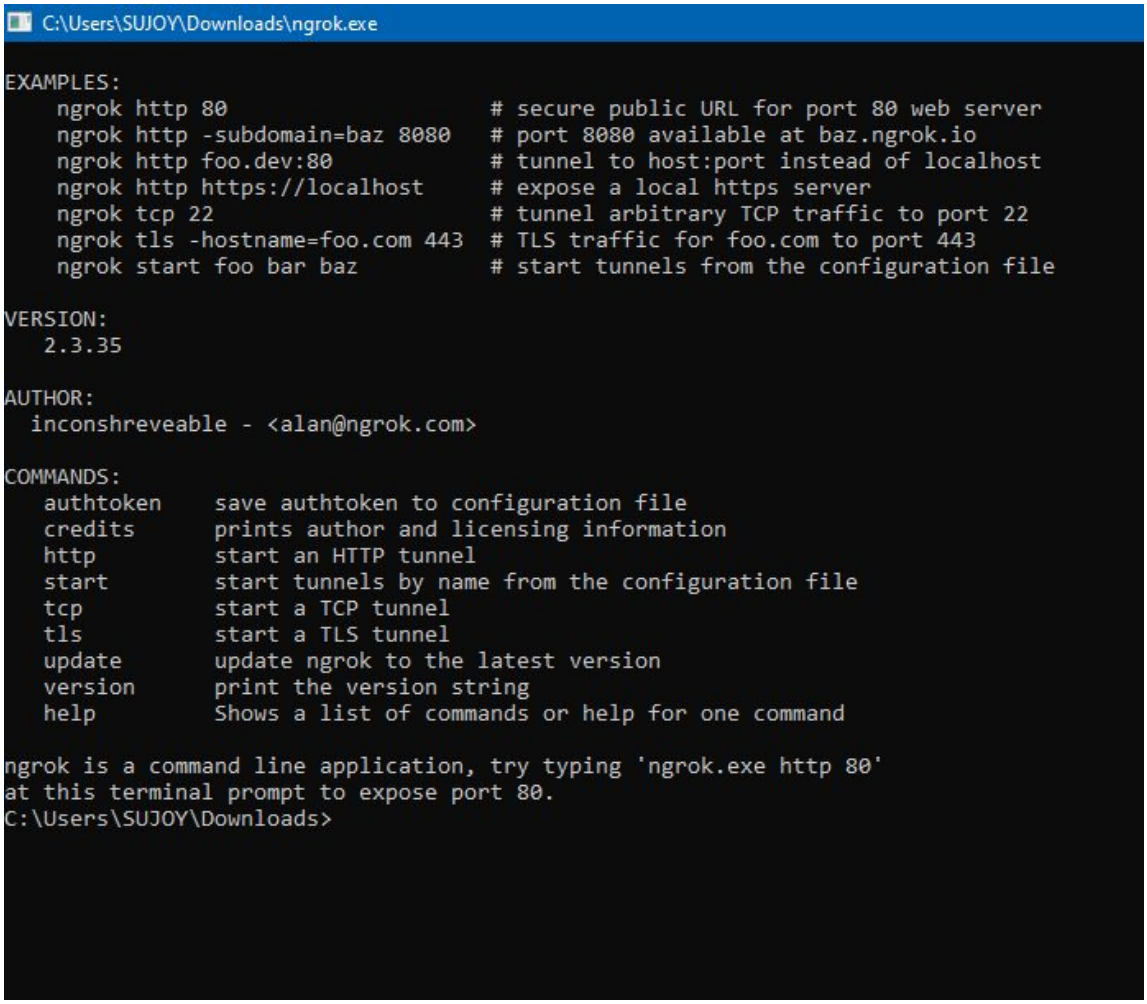
Instantly create a public HTTPS url for a website running locally on your development machine. ngrok offloads TLS so you don't have to worry about your configuration.

**Authenticated Access**

Set HTTP auth credentials to protect access to your tunnel and those you share it with. ngrok also supports other authentication methods.  Add OAuth to your endpoints automatically; no code required.

**Steps:**

1. Visit www.ngrok.com and download the application based on your OS.
2. Open the application file as follows:

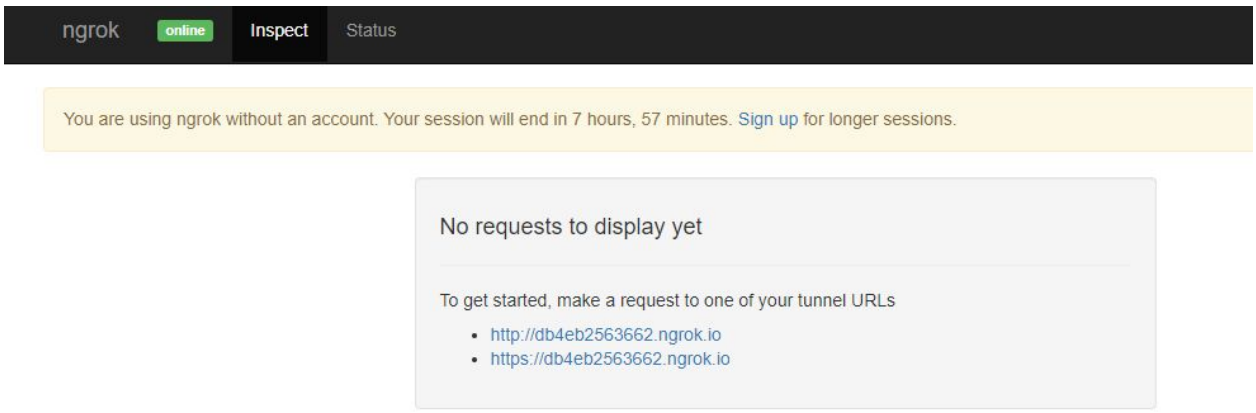



3. Enter the port command in terminal **./ngrok port 3000**

```
Session Status                online
Session Expires               7 hours, 59 minutes
Version                       2.3.35
Region                        United States (us)
Web Interface                 http://127.0.0.1:4040
Forwarding                    http://db4eb2563662.ngrok.io -> http://localhost:8000
Forwarding                    https://db4eb2563662.ngrok.io -> http://localhost:8000

Connections                   ttl     opn     rt1     rt5     p50     p90
                              0       0       0.00    0.00    0.00    0.00
```

The localhost port 8000 is set up and is tunneled to a public IP **127.0.0.1:4040.**




**Socket Connection:**

1.

```
ngrok by @inconshreveable

Session Status                online
Account                       Sujoy Datta (Plan: Free)
Version                       2.3.35
Region                        United States (us)
Web Interface                 http://127.0.0.1:4040
Forwarding                    tcp://4.tcp.ngrok.io:19648 -> localhost:8800

Connections                   ttl     opn     rt1     rt5     p50     p90
                              2       0       0.00    0.00    107.44  140.09
```

2. Gaining the public IP using ping.

```
student@student-VirtualBox:~$ ping
ping: usage error: Destination address required
student@student-VirtualBox:~$ ping 4.tcp.ngrok.io
PING 4.tcp.ngrok.io (3.138.180.119) 56(84) bytes of data.
```

3. Changes in client end.

```c
int sockfd, connfd;
struct sockaddr_in servaddr, cli;

// socket create and varification
sockfd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
if (sockfd == -1) {
    printf("socket creation failed...\n");
    exit(0);
}
else
    printf("Socket successfully created..\n");
bzero(&servaddr, sizeof(servaddr));

// assign IP, PORT
servaddr.sin_family = AF_INET;
servaddr.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr("3.138.180.119");
servaddr.sin_port = htons(PORT);

// connect the client socket to server socket
if (connect(sockfd, (SA*)&servaddr, sizeof(servaddr)) != 0) {
    printf("connection with the server failed...\n");
    exit(0);
}
else
    printf("connected to the server..\n");
```

4. Connect to the server and run the client on a different network, and you can chat.