



Quiz 7

* Full Name		
* WISH Participant ID		
701. At a frequency of 100 rad/sec, V with respect to Vin. The value of R is (a) 100Ω (b) 4Ω (c) 1Ω Vin (d) 2Ω (e) 200Ω (f) 10Ω (g) 20Ω (h) 5Ω		
Answer the Question 701		
Оа	Ое	
○ b	○ f	
Ос	○g	

 $\bigcirc \ \mathsf{d}$

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702. With respect to Vin, Vout is -32 dB lower at 100 rad/sec and -52 dB lower at 10,000 rad/sec.

The value of R and C are: (a) 160Ω , 2.5 mF (b) 0.4Ω , 2.5 mF (c) $2.5\mu\Omega$, 400F (d) 2.5Ω , 1F (e) 10Ω , 1F (f) 40Ω , 1 mF

(h) Insufficient information

(g) 4Ω, 20 mF

() d

Answer the Question 702

○ a○ e○ b○ f○ c○ g

703. For input at A, output at D, the pole location is:

(a) 1.2 rad/s
(b) 0.63 rad/s
(c) 0.55 rad/s
(d) 1 rad/s
(e) 4.24 rad/s
(f) 6.36 rad/s
(g) 0.38 rad/s
(h) 0.22 rad/s

Answer the Question 703

○ a○ e○ b○ f○ c○ g○ d○ h

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> 704. In circuit of Q3: For input at B, output at D, the pole location is: Milhor: Arand Udupa

- (a) 1.2 rad/s
- (b) 1 rad/s
- (c) 0.05 rad/s
- (d) 0.38 rad/s
- (e) 0.55 rad/s
- (f) 0.63 rad/s
- (g) 0.46 rad/s
- (h) 0.22 rad/s

Answer the Question 704

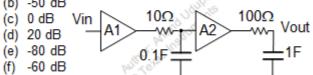
() a

() b

() d

706. A1 and A2 are ideal buffers with gain of 2 and 5 respectively. Magnitude of Vout with respect to Vin at a frequency of 100 rad/s is:

- (a) -40 dB
- (b) -50 dB



- (g) -120 dB
- (h) -100 dB

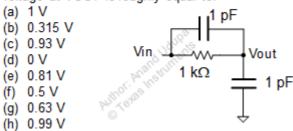
Answer the Question 706

() b

() d

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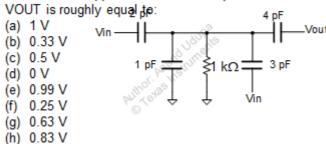
710. In the circuit shown below, the input is driven with a waveform VIN=1.u(t). At a time of 2ns, the voltage at VOUT is roughly equal to:



Answer the Question 710



711. A sine wave of amplitude 1V and frequency 100 Grad/s is applied at VIN. The amplitude at VOLIT is roughly equal to:



Answer the Question 711

O a	O e
Ob	◯ f
С	○ g
Od	○ h

712. A 2-port electrical component is recovered from an alien space ship. After some characterization in the TI lab, it is found to have a characteristic of i=(1e-3).v+(1e-6).dv/dt, where i is the current through the component and v is the voltage across the component. The component (represented by the box below) is then used in a circuit as shown below. What will be the 3-dB bandwidth between Vin(t) and Vo(t)?

bandwidth between vin(t) and vo(t):			
(a)	1 Krad/s	1 kΩ	
(b)	500 rad/s	Vin(t) ——	¬ Vo(t)
(c)	100 rad/s	1911 L	Щ,
(d)	2 Krad/s	nd mon	
(e)	4 Krad/s	Marchin	
(f)	250 rad/s	MOL Jelly	
(g)	10 Krad/s	MILLON	\diamond
(h)	Infinite		

Answer the Question 712

Оа	○ e
○ b	◯ f
С	○g
Od	() h

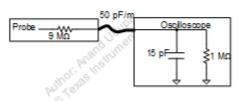
713. A system has a DC gain of 3 and a gain at infinite frequency equal to 6. Which of the following statements is TRUE?

- (a) Number of poles is greater than number of zeros
- (b) Number of poles is equal to number of zeros
- (c) Number of poles is less than number of zeros
- (d) The system has neither poles nor zeros

Answer the Question 713

O a	O e
○ b	O f

- \bigcirc c \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc d
- 715. An oscilloscope probe has the RC model as shown below. What is the 3-dB bandwidth when it is hooked to the oscilloscope with a 1m cable?
- (a) 12.4 kHz
- (b) 17 kHz
- (c) 1.8 kHz
- (d) 0.26 kHz
- (u) 0.20 Ki
- (e) 5.6 kHz
- (f) 10.2 kHz
- (g) 2.7 kHz
- (h) 11.7 kHz



Answer the Question 715

○ a

○ b

○ c ○ g

) d () l

717. The circuit shown below is an example of a differential sampling circuit. The input signal is a differential sine wave on VINP and VINM. VCM is a DC voltage. The phase where the 5 switches are ON is referred to as the sampling phase and during this phase, (VINP-VINM) gets stored as a voltage difference between the 2 capacitors. What is the 3 dB bandwidth of this circuit if the equivalent resistance of each of the switches is 100 Ohm

(a) 4 Grad/s

(b) 10 Grad/s (c) 3.33 Grad/s

(d) 1 Grad/s

(e) 0.25 Grad/s

(f) 7.5 Grad/s (g) 12.5 Grad/s

(h) 5 Grad/s

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Answer the Question 717

O a	O e
O b	◯ f
С	○g
O d	◯ h

Done

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