Find the value of: (i)  $(-4) \div \frac{2}{3}$ 

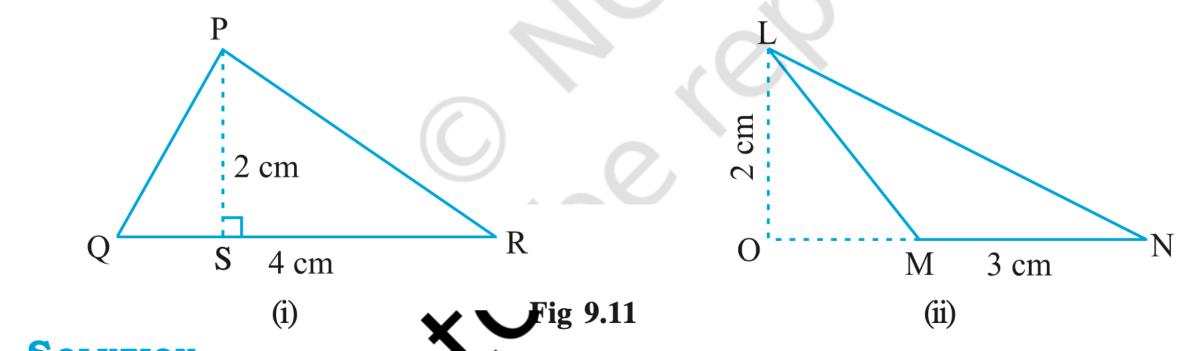
(vii)  $\frac{3}{13} \div \left(\frac{-4}{65}\right)$ 

(iv) 
$$\frac{-1}{8} \div \frac{3}{4}$$

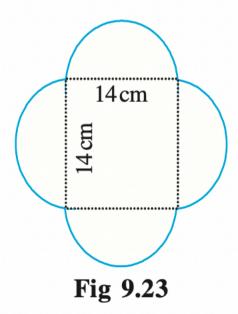
## **EXAMPLE** 6 Satpal walks $\frac{2}{3}$ km from a place P, towards east and then from there

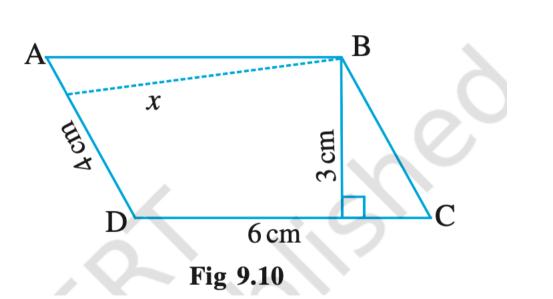
 $1\frac{3}{7}$  km towards west. Where will he be now from P?

## **EXAMPLE** 4 Find the area of the following triangles (Fig 9.11).



**EXAMPLE** 10 Find the perimeter of the given shape (Fig 9.23) (Take  $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$ ).





17. The minute hand of a circular clock is 15 cm long. How far does the tip of the minute hand move in 1 hour. (Take  $\pi = 3.14$ )

- **9.** Find the amount to be paid at the end of 3 years in each case: (b) Principal = ₹ 7,500 at 5% p.a.
- (a) Principal =  $\langle 1,200 \text{ at } 12\% \text{ p.a.} \rangle$  (b) Principal =  $\langle 7,300 \text{ at } 5\% \text{ p.a.} \rangle$ **10.** What rate gives  $\not\in$  280 as interest on a sum of  $\not\in$  56,000 in 2 years?

## **EXAMPLE** 14 The adjoining figure shows two circles with the same centre. The radius of the larger circle is 10 cm and the radius of the smaller circle is 4 cm. the area of the larger circle

(c) the shaded area between the two circles. ( $\pi = 3.14$ )

the area of the smaller circle

## **EXAMPLE** 3 The two sides of the parallelogram ABCD are 6 cm and 4 cm. The height corresponding to the base CD is 3 cm (Fig 9.10). Find the

corresponding to the base CD is 3 cm (Fig 9.10). Find the

(i) area of the parallelogram. (ii) the height corresponding to the base AD.