



Massachusetts  
Institute of  
Technology



# DEEP LEARNING: Facial Expression Recognition

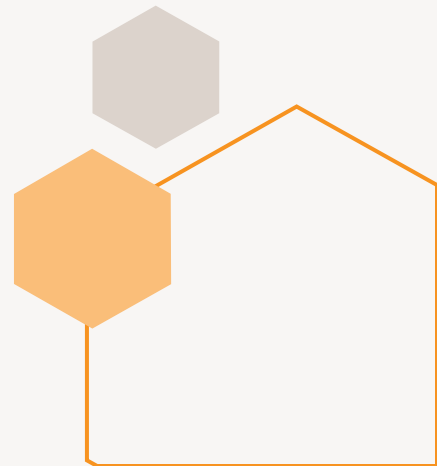
Samvel Sukiasian

MIT Applied Data Science Program: Leveraging AI for  
effective decision making, March 23'

# Problem definition

Recognize 1 of 4 facial expressions from an image:

- Happy
- Sad
- Surprised
- Neutral



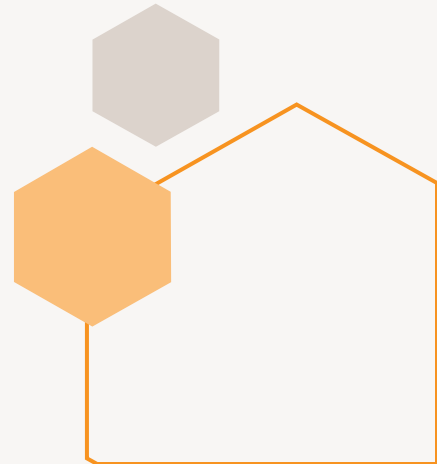
# Models used

- 3 CNNs (including complex)
- VGG16
- Resnet
- EfficientNet

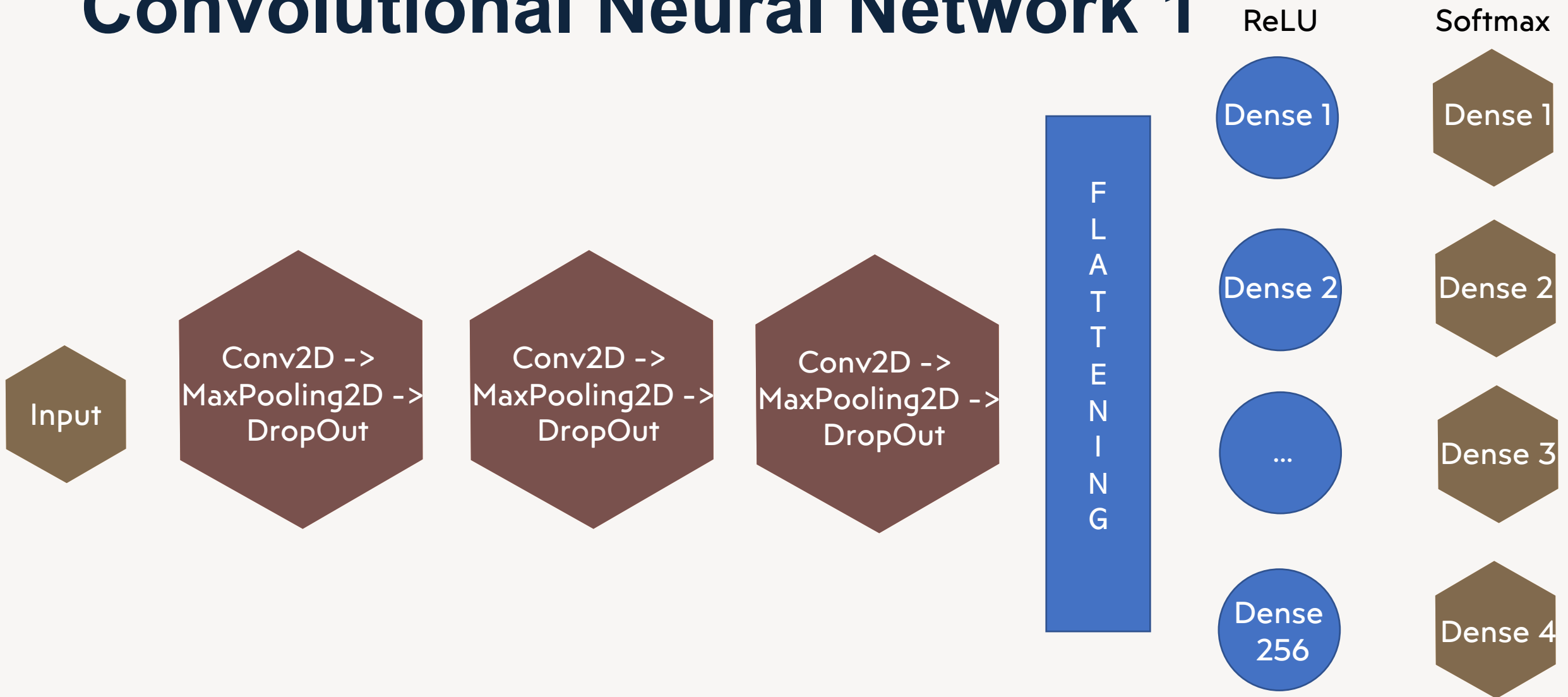


# From Scratch Models

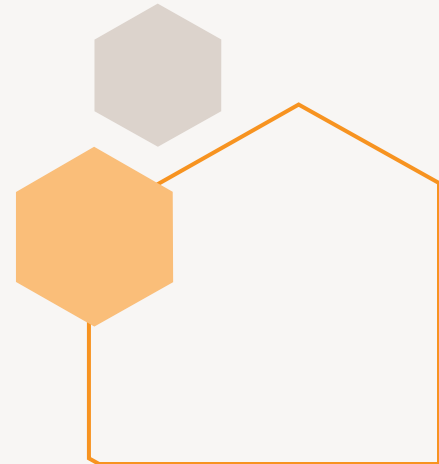
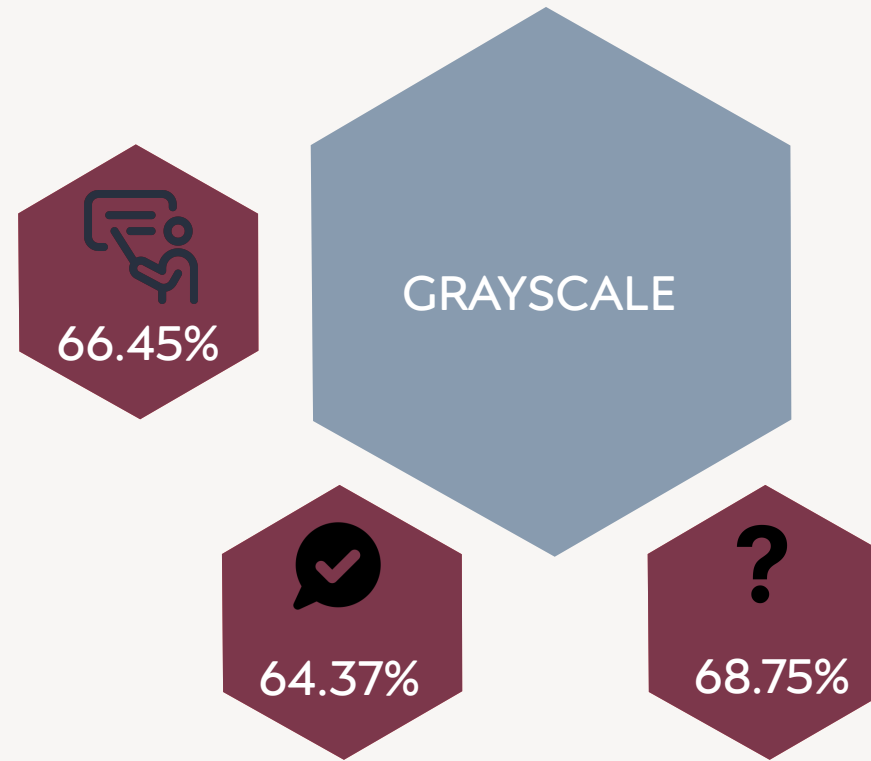
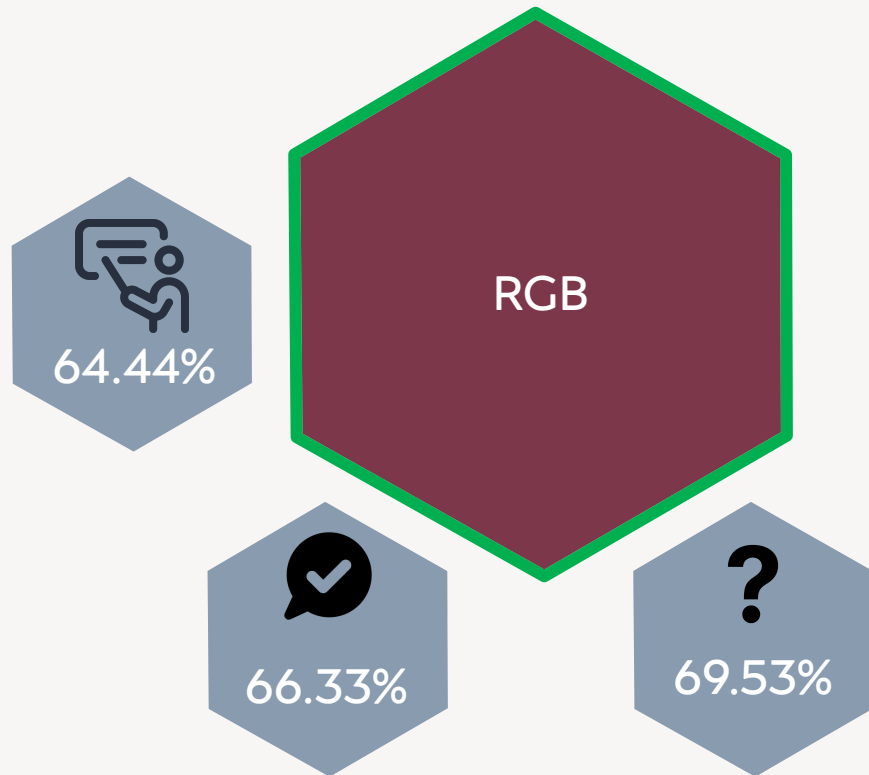
- Convolutional Neural Network 1
- Convolutional Neural Network 2
- Complex CNN



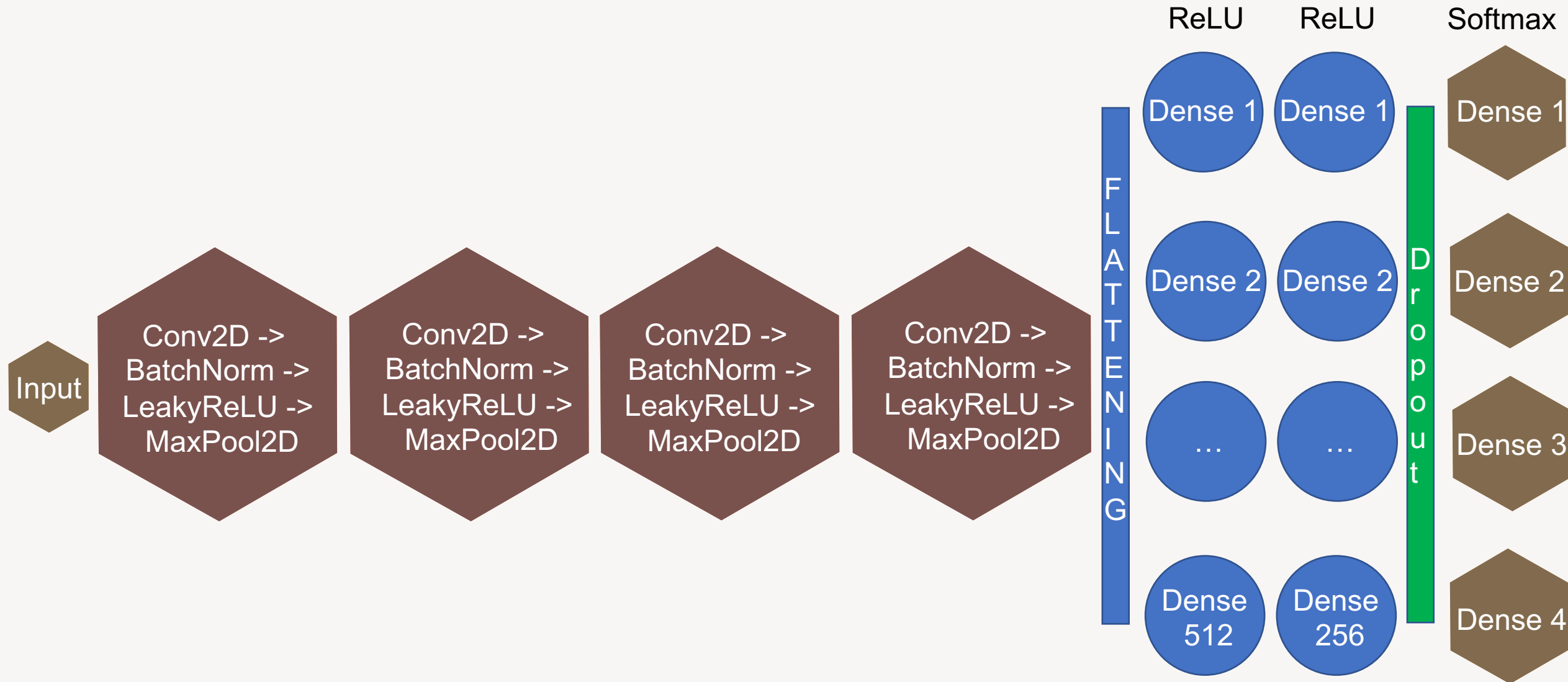
# Convolutional Neural Network 1



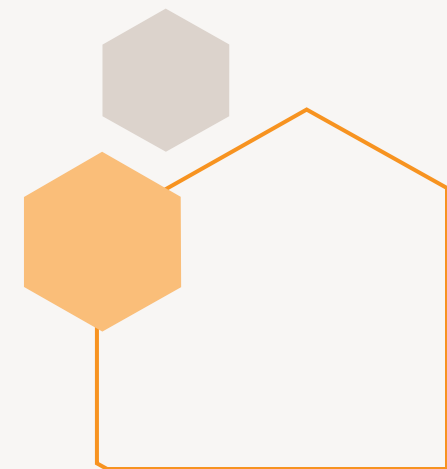
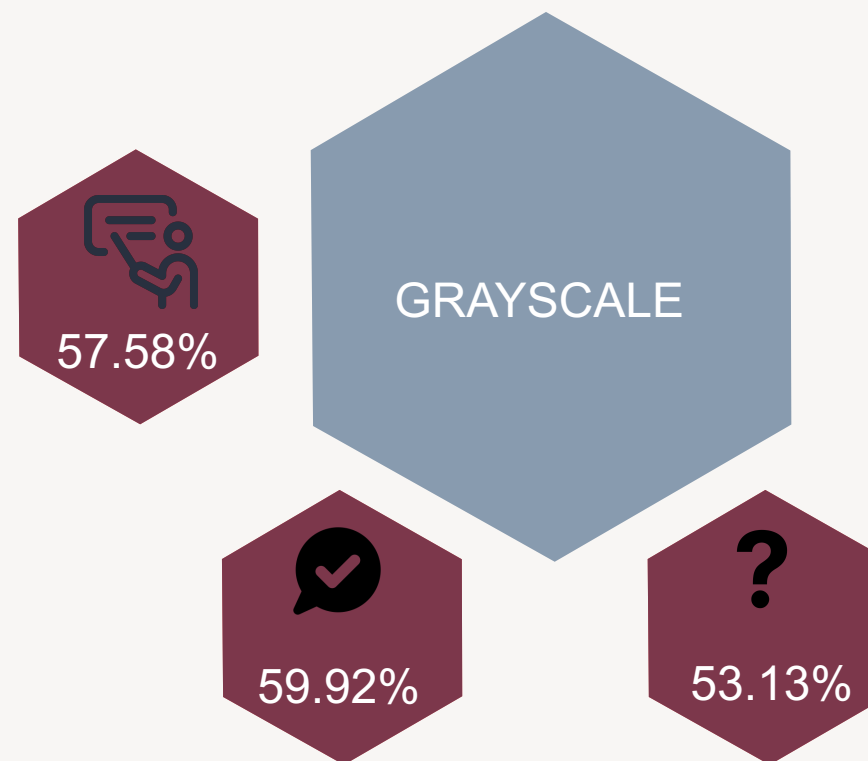
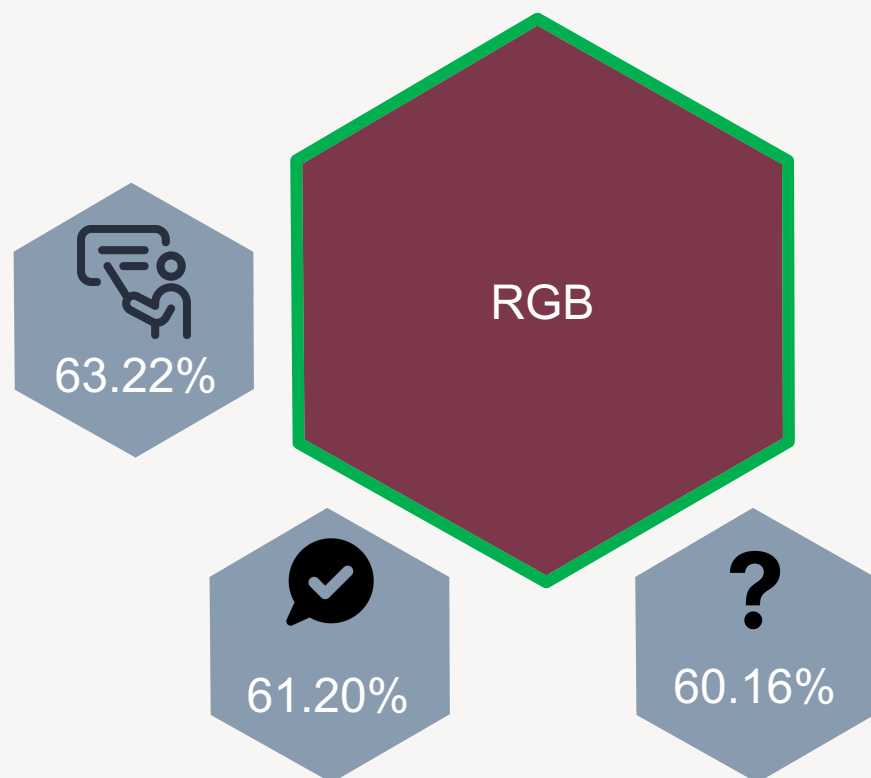
# CNN 1: Accuracy results



# Convolutional Neural Network 2



# CNN 2: Accuracy results

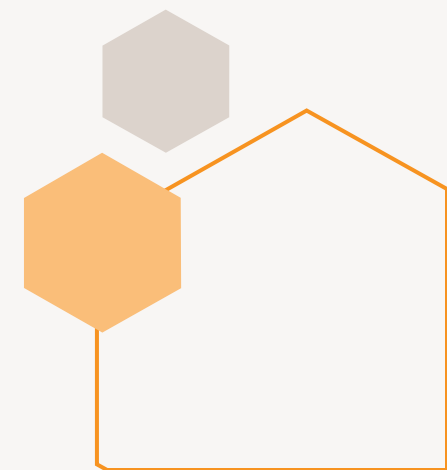
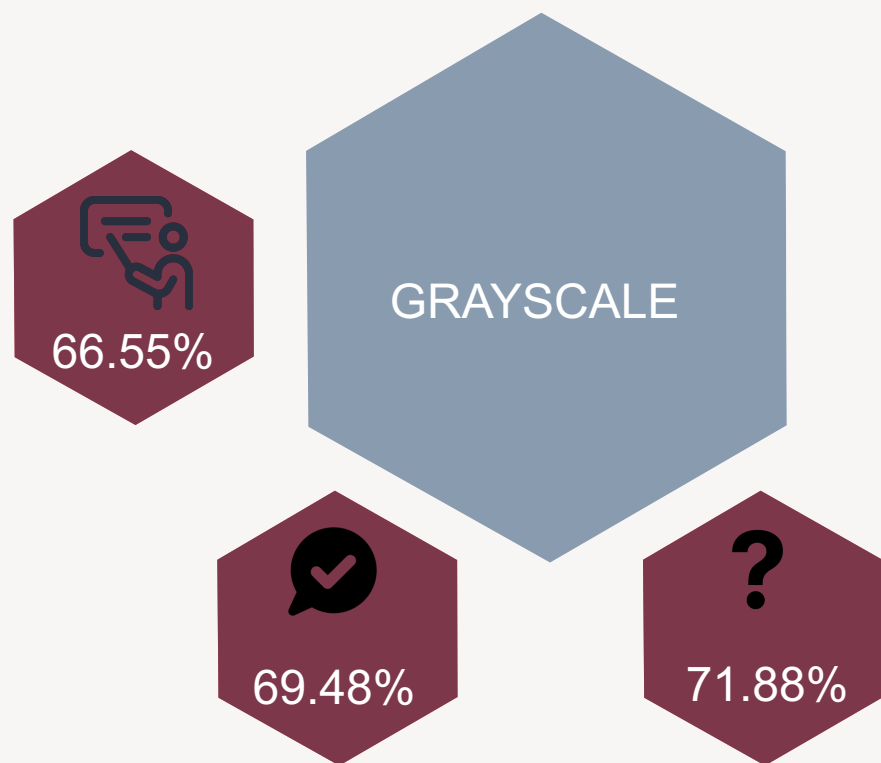




# Complex CNN

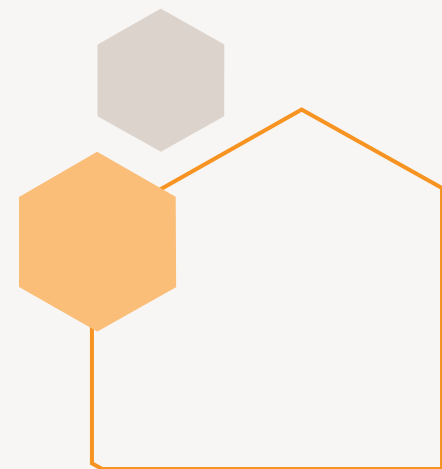


# Complex CNN: Accuracy results

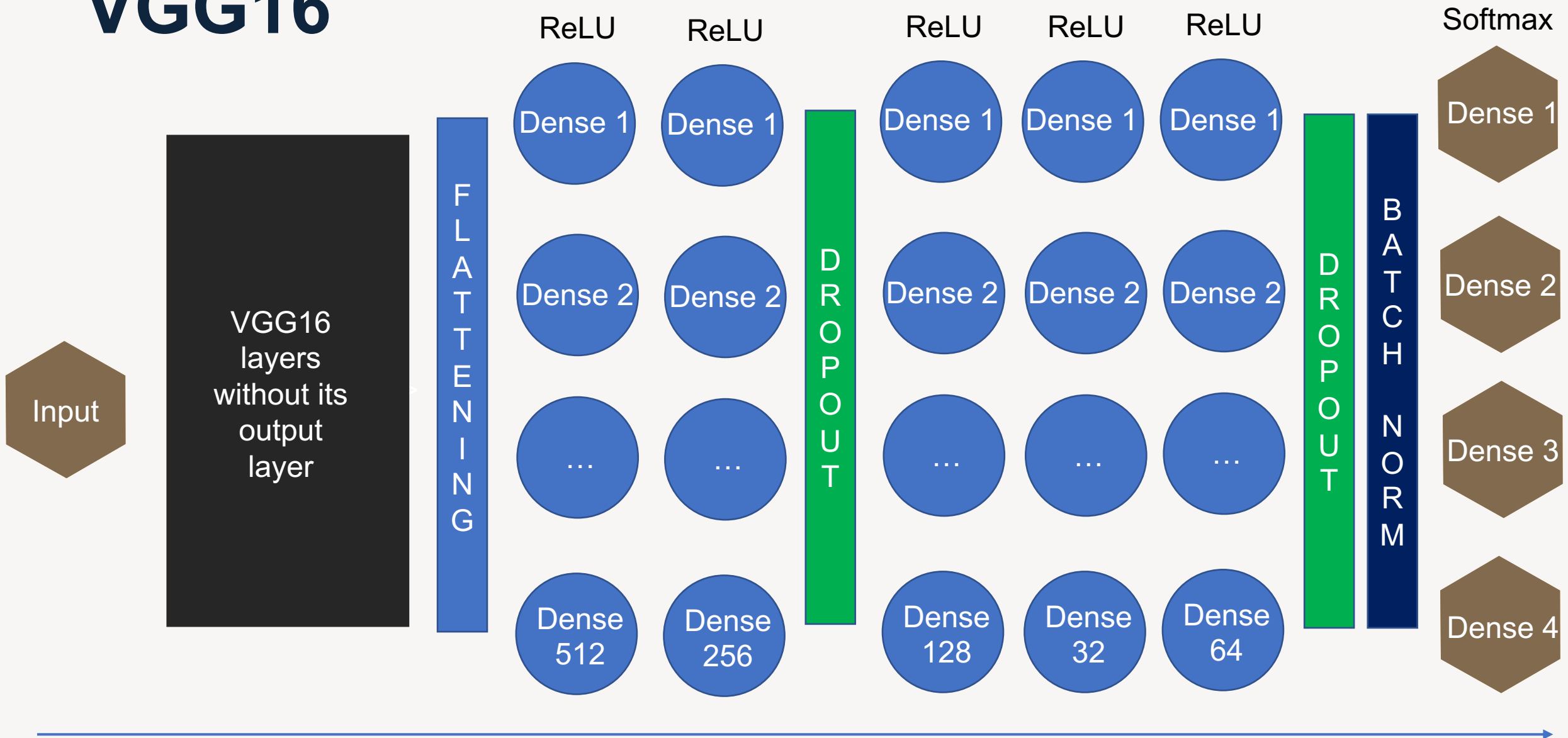


# Transferable models

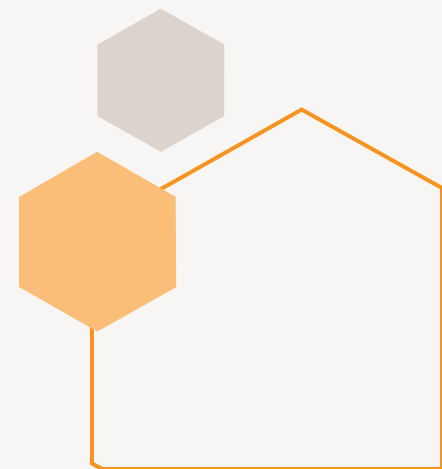
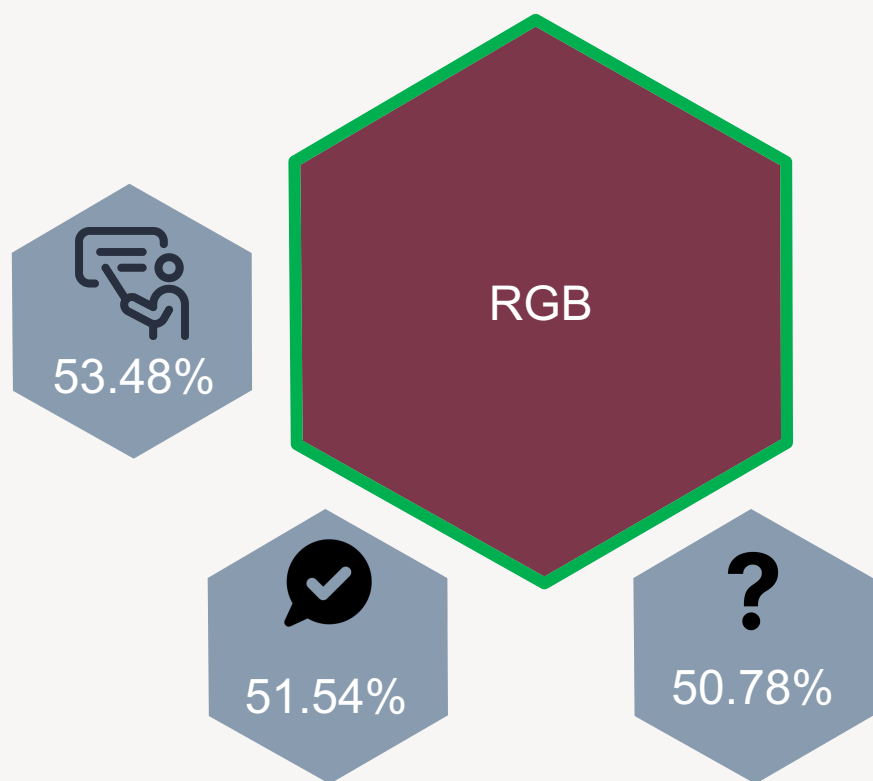
- VGG16
- ResNet
- EfficientNet



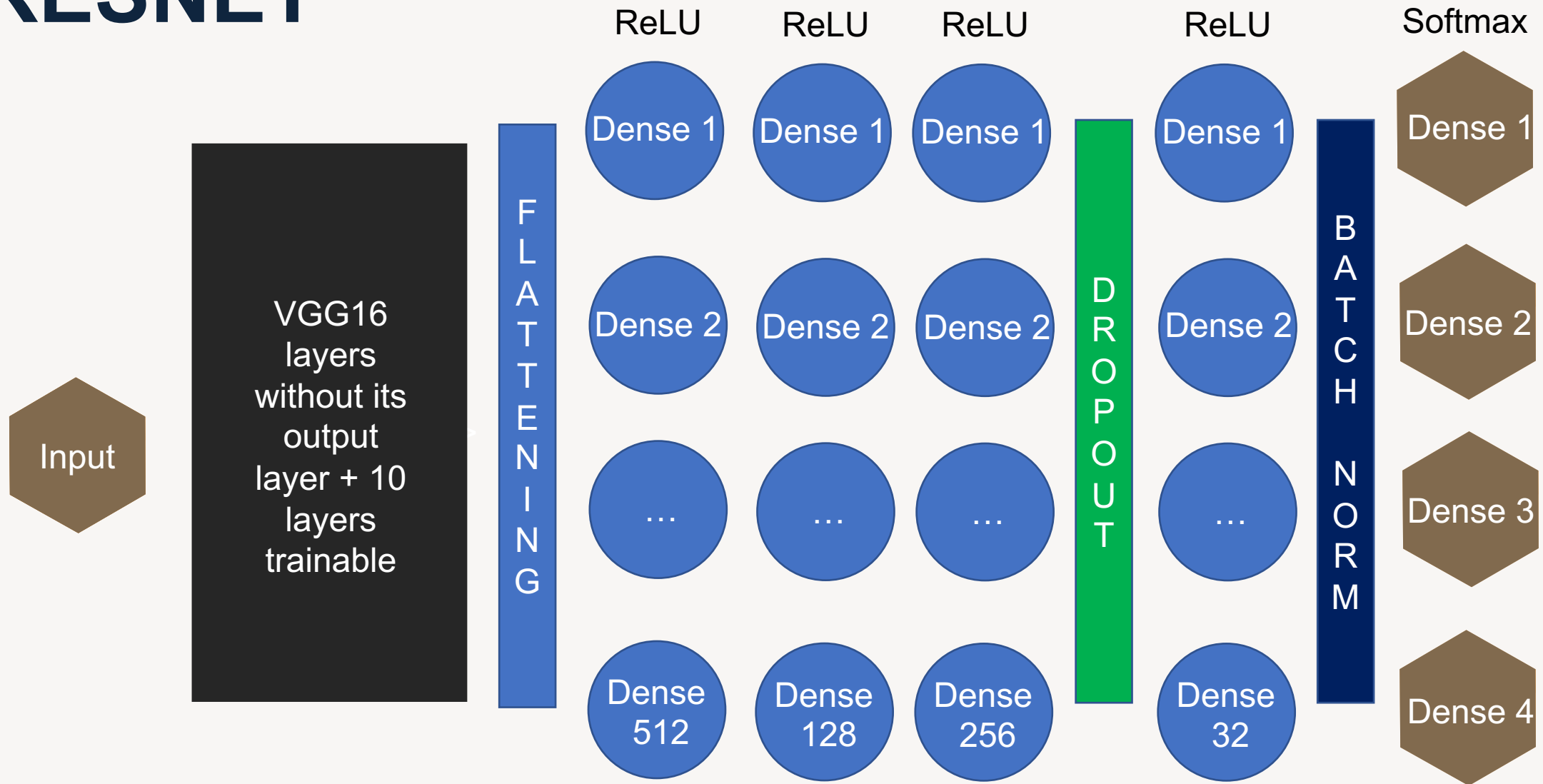
# VGG16



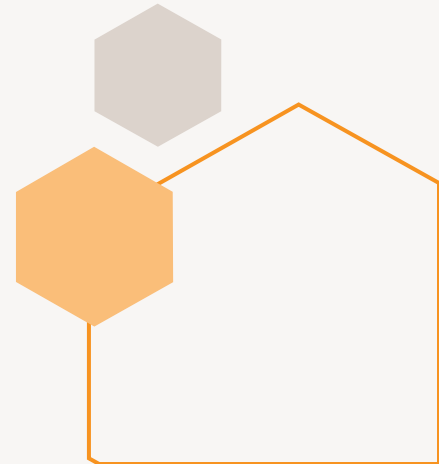
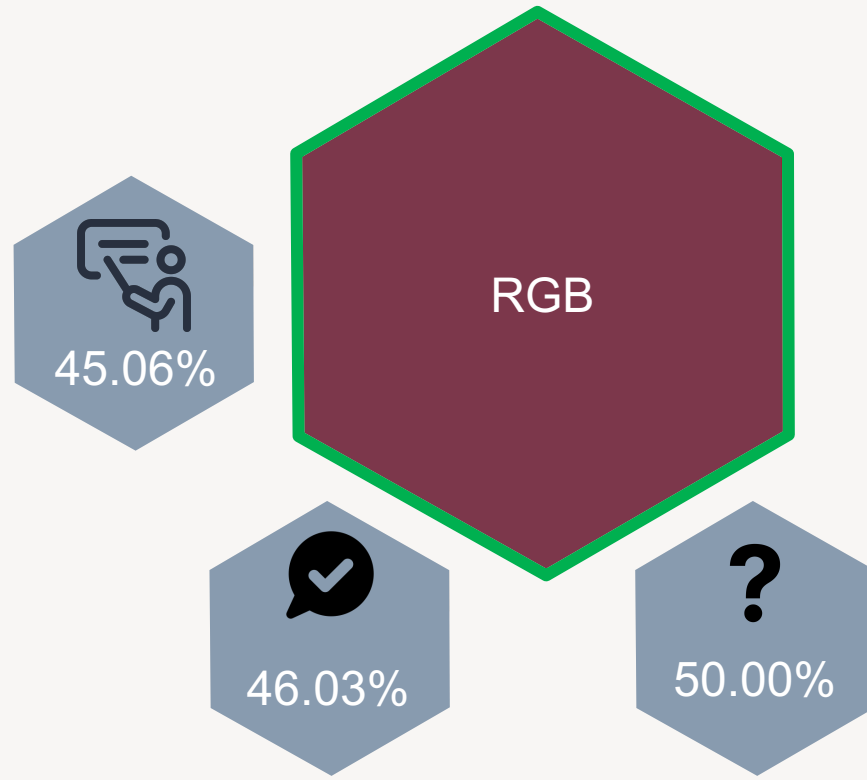
# VGG16: Accuracy results



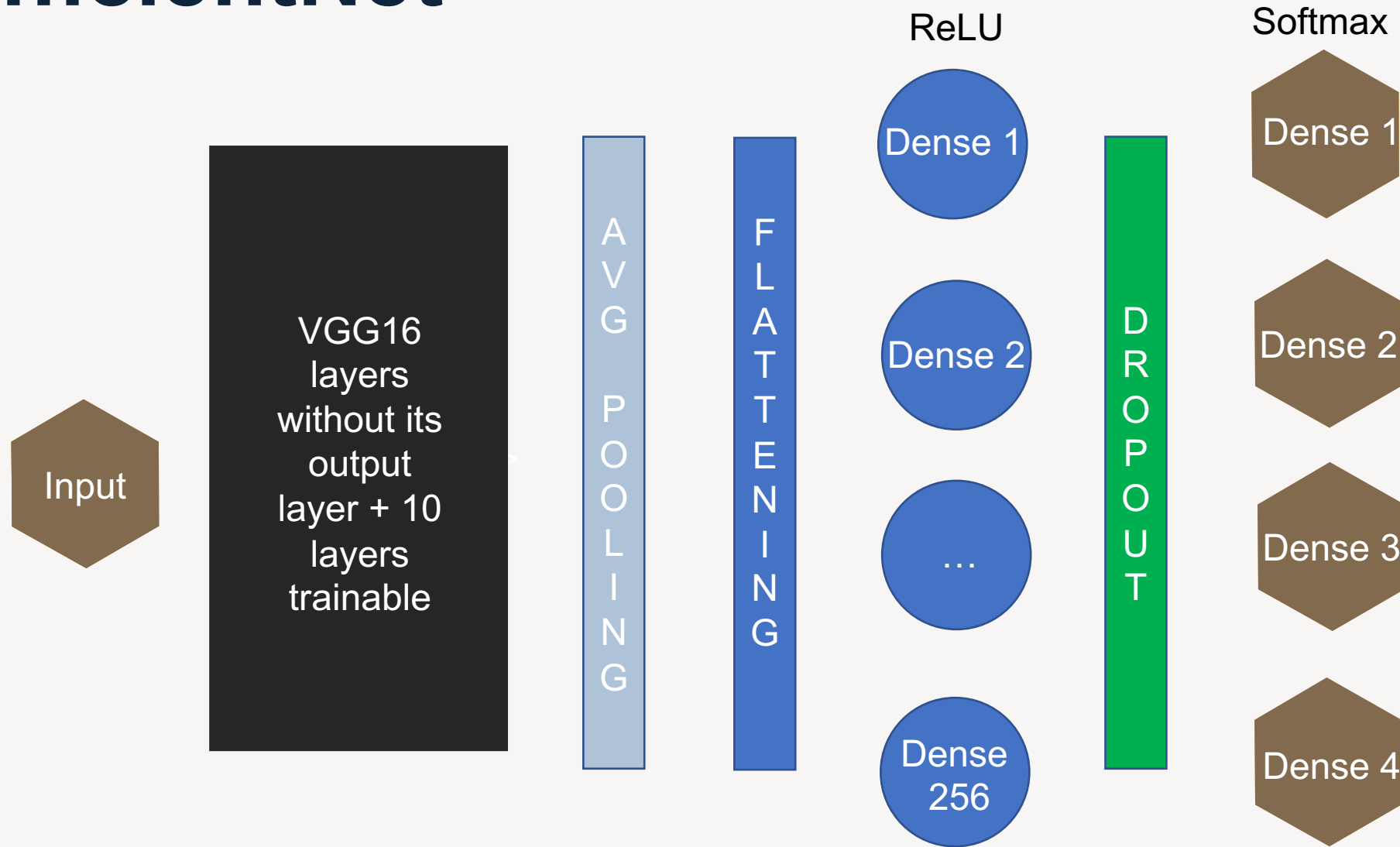
# RESNET



# RESNET: Accuracy results

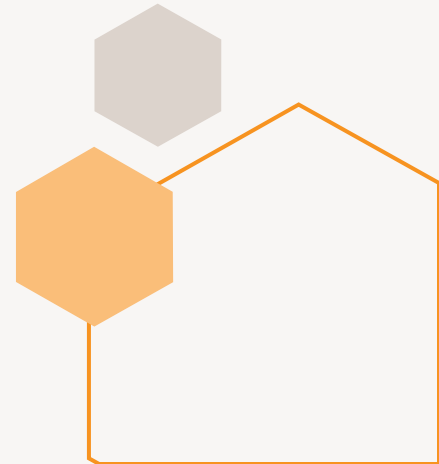
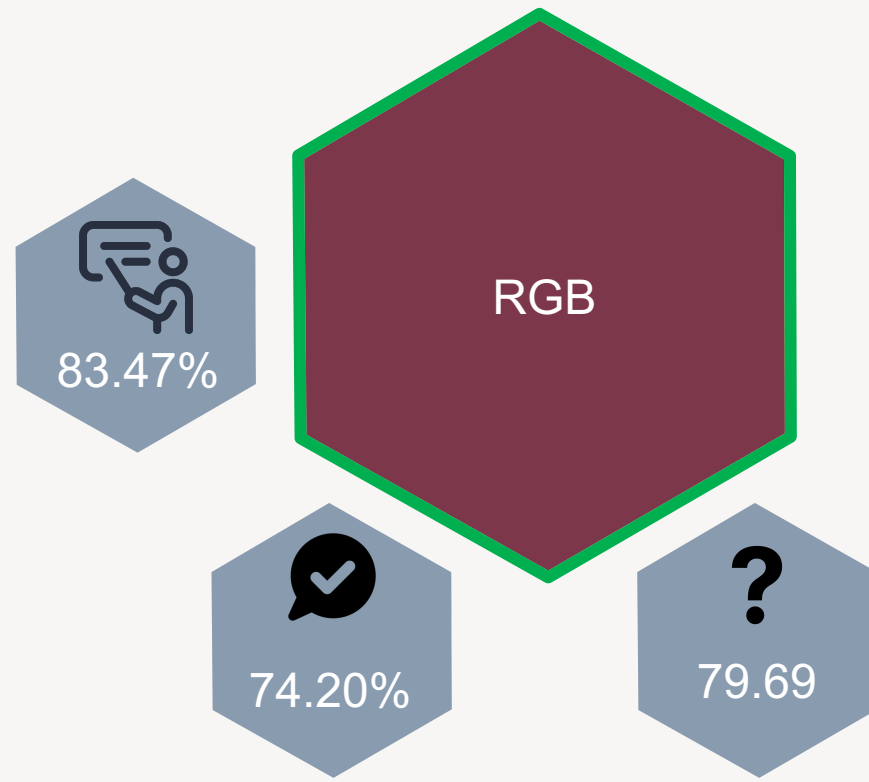


# EfficientNet

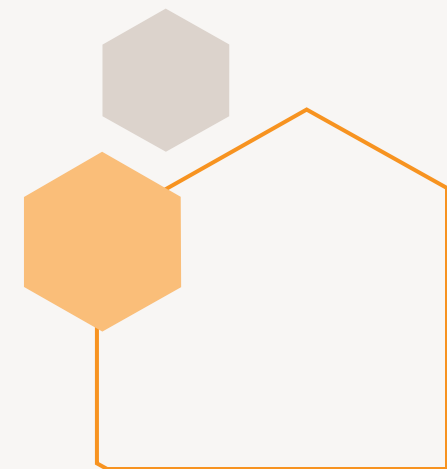
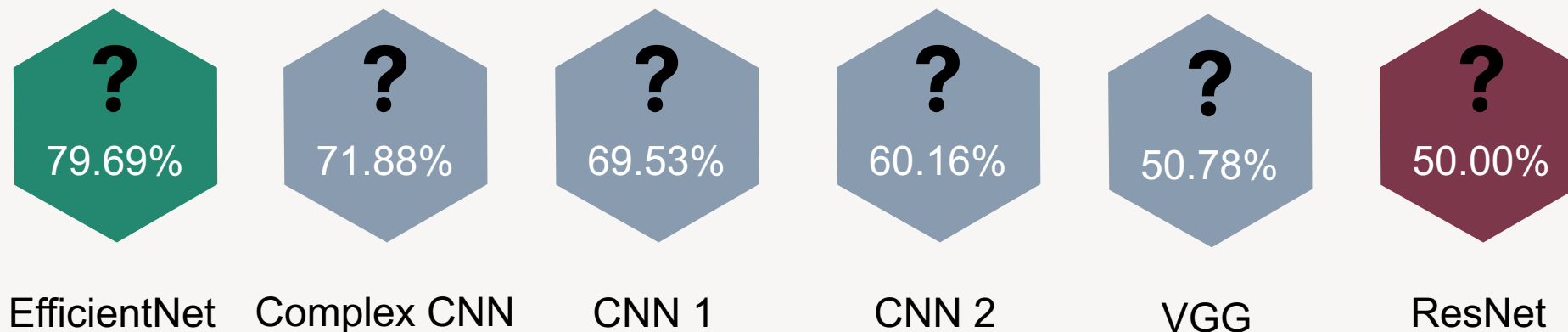




# EfficientNet: Accuracy results

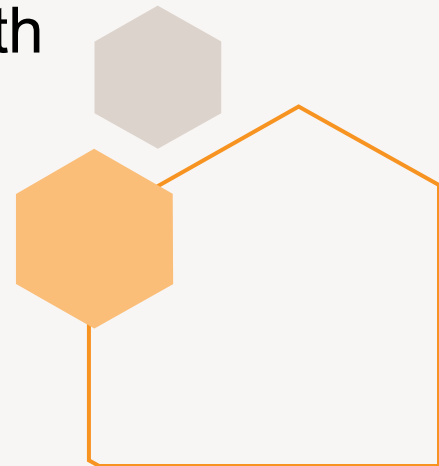


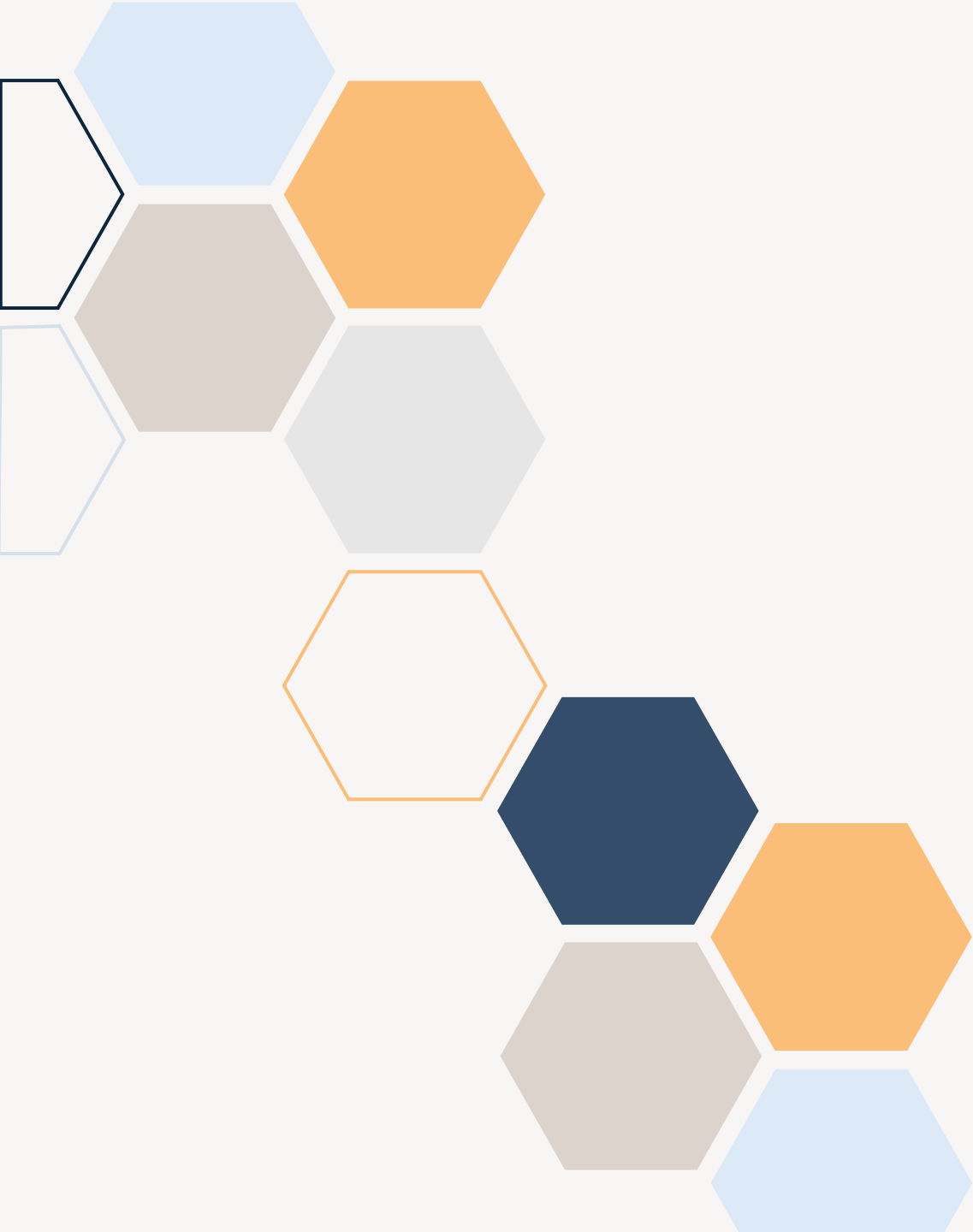
# EfficientNet: Accuracy results



# Recommendations

- Depending on the goal, to pay attention to high quality datasets for a better quality
- Access more powerful computational resources for better training
- Make an emphasize on Transfer Learning
- Use RGB instead of Grayscale
- "Play" with different architectures and transfer layers, as well as with hyperparameters to improve performance





# Thank you

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