

# Simply Typed Lambda Calculus with Parametric Polymorphism

CS 2520R HW 1

## 1 Syntax

$e ::= x$	Variable
$  \lambda x : \tau. e$	Abstraction
$  e_1 e_2$	Application
$  \Lambda X. e$	Type abstraction
$  e [\tau]$	Type application
$\tau ::= X$	Type variable
$  \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2$	Function type
$  \forall X. \tau$	Universal type

## 2 Typing Rules

$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{x : \tau \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash x : \tau} \text{ T-VAR} \qquad \frac{\Gamma, x : \tau_1 \vdash e : \tau_2}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : \tau_1. e : \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2} \text{ T-ABS} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2 \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau_1}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : \tau_2} \text{ T-APP} \\[10pt] \frac{\Gamma, X \vdash e : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash \Lambda X. e : \forall X. \tau} \text{ T-TABS} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \forall X. \tau_1}{\Gamma \vdash e [\tau_2] : \tau_1[X := \tau_2]} \text{ T-TAPP} \end{array}$$

## 3 Operational Semantics

We define a small-step operational semantics with the following reduction rules:

$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{}{(\lambda x : \tau. e_1) e_2 \longrightarrow e_1[x := e_2]} \text{ E-APP} \qquad \frac{}{(\Lambda X. e) [\tau] \longrightarrow e[X := \tau]} \text{ E-TAPP} \qquad \frac{e_1 \longrightarrow e'_1}{e_1 e_2 \longrightarrow e'_1 e_2} \text{ E-APP1} \\[10pt] \frac{e_2 \longrightarrow e'_2}{v_1 e_2 \longrightarrow v_1 e'_2} \text{ E-APP2} \qquad \frac{e \longrightarrow e'}{e [\tau] \longrightarrow e' [\tau]} \text{ E-TAPP1} \end{array}$$

Where  $v_1$  represents a value (either a lambda abstraction or a type abstraction).

References:

[1] <https://www3.nd.edu/~dchiang/teaching/pl/2022/f.html>

[2] <https://www.cs.utexas.edu/~bornholt/courses/cs345h-24sp/lectures/8-system-f/>