

### OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA LABORATORY MANUAL AY2018\_19 E2\_SEM1 (BATCH-R15)

Created by

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### Rajiv Gandhi University of Knowledge Technologies – A.P 516330

### OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA

Instructor: Mr. SATYANANDARAM N

AY2018-19, SEM1, E2 LAB: 1 (Basic programs in JAVA)

### CONDITIONAL STATEMENTS AND CONTROL STRUCTURES

- 1. Write a Java Program to print "Hello World"?
- 2. Write a Java Program to find sum of two numbers.
- 3. Write a Java Program to check the given number is prime or not.
- 4. Write a java program to Check the given year is Leap year or not.
- 5. Write a java program to find the Sum of digits of given number
- 6. Write a java program to print the reverse of a given number.
- 7. Write a java program to find the Factorial of a number.
- 8. Write a java program to Find maximum of three numbers.
- 9. Write a java program to find the Power of a number
- 10. Write a java program to Check the given number is Perfect or not
- 11. Write a java program to Check the given number is palindrome or not.
- 12. Write a java program to Check the given number is Armstrong or not.
- 13. Write a java program for print the characetor ASCII values and read a different type of input from user using BufferedReader class
- 14. Example program on Scanner.
- 15. Write a java program to print the prime numbers up to the given range n
- 16. Write a java program to print the Fibonacci series up to the given range n.
- 17. Write a java program to Print the Perfect numbers in the given range
- 18. Write a java program to find the GCD of two numbers.
- 19. Write a java program to find the LCM of two numbers.
- 20. Write an java program that reads two integers, determines whether the frst is a multiple of the second and print the result.

- 21. Write a java program to Print the Armstrong numbers up to the given range.
- 22. Write a java program to print the Perfect squares in the given range.
- 23. Write a java program to print the prime factors of a given number.
- 24. Write a java program to print the same digit numbers in the given range.
- 25. Write a java program to print the Ramanujan numbers from the given range.



### Rajiv Gandhi University of Knowledge Technologies – A.P 516330

### OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA

Instructor: Mr. SATYANANDARAM N

AY2018-19, SEM1, E2 LAB: 2 (Arrays & Strings)

1. Given a string, return a version where all the "x" have been removed. Except an "x" at the very start or end should not be removed.

```
E.g.

stringX("xxHxix") → "xHix"

stringX("abxxxcd") → "abcd"

stringX("xabxxxcdx") → "xabcdx"

Note: Write your code in "StringX.Java" file
```

2. Given an array of strings, return the count of the number of strings with the given length.

```
E.g. wordsCount({"a", "bb", "b", "ccc"}, 1) \rightarrow 2 wordsCount({"a", "bb", "b", "ccc"}, 3) \rightarrow 1 wordsCount({"a", "bb", "b", "ccc"}, 4) \rightarrow 0
```

Note: Write your code in "WordsCount.Java" file

3. Given an array of strings, return a new array containing the first N strings. N will be in the range 1..length.

```
E.g.  wordsFront(\{\text{"a", "b", "c", "d"}\}, 1) \rightarrow \{\text{"a"}\} \\ wordsFront(\{\text{"a", "b", "c", "d"}\}, 2) \rightarrow \{\text{"a", "b"}\} \\ wordsFront(\{\text{"a", "b", "c", "d"}\}, 3) \rightarrow \{\text{"a", "b", "c"}\} \\
```

Note: Write your code in "WordsFront.java" file

4. Start with two arrays of strings, A and B, each with its elements in alphabetical order and without duplicates. Return a new array containing the first N elements

from the two arrays. The result array should be in alphabetical order and without duplicates. A and B will both have a length which is N or more. The best "linear" solution makes a single pass over A and B, taking advantage of the fact that they are in alphabetical order, copying elements directly to the new array.

```
E.g.  \begin{split} &\text{mergeTwo}(\{\text{"a", "c", "z"}\}, \{\text{"b", "f", "z"}\}, 3) \rightarrow \{\text{"a", "b", "c"}\} \\ &\text{mergeTwo}(\{\text{"a", "c", "z"}\}, \{\text{"c", "f", "z"}\}, 3) \rightarrow \{\text{"a", "c", "f"}\} \\ &\text{mergeTwo}(\{\text{"f", "g", "z"}\}, \{\text{"c", "f", "g"}\}, 3) \rightarrow \{\text{"c", "f", "g"}\} \end{split}
```

Note: Write your code in "MergeTwo.java" file

5. The squirrels in Palo Alto spend most of the day playing. In particular, they play if the temperature is between 60 and 90 (inclusive). Unless it is summer, then the upper limit is 100 instead of 90. Given an int temperature and a boolean isSummer, return true if the squirrels play and false otherwise.

```
E.g. squirrelPlay(70, false) \rightarrow true squirrelPlay(95, false) \rightarrow false squirrelPlay(95, true) \rightarrow true
```

Note: Write your code in "SquirrelPlay.java" file

6. Given three ints, a b c, return true if they are in strict increasing order, such as 2 5 11, or 5 6 7, but not 6 5 7. However, with the exception that if equalOk is true, equality is allowed, such as 5 5 7 or 5 5 5.

```
E.g. inOrderEqual(2, 5, 11, false) \rightarrow true inOrderEqual(5, 7, 6, false) \rightarrow false inOrderEqual(5, 5, 7, true) \rightarrow true
```

Note: Write your code in "InOrderEqual.java" file 7. Given three ints, a b c, one of them is small, one is medium and one is large. Return true if the three values are evenly spaced, so the difference between small and medium is the same as the difference between medium and large.

```
E.g. evenlySpaced(2, 4, 6) \rightarrow true evenlySpaced(4, 6, 2) \rightarrow true evenlySpaced(4, 6, 3) \rightarrow false
```

Note: Write your code in "EvenlySpaced.java" file

8. Given a string and a non-empty substring sub, compute recursively the largest substring which starts and ends with sub and return its length.

```
E.g. strDist("catcowcat", "cat") \rightarrow 9 strDist("catcowcat", "cow") \rightarrow 3 strDist("ccatcowcatxx", "cat") \rightarrow 9
```

Note: Write your code in "StrDist.java" file

9. Given base and n that are both 1 or more, compute recursively (no loops) the value of base to the n power, so powerN(3, 2) is 9 (3 squared).

```
E.g.
powerN(3, 1) \rightarrow 3
powerN(3, 2) \rightarrow 9
powerN(3, 3) \rightarrow 27
```

Note: Write your code in "PowerN.java" file

10. We have bunnies standing in a line, numbered 1, 2, ... The odd bunnies (1, 3, ..) have the normal 2 ears. The even bunnies (2, 4, ..) we'll say have 3 ears, because they each have a raised foot. Recursively return the number of "ears" in the bunny line 1, 2, ... n (without loops or multiplication).

```
E.g. bunnyEars2(0) \rightarrow 0 bunnyEars2(1) \rightarrow 2 bunnyEars2(2) \rightarrow 5
```

Note: Write your code in "BunnyEars.java" file.

11. We'll say that a "pair" in a string is two instances of a char separated by a char. So "AxA" the A's make a pair. Pair's can overlap, so "AxAxA" contains 3 pairs - 2 for A and 1 for x. Recursively compute the number of pairs in the given string.

### E.g. countPairs("axa") $\rightarrow 1$ countPairs("axax") $\rightarrow 2$ countPairs("axbx") $\rightarrow 1$

Note: Write your code in "CountPairs.java" file.

12. Say that a "mirror" section in an array is a group of contiguous elements such that somewhere in the array, the same group appears in reverse order. For example, the largest mirror section in  $\{1, 2, 3, 8, 9, 3, 2, 1\}$  is length 3 (the  $\{1, 2, 3\}$  part). Return the size of the largest mirror section found in the given array.

```
E.g. maxMirror(\{1, 2, 3, 8, 9, 3, 2, 1\}) \rightarrow 3 maxMirror(\{7, 1, 2, 9, 7, 2, 1\}) \rightarrow 2
```

Note: Write your code in "MaxMirror.java" file. 13. Given n>=0, create an array with the pattern  $\{1, 1, 2, 1, 2, 3, ..., 1, 2, 3..., n\}$  (spaces added to show the grouping). Note that the length of the array will be 1 + 2 + 3... + n, which is known to sum to exactly n\*(n + 1)/2.

```
E.g. seriesUp(3) \rightarrow \{1, 1, 2, 1, 2, 3\}

seriesUp(4) \rightarrow \{1, 1, 2, 1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 3, 4\}

seriesUp(2) \rightarrow \{1, 1, 2\}
```

Note: Write your code in "SeriesUp.java" file.

14. Given a String name, e.g. "Bob", return a greeting of the form "Hello Bob!"

```
E.g. helloName("Bob") \rightarrow "Hello Bob!" helloName("Alice") \rightarrow "Hello Alice!" helloName("X") \rightarrow "Hello X!"
```

Note: Write your code in HelloName.java

15. Given a string of even length, return a string made of the middle two chars, so the string "string" yields "ri". The string length will be at least 2.

```
E.g. middleTwo("string") \rightarrow "ri" middleTwo("code") \rightarrow "od" middleTwo("Practice") \rightarrow "ct"
```

Note: Write your code in MiddleTwo.java

16. Given a string, if one or both of the first 2 chars is 'x', return the string without those 'x' chars, and otherwise return the string unchanged.

```
E.g. withoutX2("xHi") \rightarrow "Hi" withoutX2("Hxi") \rightarrow "Hi" withoutX2("Hi") \rightarrow "Hi"
```

Note: Write your code in Without X2. java

17. Return true if the given string contains a "bob" string, but where the middle 'o' char can be any char.

```
E.g. bobThere("abcbob") \rightarrow true bobThere("b9b") \rightarrow true bobThere("bac") \rightarrow false
```

Note: Write your code in BobThere.java

18. Given a string and an int N, return a string made of the first N characters of the string, followed by the first N-1 characters of the string, and so on. You may assume that N is between 0 and the length of the string, inclusive (i.e. N>=0 and N <= str.length()).

```
E.g. repeatFront("Chocolate", 4) \rightarrow "ChocChoChC"
```

```
repeatFront("Chocolate", 3) \rightarrow "ChoChC" repeatFront("Ice Cream", 2) \rightarrow "IcI"
```

Note: Write your code in RepeatFront.java

19. Return a version of the given string, where for every star (\*) in the string the star and the chars immediately to its left and right are gone. So "ab\*cd" yields "ad" and "ab\*\*cd" also yields "ad".

```
E.g. starOut("ab*cd") \rightarrow "ad" starOut("ab**cd") \rightarrow "ad" starOut("sm*eilly") \rightarrow "silly"
```

Note: Write your code in StarOut.java

20. We'll say that a "triple" in a string is a char appearing three times in a row. Return the number of triples in the given string. The triples may overlap.

```
E.g. countTriple("abcXXXabc") \rightarrow 1 countTriple("xxxabyyyycd") \rightarrow 3 countTriple("a") \rightarrow 0
```

Note: Write your code in CountTriple.java

21. Given two strings, base and remove, return a version of the base string where all instances of the remove string have been removed (not case sensitive). You may assume that the remove string is length 1 or more. Remove only non-overlapping instances, so with "xxx" removing "xx" leaves "x".

```
E.g. withoutString("Hello there", "llo") \rightarrow "He there" withoutString("Hello there", "e") \rightarrow "Hllo thr" withoutString("Hello there", "x") \rightarrow "Hello there"
```

Note: Write your code in WithoutString.java

22. Given 2 arrays of ints, A and B, return true if they have the same first element or they have the same last element. Both arrays will be length 1 or more.

### E,g.

```
commonEnd(\{1, 2, 3\}, \{7, 3\}) \rightarrow true commonEnd(\{1, 2, 3\}, \{7, 3, 2\}) \rightarrow false commonEnd(\{1, 2, 3\}, \{1, 3\}) \rightarrow true
```

Note: Write your code in CommonEnd.java

23. Given an array of ints of even length, return a new array length 2 containing the middle two elements from the original array. The original array will be length 2 or more.

### E.g.

```
makeMiddle(\{1, 2, 3, 4\}) \rightarrow \{2, 3\}
makeMiddle(\{7, 1, 2, 3, 4, 9\}) \rightarrow \{2, 3\}
makeMiddle(\{1, 2\}) \rightarrow \{1, 2\}
```

Note: Write your code in MakeMiddle.java

24. Given 2 int arrays, a and b, of any length, return a new array with the first element of each array. If either array is length 0, ignore that array.

### E.g.

front11({1, 2, 3}, {7, 9, 8}) 
$$\rightarrow$$
 {1, 7}  
front11({1}, {2})  $\rightarrow$  {1, 2}  
front11({1, 7}, {})  $\rightarrow$  {1}

Note: Write your code in Front11.java

25. Given an array of ints, return true if the array contains no 1's and no 3's.

### E.g.

lucky13(
$$\{0, 2, 4\}$$
)  $\rightarrow$  true  
lucky13( $\{1, 2, 3\}$ )  $\rightarrow$  false  
lucky13( $\{1, 2, 4\}$ )  $\rightarrow$  false

Note: Write your code in Lucky13.java

26. Given an array of ints, return true if the value 3 appears in the array exactly 3 times, and no 3's are next to each other.

E.g.

```
haveThree(\{3, 1, 3, 1, 3\}) \rightarrow true haveThree(\{3, 1, 3, 3\}) \rightarrow false haveThree(\{3, 4, 3, 3, 4\}) \rightarrow false
```

Note: Write your code in HaveThree.java

27. Return an array that contains the exact same numbers as the given array, but rearranged so that all the zeros are grouped at the start of the array. The order of the non-zero numbers does not matter. So  $\{1, 0, 0, 1\}$  becomes  $\{0, 0, 1, 1\}$ . You may modify and return the given array or make a new array.

```
E.g.
```

```
zeroFront(\{1, 0, 0, 1\}) \rightarrow \{0, 0, 1, 1\}
zeroFront(\{0, 1, 1, 0, 1\}) \rightarrow \{0, 0, 1, 1, 1\}
zeroFront(\{1, 0\}) \rightarrow \{0, 1\}
```

Note: Write your code in ZeroFront.java

- 28. write a java program that look for patterns like "ram" and "rom" in the string length should be 3, starting with "r" and ending with "m". You have to return a string where for all such words, the middle letter is gone, and so "ramXrom" yields "raXrm".
- i. ramRom("ramXrom") → "rmXrm"
- ii. ramRom("ramrom")--→ "rmrm"
- iii. ramRom("rrromrom") → "rrrmrm"

Note: write your code in RmPattern.java

29. Given a string that contains a single pair of parenthesis, compute recursively a new string made of only of the parenthesis and their contents, so "xyz(abc)123" yields "(abc)"

 $\mathbf{E}_{\mathbf{X}}$ :

```
parentBit("xyz(abc)123")--→ "(abc)"
parentBit("x(hello)") --→ "(hello)"
```

parentBit("(xy)1") 
$$\rightarrow$$
 "(xy)"

Note: Write your code in ParentBit.java

30. Returns true if for every "\*" (star) in the string, if there are chars both immediately before and after the star, they are the same

Ex:

Note: write your code in SameStar.java

- 31. Here I have a string value. You have to split that string into tokens. Store each token into a String array. You have to print all even index values from that array. The String is :"SACHIN TENDULKAR IS MASTER LEGEND"
- 31. Write a program to substitute the vowels present in a string
  - i. For example if I enter: I am happy
  - ii. First it has to search for the vowels and display that the vowels are :I, a,a
  - iii. Then it has to substitute the vowels by a, e, I, o, u by b, f, j,p,v
  - iv. The changed string is: j bm hbppy

Input: I am happy

Output: The vowels in given string: I,a,a,

Number of vowels in given string: 3

Changed string: j bm hbppy

32. Write a java program to identify the total number of occurrences of the sub string. Here the String value is: "The problem is not the problem, the problem is your attitude about the problem do you understand!!" Substring is: "the". You have to identify the total number of occurrences of substring and print the count.



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### OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA

Instructor: Mr. SATYANANDARAM N

AY2018-19, SEM1, E2

LAB: 3 (Classes, Objects and Encapsulation)

- 1. Create class Number with only one private instance variable as a double primitive type. To include the following methods (include respective constructors) isZero(), isPositive(), isNegative(), isOdd(), isEven(), isPrime(), isAmstrong() the above methods return boolean primitive type. getFactorial(), getSqrt(), getSqr(), sumDigits(), getReverse() the above methods return double primitive type.
- 2. Create class SavingsAccount. Usea static variable annualInterestRate to store the annual interest rate for all account holders. Each object of the class contains a private instance variable savingsBalance indicating the amount the saver currently has no deposit. Provide method calculateMonthlyInterest to calculate the monthly interest by multiplying the savingsBalance by annualInterestRate divided by 12. this interest should be added to savingsBalance. Provide a static method modifyInterestRate that sets the annualInterestRate to a new value. Write a program to test class SavingsAccount. Instantiate two savingsAccount objects, saver1 and saver2, with balances of \$2000.00 and \$3000.00, respectively. Set annualInterestRate to 4%, then calculate the monthly interest and print the new balances for both savers. Then set the annualInterestRate to 5%, calculate the next month's interest and print the new balances for both savers.

3. Write a program that stores the details of the Software and Hardware books. The Software book includes the software version and software name. The Hardware book includes the hardware category and publisher. However, both the books include some common details, such as author name, title, price, and number of pages. Therefore, you need to store and display the book details by implementing the code reusability in the program.

Note: Make all the information as private

4. Create a class Date, The instance members of the class are: day(int), month(string), year(int). Create another class Time. The instance members are: hour(int), minuets(int) and seconds(int). These two classes will be having parameterized constructors for initializing your data members, implement all the setters and getter methods in these two classes. Implement toString() method for Date class to return date in date format(DD/MM/YYY). Implement toString() method in Time class to return time in time format(HH:MM:SS). Now Create a named DateAndTime. The instance variables of the class are Date object and Time object. Create a constructor which accept only two object parameters one is date another one is time. Provide a setter and getter method for this data members and one toString method for return the date and time(DD/MM/YYYY – HH:MM:SS)



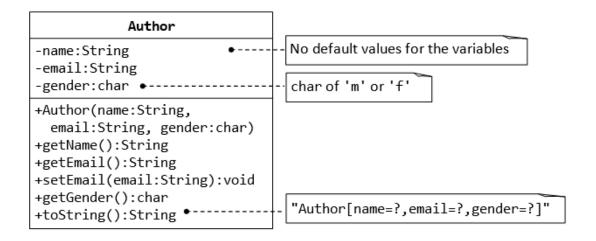
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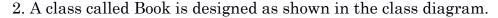
### OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA

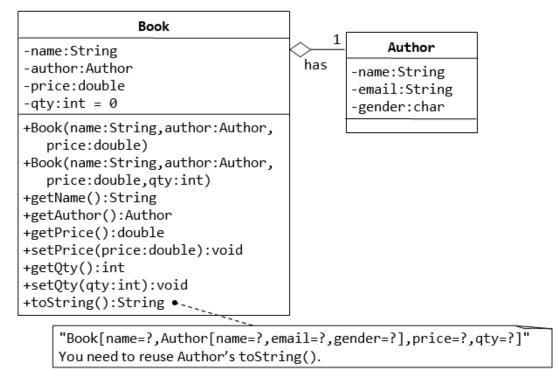
Instructor: Mr. SATYANANDARAM N

AY2018-19, SEM1, E2 LAB: 4 (Inheritance and Array Objects)

1. Implement an object oriented programming concept for the given diagram A class called Author is designed as shown in the class diagram. It contains: three private instance variables: name (String), email(String), and gender(char of either 'm' or 'f'); One constructor to initialize the name, email and gender with the given values a. Write Public getter/setter: getName(), getEmail(), setMail(), and getGender() b. A toString() method that returns "author-name (gender) at email "eg.rahul (m) at Rahul@gandi.com c. Write the Author class. Also write a test program called TestAuthor to test the constructor and public methods. Try changing the email of an author







It contains: □□Four private instance variables: name (String), author (of the class Author you have just created, assume that each book has one and only one author), price (double), and qtyInStock (int); □□Two constructors: □□public Book (String name, Author author, double price) {...} □□public Book (String name, Author author, double price, int qtyInStock) {...} □□public methods getName(), getAuthor(), getPrice(), setPrice(), getQtyInStock(), setQtyInStock(). □□toString() that returns "book-name' by author-name (gender) at email". (Take note that the Author's toString() method returns "author-name (gender) at email".) Write the class Book (which uses the Author class written earlier). Also write a test program called TestBook to test the constructor and public methods in the class Book. Take Note that you have to construct an instance ofAuthor before you can construct an instance of Book. E.g., Author anAuthor = new Author(......); Book aBook = new Book("Java for dummy", anAuthor, 19.95, 1000); // Use an anonymous instance of Author Book anotherBook = new Book("more Java for dummy", new Author(......),

29.95, 888); Take note that both Book and Author classes have a variable called name. However, it can be differentiated via the referencing instance. For a Book instance says aBook, aBook.name refers to the name of the book; whereas for an Author's instance say auAuthor, anAuthor.name refers to the name of the author. There is no need (and not recommended) to call the variables bookName and authorName. TRY: 1. Printing the name and email of the author from a Book instance. (Hint: aBook.getAuthor().getName(), aBook.getAuthor().getEmail()). 2. Introduce new methods called getAuthorName(), getAuthorEmail(), getAuthorGender() in the Book class to return the name, email and gender of the author of the book. For example, public String getAuthorName() { .......}

3. Create necessary classes for the given scenario $\Box$ Create a superclass Student,
and two subclasses, Undergrad and Grad.
☐ The superclass Student should have the following data members: name, ID,
grade, age, and address. $\Box$ The superclass, Student should have at least one
method: boolean is Passed (double grade) The purpose of the is Passed method is to
take one parameter, grade (value between 0 and 100) and check whether the grade
has passed the requirement for passing a course. In the Student class this method
should be empty as an abstract method. $\Box$ The two subclasses, Grad and
Undergrad, will inherit all data members of the Student class and override the
method is Passed. For the Under Grad class, if the grade is above 70.0, then is Passed
returns true, otherwise it returns false. For the Grad class, if the grade is above
80.0, then is Passed returns true, otherwise returns false. Create a test class for
your three classes. In the test class, create one Grad object and one Undergrad
object. For each object, provide a grade and display the results of the isPassed
method

4. Write a program to maintain the office database using single inheritance. Superclass is Employee that contain the information as follows- Emp\_code, Emp\_name, Address, Ph\_no, Da 10%, Hra-20%. Employee class can have computeSalary() method to finding the total salary. Create two subclasses of Manager, Typist each class having their own basic pay & da,hra. You have to override computeSalary() method in subclasses 5. Create an abstract class with class name Shape. Create a constructor with arguments and declare variables dim1, dim2 and PI. Declare an abstract method area() inside the class. Create the classes Rectangle, Triangle, Circle, and Ellipse to find the area. Define abstract method area() inside the subclasses and call the constructor of class Shape using super keyword. In main(), create the objects for all classes and pass values to fields of constructors. Create a reference variable figure for abstract class. 6. Create class

Number with only one private instance variable as a double primitive type. To include the following methods (include respective constructors) isZero(), isPositive(), isNegative(), isOdd(), isEven(), isPrime(), isAmstrong() the above methods return boolean primitive type. getFactorial(), getSqrt(), getSqr(), sumDigits(), getReverse() the above methods return double primitive type.

5. Write a java program to create a class named Shape that contains A method name numberOfSides(). Provide three classes named Trapezoid, Traingle and Hexagon such that each of the classes extends the class Shape. Each one of the classes contains only the method numberOfSides(). Create a Demo class for checking the number of sides for the Trapezoid, Traingle and Hexagon.

6. Write java code for checking Encapsulation for the given scenario.

Create a course class with courseName, courseId, courseDuration. Make them as private variables. Define appropriate setter and getter methods for accessing outside of class. You have to store atleast 5 course details in an object array of course. You have to display list of courses from object array.

- 7. Write sample code for creating Person object array to store persons data. Implement Person class with name, age and a toString method. Create necessary classes to store data in object array
- 8. Write a java program to sort an Integer array.
- 9. Write a java program to find the frequency of occurrences of each number from the given array
- 10. Write a java program to sort the String array
- 11. Write a java program to print the sum of two matrix
- 12. Write a java program to print the matrix multiplication



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### OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA

Instructor: Mr. SATYANANDARAM N

AY2018-19, SEM1, E2

LAB: 5 (Abstract, Interface and Polymorphism)

1. Write a Java code for implements Polymorphism in Dynamic method dispatching concept for below diagram

```
#color:String
#filled:boolean

+Shape()
+Shape(color:String,filled:boolean)
+getColor():String
+setColor(color:String):void
+isFilled():boolean
+setFilled(filled:boolean):void
+getArea():double
+getPerimeter:double
+toString():String
```

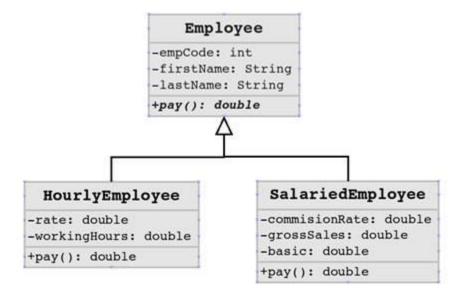
# #radius:double +Circle() +Circle(radius:double) +Circle(radius:double, color:String,filled:boolean) +getRadius():double +setRadius(radius:double):void +getArea():double +getPerimeter():double +toString():String

### 

## +Square() +Square(side:double) +Square(side:double,color:String, filled:boolean) +getSide():double +setSide(side:double):void +setWidth(side:double):void +setLength(side:double):void +toString():String

2. W rite a

Java code for implements Polymorphism in Dynamic method dispatching concept for below diagram



- 3. Read the Scenario Complete,
  - → Consider we want to start a service like "makemytrip.com" or "expedia.com", where we are responsible for displaying the flights from various flight service company and place an order from customer.
  - → Define BookingObject class you may include you'r own data member, methods and constructor.
  - → Define interface as FlightOpeartions in include the two methods getAllAvailableFlights() and booking(BookingObject bookingObj).
  - → Craete BritishAirways, Emirates and Airasia flight class inherit from BookingObject class and implements from FlightOperation, those class are include the getAllAvailableFlights() to fetch flight details and booking(BookingObject bookingObj) to place order for seat override from FlightOperation interface

Lets keep our service as simple as,

- a) Displaying flights available from vendors like "airasia", "british airways" and "emirates".
- b) Place and order for seat to respective vendor.
- 4. Create class SavingsAccount. Use a variable annualInterestRate to store the annual interest rate for all account holders. Each object of the class contains a private instance variable savingsBalance indicating the amount of the saver currently has on deposit. Provide method calculateMonthlyInterest to calculate the monthly interest by multiplying the savingsBalance by annualInterestRate divided by 12 this interest should be added to savingsBalance. Provide a static method modifyInterestRate that sets the annualInterestRate to a new value. Write a program to test class SavingsAccount. Instantiate two savingsAccount objects, saver1 and saver2, with balances of 2000.00 and 3000.00, respectively. Set annualInterestRate to 4%, then calculate the monthly interest and print the new balances for both savers. Then set the annualInterestRate to 5%, calculate the next month's interest and print the new balances for both savers.
- 5. Write a program to maintain the office database using single inheritance. Superclass is Employee that contain the information as follows- Emp\_code, Emp\_name, Address, Ph\_no, Da 10%, Hra-20%. Employee class can have computeSalary() method to finding the total salary. Create two subclasses of Manager, TeamLead each class having their own basic pay, da and hra. You have to override computeSalary() method in subclasses. Create a Demo class for checking the computeSalary() method for both Manager and TeamLead objects



### Rajiv Gandhi University of Knowledge Technologies - A.P 516330

### OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA

Instructor: Mr. SATYANANDARAM N

AY2018-18, SEM1, E2 LAB: 6 (File Handling)

- 1. Write java program for reading input.txt and display the following results
  - a. Count total number of words from input.txt
  - b. Count total number of characters from input.txt
  - c. Count total number of lines from input.txt
  - d. Count total number of digits from input.txt
  - e. Count total number of spaces from input.txt
  - f. Count total number of special characters from input.txt
- 2. Write a Java program to read data from file and write data into file.

A simple encryption scheme is to interchange letters of the alphabet on a one-to-one basis. This scheme can be accomplished with a translation table for the lowercase and uppercase letters. Write a program that uses such a scheme to encode text. If you're interested, learn about a more secure encryption system and then program it.

Note: treat numbers, spaces, and special chars as same.

Original: a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z

Encryption Table: d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z a b c

3. You have to read data from data.txt and encrypt the text. After encryption you have write encrypted text into another file called encrypt.txt. You have to use the above encryption scheme.

### 4. Implementing the Caesar Cipher

Assignment 1: Word Play You will write a program to transform words from a file into another form, such as replacing vowels with an asterix. Specificall y, you should do the following.

- Create a new class called WordPlay.
- •Write a method is Vowel() that has one parameter named ch.

This method returns true if ch is a vowel (one of a, e, i, o, or u or the upperca se versions) and false otherwise.

You should write a tester method to see if this method works correctly. For ex ample, isVowel('F') should return false, and isVowel('a') should return true.

- Write a method replaceVowels() that has two parameters, a String named phrase and a character named ch
- . This method should return a String that is the string phrase with all the vowels (uppercase or lowercase) replaced by ch
- . For example, the call replaceVowels("Hello World", '\*') returns the string "H\*ll\* W\*rld". Be sure to call the method isVowel
- 0 that you wrote and also test this method.
- Write a method emphasize with two parameters, a String named phrase and a character named ch
- . This method should return a String that is the string phrase but with the c haracter ch (upper- or lowercase) replaced by  $\circ$  '\*'
- if it is in an odd number location in the string (first character has index 0, third character has index 2, etc.) o '+'
- if it is in an even number location in the string (second character has index 1, fourth character has index 3, etc.) For example, the call
- emphasize ("dna ctgaaactga", 'a') would return the string "dn\* ctg+\*+ctg+" , and the call emphasize ("Mary Bella Abracadabra", 'a')
- would return the string "M+ry Bell+ +br\*c\*d\*br+"
- . Be sure to test this method.

**Assignment 2:** Caesar Cipher You will start with the Caesar Cipher algorith m you learned about in the videos, and you will make some enhancements to it, so that it works with all letters (both uppercase and lowercase) and to make it a little bit harder to decrypt.

Write these methods in a CaesarCipher class you can use in the next lesson.

Specifically, you should do the following: • Create a new class called

CaesarCipher. • Write the method encrypt

that has two parameters, a String named input and an int named key. This method returns a string that has been

encrypted. Assume that all the alphabetic characters are uppercase letters. F or example, the call

encrypt("FIRST LEGION ATTACK EAST FLANK!", 23) should return the st ring "CFOPQ IBDFLK XQQXZH BXPQ CIXKH!"

• Write the void method testCaesar() that has no parameter. This method should read a file and encrypt the complete file using the Caesar Cipher algorithm, printing the encrypted message.

You may want to include the lines:

FileResource fr = new FileResource();

String message = fr.asString();

String encrypted = encrypt(message, key);

System.out.println("key is " + key + "\n" + encrypted);

• Modify the encrypt

method to be able to handle both uppercase and lowercase letters. For examp le, encrypt("First Legion", 23) should return "Cfopq Ibdflk" and encrypt("First Legion", 17) should return "Wzijk Cvxzfe".

Be sure to test the encrypt method



Rajiv Gandhi University of Knowledge Technologies - A.P 516330

### OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA

Instructor: Mr. SATYANANDARAM N

AY2018-19, SEM1, E2 LAB: 7 (Exception Handling)

- 1. Create an user defined exception called PercentageException with necessary implementation. You have to create a Student class with name, age and percentage with necessary methods. If student percentage is below 50, then you have to raise an exception (PercentageException). If no exception found, then you have to write student name, age, percentage into file
- 2. Create an user defined exception class called AgeException with necessary implementation. Create a Voter class with name and age. If voter age is below 18 then you have to raise an Exception (AgeException). If age is >=18 then you have to enter voter details into a file. Implement all necessary classes and methods.
- 3. Create an user defined exception class called NumericException with necessary implementation. You have to create a Person class having name and age. If name is having any number in it, you have to handle that with an user defined exception(NumericException). If no numeric is found in name, then write person name and age into file. Implement necessary classes and methods.
- 4. Write sample code for the given scenario. You have to create user defined exception class and you have to handle the exception for given scenario. Scenario: create an Exception class with name PrimeException. Create a NumberCheck class and implement a static void checkNum(int number) method. In this method you have to find the given number is prime or not. If the number is prime, then you have to throw the PrimeException, otherwise print the number. Implement the necessary logic for the given scenario.



### Rajiv Gandhi University of Knowledge Technologies - A.P 516330

### OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA

Instructor: Mr. SATYANANDARAM N

AY2018-19, SEM1, E2 LAB: 8 (List Operations)

1. You have to implement a simple shopping cart problem. In a shopping cart user will have the list of items he added to his cart. For this shopping cart, he can add new item, view items in his list, update an item and remove the item. When the program starts, it should read a shopping Cart.txt file and load all the items into your Shopping cart. This looks very simple. But you should follow a proper structure to design this program (LinkedList implementation). Framework for shopping cart:

ShoppingCart.java: //Here you have list of CartItem.

You have to implement the following methods

- 1. Public void add(String productId, String productName, float price, int quantity);
- 2. public void update(String prodId,int quantity);
- 3. public void display();
- 4. public void remove(String prodId);

CartItem.java:

This class contains 4 members.

1. String productId; 2. String name; 3. float price; 4. int quantity = 0;

Define a constructor with necessary parameters. Implement the toString method to get the cartItem information.

ShoppingCartMenu.java

Public class ShoppingCartMenu {

Public static void main(String args[]){ // Here you have to read cart items from items.txt and send items to shopping cart // Implement the menu interface to add new item, update the quantity of product, display all Items, remove item and exit. } Note: Strictly follow the above framework.

2. You have to implement a simple application for Mobile shop. Mobile shop has list of Mobiles. For this Mobile shop, you can add new mobile, view all mobiles in shop, update mobile and remove the mobile. When the program starts, it should read mobile details from mobiles.txt file and load all the items to Mobile shop. This looks very simple. But you should follow a proper structure to design this program (LinkedList implementation). Framework for shopping cart:

MobileShop.java: //Here you have list of Mobiles.

You have to implement the following methods

- 1. Public void add(String company\_Name, String model\_Name, float price);
- 2. public void update(String model\_Name);
- 3. public void display();
- 4. public void remove(String Model Name);

Mobile.java:

This class contains 4 members.

1. String company Name; 2. String model Name; 3. float price;

Define a constructor with necessary parameters. Implement the toString method to get the cartItem information.

MobileShopInventory.java

Public class MobileShopInventory { Public static void main(String args[]){ // Here you have to read mobiles data from mobiles.txt and send items to mobile shop // Implement the menu interface to add new mobile, update mobile model, display all mobiles, remove mobile and exit. }

Note: Strictly follow the above framework.

3. You have to implement a simple application for Amazon store. Store has to maintain list of Laptops. You can add new Laptop, view all Laptops in store, update Laptop details and remove the Laptop from store. When the program starts, it should read all Laptop details from stock.txt file and load all the items to Amazon store. This looks very simple. But you should follow a proper structure to design this program (LinkedList implementation). Framework for AmazonStore\_App:

AmazonStore.java: //Here you have list of Laptops.

You have to implement the following methods

- 1. Public void add(String model\_Name, String serial\_No, float price);
- 2. public void update(String serial\_No);
- 3. public void display();
- 4. public void remove(String serial\_No);
- 5. public void sort() // sort based on price

### Laptop.java:

This class contains 4 members.

1. String model\_Name; 2. String serial\_No; 3. float price; 4. Laptop

Define a constructor with necessary parameters. Implement the toString method to get the Laptop information.

### AmazonStoreApp.java

Public class AmazonStoreApp { Public static void main(String args[]){ // Here you have to read all Laptop data from stock.txt and send items to Amazon store // Implement the menu interface to add new Laptop, update Laptop model, display all Laptops, sort laptops based on price, remove Laptop and exit. } Note: Strictly follow the above framework.

1. Tollywood Film industry wants to rearrange the movie details in a file. Here you have the movie details in a file. These details are not in order. You have to rearrange these details in decreasing order based on gross collections. You have to read movie details from file and keep movie details in a data structure (Linked List). User can search for a movie based on movie name; user can delete a movie based on movie name. User can sort the movies based on gross collections. At the end user must store sorted movie details in a file. Here I am providing Movie class. Based on the movie class, you have to create MovieList class and implement all methods. Create a Demo class for getting movie details from file.

Class MovieInfo {

String movie\_Name;

String hero\_Name;

String director\_Name

Int release\_Date; float gross\_Collections; MovieInfo next; //TO-DO create a constructor to values for instance variables //TO-DO Create a toString method for returning movieInfo }

- 5. BSNL have the all subscribers' data with them. BSNL provides data file to you. You have to sort the file data based on subscriber id. You have to read subscriber details from file and keep details in a data structure (Lined List). User can search for a subscriber based on subscriber id. User can delete subscriber based on subscriber id. At the end user have to store subscribers details in a file. Here I am providing subscriber class. Based on subscriber class you have to create subscriberList class and implement all methods. Create a Demo class for getting subscriber details from file Class SubscriberInfo { String subscriber\_Id String subscriber\_Name; Int balance; SubscriberInfo next; //TO-DO Create a constructor to assign values for instance variables //TO-DO Create a toString method for returning SubscriberInfo }
- 6. BCCI wants to select team players based on their average score. BCCI provides data file to you. You have to sort the player based on their average score. You have to read player details from file and keep details in a data structure(Linked List). User can search for a player based on name. user can delete player based on player name. user have to sort the players based on average score. At the end user have to store players details in a file. Here I am providing player class. Based on player class you have to create playerList class and implement all methods. Create a demo class for getting player details from file. Class Player { String playerName; Int totalRuns; Float average; Player next; //TO-DO Create a constructor to assign values for instance variables //TO-DO Create a toString method for returning Player info }



### Rajiv Gandhi University of Knowledge Technologies - A.P 516330

### OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA

Instructor: Mr. SATYANANDARAM N

AY2018-19, SEM1, E2 LAB: 9 (Multi Threading)

Objective: Our aim is to make you understand the concept of Multi-Threading Scenario – 1

### Problem Definition:

- Developing an University Registration System where students register for admission For registration process student should contact the university registrar.
- The university had appointed a Registrar and a Validator. They are simultaneously accepting the student details for registration. Registrar will accept the student details and intimate to Validator. Registrar will wait for Validator's intimation. Validator get the student details and validates and throws AgeException if student age is <35 and >23. If age is valid, students details are write in to a file. After that validator intimate to Registrar for next student details.
- Create a file named StudentDetails.txt to store the details of student You have to create a Student class with name, age and implement necessary methods like push, pop, toString. Create Registrar, Validator thread classes for simultaneously accessing the student details.

### Scenario - 2

### Problem Definition:

- Developing a Department Out Pass System where students will get out pass by ASWO and verified by HOD. - Department ASWO will verify the student outpass details of roll\_No and max\_Leave\_Days and reason for leave. - If max\_Leave\_Days are above 5 days, ASWO will reject student outpass.

- After processing the student outpass by ASWO, he will wait for HOD instruction. if outpass will get by HOD, he will write student outpass details like student roll\_no, max\_Leave\_Days and reason for leave into file. He will notify to ASWO for next outpass. - After entering details into file, then only ASWO will process another student details to HOD. - You have to prepare a studentOutpass class with necessary variables and implement methods like push, pop, toString. - Create ASWO, HOD thread classes for simultaneously accessing the student leave applications. - Create a Student\_Leave class where student apply for leave.

### Scenario -3

### Problem Definition:

- Developing a Hotel InBook Log System where customer meets the Receptionist and submit details to Receptionist, after that details collected by Book keeper and write into a text file. Receptionist will collect Customer data and Intimate to Book keeper. Book keeper will get the details and write into file. After write into file, book keeper will intimate to Receptionist. Receptionist will collect 5 customer details and Book keeper will write each customer details in file. Customer has name, age and mail\_id. You have to implement push, pop and toString methods in customer class. Create Receptionist, Book keeper thread classes and implement accordingly. These objects are simultaneously accessing the customer object. Create a Demo class for running the program.
- 4. Create two thread classes. One thread class will generate Even number and another thread class will write that number into file. Both thread should be communicate through predefined methods like notify(), and wait(). Producer thread has to insert number into a buffer and notify the consumer thread. Consumer thread will get the value from buffer, it will send value to file and notify to producer for next number. Implement the necessary classes and methods to achieve the multi-threading.

- 5. Create two thread classes. One thread class will generate prime number and another thread class will write that number into file. Both thread should be communicate through predefined methods like notify(), and wait(). Producer thread has to insert number into a buffer and notify the consumer thread. Consumer thread will get the value from buffer, it will send value to file and notify to producer for next number
- 6. Create two thread classes. One thread class will generate odd number and another thread class will write that number into file. Both thread should be communicate through predefined methods like notify(), and wait(). Producer thread has to insert number into a buffer and notify the consumer thread. Consumer thread will get the value from buffer, it will send value to file and notify to producer for next number. Implement the necessary classes and methods to achieve the multi-threading



Rajiv Gandhi University of Knowledge Technologies - A.P 516330

### OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA

Instructor: Mr. SATYANANDARAM N

LAB: 10 (AWT Programming) AY2018-19, SEM1, E2

- Develop a GUI that receives an integer in one text field, and computes 1. its factorial Value and returns it in another text field, when the button named "Compute" is clicked?
- 2. Develop a GUI that receives Student info like Student Name, Age, 2. Mail and writes data into file, when the button name "Register" is clicked?