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Hands-on Lab: Build ETL Data Pipelines with BashOperator using Apache Airflow



Estimated time needed: 90 minutes

Project Scenario

You are a data engineer at a data analytics consulting company. You have been assigned a project to decongest the national highways by analyzing the road traffic data from different toll plazas. Each highway is operated by a different toll operator with a different IT setup that uses different file formats. Your job is to collect data available in different formats and consolidate it into a single file.

Objectives

In this assignment, you will develop an Apache Airflow DAG that will:

- Extract data from a csv file
- · Extract data from a tsv file
- · Extract data from a fixed-width file
- · Transform the data
- Load the transformed data into the staging area

Note about screenshots

Throughout this lab, you will be prompted to take screenshots and save them on your device. You will need to upload the screenshots for peer review. You can use various free screen grabbing tools or your operating system's shortcut keys (Alt + PrintScreen in Windows, for example) to capture the required screenshots. You can save the screenshots with the .jpg or .png extension.

About Skills Network Cloud IDE

Skills Network Cloud IDE (based on Theia and Docker) provides an environment for hands-on labs for course and project-related labs. Theia is an open-source IDE (Integrated Development Environment) that can be run on a desktop or on the cloud. To complete this lab, you will be using the Cloud IDE based on Theia, running in a Docker container.

Important notice about this lab environment

Please be aware that sessions for this lab environment are not persistent. A new environment is created for you every time you connect to this lab. Any data you may have saved in an earlier session will get lost. To avoid losing your data, please plan to complete these labs in a single session.

Exercise 1: Set up the lab environment

1. Start Apache Airflow.

Open Apache Airflow in IDE

Open a terminal and create a directory structure for the staging area as follows: /home/project/airflow/dags/finalassignment/staging.

sudo mkdir -p /home/project/airflow/dags/finalassignment/staging

3. Execute the following commands to give appropriate permission to the directories.

sudo chmod -R 777 /home/project/airflow/dags/finalassignment

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4. Download the data set from the source to the following destination using the curl command.

sudo curl https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBM-DB0250EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/Final%20Assignment/tolldata.tgz -o /home

Exercise 2: Create imports, DAG argument, and definition

Please use the BashOperator for all tasks in this assignment.

- 1. Create a new file named ETL_toll_data.py in /home/project directory and open it in the file editor.
- 2. Import all the packages you need to build the DAG.
- 3. Define the DAG arguments as per the following details in the ETL_toll_data.py file:

Parameter	Value
owner	<you any="" dummy="" may="" name="" use=""></you>
start_date	today
email	<you any="" dummy="" email="" may="" use=""></you>
email_on_failure	True
email_on_retry	True
retries	1
retry_delay	5 minutes

Take a screenshot of the task code. Name the screenshot dag_args.jpg.

4. Define the DAG in the ETL_toll_data.py file using the following details.

Parameter	Value
DAG id	ETL_toll_data
Schedule	Daily once
default_args	As you have defined in the previous step
description	Apache Airflow Final Assignment

Take a screenshot of the command and output you used. Name the screenshot dag_definition.jpg.

At the end of this exercise, you should have the following screenshots with .jpg or .png extension:

- 1. dag_args.jpg
- dag_definition.jpg

Exercise 3: Create the tasks using BashOperator

1. Create a task named unzip_data to unzip data. Use the data downloaded in the first part of this assignment in Set up the lab environment and uncompress it into the destination directory using tar.

Take a screenshot of the task code. Name the screenshot unzip_data.jpg.

You can locally untar and read through the file fileformats.txt to understand the column details.

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2. Create a task named extract_data_from_csv to extract the fields Rowid, Timestamp, Anonymized Vehicle number, and Vehicle type from the vehicle-data.csv file and save them into a file named csv_data.csv.

Take a screenshot of the task code. Name the screenshot extract_data_from_csv.jpg.

3. Create a task named extract_data_from_tsv to extract the fields Number of axles, Tollplaza id, and Tollplaza code from the tollplaza-data.tsv file and save it into a file named tsv_data.csv.

Take a screenshot of the task code. Name the screenshot extract_data_from_tsv.jpg.

4. Create a task named extract_data_from_fixed_width to extract the fields Type of Payment code, and Vehicle Code from the fixed width file payment-data.txt and save it into a file named fixed_width_data.csv.

Take a screenshot of the task code. Name the screenshot extract_data_from_fixed_width.jpg.

- 5. Create a task named consolidate_data to consolidate data extracted from previous tasks. This task should create a single csv file named extracted_data.csv by combining data from the following files:
 - o csv_data.csv
 - o tsv_data.csv
 - o fixed width data.csv

The final csv file should use the fields in the order given below:

- Rowid
- Timestamp
- Anonymized Vehicle number
- Vehicle type
- Number of axles
- Tollplaza id
- o Tollplaza code
- o Type of Payment code, and
- Vehicle Code

Hint: Use the bash paste command that merges the columns of the files passed as a command-line parameter and sends the output to a new file specified. You can use the command man paste to explore more.

Example: paste file1 file2 > newfile

Take a screenshot of the task code. Name the screenshot consolidate_data.jpg.

6. Create a task named transform_data to transform the vehicle_type field in extracted_data.csv into capital letters and save it into a file named transformed_data.csv in the staging directory.

Hint: You can use the tr command within the BashOperator in Airflow.

Take a screenshot of the task code. Name the screenshot transform.jpg.

7. Define the task pipeline as per the details given below:

Task	Functionality
First task	unzip_data
Second task	extract_data_from_csv
Third task	extract_data_from_tsv
Fourth task	extract_data_from_fixed_width
Fifth task	consolidate_data
Sixth task	transform_data

Take a screenshot of the task pipeline section of the DAG. Name the screenshot task_pipeline.jpg.

At the end of this exercise, you should have the following screenshots with .jpg or .png extension:

- 1. unzip_data.jpg
- 2. extract_data_from_csv.jpg
- 3. extract_data_from_tsv.jpg
- 4. extract_data_from_fixed_width.jpg
- consolidate_data.jpg
- 6. transform.jpg
- 7. task_pipeline.jpg

Exercise 4: Getting the DAG operational

1. Submit the DAG. Use CLI or Web UI to show that the DAG has been properly submitted.

Take a screenshot showing that the DAG you created is in the list of DAGs. Name the screenshot submit_dag.jpg.

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Note: If you don't find your DAG in the list, you can check for errors using the following command in the terminal:

airflow dags list-import-errors

- 2. Unpause and trigger the DAG through CLI or Web UI.
- 3. Take a screenshot of DAG unpaused on CLI or the GUI. Name the screenshot unpause_trigger_dag.jpg.
- 4. Take a screenshot of the tasks in the DAG run through CLI or Web UI. Name the screenshot dag_tasks.jpg.
- 5. Take a screenshot the DAG runs for the Airflow console through CLI or Web UI. Name the screenshot dag_runs.jpg.

Screenshot checklist

You should have the following screenshots with .jpg or .png extension:

- 1. submit_dag.jpg
- 2. unpause_trigger_dag.jpg 3. dag_tasks.jpg
- 4. dag_runs.jpg

This action concludes the assignment.

Authors

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