

Analyzing Data on-the-fly with Stream Analytics



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What's in this module?



Stream Analytics Fundamentals

Creating a Stream Analytics Job

Stream Analytics Queries

**Processing the machine's temperature
Event Hub data with Stream Analytics**

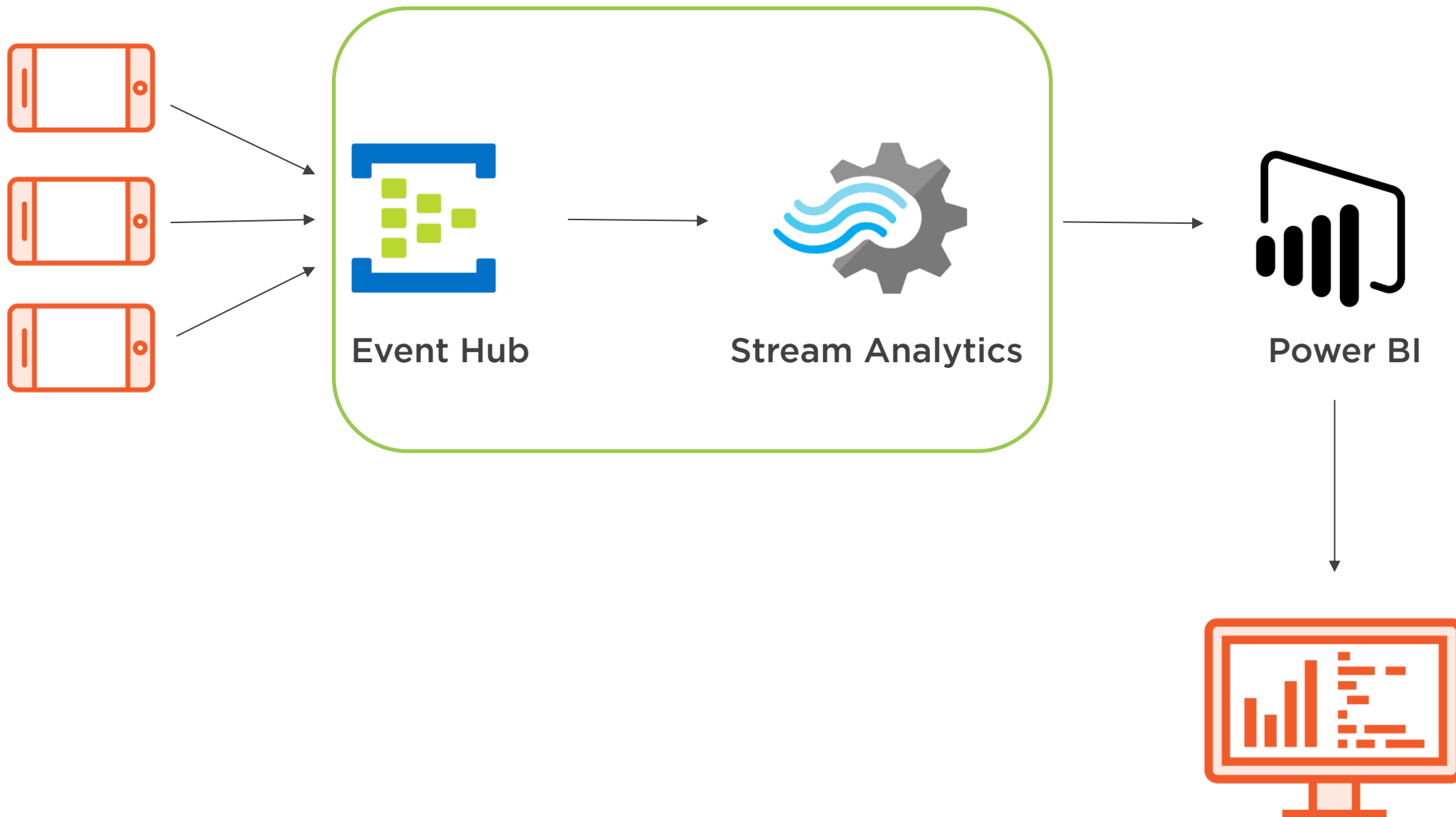




2. Azure Stream Analytics

Analyze your data on-the-fly

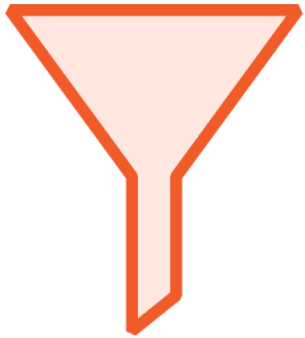




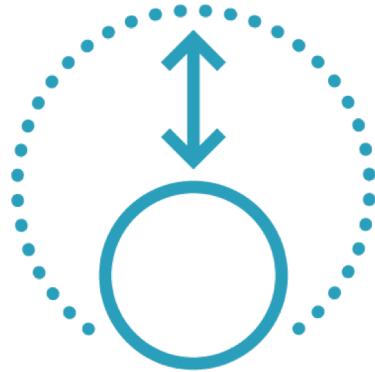
When do you need a Stream
Analytics job?



Real-time data and Stream Analytics



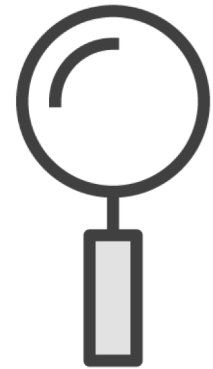
Aggregation



Transform



Reference



Analyze

How do we get started?



Stream Analytics Job



**Pick a Hosting
Environment**



Pick a Region



Pick Streaming Units



Streaming Units

SUs represent the computing resources of a job

It is a blended measure of CPU, memory, and read and write rates

Number of events, query complexity and UDFs impact SU consumption

You can monitor the usage to do capacity planning

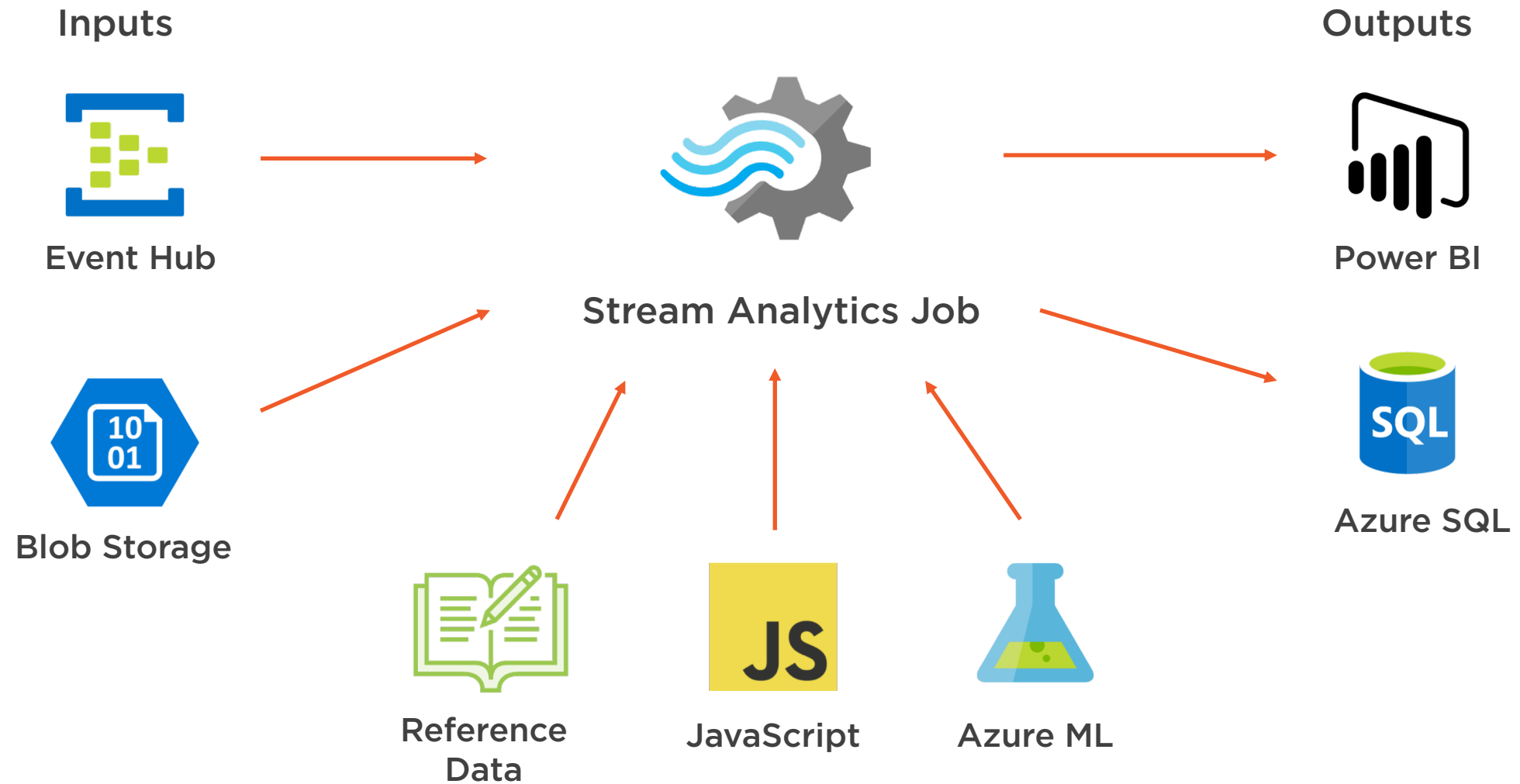




Unlike an Event Hub Namespace, a Stream Analytics job can be stopped and you will not be billed until it is started again.



Job Components



Data Formats



Stream Analytics supports reading data from the stream in these three formats: JSON, AVRO and CSV.



Demo



Creating a Stream Analytics job
through the Azure Portal



How do we query the stream?





SQL style queries with optional JavaScript

Stream data is easy to manipulate based on time windows

Time-aware SQL constructs



```
SELECT temperature, currentMetric, currentDirection,  
machineName, temperatureReadTimestamp
```

```
FROM
```

```
    FactoryEventHub TIMESTAMP BY temperatureReadTimestamp
```

TIMESTAMP BY

Defines the application timestamp field




```
SELECT MAX(temperatureReadTimestamp) AS WindowEnd,  
AVG(temperature) AS averageTemperature,  
machineName  
  
FROM  
  
    FactoryEventHub TIMESTAMP BY temperatureReadTimestamp  
    GROUP BY TUMBLINGWINDOW(s, 1), machineName
```

TUMBLINGWINDOW

Defines non overlapping windows of time in the stream



```
WITH LastInWindow AS
```

```
(...)
```

```
SELECT *
```

```
FROM
```

```
    FactoryEventHub TIMESTAMP BY temperaturereadtimestamp INNER JOIN LastInWindow  
    ON DATEDIFF(second, FactoryEventHub, LastInWindow) BETWEEN 0 AND 1  
    AND FactoryEventHub.temperaturereadtimestamp = LastInWindow.LastEventTime
```

JOIN ON DATEDIFF

Defines a time boundary to limit the amount of records to evaluate for the join





If you want to do a deeper dive into Stream Analytics, refer to the course: “Understanding Azure Stream Analytics” by Alan Smith.



Let's continue building our
solution!



Machinery Temperature Monitoring



We stream the machine's temperature readings multiple times per second to Azure



We want to aggregate the temperature readings and add reference information to it



Average Temperature

Maximum Temperature

Minimum Temperature

Standard Deviation of the Temperature

Last Temperature Direction

Demo



Querying Event Hub data with Stream Analytics



Reference Data

Data that enriches the incoming stream

The data must be a file or set of files in Blob Storage

Useful when the data origin is not aware of this reference data

You refer to it as simply another table in your Stream Analytics SQL



Reference Data



We will augment the stream by adding information about which energy panel is connected to each machine.

Demo



Adding reference data with Stream Analytics



Summary



Stream Analytics allow augmenting, aggregating, and analyzing data on-the-fly

SUs represent the compute resources for the job

Jobs are defined in a SQL query language

At this point in our solution, we have the Stream Analytics query that we will use to push data forward to Power BI



Next Module:

Ingesting Streaming Data into Power BI

