Python Fundamentals

Strings and Collections

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Collections



str bytes list dict

for-loops



immutable sequences of Unicode codepoints

String Literals

'This is a string'

"This is also a string"

Moment of Zen

Practicality beats purity

Beautiful text strings
Rendered in literal form
Simple elegance



Strings with Newlines





1. Multiline strings

2. Escape sequences











Universal Newlines



PEP 278

http://www.python.org/dev/peps/pep-0278/

Escape Sequences



Sequence	Meaning	
\newline	Backslash and newline ignored	
\\	Backslash (\)	
\'	Single quote (')	
\a	ASCII Bell (BEL)	
\b	ASCII Backspace (BS)	
\f	ASCII Formfeed (FF)	
\n	ASCII Linefeed (LF)	
\r	ASCII Carriage Return (CR)	
\t	ASCII Horizontal Tab (TAB)	
\v	ASCII Vertical Tab (VT)	
\000	Character with octal value ooo	
\xhh	Character with hex value hh	
Only recognized in string literals		
\N{name}	Character named name in the Unicode database	
\uxxxx	Character with 16-bit hex value xxxx	
\Uxxxxxxxx	Character with 32-bit hex value xxxxxxxx	

Escape Sequences



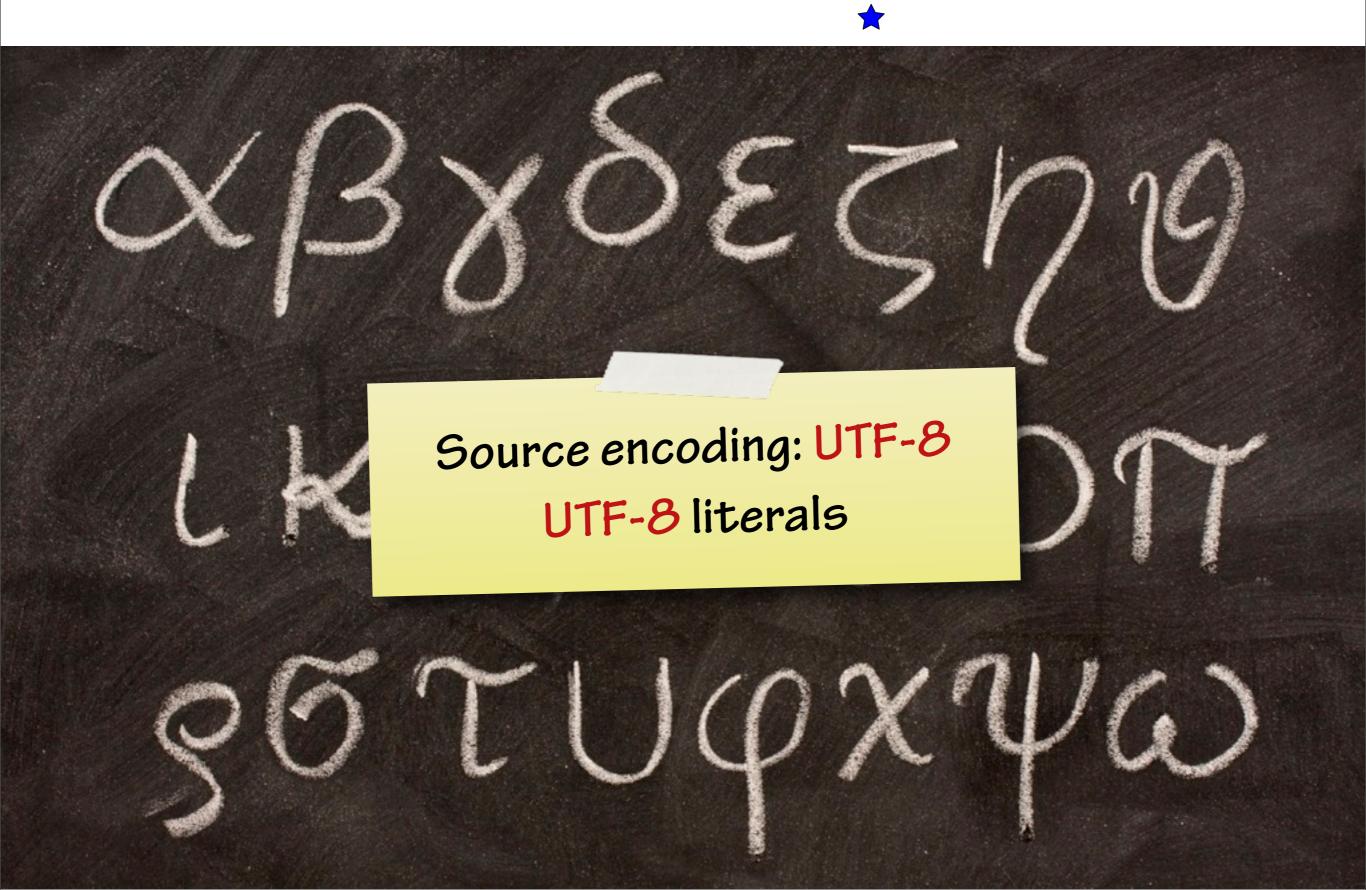


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\n		12/22600000/	
\r	http://d	docs.python.org/3/reference/	
\t	lexical	_analysis.html#strings	
١v			
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No Separate Character Type

No separate character type "characters" are simply one element strings

Python Strings Are Unicode





bytes

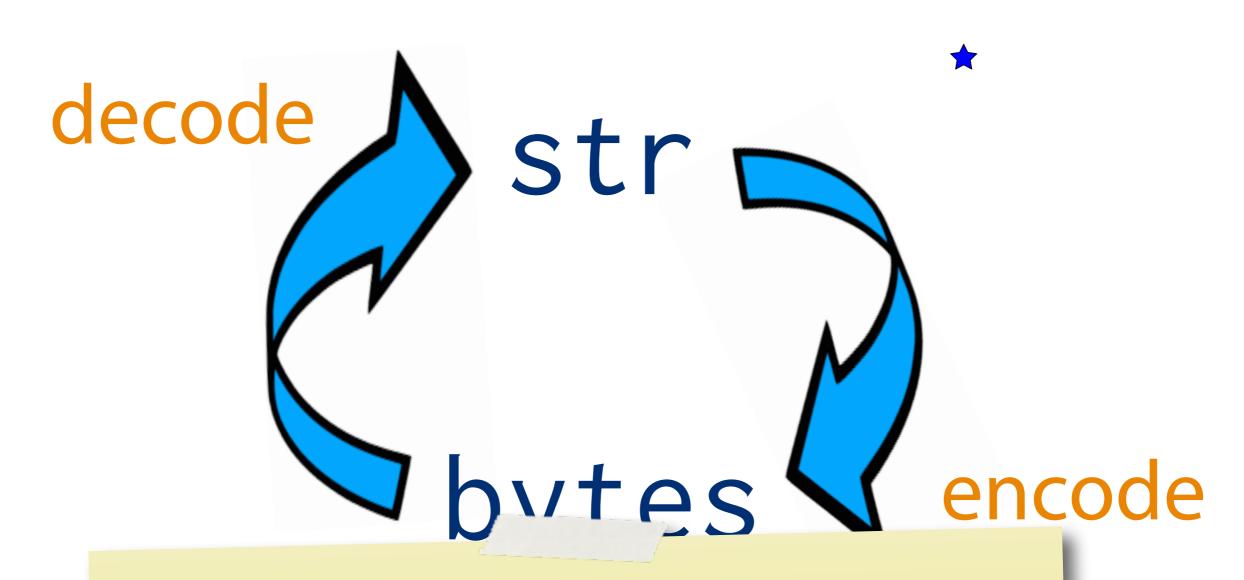
immutable sequences of bytes

Bytes Literals

b'data'

b"data"

Converting Between Strings and Bytes



Encodings

http://docs.python.org/3/library/codecs.html#standard-encodings



mutable sequences of objects

List Literals

```
[a, b, c, d]
```



mutable mappings of keys to values

Dict Literals

```
{k1: v1, k2: v2}
```

Dict Literals

```
keys
{k1: v1, k2: v2}
```

Dict Literals

```
keys
{k1: v1, k2: v2}
        values
```



for-loop

visit each item in an iterable series

For-Loop Syntax

```
for item in iterable:
...body...
```

Exit the REPL



Ctrl-Z





Ctrl-D

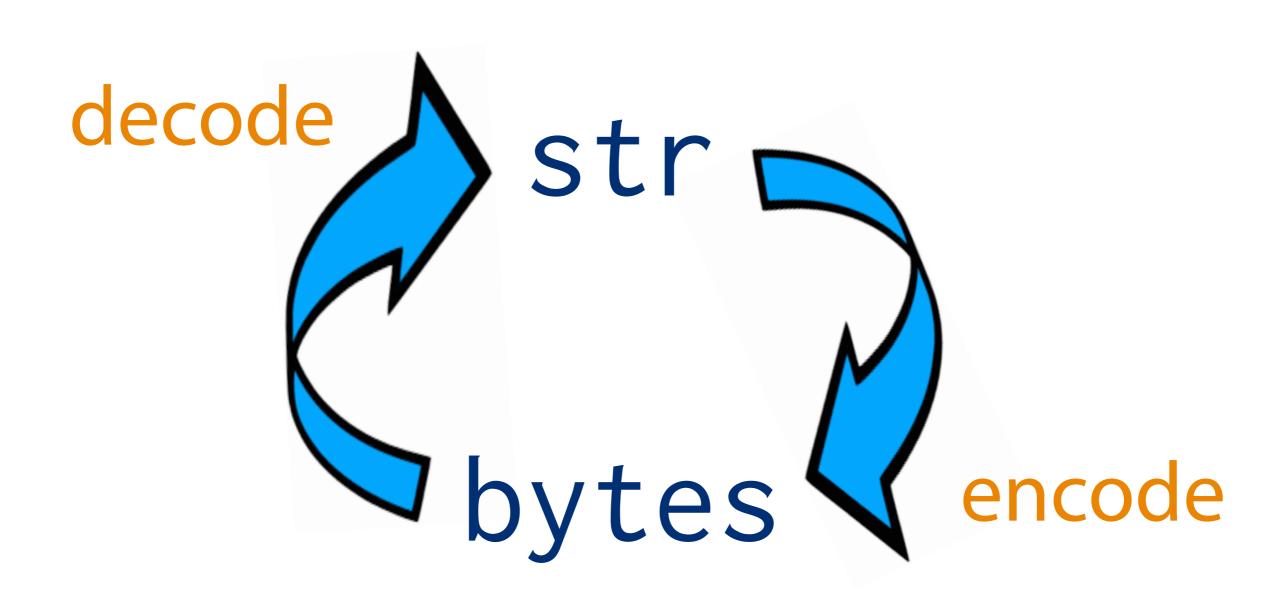


Recall: Bytes Literals

b'data'

b"data"

Recall: Converting Between Strings and Bytes







- Single- and multi-line string quoting
- Adjacent string literal concatenation
- Universal newlines
- Escape sequences for control characters
- Raw strings suppress the escaping mechanism
- Convert other types with the str() constructor
- Zero-based square-bracket indexing of strings
- Rich variety of string methods
- Python 3 source encoding is UTF-8
- bytes is a sequence of bytes, str is a sequence of Unicode codepoints
- bytes literals prefixed with a lowercase b

python Summary: Strings and Bytes

- Single- and multi-line string quoting
- Adjacent string literal concatenation
- Universal newlines
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- Raw strings suppress the escaping mechanism
- Convert other types with the str() constructor
- Zero-based square-bracket indexing of strings
- Rich variety of string methods
- Python 3 source encoding is UTF-8
- bytes is a sequence of bytes, str is a sequence of Unicode codepoints
- bytes literals prefixed with a lowercase b
- Convert str to bytes with encode(), bytes to str with decode()



- Lists are mutable, heterogeneous sequences of objects
- List literals delimited by square brackets, items separated by commas
- Zero-based, square-bracket indexing to retrieve objects
- Square-bracket assignment to replace objects
- Grow lists with append()
- Construct from other sequences using list() constructor



- Dictionaries associate keys with values
- Literal dicts delimited by curly braces
- Literal key-value pairs separated by commas, with a colon between each key and value



- Take items one-by-one from an iterable object, binding a name to the current item
- Correspond to for-each loops in other languages

for item in iterable: ...body...

