Multimedia Data Formats

Sascha Wernegger

June 6, 2016

Compression

- ImageMagick
- JXRLIB

Benchmark

- VLBENCHMARK

Dataset

- Oxbuild

Queries

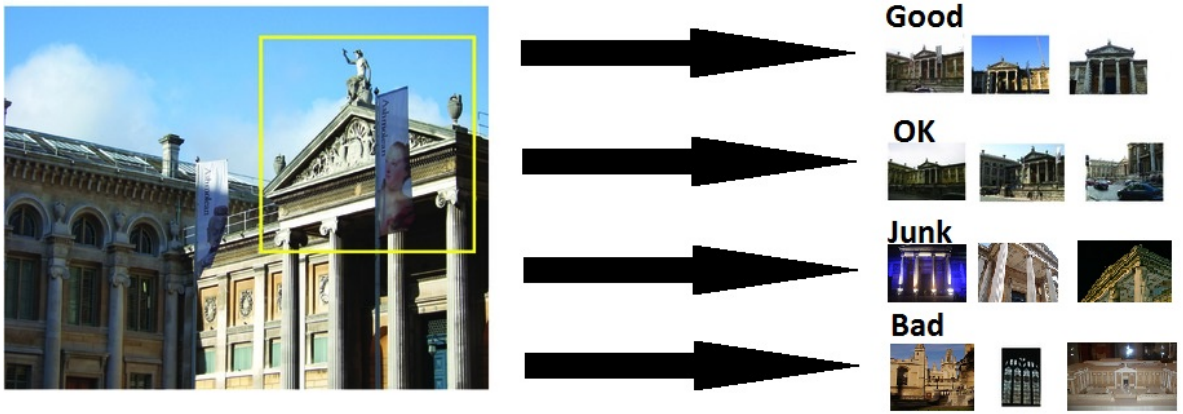
the query consists of a reference image and 4 query sets:

good A nice, clear picture of the object

ok More than 25% of the object is clearly visible.

junk Junk Less than 25% of the object is visible, or there are very high levels of occlusion or distortion.

bad Object not present



now similarity

between these image is measured

Generic Local Feature Extractor

Local Feature Frames

- search image for interest points
- define a frame for that point(points,circles,elipses)

Descriptor

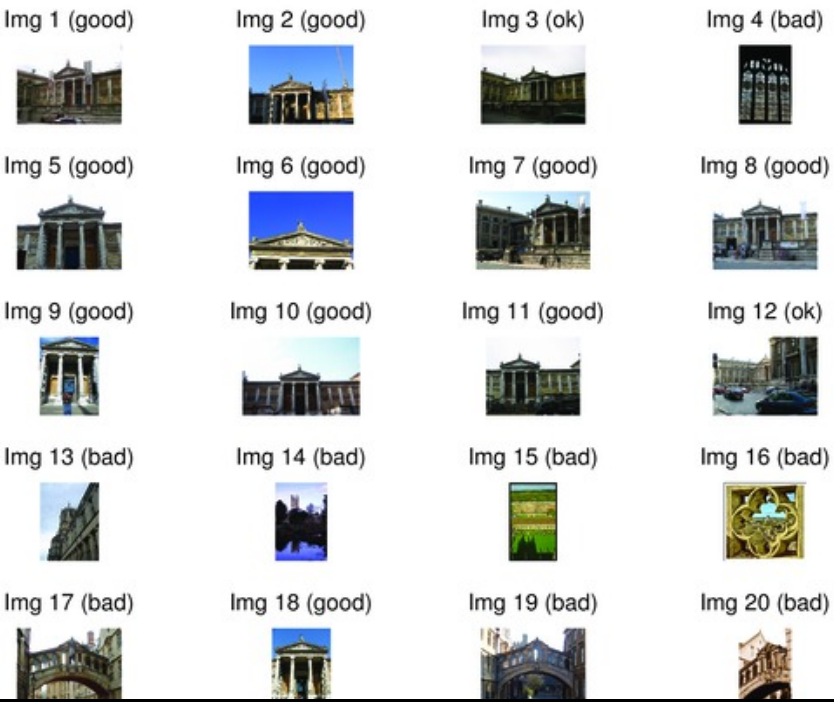
- compute descriptor using the frame

So we got n frames and n descriptors

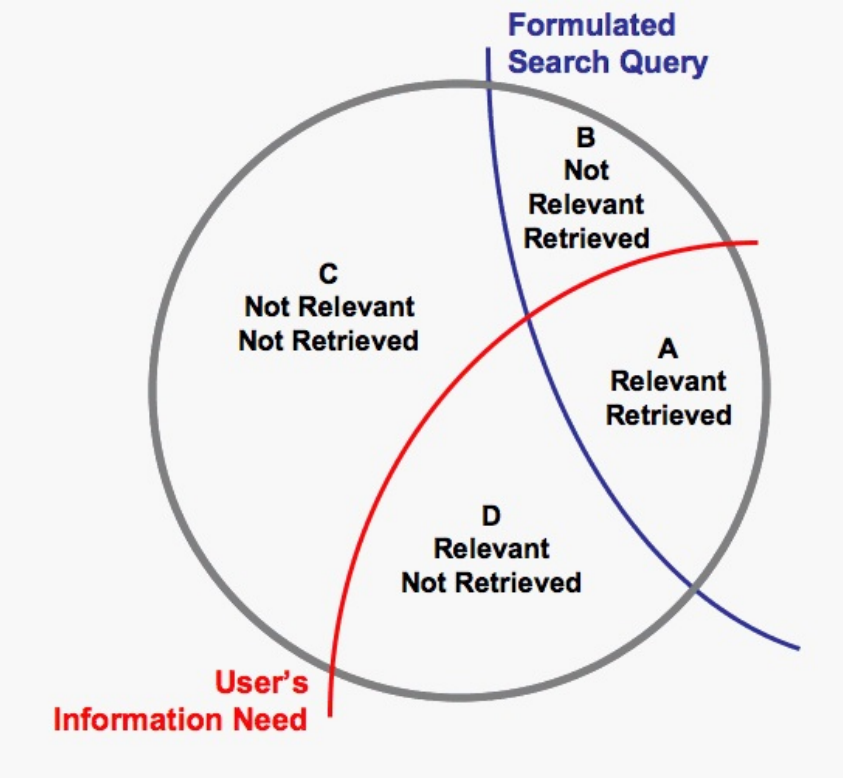
Retrieval System

Ranking

- calculate KNN for the every reference descriptor
- vote with descriptor distance for the image
- normalize
- sort images after voting



Recall Precision



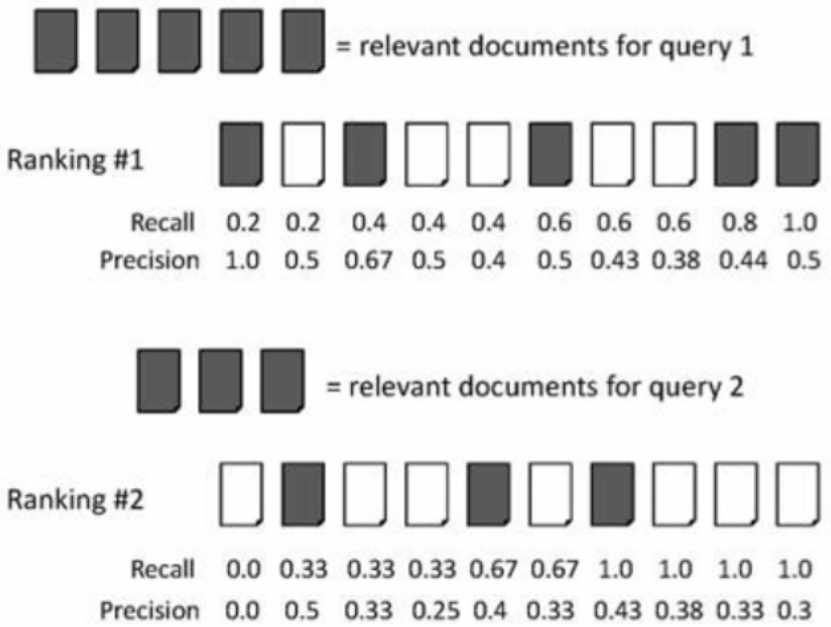
Metrics for Measuring Classification Quality

Point of View – Class 1

	Gold Class 1	Gold Class 2
Observed Class 1	TP	FP
Observed Class 2	FN	TN

$$\text{Precision} = \frac{tp}{tp + fp} \qquad \text{Recall} = \frac{tp}{tp + fn}$$

Mean Average Precision



$$average\ precision\ query\ 1 = (1.0 + 0.67 + 0.5 + 0.44 + 0.5)/5 = 0.62$$
$$average\ precision\ query\ 2 = (0.5 + 0.4 + 0.43)/3 = 0.44$$

$$mean\ average\ precision = (0.62 + 0.44)/2 = 0.53$$

Mean Average Precision add

How use the four query classes

- good and ok images are relevant
- junk will be ignored
- bad will count as wrong

FeatureDetectors

- vlfeat
  - SIFT
  - PHOW(DSIFT)
- opencv
  - SURF
  - ORB

Results

- plot of mAP over image file size
- plot query precision
- plot prc