1 0X0	
2 270	
2 XX0	
3 OOX	

1 XXX	
2 OOX	
2 000	
3 X00	

1 X0X	
2 XX0	
2 110	
3 00X	

1 00X	
2 X0X	
2 ۸0۸	
3 OXX	

```
1 """
 2 functions related to creating, printing,
 3 and evaluating tic-tac-toe boards
5 : author: Ian Sulley
6 :note: I affirm that I have carried out the attached
   academic endeavors with full academic honesty,
7 in accordance with the Union College Honor Code and the
   course syllabus
8
9
10
11 def remove blank lines(list of strings):
12
13
       Given a list of strings, return a copy
14
       with all empty strings removed
15
       :param list_of_strings: list of strings, some of which
    may be ''; this list is unchanged
16
       :return: list identical to list_of_strings, but all
   empty strings removed
17
18
       result = list()
19
       for s in list of strings:
20
           if s != '':
21
               result.append(s)
22
       return result
23
24
25 def get_board_from_file(filename):
26
27
       Reads board, returns a list of rows.
       :param filename: text file with a tic-tac-toe board
28
   such as
29
       X X X
30
       0 X 0
       X O O
31
32
       where each line is one row
33
       :return: list of strings where each string is a
34
       row from filename; any blank lines in the file are
   removed
       Example: ["X X X", "O X O", "X O O"]
35
36
37
       board list = []
38
       board file = open(filename, "r")
       for line in board_file:
39
           board list.append(line.strip())
40
```

```
board file.close()
41
42
       board list = remove blank lines(board list)
43
       return board list
44
45
46 def print row(row):
47
48
       Nicely prints a row of the board.
       :param row: string of Xs and Os
49
50
       nice row = ''
51
52
       for i in range(0, len(row)):
53
           nice row += row[i]
           if i != len(row) - 1:
54
               nice_row += ' | '
55
       print(nice row)
56
57
58
59 def print board(board):
60
61
       prints the tic-tac-toe board
62
       :param board: list of rows
       11 11 11
63
       for i in range(0, len(board)):
64
           row = board[i]
65
           print row(row)
66
           if i != len(board) - 1:
67
               print('----')
68
69
70
71 def three in row(board, player, start x, start y, dx, dy):
72
73
       Determines if a player has three in a row, starting
       from a starting position (start x, start y) and going
74
75
       in the direction indicated by (dx, dy). Example:
       (start x, start y) = (2,2) means we start at the lower
76
77
       right (row 2, col 2). (dx, dy) = (-1, 0) means the
  next
78
       square we check is (2+dx, 2+dy) = (1,2). And the last
79
       square we check is (1+dx, 2+dy) = (0,2).
                                                  So we've
  just
80
       checked the rightmost column - (2,2), (1,2), and (0,2)
   ).
81
       :param board: list of rows
       :param player: string -- either "X" or "O"
82
83
       :param start x: row to start checking at; first row is
```

```
83
    row 0
84
        :param start y: col to start checking at; first col
85
        :param dx: 1 if checking downward, -1 if checking
    upward, 0 if checking this row
        :param dy: 1 if checking rightward, -1 if checking
 86
    leftward, 0 if checking this col
 87
 88
        x = start_x
89
        y = start y
 90
        for i in range(0, 3):
 91
            if board[x][y] != player:
                return False
92
            x += dx
93
94
            y += dy
95
        return True
96
97
98 def is_winner(board, player):
99
100
        Returns True if and only if the given player has won.
        :param board: list of row strings
101
102
        :param player: string - "X" or "O"
103
        :return: True if player won; False if player lost or
    tied
        11 11 11
104
105
        if (three_in_row(board, player, 0, 0, 1, 1)
106
                or three in row(board, player, 0, 2, 1, -1)):
107
            return True
        else:
108
109
            for i in range(0, 3):
                if (three_in_row(board, player, 0, i, 1, 0)
110
111
                         or three in row(board, player, i, 0,
    0, 1)):
112
                    return True
113
            return False
114
115
116 def get_winner(board):
117
118
        Returns the name of the winner, or None if there is
    no winner
119
        :param board: list of row strings
        :return: "X" if X is winner, "O" if O is winner, None
120
     if tie
        11 11 11
121
```

```
if is winner(board, 'X'):
122
123
            return 'X'
        elif is winner(board, '0'):
124
125
            return '0'
126
        else:
127
            return None
128
129 def confirm result(board, expected winner):
130
131
        Checks that the computed result matches the expected
    result.
132
        :param board:list of row strings
        :param expected winner: Correct winner that should
133
    occur
        :return: "PASS" if computed matches expected result
134
    and "FAIL" and the correct winner, if the result does nat
     match.
        11 11 11
135
136
137
        if (get winner(board) == expected winner
138
            or get winner(board) == None):
139
            print("PASS")
140
        else:
141
            print("FAIL")
142
            print("Should have returned " + expected winner
     + " wins")
143
144 def test_all(board_files):
145
146
        Iterates through all boards and computes their
    solutions.
147
        Calls print_board(), get_winner() and confirm_result
    for each.
148
        :param board files: list of txt files or lists of
    lists constaining tic tak toe board
        :return: calls confirm result to state if it is a
149
    PASS or Fail
        11 11 11
150
151
        if isinstance(board files[0][0], str):
152
153
154
            for file in board files:
155
                board = get board from file(file[0])
156
                .....
157
                I commented this section out for if you want
158
```

```
158 to print out the boards and calculated results.
159
                By default it only tells you if you PASS or
    FAIL confirm result()
160
161
162
                print board(board)
163
                winner = get_winner(board)
                print("Result: %s wins" % (str(winner)))
164
165
166
                confirm result(board, board files[i][1])
167
                i += 1
168
169
        else:
170
            i = 0
171
            for board in board files:
172
                .....
173
                I commented this section out for if you want
174
    to print out the boards and calculated results.
                By default it only tells you if you PASS or
175
    FAIL confirm result()
176
                print board(board[0])
177
                winner = get winner(board[0])
178
                print("Result: %s wins" % (str(winner)))
179
                confirm result(board[0], board_files[i][1])
180
                i += 1
181
182
183 def main():
184
185
        contains list of tuples which each contain
        (board file, expected result)
186
        :return: calls test all(board files)
187
        11 11 11
188
189
        board files = [
190
191
            ("X_wins.txt"
192
            ("X wins2.txt"
            ("X_wins3.txt"
193
                             "X"),
194
            ("O_wins.txt"
                             "0"),
            ("0_wins2.txt", "0"),
195
196
            ("Tie1.txt", None)
197
        1
198
199
        test all(board files)
200
```

```
201 def main2():
202
203
        constains list of tuples with each tuple containing
204
        (hardcoded_board, expected result)
        :return: calls test all(hardcoded boards)
205
206
207
208
        Xwins_board = [
209
             "XXX",
            "00X",
210
             "XXO"
211
212
        ]
213
214
        Xwins2 board = [
             "XOX",
215
             "XXO",
216
             "00X"
217
218
        ]
219
220
        Xwins3 board = [
221
             "00X",
            "XOX",
222
223
             "OXX"
224
        ]
225
226
        Owins board = [
             "000",
227
            "OXX",
228
             "XXO"
229
230
        1
231
232
        Owins2\_board = [
             "XXO",
233
            "X00",
234
             "OXX"
235
236
        ]
237
238
        Tie board = [
            "OXO",
239
240
            "XXO",
             "00X"
241
242
        ]
243
244
        hardcoded boards = [
             (Xwins_board , "X"),
245
             (Xwins2 board, "X"),
246
```

```
(Xwins3_board , "X"),
(Owins_board , "0"),
(Owins2_board , "0"),
247
248
249
               (Tie_board , None)
250
          ]
251
252
          test_all(hardcoded_boards)
253
254
255 if __name__ == "__main__":
          main()
256
257
```