```
1 package proj3; // do not erase. Gradescope expects this.
3 public class Card {
5
 6
       private int cardRank;// Rank of the card
7
       private String cardSuit; //Suit of the card
8
       /**
9
10
       * Card Object Constructor
        * @param rank rank of the card
11
12
        * @param suit suit of the card
13
14
       public Card(int rank, String suit) {
15
16
           cardRank = rank;
17
           cardSuit = suit;
18
19
       }
20
21
22
       /**
23
       * getter for the rank of the card
24
        * @return int: rank
25
26
       public int getCardRank() {
27
           return cardRank;
28
       }
29
30
31
       * Getter for the suit of the card
32
33
        * @return String: suit
34
35
       public String getCardSuit() {
36
           return cardSuit;
37
38
       /**
39
40
        * format the Card as a string for printing and such
41
42
        * @return String of the card
43
44
       public @Override String toString() {
45
46
           String rankHolder = Integer.toString(cardRank);
47
           if(cardRank == 11) {
48
               rankHolder = "Jack";
49
50
           if(cardRank == 12){
51
               rankHolder = "Queen";
52
```

## File - C:\CSC120\Sulley\_Project3\src\proj3\Card.java

```
53
          if(cardRank == 13) {
54
              rankHolder = "King";
55
56
          if(cardRank == 14){
57
             rankHolder = "Ace";
58
59
         String cardString = "[ " + cardRank + " of " +
60
 cardSuit + " ]";
61
          return cardString;
62
63
     }
64
65 }
66
```

```
1 package proj3; // do not erase. Gradescope expects this.
3 import java.util.*;
4 import java.util.concurrent.ThreadLocalRandom;
6 /**
7 * Class for modeling a Deck of Cards
8 */
9 public class Deck {
10
       private int DECK SIZE =52;//standard deck size
11
12
       private ArrayList<Card> cardList = new ArrayList<Card</pre>
   >(DECK SIZE); //Arraylist of cards
       private int nextToDeal = 0;//intialized variable of
13
   index we are drawing next card from
14
15
       /**
16
        * Constructor for a Deck object
17
        */
18
       public Deck() {
19
           generateDeck();//generates the deck
20
       }
21
       /**
22
23
       * Generates a standard 52 card deck
24
        * ranks: 2 to 14
25
        * suits: Hearts, Diamonds, Spades, Clubs
26
27
       private void generateDeck() {
28
           for (int i=0; i<4; i++) {
29
               for(int j=2; j<=14; j++) {
30
                    Card card = null;
31
                    if(i == 0) {
32
                        card = new Card(j, "Hearts");
33
                    }
34
                    if(i == 1) {
35
                        card = new Card(j, "Diamonds");
36
37
                    if(i == 2) {
38
                        card = new Card(j, "Clubs");
39
                    }
                    if(i == 3) {
40
41
                        card = new Card(j, "Spades");
42
43
                    cardList.add(card);
44
               }
45
           }
46
       }
47
48
       /**
49
50
        * shuffles the deck of cards
```

```
51
52
       public void shuffle() {
53
54
           for(int i = nextToDeal; i < cardList.size(); i</pre>
   ++) {
55
56
                Card currentCard = cardList.get(i);
57
58
                int random = ThreadLocalRandom.current().
   nextInt(i, cardList.size());
59
60
                Card swapCard = cardList.get(random);
61
62
                cardList.set(i, swapCard);
63
                cardList.set(random, currentCard);
64
           }
65
       }
66
67
68
       /**
69
        * deals the next card in the deck
70
        * effiency: O(1)
71
        * <u>@return</u> previously undelt Card
        */
72
73
       public Card deal() {
74
           if(nextToDeal == this.size()){
75
                return null;
76
77
           else {
78
                Card topCard = cardList.get(nextToDeal);
79
                nextToDeal++;
80
                return topCard;
81
           }
82
83
       }
84
85
       /**
86
        * return size of the deck; number of undelt cards
87
        * @return int value of number of cards
88
       public int size() {
89
90
           int deckSize;
91
           deckSize = cardList.size() - nextToDeal;
92
           return deckSize;
93
       }
94
95
       /**
96
        * reset the next card to deal to the first in the
   deck
        */
97
98
       public void gather() {
99
           nextToDeal = 0;
```

## File - C:\CSC120\Sulley\_Project3\src\proj3\Deck.java

```
100
101
102
        /**
103
         * format the deck as a string for printing and such
104
         * @return String
         */
105
106
        public @Override String toString() {
107
             String str = "";
108
             for (int i = nextToDeal; i <cardList.size(); i++) {</pre>
109
                 str += cardList.get(i).toString();
110
                 str += "\n";
111
112
             return str;
113
        }
114
115 }
116
```

```
1 package proj3;
2
3 /**
4 * This class contains a collection of methods that help
  with testing. All methods
  * here are static so there's no need to construct a
  Testing object. Just call them
 6 * with the class name like so:
 7 * 
  * <code>Testing.assertEquals("test description", expected
  , actual) </code>
9
10 * <u>@author</u> Kristina Striegnitz, Aaron Cass, Chris
  Fernandes
11 * <u>@version</u> 5/28/18
12
13 public class Testing {
14
15
      private static boolean VERBOSE = false;
16
      private static int numTests;
17
      private static int numFails;
18
19
       /**
20
       * Toggles between a lot of output and little output.
21
22
       * @param verbose
23
                     If verbose is true, then complete
  information is printed,
24
                    whether the tests passes or fails. If
  verbose is false, only
25
                    failures are printed.
       */
26
27
      public static void setVerbose(boolean verbose)
28
29
          VERBOSE = verbose;
30
       }
31
       /**
32
33
       * Each of the assertEquals methods tests whether the
 actual
34
       * result equals the expected result. If it does, then
    the test
35
       * passes, otherwise it fails.
36
37
       * The only difference between these methods is the
  types of the
38
       * parameters.
39
40
       * All take a String message and two values of some
 other type to
41
       * compare:
42
```

```
@param message
44
                      a message or description of the test
45
        * @param expected
46
                      the correct, or expected, value
47
        * @param actual
48
                      the actual value
49
50
       public static void assertEquals(String message,
  boolean expected,
51
                                         boolean actual)
52
       {
53
           printTestCaseInfo(message, "" + expected, "" +
   actual);
54
           if (expected == actual) {
55
               pass();
56
           } else {
57
               fail (message);
58
59
       }
60
61
       public static void assertEquals(String message, int
   expected, int actual)
62
63
           printTestCaseInfo(message, "" + expected, "" +
   actual);
64
           if (expected == actual) {
65
               pass();
66
           } else {
67
               fail(message);
68
           }
69
       }
70
71
       public static void assertEquals(String message, Object
    expected,
72
                                         Object actual)
73
       {
74
           String expectedString = "<<null>>";
75
           String actualString = "<<null>>";
76
           if (expected != null) {
77
               expectedString = expected.toString();
78
79
           if (actual != null) {
80
               actualString = actual.toString();
81
82
           printTestCaseInfo(message, expectedString,
   actualString);
83
84
           if (expected == null) {
               if (actual == null) {
85
86
                    pass();
87
                } else {
88
                    fail (message);
```

```
89
 90
            } else if (expected.equals(actual)) {
 91
                pass();
 92
            } else {
 93
                fail (message);
 94
 95
        }
 96
        /**
 97
 98
         * Asserts that a given boolean must be true. The
    test fails if
 99
         * the boolean is not true.
100
101
         * @param message The test message
102
         * @param actual The boolean value asserted to be
    true.
103
104
        public static void assertTrue(String message, boolean
     actual)
105
        {
106
            assertEquals(message, true, actual);
107
        }
108
        /**
109
110
        * Asserts that a given boolean must be false. The
   test fails if
111
         * the boolean is not false (i.e. if it is true).
112
113
         * @param message The test message
114
         * @param actual The boolean value asserted to be
   false.
115
116
        public static void assertFalse(String message,
    boolean actual)
117
        {
118
            assertEquals (message, false, actual);
119
120
121
        private static void printTestCaseInfo(String message
    , String expected,
122
                                                String actual)
123
        {
124
            if (VERBOSE) {
125
                System.out.println(message + ":");
126
                System.out.println("expected: " + expected);
127
                System.out.println("actual: " + actual);
128
            }
129
        }
130
131
        private static void pass()
132
133
            numTests++;
```

```
134
135
            if (VERBOSE) {
136
                System.out.println("--PASS--");
137
                System.out.println();
138
            }
139
        }
140
141
        private static void fail(String description)
142
143
            numTests++;
144
            numFails++;
145
146
            if (!VERBOSE) {
147
                System.out.print(description + " ");
148
149
            System.out.println("--FAIL--");
150
            System.out.println();
151
        }
152
153
154
         * Prints a header for a section of tests.
155
         * @param sectionTitle The header that should be
156
   printed.
157
158
        public static void testSection(String sectionTitle)
159
160
            if (VERBOSE) {
161
                int dashCount = sectionTitle.length();
162
                System.out.println(sectionTitle);
163
                for (int i = 0; i < dashCount; i++) {</pre>
164
                     System.out.print("-");
165
166
                System.out.println();
167
                System.out.println();
168
            }
169
        }
170
        /**
171
172
         * Initializes the test suite. Should be called
    before running any
173
         * tests, so that passes and fails are correctly
    tallied.
174 s
175
        public static void startTests()
176
177
            System.out.println("Starting Tests");
178
            System.out.println();
179
            numTests = 0;
180
            numFails = 0;
181
        }
182
```

```
183
184
        * Prints out summary data at end of tests. Should
   be called
185
        * after all the tests have run.
186
187
       public static void finishTests()
188
189
            System.out.println("=======");
            System.out.println("Tests Complete");
190
191
            System.out.println("=======");
            int numPasses = numTests - numFails;
192
193
194
            System.out.print(numPasses + "/" + numTests + "
   PASS ");
195
           System.out.printf("(pass rate: %.1f%s)\n",
196
                              100 * ((double) numPasses) /
   numTests,
197
                              "용");
198
           System.out.print(numFails + "/" + numTests + "
199
   FAIL ");
200
           System.out.printf("(fail rate: %.1f%s)\n",
201
                              100 * ((double) numFails) /
   numTests,
202
                              "용");
203
       }
204
205 }
206
```

```
1 package proj3; // do not erase. Gradescope expects this.
3 import java.util.*;
5 public class PokerHand {
7
       private int MAX HAND SIZE = 5;
       private ArrayList<Card> cardsInHand; //all the cards
   in the hand
9
       private ArrayList<Integer> allRanks = new ArrayList<</pre>
10
   Integer>(); //for seperating out the ranks of the cards
       private ArrayList<String> allSuits = new ArrayList<</pre>
11
   String>(); //for seperating out the suits
12
13
       private ArrayList<Integer> pairRanks = new ArrayList<</pre>
   Integer>(); //for seperating out the pairs
14
       private ArrayList<Integer> highcardRanks = new
  ArrayList<Integer>(); //for seperating out the non-pairs
15
16
       private TreeMap<Integer, Integer> rankOccurances = new
    TreeMap<Integer, Integer>(Collections.reverseOrder());//
   experimenting with a new data structure, makes sorting
  fuctions simplier
17
       /**
18
19
        * A Constructer for a PokerHand Object
20
21
        * # @param cardList cards that will make up the
  PokerHand
22
       */
23
       public PokerHand(ArrayList<Card> cardList) {
24
           cardsInHand = cardList;
25
26
27
       /**
28
        * add a card to the Poker Hand if there are less than
    5 cards in the hand
29
        * otherwise do nothing
30
31
        * @param card card being added to the PokerHand
32
33
       public void addCard(Card card) {
34
35
           if (cardsInHand.size() < MAX HAND SIZE) {</pre>
36
               cardsInHand.add(card);
37
           }
38
       }
39
       /**
40
41
        * return the card in the pokerHand at the given index
42
```

```
* @param index index of card being retrieved
44
        * @return Card
45
        */
       public Card get ith card(int index) {
46
47
           if (index >= 0 && index < cardsInHand.size() - 1</pre>
   ) {
48
               return cardsInHand.get(index);
49
           } else {
50
               return null;
51
52
       }
53
54
       /**
55
        * override the toString function to turn a PokerHand
   into a properly formatted string
56
        * @return String
57
        */
58
       public @Override String toString() {
           String str = "";
59
60
           for (int i = 0; i < cardsInHand.size(); i++) {</pre>
61
               str += cardsInHand.get(i).toString();
62
               str += "\n";
63
64
           return str;
65
       }
66
       /**
67
68
        * Determines how this hand compares to another hand,
   returns
69
        * positive, negative, or zero depending on the
   comparison.
70
71
        * @param other The hand to compare this hand to
72
        * @return a negative number if this is worth LESS
   than other, zero
73
        * if they are worth the SAME, and a positive number
   if this is worth
74
        * MORE than other
75
        */
76
       public int compareTo(PokerHand other) {
77
78
           //organize the hands and determine their types
79
           //this hand
80
           this.getHandData();
81
           Integer hand1Type = this.handType();
82
           //otherhand
83
           other.getHandData();
84
           Integer hand2Type = other.handType();
85
86
           int handTypeComparison = hand1Type.compareTo(
  hand2Type);
87
```

```
88
            if(handTypeComparison != 0){
 89
                return handTypeComparison;
 90
             }
 91
 92
            else { //if hands are of the same type...
 93
                if(!pairRanks.isEmpty()) { //if there are
   pairs to compare...
 94
                    int pairCompare = this.tieBreaker(this.
   pairRanks, other.pairRanks); //compare them
 95
                    if(pairCompare == 0) { //if the pair
    values are equal
 96
                        return this.tieBreaker(this.
   highcardRanks, other.highcardRanks); // return the
   highcard comparison
 97
 98
                    else{ //otherwise return the pair
    comparison
 99
                        return pairCompare;
100
                    }
101
102
                }
103
                else{ //if there are no pairs to compare,
   just return the highcard comparison
104
                    return this.tieBreaker(this.highcardRanks
    , other.highcardRanks);
105
106
            }
107
        }
108
109
110
        * Determing the type of the hand. Flush, 2pair,
    1pair, or highcard
111
112
         * @return Integer : 4 if flush, 3 if 2pair, 2 if
   1pair, 1 if highcard
113
        private Integer handType() {
114
115
            boolean isFlush = flushCheck();
116
117
            if(isFlush) {
118
                return 4; //FLUSH
119
120
            if (pairRanks.size() == 2) { // if you have 2
   pairs
121
                return 3; //2Pair
122
            if (pairRanks.size() == 1) { //if you have 1 pair
123
124
                return 2; //1 PAIR
125
126
            else { //If its not a flush, 2pair, or 1pair it
   has to be....
                return 1; //HIGHCARD
127
```

```
128
129
130
        }
131
132
        /**
133
         * Breaks up all the hand data into managable chunks:
         * seperates suits and ranks into their own
134
    ArrayLists,
135
         * creates a Treemap of the ranks and their # of
    occurances,
         * uses the Treemap to fill ArrayLists with pair
136
    values, and non-pair(highcard) values
137
138
         */
139
        private void getHandData() {
140
141
            int size = cardsInHand.size(); //size of the hand
142
143
            for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
144
                Card currentCard = cardsInHand.get(i);//
    current card we are pulling data from
                allSuits.add(currentCard.getCardSuit()); //
145
    adding the current cards suit to the suit array
146
                allRanks.add(currentCard.getCardRank()); //
    adding the current cards rank to the rank array
147
148
149
            //sort allRanks into a TreeMap with Key = Rank &
    Value = instances of the rank
150
            for (Integer i : allRanks) {
151
                Integer j = rankOccurances.get(i);
                rankOccurances.put(i, (j == null) ? 1 : j + 1
152
    );
153
            }
154
155
            //sort rankOccurances by pairs and non-pairs (
    highcards)
156
            for (Integer key : rankOccurances.keySet()) {
157
                if(rankOccurances.get(key) == 4) { //2pair
158
                    pairRanks.add(key);
159
                    pairRanks.add(key);
160
161
                if(rankOccurances.get(key) == 2 | |
    rankOccurances.get(key) == 3) {
162
                    pairRanks.add(key);
163
                }
164
                else{
165
                     highcardRanks.add(key);
166
                }
167
            }
168
        }
169
```

```
170
171
        * compares two ArrayLists of ranks and determines
   which has the first instance of a greater value
172
173
         * @param theseRanks Arraylist of ranks from this
174
         * @param otherRanks Arraylist of ranks from other
   hand
         * @return int 1 if theseRanks is greater, -1 if
175
   otherRanks is greater, 0 if all ranks are the same
176
177
        private int tieBreaker(ArrayList<Integer> theseRanks
    , ArrayList<Integer> otherRanks) {
178
179
            //compare each rank
180
            for (int i = 0; i < theseRanks.size(); i++) {</pre>
                int currentCompare = theseRanks.get(i).
181
   compareTo(otherRanks.get(i)); //compare current index
                if (currentCompare != 0) { //if the current
182
    index ranks are different...
183
                    return currentCompare; //return the
   comparison
184
185
186
            return 0; //you make it through all ranks and
 they are all the same
187
       }
188
189
        /**
190
        * checks if the hand is a flush
191
192
        * @return true if hand is a flush, false if not
193
194
       private boolean flushCheck() {
195
196
            //checking for a flush
197
            String checkSuit = allSuits.get(1);//a suit
  present in the hand
198
            if(Collections.frequency(allSuits, checkSuit) ==
   cardsInHand.size()){
199
                return true;
200
            }
201
            else{
202
               return false;
203
            }
204
        }
205 }
206
```

```
1 package proj3;
 2 import org.junit.Test;
4 import java.util.ArrayList;
5 import java.util.Arrays;
 6 import java.util.concurrent.ThreadLocalRandom;
7
8 /**
9
   * Author: Ian Sulley
10 *
11 * Honor Code: I affirm that I have carried out the
   attached academic endeavors
12
  * with full academic honesty, in accordance with the
   Union College Honor Code
13 * and the course syllabus
14
15
16 /**
17
    * Testing Class for PokerHand compareTo()
18
19 public class PokerComparisonTests {
20
21
       public static void main(String[] args) {
22
23
           test all();
24
       }
25
26
27
       //#####TESTS#############
28
       public static void test all() {
29
           Testing.startTests();
           test all flushes();
30
31
           test all two pair();
32
           test all pair();
33
           Testing.finishTests();
34
       }
35
36
37 //#####FLUSH TESTS#####
38
39
       public static void test all flushes() {
40
           Testing.startTests();
           compare flushes1();
41
42
           compare flushes2();
43
           compare flushes tie();
44
           compare flush 2pair();
45
           compare flush pair();
46
           compare flush hi();
47
           Testing.finishTests();
48
       }
49
50
       //# Flush1 vs Flush2 (Flush 1 wins highcard is greater
```

```
50 )
51
       public static void compare flushes1() {
           ArrayList<Card> handlarray = new ArrayList<Card>(
52
  Arrays.asList(new Card(13, "S"), new Card(12, "S"), new
  Card(9, "S"), new Card(7, "S"), new Card(3, "S")));
53
           PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand(handlarray);
54
           PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
  Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(4, "C"), new Card(2, "C"),
  new Card(7, "C"), new Card(5, "C"), new Card(10, "C"))));
55
56
           int expected answer = 1;
57
           int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
           Testing.assertEquals("Testing Flush1 vs Flush2 (
58
  Flush 1 wins; Highcard is greater)",
59
                   expected answer,
60
                   actual answer);
61
       }
62
63
       //# Flush1 vs Flush2 (Flush 2 wins highcard is
  greater)
64
     public static void compare flushes2() {
65
           PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
  Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(4, "C"), new Card(2, "C"),
  new Card(7, "C"), new Card(5, "C"), new Card(10, "C"))));
           PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
66
  Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(13, "S"), new Card(12, "S")
   ), new Card(9, "S"), new Card(7, "S"), new Card(3, "S"
  ))));
67
68
           int expected answer = -1;
           int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
69
           Testing.assertEquals("Testing Flush1 vs Flush2 (
  Flush 2 wins highcard is greater)",
71
                   expected answer,
72
                   actual answer);
73
       }
74
75
       //# Flush1 vs Flush2 (Tie)
       public static void compare_flushes_tie() {
76
77
           PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
  Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(4, "C"), new Card(2, "C"),
  new Card(7, "C"), new Card(5, "C"), new Card(10, "C"))));
78
           PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
  Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(7, "S"), new Card(5, "S"),
  new Card(4, "S"), new Card(2, "S"), new Card(10, "S"))));
79
80
           int expected answer = 0;
81
           int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
82
           Testing.assertEquals("Testing Flush1 vs Flush2
   Tie",
83
                   expected answer,
84
                   actual answer);
```

```
85
 86
 87
        //# Flush vs 2 pair
 88
        public static void compare flush 2pair() {
 89
            PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(7, "S"), new Card(5, "S"),
    new Card(11, "S"), new Card(2, "S"), new Card(10, "S"
    ))));
 90
            PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(4, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
   new Card(8, "S"), new Card(8, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
 91
            int expected answer = 1;
 92
 93
            int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
 94
            Testing.assertEquals("Testing Flush1 vs 2pair (
   Flush 1 wins)",
 95
                    expected answer,
 96
                    actual answer);
 97
        }
 98
 99
       //# Flush vs pair
100
        public static void compare flush pair() {
101
            PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(7, "S"), new Card(5, "S"),
   new Card(4, "S"), new Card(2, "S"), new Card(10, "S"))));
102
            PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(10, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
   new Card(9, "S"), new Card(10, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
103
104
            int expected answer = 1;
105
            int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
106
            Testing.assertEquals("Testing Flush1 vs pair (
   Flush 1 wins)",
107
                    expected answer,
108
                    actual answer);
109
        }
110
111
        //# Flush vs high Card
112
        public static void compare flush hi() {
113
            PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(7, "S"), new Card(5, "S"),
   new Card(4, "S"), new Card(2, "S"), new Card(10, "S"))));
            PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
114
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(3, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
   new Card(10, "S"), new Card(8, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
115
116
            int expected answer = 1;
117
            int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
118
            Testing.assertEquals("Testing Flush1 vs highcard
     (Flush 1 wins)",
119
                    expected answer,
120
                    actual answer);
```

```
121
122
123 //#####2 PAIR TESTS#####
124
125
        public static void test all two pair() {
126
            Testing.startTests();
127
            compare 2pair flush();
            compare 2pair 2pair 1();
128
129
            compare 2pair 2pair 2();
130
            compare 2pair 2pair 3();
131
            compare 2pair 2pair 4();
132
            Testing.finishTests();
133
        }
134
135
        //# 2pair vs Flush
136
        public static void compare 2pair flush() {
137
            PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(4, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
   new Card(8, "S"), new Card(8, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
138
            PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(7, "S"), new Card(5, "S"),
   new Card(11, "S"), new Card(2, "S"), new Card(10, "S"
    ))));
139
140
            int expected answer = -1;
141
            int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
142
            Testing.assertEquals("Testing 2pair vs Flush",
143
                    expected answer,
144
                    actual answer);
145
        }
146
147
        //# 2pair1 vs 2pair2 (2pair1 wins higher of pair
   values is greater)
148
        public static void compare 2pair 2pair 1() {
149
            PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
    Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(4, "H"), new Card(6, "D"),
    new Card(10, "S"), new Card(10, "C"), new Card(4, "D"
    ))));
150
            PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(4, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
   new Card(8, "S"), new Card(8, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
151
152
            int expected answer = 1;
153
            int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
154
            Testing.assertEquals("Testing 2pair1 vs 2pair2 (
    2pair1 wins higher of pair values is greater)",
155
                    expected answer,
156
                    actual answer);
157
        }
158
159
        //# 2pair1 vs 2pair2 (2pair2 wins higher of pair
   values is greater)
```

```
public static void compare 2pair 2pair 2() {
161
            PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(4, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
   new Card(8, "S"), new Card(8, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
162
            PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(14, "H"), new Card(14, "D"
    ), new Card(8, "S"), new Card(8, "C"), new Card(6, "D"
    ))));
163
164
            int expected answer = -1;
            int actual_answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
165
            Testing.assertEquals("Testing 2pair1 vs 2pair2 (
166
   2pair2 wins higher of pair values is greater)",
167
                    expected answer,
168
                    actual answer);
169
        }
170
171
        //# 2pair1 vs 2pair2 (2pair1 wins lower of pair
   values is greater)
172
       public static void compare 2pair 2pair 3() {
173
            PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(4, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
   new Card(8, "S"), new Card(8, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
174
            PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<</pre>
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(3, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
   new Card(8, "S"), new Card(8, "C"), new Card(3, "D"))));
175
176
            int expected answer = 1;
177
            int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
178
            Testing.assertEquals("2pair1 vs 2pair2 (2pair1
   wins lower of pair values is greater)",
179
                    expected answer,
180
                    actual answer);
181
       }
182
183
        //# 2pair1 vs 2pair2 (2pair2 wins lower of pair
    values is greater)
184
        public static void compare 2pair 2pair 4() {
185
            PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(3, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
   new Card(8, "S"), new Card(8, "C"), new Card(3, "D"))));
186
            PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(4, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
   new Card(8, "S"), new Card(8, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
187
188
            int expected answer = -1;
189
            int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
190
            Testing.assertEquals("Testing 2pair1 vs 2pair2 (
   2pair2 wins lower of pair values is greater) ",
191
                    expected answer,
192
                    actual answer);
193
        }
```

```
194
195 //####PAIR TESTS#####
196
197
        public static void test all pair() {
198
            Testing.startTests();
199
            compare pair pair 1();
200
            compare pair pair 2();
201
            compare pair pair 3();
202
            compare pair pair 4();
203
            Testing.finishTests();
204
        }
205
206
207
        //# pair1 vs pair2 (pair1 wins; high pair)
        public static void compare pair pair 1() {
208
209
            PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
    Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(10, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
    new Card(9, "S"), new Card(10, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
210
            PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
    Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(2, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
    new Card(9, "S"), new Card(9, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
211
212
            int expected answer = 1;
213
            int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
            Testing.assertEquals("pair1 vs pair2 (pair1 wins
214
    ; high pair)",
215
                    expected answer,
216
                    actual answer);
217
        }
218
        //# pair1 vs pair2 (pair2 wins; high pair)
219
220
        public static void compare pair pair 2() {
            PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
221
    Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(10, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
    new Card(9, "S"), new Card(10, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
222
            PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
    Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(12, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
    new Card(9, "S"), new Card(12, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
223
224
            int expected answer = -1;
225
            int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
226
            Testing.assertEquals("Testing pair1 vs pair2 (
   pair2 wins; high pair)",
227
                    expected answer,
228
                    actual answer);
229
        }
230
231
        //# pair1 vs pair2 (pair1 wins; highcard)
232
        public static void compare pair pair 3() {
233
            PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
    Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(10, "H"), new Card(\stackrel{\frown}{4}, "D"),
    new Card(12, "S"), new Card(10, "C"), new Card(6, "D"
```

```
233 ))));
234
            PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(10, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
   new Card(9, "S"), new Card(10, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
235
236
            int expected answer = 1;
237
            int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
238
            Testing.assertEquals("Testing pair1 vs pair2 (
   pair1 wins; highcard)",
239
                    expected answer,
240
                    actual answer);
241
        }
242
243
        //# pair1 vs pair2 (pair2 wins; highcard)
244
        public static void compare pair pair 4() {
245
            PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
    Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(10, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
   new Card(9, "S"), new Card(10, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
246
            PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(10, "H"), new Card(13, "D"
    ), new Card(9, "S"), new Card(10, "C"), new Card(6, "D"
    ))));
247
248
            int expected answer = -1;
249
            int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
250
            Testing.assertEquals("Testing pair1 vs pair2 (
   pair2 wins; highcard",
251
                    expected answer,
252
                    actual answer);
253
        }
254 }
255
256
257
258
259
260 /*
261
262
263
264
265
266
267
268
269
270
271
272
273
274
275
```