```
1 package proj4; // do not erase. Gradescope expects this.
3 import java.util.HashMap;
4 import java.util.Map;
6 public class Card {
7
8
       private int cardRank;// Rank of the card
9
10
       private String cardSuit; //Suit of the card
11
       /**
12
13
       * Card Object Constructor
14
        * @param rank rank of the card
15
        * @param suit suit of the card
16
17
       public Card(int rank, String suit) {
18
19
           cardRank = rank;
20
           cardSuit = suit;
21
22
       }
23
24
       /** * constructor
25
       * * @param rank integer between 2-14
       * * @param suit integer: 0=Spades, 1=Hearts, 2=Clubs
26
   , or 3=Diamonds
27
        * */
28
       public Card(int rank, int suit) {
29
30
           Map<Integer, String> suitMap = new HashMap<>();
           suitMap.put(0, "Spades");
31
32
           suitMap.put(1, "Hearts");
33
           suitMap.put(2, "Clubs");
           suitMap.put(3, "Diamonds");
34
35
36
           if (suitMap.containsKey(suit)) {
37
               cardSuit = suitMap.get(suit);
38
39
           else{
               throw new IllegalArgumentException("suit must
40
  be represented with an int 0-3");
41
           }
42
43
           cardRank =rank;
44
45
46
           * constructor
47
48
       * * Oparam rank String: whole cards (2-10) can either
    be spelled
       * * out like "two" or numeric like "2". Case
49
```

```
49 insensitive.
       * * @param suit String: "Spades", "Hearts", "Clubs
50
   ", or "Diamonds"
        * */
51
52
       public Card(String rank, String suit) {
53
54
           Map<String, Integer> rankMap = new HashMap<>();
55
           rankMap.put("two", 2);
56
           rankMap.put("three", 3);
57
           rankMap.put("four", 4);
           rankMap.put("five", 5);
58
59
           rankMap.put("six", 6);
60
           rankMap.put("seven", 7);
61
           rankMap.put("eight", 8);
62
           rankMap.put("nine", 9);
63
           rankMap.put("ten", 10);
64
           rankMap.put("eleven", 11);
           rankMap.put("twelve", 12);
65
66
           rankMap.put("thirteen", 13);
67
           rankMap.put("fourteen", 14);
68
           rankMap.put("Two", 2);
69
           rankMap.put("Three", 3);
70
           rankMap.put("Four", 4);
71
           rankMap.put("Five", 5);
72
           rankMap.put("Six", 6);
73
           rankMap.put("Seven", 7);
           rankMap.put("Eight", 8);
74
75
           rankMap.put("Nine", 9);
76
           rankMap.put("Ten", 10);
77
           rankMap.put("Eleven", 11);
78
           rankMap.put("Twelve", 12);
79
           rankMap.put("Thirteen", 13);
80
           rankMap.put("Fourteen", 14);
81
           rankMap.put("jack", 11);
82
           rankMap.put("queen", 12);
83
           rankMap.put("king", 13);
84
           rankMap.put("ace", 14);
85
           rankMap.put("Jack", 11);
86
           rankMap.put("Queen", 12);
87
           rankMap.put("King", 13);
88
           rankMap.put("Ace", 14);
89
90
91
           if(rankMap.containsKey(rank)){
92
               cardRank = rankMap.get(rank);
93
           }
94
           else{
95
               cardRank = Integer.parseInt(rank);
96
97
98
           cardSuit = suit;
99
       }
```

```
100
101
102
        /**
103
        * getter for the rank of the card
104
         * @return int: rank
105
106
        public int getCardRank() {
107
            return cardRank;
108
109
110
        /**
111
        * Getter for the suit of the card
112
113
         * @return String: suit
114
115
        public String getCardSuit(){
116
            return cardSuit;
117
118
119
120
         * format the Card as a string for printing and such
121
122
         * <u>@return</u> String of the card
         */
123
124
        public @Override String toString() {
125
126
            String rankHolder = Integer.toString(cardRank);
127
            if(cardRank == 11) {
128
                rankHolder = "Jack";
129
130
            if(cardRank == 12){
131
                rankHolder = "Queen";
132
133
            if(cardRank == 13) {
134
                rankHolder = "King";
135
136
            if(cardRank == 14) {
137
                rankHolder = "Ace";
138
139
140
            String cardString = rankHolder + " of " +
   cardSuit;
141
            return cardString;
142
143
       }
144
145 }
146
```

```
1 package proj4; // do not erase. Gradescope expects this.
2
3
4 import java.util.*;
5 import java.util.concurrent.ThreadLocalRandom;
8 * Class for modeling a Deck of Cards
10 public class Deck {
11
12
       private final int DECK SIZE = 52;//standard deck size
13
       private ArrayList<Card> cardList;//Arraylist of cards
14
       private int nextToDeal;//index we are drawing next
  card from
15
16
       /**
17
        * Constructor for a Deck object
        */
18
19
       public Deck() {
20
21
           nextToDeal = 0;
22
           cardList = new ArrayList<Card>(DECK SIZE);
23
24
           generateDeck();//generates the deck
25
       }
26
       /**
27
28
        * Generates a standard 52 card deck
29
       * ranks: 2 to 14
30
        * suits: Hearts, Diamonds, Spades, Clubs
31
        */
32
       private void generateDeck() {
33
34
35
           Map<Integer, String> suitMap = new HashMap<>();
36
           suitMap.put(0, "Spades");
37
           suitMap.put(1, "Hearts");
           suitMap.put(2, "Clubs");
38
39
           suitMap.put(3, "Diamonds");
40
41
           int[] ranks = new int[] {2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9,
   10, 11, 12, 13, 14};
42
43
           for (Integer key: suitMap.keySet()) {
44
               for(int j : ranks) {
45
                   Card card = new Card(j, key);
46
                   cardList.add(card);
47
               }
48
           }
49
       }
50
```

```
51
       /**
52
53
        * shuffles the deck of cards
54
55
       public void shuffle() {
56
57
            for (int i = nextToDeal; i < cardList.size(); i</pre>
   ++) {
58
59
                Card currentCard = cardList.get(i);
60
                int random = ThreadLocalRandom.current().
61
   nextInt(i, cardList.size());
62
63
                Card swapCard = cardList.get(random);
64
65
                cardList.set(i, swapCard);
66
                cardList.set(random, currentCard);
67
           }
68
       }
69
70
71
       /**
72
        * deals the next card in the deck
73
        * effiency: O(1)
74
        * <u>@return</u> previously undelt Card
75
76
       public Card deal() {
77
            if(nextToDeal == this.size()){
78
                return null;
79
80
           else {
81
                Card topCard = cardList.get(nextToDeal);
82
                nextToDeal++;
83
                return topCard;
84
            }
85
86
       }
87
88
89
        * return size of the deck; number of undelt cards
90
        * @return int value of number of cards
91
92
       public int size() {
93
           int deckSize;
94
           deckSize = cardList.size() - nextToDeal;
95
           return deckSize;
96
       }
97
       /**
98
99
        * reset the next card to deal to the first in the
   deck
```

```
100
         */
101
        public void gather() {
102
            nextToDeal = 0;
103
104
        /**
105
106
         * format the deck as a string for printing and such
107
        * @return String
108
109
        public @Override String toString() {
110
            String str = "";
111
            for (int i = nextToDeal; i <cardList.size(); i++) {</pre>
112
                str += cardList.get(i).toString();
113
                str += "\n";
114
115
            return str;
116
        }
117
       /**
118
119
        * determines if there are cards left in the deck or
   not
120
        * @return boolean. True if no more cards, false
   otherwise
         */
121
122
        public boolean isEmpty() {
123
            if(nextToDeal == DECK SIZE) {
124
                return true;
125
            }
126
            else{
127
                return false;
128
129
        }
130
131 }
132
```

```
1 package proj4;
3 import java.util.ArrayList;
4 import java.util.Scanner;
6 /**
7
   * Author: Ian Sulley
   * Honor Code: I affirm that I have carried out the
   attached academic endeavors with full academic honesty,
   * in accordance with the Union College Honor Code and the
    course syllabus
   */
11
12 public class Client{
13
14
15
       public static void main(String[] args) {
16
17
           boolean isOver = false;
18
19
           Deck myDeck = new Deck();
20
           myDeck.shuffle();
21
22
           int playerScore = 0;
23
24
           while (myDeck.size() > 9 && !isOver) {
25
26
27
               ArrayList<Card> cardArrayListCC = new
  ArrayList<Card>();
28
               for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {</pre>
29
                   cardArrayListCC.add(myDeck.deal());
30
               }
31
32
               ArrayList<Card> HandlCards = new ArrayList
   <>();
33
               ArrayList<Card> Hand2Cards = new ArrayList
   <>();
34
               for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++) {</pre>
35
                    HandlCards.add(myDeck.deal());
36
                    Hand2Cards.add(myDeck.deal());
37
               }
38
39
               CommunityCardSet communityCards = new
   CommunityCardSet(cardArrayListCC);
40
               StudPokerHand hand1 = new StudPokerHand(
   communityCards, Hand1Cards);
41
               StudPokerHand hand2 = new StudPokerHand(
   communityCards, Hand2Cards);
42
43
44
               System.out.println(hand1);
```

```
45
               System.out.println(hand2);
46
47
               Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
48
               System.out.println("Which hand wins (enter 1
   for the first hand, 2 for the second hand, or 0 for tie");
49
               int userGuess = input.nextInt();
50
51
               while (userGuess != 1 && userGuess != 2 &&
52
  userGuess != 0) {
53
                   System.out.println("Invalid entry, please
   try 1, 2 or a space:");
54
                    userGuess = input.nextInt();
55
               }
56
57
58
               System.out.print("Your input:");
59
               System.out.print(input);
60
61
               int expectedAnswer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
62
63
               if(expectedAnswer == userGuess || (
  expectedAnswer == 0 && userGuess == 0)){
64
                   playerScore++;
65
                   System.out.println("Congrats! You are
   correct. +1 point");
66
               }
67
               else{
68
                   System.out.println("Sorry, wrong answer");
69
                   isOver = false;
70
               }
71
72
           System.out.println("Game over, your score is: ");
73
           System.out.print(playerScore);
74
       }
75 }
```

```
1 package proj4;
2
3 /**
4 * This class contains a collection of methods that help
  with testing. All methods
  * here are static so there's no need to construct a
  Testing object. Just call them
 6 * with the class name like so:
 7 * 
  * <code>Testing.assertEquals("test description", expected
  , actual) </code>
9
10 * <u>@author</u> Kristina Striegnitz, Aaron Cass, Chris
  Fernandes
11 * <u>@version</u> 5/28/18
12
13 public class Testing {
14
15
      private static boolean VERBOSE = false;
16
      private static int numTests;
17
      private static int numFails;
18
19
       /**
20
       * Toggles between a lot of output and little output.
21
22
       * @param verbose
23
                    If verbose is true, then complete
  information is printed,
24
                    whether the tests passes or fails. If
  verbose is false, only
25
                    failures are printed.
       */
26
27
      public static void setVerbose(boolean verbose)
28
29
          VERBOSE = verbose;
30
       }
31
       /**
32
33
       * Each of the assertEquals methods tests whether the
 actual
34
       * result equals the expected result. If it does, then
    the test
35
       * passes, otherwise it fails.
36
37
       * The only difference between these methods is the
  types of the
38
       * parameters.
39
40
       * All take a String message and two values of some
 other type to
41
       * compare:
42
```

```
* @param message
44
                      a message or description of the test
45
        * @param expected
46
                      the correct, or expected, value
47
        * @param actual
48
                      the actual value
49
50
       public static void assertEquals(String message,
  boolean expected,
51
                                         boolean actual)
52
       {
53
           printTestCaseInfo(message, "" + expected, "" +
  actual);
54
           if (expected == actual) {
55
               pass();
56
           } else {
57
               fail (message);
58
59
       }
60
61
       public static void assertEquals(String message, int
   expected, int actual)
62
63
           printTestCaseInfo(message, "" + expected, "" +
   actual);
64
           if (expected == actual) {
65
               pass();
66
           } else {
67
               fail(message);
68
           }
69
       }
70
71
       public static void assertEquals(String message, Object
    expected,
72
                                         Object actual)
73
       {
74
           String expectedString = "<<null>>";
75
           String actualString = "<<null>>";
76
           if (expected != null) {
77
               expectedString = expected.toString();
78
79
           if (actual != null) {
80
               actualString = actual.toString();
81
82
           printTestCaseInfo(message, expectedString,
   actualString);
83
84
           if (expected == null) {
85
               if (actual == null) {
86
                    pass();
87
                } else {
88
                    fail (message);
```

```
89
 90
            } else if (expected.equals(actual)) {
 91
                pass();
 92
            } else {
 93
                fail (message);
 94
 95
        }
 96
 97
 98
         * Asserts that a given boolean must be true. The
    test fails if
 99
         * the boolean is not true.
100
101
         * @param message The test message
102
         * @param actual The boolean value asserted to be
    true.
103
104
        public static void assertTrue(String message, boolean
     actual)
105
        {
106
            assertEquals(message, true, actual);
107
        }
108
        /**
109
110
        * Asserts that a given boolean must be false. The
   test fails if
111
         * the boolean is not false (i.e. if it is true).
112
113
         * @param message The test message
114
         * @param actual The boolean value asserted to be
   false.
115
116
        public static void assertFalse(String message,
    boolean actual)
117
        {
118
            assertEquals (message, false, actual);
119
120
121
        private static void printTestCaseInfo(String message
    , String expected,
122
                                                String actual)
123
        {
124
            if (VERBOSE) {
125
                System.out.println(message + ":");
126
                System.out.println("expected: " + expected);
127
                System.out.println("actual: " + actual);
128
            }
129
        }
130
131
        private static void pass()
132
133
            numTests++;
```

```
134
135
            if (VERBOSE) {
136
                System.out.println("--PASS--");
137
                System.out.println();
138
            }
139
        }
140
141
        private static void fail(String description)
142
143
            numTests++;
144
            numFails++;
145
146
            if (!VERBOSE) {
147
                System.out.print(description + " ");
148
149
            System.out.println("--FAIL--");
150
            System.out.println();
151
        }
152
153
154
         * Prints a header for a section of tests.
155
         * @param sectionTitle The header that should be
156
   printed.
157
158
        public static void testSection(String sectionTitle)
159
160
            if (VERBOSE) {
161
                int dashCount = sectionTitle.length();
162
                System.out.println(sectionTitle);
163
                for (int i = 0; i < dashCount; i++) {</pre>
164
                     System.out.print("-");
165
166
                System.out.println();
167
                System.out.println();
168
            }
169
        }
170
        /**
171
172
         * Initializes the test suite. Should be called
    before running any
173
         * tests, so that passes and fails are correctly
    tallied.
174 s
175
        public static void startTests()
176
177
            System.out.println("Starting Tests");
178
            System.out.println();
179
            numTests = 0;
180
            numFails = 0;
181
        }
182
```

```
File - C:\CSC120\CSC-120\Project4\src\proj4\Testing.java
183
184
         * Prints out summary data at end of tests. Should
    be called
185
         * after all the tests have run.
186
187
        public static void finishTests()
188
            System.out.println("=======");
189
            System.out.println("Tests Complete");
190
191
            System.out.println("=======");
             int numPasses = numTests - numFails;
192
193
            System.out.print(numPasses + "/" + numTests + "
194
    PASS ");
195
            System.out.printf("(pass rate: %.1f%s)\n",
196
                               100 * ((double) numPasses) /
    numTests,
197
                               "용");
198
            System.out.print(numFails + "/" + numTests + "
199
    FAIL ");
200
            System.out.printf("(fail rate: %.1f%s)\n",
201
                               100 * ((double) numFails) /
    numTests,
202
                               "용");
203
        }
204
205 }
206
```

```
1 package proj4;
2
3
 4 public class CardTests{
5
 6
       public static void testAll(){
7
           testGetCardRank();
8
           testGetCardSuit();
 9
           testGetCardSuit2();
10
           testCardToString();
11
       }
12
13
       public static void testGetCardRank() {
14
15
           Card myCard = new Card(4, 2);
16
17
           int expectedValue = 4;
18
           int actualValue = myCard.getCardRank();
19
20
           Testing.assertEquals("Testing getCardRank",
21
                    expectedValue,
22
                    actualValue);
23
       }
24
25
       public static void testGetCardSuit() {
26
27
           Card myCard = new Card(4, 2);
28
29
           String expectedValue = "Clubs";
30
           String actualValue = myCard.getCardSuit();
31
32
           Testing.assertEquals("Testing getCardSuit",
33
                    expectedValue,
34
                    actualValue);
35
       }
36
       public static void testGetCardSuit2() {
37
38
           Card myCard = new Card(4, "Spades");
39
40
           String expectedValue = "Spades";
41
           String actualValue = myCard.getCardSuit();
42
           Testing.assertEquals("Testing getCardSuit",
43
44
                    expectedValue,
45
                    actualValue);
46
       }
47
48
       public static void testCardToString() {
49
50
           Card myCard = new Card(4, 2);
51
52
           String expectedValue = "[4 of Clubs]";
```

File - C:\CSC120\CSC-120\Project4\src\proj4\CardTests.java

```
String actualValue = myCard.toString();
53
54
55
           Testing.assertEquals("Testing getCardSuit",
56
                   expectedValue,
57
                   actualValue);
58
      }
59 }
60
61
```

File - C:\CSC120\CSC-120\Project4\src\proj4\DeckTests.java

```
1 package proj4;
3 public class DeckTests{
5 }
```

```
1 package proj4; // do not erase. Gradescope expects this.
3 import java.util.*;
5 public class PokerHand {
7
       private static final int MAX HAND SIZE = 5;
       private ArrayList<Card> cardsInHand; //all the cards
   in the hand
9
10
        /**
11
        * A Constructer for a PokerHand Object
12
13
        * # @param cardList cards that will make up the
  PokerHand
14
       */
15
       public PokerHand(ArrayList<Card> cardList) {
16
           cardsInHand = cardList;
17
       }
18
19
20
        * add a card to the Poker Hand if there are less than
    5 cards in the hand
21
       * otherwise do nothing
22
23
        * @param card card being added to the PokerHand
24
25
       public void addCard(Card card) {
26
27
           if (cardsInHand.size() < MAX HAND SIZE) {</pre>
28
               cardsInHand.add(card);
29
           }
30
       }
31
32
33
        * return the card in the pokerHand at the given index
34
35
        * @param index index of card being retrieved
36
        * <u>@return</u> Card
37
        */
38
       public Card get ith card(int index) {
39
           if (index >= 0 && index < cardsInHand.size()) {</pre>
40
               return cardsInHand.get(index);
41
           } else {
42
               return null;
43
           }
44
       }
45
       /**
46
47
       * override the toString function to turn a PokerHand
  into a properly formatted string
48
       * @return String
```

```
49
        */
50
       public @Override String toString() {
51
           String str = "";
52
           for (int i = 0; i < cardsInHand.size(); i++) {</pre>
53
               str += cardsInHand.get(i).toString();
54
               str += "\n";
55
56
           return str;
57
       }
58
59
      /**
60
       * Determines how this hand compares to another hand
   , returns
61
        * positive, negative, or zero depending on the
  comparison.
62
63
        * @param other The hand to compare this hand to
        * @return a negative number if this is worth LESS
   than other, zero
65
        * if they are worth the SAME, and a positive number
   if this is worth
        * MORE than other
66
67
68
       public int compareTo(PokerHand other) {
69
70
           //organize the hands and determine their types//
71
           //THIS hand
72
           TreeMap<Integer, Integer> rankOccurances = this.
   sortRanks();
73
           ArrayList<Integer> pairRanks = getRanks(
   rankOccurances, 1); //for seperating out the pairs
           ArrayList<Integer> highcardRanks = getRanks(
74
   rankOccurances, 0) ; //for seperating out the non-pairs
           Integer handlType = this.handType(pairRanks.size
75
   ());
76
77
           //OTHER hand
           TreeMap<Integer, Integer> otherRankOccurances =
78
   other.sortRanks();
79
           ArrayList<Integer> otherPairRanks = getRanks(
   otherRankOccurances, 1); //for seperating out the pairs
80
           ArrayList<Integer> otherHighcardRanks = getRanks(
   otherRankOccurances, 0); //for seperating out the non-
81
           Integer hand2Type = other.handType(otherPairRanks
   .size());
82
83
84
           int handTypeComparison = hand1Type.compareTo(
  hand2Type);
85
86
           if(handTypeComparison != 0){
```

```
87
                return handTypeComparison;
 88
             }
 89
 90
            else { //if hands are of the same type...
 91
                if(!pairRanks.isEmpty()) { //if there are
    pairs to compare...
 92
                    int pairCompare = this.tieBreaker(
    pairRanks, otherPairRanks); //compare them
 93
                    if(pairCompare == 0) { //if the pair
    values are equal
 94
                        return this.tieBreaker(highcardRanks
    , otherHighcardRanks); // return the highcard comparison
 95
 96
                    else{ //otherwise return the pair
   comparison
 97
                        return pairCompare;
 98
                    }
 99
100
                }
101
                else{ //if there are no pairs to compare,
    just return the highcard comparison
102
                    return this.tieBreaker(highcardRanks,
    otherHighcardRanks);
103
104
            }
105
        }
106
107
108
        * Determing the type of the hand. Flush, 2pair,
    1pair, or highcard
109
110
         * @return Integer : 4 if flush, 3 if 2pair, 2 if
   1pair, 1 if highcard
111
112
        private Integer handType(int pairRanksSize) {
113
114
            boolean isFlush = flushCheck();
115
            if(isFlush) {
116
                return 4; //FLUSH
117
            if (pairRanksSize == 2) { // if you have 2 pairs
118
119
                return 3; //2Pair
120
121
            if (pairRanksSize == 1) { //if you have 1 pair
122
                return 2; //1 PAIR
123
124
            else { //If its not a flush, 2pair, or 1pair it
   has to be ....
125
                return 1; //HIGHCARD
126
127
128
        }
```

```
129
130
        /**
131
        * creates a Treemap of the ranks and their # of
   occurances
132
         * @return Treemap<Integer, Integer>
133
134
        private TreeMap<Integer, Integer> sortRanks() {
135
136
            ArrayList<Integer> allRanks = new ArrayList<
   Integer>(); //for seperating out the ranks of the cards
137
            TreeMap<Integer, Integer> rankOccurances = new
   TreeMap<Integer, Integer>(Collections.reverseOrder());//
    experimenting with a new data structure, makes sorting
    fuctions simplier
138
139
            for (int i = 0; i < cardsInHand.size(); i++) {</pre>
                Card currentCard = cardsInHand.get(i);//
140
   current card we are pulling data from
141
                allRanks.add(currentCard.getCardRank()); //
   adding the current cards rank to the rank array
142
143
144
            //sort allRanks into a TreeMap with Key = Rank &
   Value = instances of the rank
145
           for (Integer i : allRanks) {
146
                Integer j = rankOccurances.get(i);
147
                rankOccurances.put(i, (j == null) ? 1 : j + 1
   );
148
149
            return rankOccurances;
150
        }
151
152
153
154
        * sorts all the ranks into pairs and non pairs from
    the treemap
155
        * @param rankOccurances treemap of ranks present and
     the # of occurances of each
        * @param whichRanks if we are sorting pairs (1) or
156
   non-pairs (0)
157
         * @return
158
159
        public ArrayList<Integer> getRanks(TreeMap<Integer,</pre>
    Integer> rankOccurances, int whichRanks) {
160
161
            ArrayList<Integer> pairRanks = new ArrayList<
    Integer>(); //for seperating out the pairs
162
           ArrayList<Integer> highcardRanks = new ArrayList<
    Integer>(); //for seperating out the non-pairs
163
164
            //sort rankOccurances by pairs and non-pairs(
   highcards)
```

```
for (Integer key : rankOccurances.keySet()) {
165
166
                if(rankOccurances.get(key) == 4) { //2pair
167
                    pairRanks.add(key);
168
                    pairRanks.add(key);
169
170
                if(rankOccurances.get(key) == 2 ||
    rankOccurances.get(key) == 3) {
171
                    pairRanks.add(key);
172
                }
173
                else{
174
                    highcardRanks.add(key);
175
                }
176
            }
177
178
            if(whichRanks == 0) {
179
                return highcardRanks;
180
181
            if(whichRanks == 1) {
182
                return pairRanks;
183
184
            else{
185
                return null;
186
187
        }
188
189
         * compares two ArrayLists of ranks and determines
    which has the first instance of a greater value
190
191
         * @param theseRanks Arraylist of ranks from this
   hand
192
         * @param otherRanks Arraylist of ranks from other
    hand
193
         * @return int 1 if theseRanks is greater, -1 if
   otherRanks is greater, 0 if all ranks are the same
194
195
        private int tieBreaker(ArrayList<Integer> theseRanks
    , ArrayList<Integer> otherRanks) {
196
197
            //compare each rank
198
            for (int i = 0; i < theseRanks.size() && i <</pre>
    otherRanks.size(); i++) {
199
                int currentCompare = theseRanks.get(i).
    compareTo(otherRanks.get(i)); //compare current index
200
                if (currentCompare != 0) { //if the current
    index ranks are different...
201
                    return currentCompare; //return the
    comparison
202
                }
203
204
            return 0; //you make it through all ranks and
    they are all the same
205
       }
```

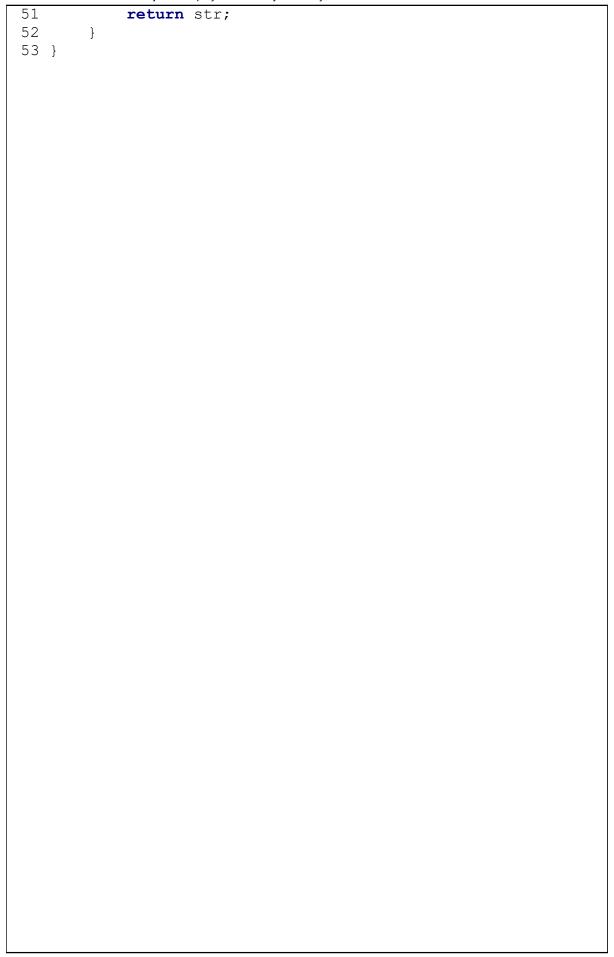
```
206
207
208
        * checks if the hand is a flush
209
210
        * @return true if hand is a flush, false if not
211
212
       private boolean flushCheck() {
213
214
            ArrayList<String> allSuits = new ArrayList<String
   >(); //for seperating out the suits
215
216
            for (int i = 0; i < cardsInHand.size(); i++) {</pre>
217
                Card currentCard = cardsInHand.get(i);//
   current card we are pulling data from
218
               allSuits.add(currentCard.getCardSuit()); //
   adding the current cards suit to the suit array
219
           }
220
221
           //checking for a flush
222
           String checkSuit = allSuits.get(1);//a suit
 present in the hand
223
            if(Collections.frequency(allSuits, checkSuit) ==
  cardsInHand.size()){
224
               return true;
225
226
            else{
227
               return false;
228
229
       }
230 }
231
```

```
1 package proj4;
2 import java.util.*;
5 public class StudPokerHand{
7
       private static final int MAX HAND SIZE = 2;
8
       private ArrayList<Card> cardsInHand;
9
       private CommunityCardSet communityCards;
10
11
       /**
12
13
       * Constructor for a StudPokerHand
14
        * # @param cc communityCard set for this hand
15
        * @param cardArrayList the cards in this hand
16
17
       public StudPokerHand(CommunityCardSet cc, ArrayList<</pre>
  Card> cardArrayList) {
18
19
           cardsInHand = cardArrayList;
20
           communityCards = cc;
21
       }
22
       /**
23
24
       * return the card in the StudPokerHand at the given
 index
25
26
        * @param index index of card being retrieved
27
        * @return Card
28
29
       public Card get ith card(int index) {
           if (index >= 0 && index < cardsInHand.size()) {</pre>
30
31
               return cardsInHand.get(index);
32
           } else {
33
               return null;
34
           }
35
       }
36
37
38
        * add a card to the StudPokerHand if there are less
  than 2 cards in the hand
39
        * otherwise do nothing
40
41
        * Oparam card card being added to the PokerHand
42
43
       public void addCard(Card card) {
44
45
           if (cardsInHand.size() < MAX HAND SIZE) {</pre>
46
               cardsInHand.add(card);
47
           }
48
       }
49
```

```
50
51
        * Determines how this hand compares to another hand
52
   , using the
53
        * community card set to determine the best 5-card
   hand it can * make. Returns positive, negative, or zero
   depending on the comparison.
54
        * @param other The hand to compare this hand to
        * * @return a negative number if this is worth LESS
55
   than other, zero
        * * if they are worth the SAME, and a positive
56
   number if this is worth * MORE than other
57
58
       public int compareTo(StudPokerHand other){
59
60
           PokerHand thisBestHand = this.getBestFiveCardHand
   ();
61
           PokerHand otherBestHand = other.
   getBestFiveCardHand();
62
63
           return thisBestHand.compareTo(otherBestHand);
64
       }
65
66
       /**
67
68
        * override the toString function to turn a PokerHand
    into a properly formatted string
69
        * @return String
70
        */
71
       public @Override String toString() {
72
           String studString = "The Community Cards are: ";
73
           studString += communityCards.toString();
74
           studString += "\n The Hole Cards are: ";
75
76
           for (Card myCard:cardsInHand) {
77
               studString += myCard.toString();
78
               studString += " ";
79
           }
80
81
           return studString;
82
       }
83
       /**
84
85
        * determines the best possible 5 card hand from all
   possible 5 card hands
86
        * @return PokerHand of highest evaluation
87
88
       private PokerHand getBestFiveCardHand() {
89
           ArrayList<PokerHand> hands = getAllFiveCardHands
   ();
90
           PokerHand bestSoFar = hands.get(0);
91
           for (int i = 1; i < hands.size(); i++) {</pre>
```

```
92
                if (hands.get(i).compareTo(bestSoFar) > 0) {
 93
                    bestSoFar = hands.get(i);
 94
                }
 95
 96
            return bestSoFar;
 97
        }
 98
99
        /**
100
         * generates all possible five card hadns from the
   community cards and the hole cards
101
         * @return ArrayList of PokerHands
102
103
        private ArrayList<PokerHand> getAllFiveCardHands() {
104
105
            ArrayList<PokerHand> allHands = new ArrayList<
    PokerHand>(); //keep track of all the hands
106
            ArrayList<Card> allCards = new ArrayList<Card>(
    cardsInHand); //keep track of all the cards in this hand
     (hole cards + community cards)
107
108
            for (int i = 0; i < communityCards.size(); i++) {</pre>
                allCards.add(communityCards.get ith card(i));
109
   //add all the community cards to all cards
110
111
112
            for(int i = 0; i < communityCards.size() +</pre>
    cardsInHand.size(); i++) { //these for loops just iterate
     through every index in the list removing a different
    combo of two cards
113
                for (int j = i +1; j < communityCards.size</pre>
    () + cardsInHand.size() - 1; j ++) { //which generates
    all the unique 5 card hands
114
115
                    ArrayList<Card> cloneAllCards = new
    ArrayList<Card>(allCards); // make a copy of allCards to
    remove from
116
                    cloneAllCards.remove(i); //remove 1 card
117
                    cloneAllCards.remove(j); //remove another
118
119
                    PokerHand currentHand = new PokerHand(
   cloneAllCards); //make a hand with the remaining cards
120
                    allHands.add(currentHand); //add the new
   hand to the list of hands
121
122
123
            return allHands;
124
        }
125 }
126
```

```
1 package proj4;
 2
3 import java.util.*;
 5 public class CommunityCardSet{
 6
 7
       private ArrayList<Card> communityCards = new ArrayList
   \langle Card \rangle (5);
 8
       private final int MAX CC SIZE = 5;
9
       public CommunityCardSet(ArrayList<Card> cardList) {
10
           communityCards.addAll(cardList);
11
12
13
14
15
        * return the card in the pokerHand at the given index
16
17
        * @param index index of card being retrieved
18
        * @return Card
19
20
       public Card get ith card(int index) {
21
           if (index >= 0 && index < communityCards.size()) {</pre>
22
                return communityCards.get(index);
23
           } else {
24
                return null;
25
           }
26
       }
27
28
       public int size(){
29
           return communityCards.size();
30
       }
31
       /**
32
33
        * add a card to the Poker Hand if there are less than
    5 cards in the hand
34
        * otherwise do nothing
35
36
        * @param card card being added to the PokerHand
37
38
       public void addCard(Card card) {
39
40
           if (communityCards.size() < MAX CC SIZE) {</pre>
41
                communityCards.add(card);
42
            }
43
       }
44
45
       public @Override String toString() {
46
           String str = "";
47
           for (int i = 0; i < communityCards.size(); i++) {</pre>
48
                str += communityCards.get(i).toString();
49
                str += "\n";
50
```



```
1 package proj4;
3 import java.util.ArrayList;
4 import java.util.Arrays;
 6 public class StudPokerHandTests{
7
8
       public static void main(String[] args) {
9
10
           test all();
11
       }
12
13
       public static void test all() {
14
15
           testSPHCompareTo();
16
           testAddCard();
17
18
19
20
       public static void testSPHCompareTo() {
21
22
           CommunityCardSet cc = new CommunityCardSet(new
   ArrayList<Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(4, "C"), new Card(2
   , "C"), new Card(7, "C"), new Card(5, "C"), new Card(10, "
   C"))));
23
           StudPokerHand hand1 = new StudPokerHand(cc, (new
   ArrayList<Card> (Arrays.asList(new Card(13, "S"), new Card
   (12, "S"))));
24
           StudPokerHand hand2 = new StudPokerHand(cc, (new
   ArrayList<Card> (Arrays.asList(new Card(10, "S"), new Card
   (5, "H"))));
25
26
           int expectedValue = -1;
27
28
           int actualValue = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
29
30
           Testing.assertEquals("Testing StudPokerHand
   CompareTo",
31
                   expectedValue,
32
                   actualValue);
33
       }
34
35
36
       public static void testAddCard() {
37
           CommunityCardSet cc = new CommunityCardSet(new
38
   ArrayList<Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(4, "C"), new Card(2
   , "C"), new Card(7, "C"), new Card(5, "C"), new Card(10, "
   C"))));
39
           StudPokerHand hand1 = new StudPokerHand(cc, (new
   ArrayList<Card> (Arrays.asList(new Card(10, "S")))));
40
```

```
hand1.addCard(new Card(5, "H"));
42
43
           int expectedValue = 1;
44
45
           int actualValue = 1;
46
47
           Testing.assertEquals("Testing StudPokerHand
   testAddCard",
48
                   expectedValue,
49
                   actualValue);
50
51
52
53
       }
54
55
       public static void testGetIthCard() {
56
57
           CommunityCardSet cc = new CommunityCardSet(new
  ArrayList<Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(4, "C"), new Card(2
   , "C"), new Card(7, "C"), new Card(5, "C"), new Card(10, "
   C"))));
58
           StudPokerHand hand1 = new StudPokerHand(cc, (new
  ArrayList<Card> (Arrays.asList(new Card(10, "S")))));
59
60
61
           int expectedValue = 1;
62
63
64
           int actualValue = 1;
65
66
           Testing.assertEquals("Testing StudPokerHand
   testAddCard",
67
                   expectedValue,
68
                   actualValue);
69
70
71
72
       }
73 }
```

```
1 package proj4;
3 import java.util.ArrayList;
4 import java.util.Arrays;
6 /**
7
   * Author: Ian Sulley
   * Honor Code: I affirm that I have carried out the
   attached academic endeavors
10 * with full academic honesty, in accordance with the
  Union College Honor Code
  * and the course syllabus
11
12
  */
13
14 /**
15 * Testing Class for PokerHand compareTo()
16 */
17 public class PokerComparisonTests {
18
19
       public static void main(String[] args) {
20
21
           test all();
22
       }
23
24
25
       //######TESTS#############
26
       public static void test all() {
27
           Testing.startTests();
28
           test all flushes();
29
           test all two pair();
           test all pair();
30
31
           Testing.finishTests();
32
       }
33
34
35 //#####FLUSH TESTS#####
36
37
       public static void test all flushes() {
38
           Testing.startTests();
39
           compare flushes1();
           compare flushes2();
40
41
           compare flushes tie();
           compare flush_2pair();
42
43
           compare flush pair();
44
           compare flush hi();
45
           Testing.finishTests();
46
       }
47
       //# Flush1 vs Flush2 (Flush 1 wins highcard is greater
48
49
       public static void compare flushes1() {
```

```
50
           ArrayList<Card> handlarray = new ArrayList<Card>(
   Arrays.asList(new Card(13, "S"), new Card(12, "S"), new
   Card(9, "S"), new Card(7, "S"), new Card(3, "S")));
           PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand(handlarray);
51
52
           PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(4, "C"), new Card(2, "C"),
   new Card(7, "C"), new Card(5, "C"), new Card(10, "C"))));
53
54
           int expected answer = 1;
55
           int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
56
           Testing.assertEquals("Testing Flush1 vs Flush2 (
   Flush 1 wins; Highcard is greater)",
57
                   expected answer,
58
                   actual answer);
59
      }
60
      //# Flush1 vs Flush2 (Flush 2 wins highcard is
  greater)
62
       public static void compare flushes2() {
           PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
63
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(4, "C"), new Card(2, "C"),
   new Card(7, "C"), new Card(5, "C"), new Card(10, "C"))));
64
           PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<</pre>
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(13, "S"), new Card(12, "S")
   ), new Card(9, "S"), new Card(7, "S"), new Card(3, "S"
   ))));
65
66
           int expected answer = -1;
67
           int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
           Testing.assertEquals("Testing Flush1 vs Flush2 (
   Flush 2 wins highcard is greater)",
69
                   expected answer,
70
                   actual answer);
71
       }
72
73
       //# Flush1 vs Flush2 (Tie)
74
       public static void compare flushes tie() {
75
           PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(4, "C"), new Card(2, "C"),
   new Card(7, "C"), new Card(5, "C"), new Card(10, "C")));
           PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(7, "S"), new Card(5, "S"),
   new Card(4, "S"), new Card(2, "S"), new Card(10, "S"))));
77
78
           int expected answer = 0;
           int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
79
80
           Testing.assertEquals("Testing Flush1 vs Flush2
   Tie",
81
                   expected answer,
82
                   actual answer);
83
       }
84
```

```
//# Flush vs 2 pair
 86
        public static void compare flush 2pair() {
 87
            PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(7, "S"), new Card(5, "S"),
   new Card(11, "S"), new Card(2, "S"), new Card(10, "S"
    ))));
 88
            PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(4, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
   new Card(8, "S"), new Card(8, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
 89
 90
            int expected answer = 1;
 91
            int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
            Testing.assertEquals("Testing Flush1 vs 2pair (
 92
   Flush 1 wins)",
 93
                    expected answer,
 94
                    actual answer);
 95
        }
 96
 97
       //# Flush vs pair
98
        public static void compare flush pair() {
 99
            PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(7, "S"), new Card(5, "S"),
   new Card(4, "S"), new Card(2, "S"), new Card(10, "S"))));
100
            PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(10, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
   new Card(9, "S"), new Card(10, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
101
102
            int expected answer = 1;
103
            int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
104
            Testing.assertEquals("Testing Flush1 vs pair (
   Flush 1 wins)",
105
                    expected answer,
106
                    actual answer);
107
        }
108
109
        //# Flush vs high Card
110
        public static void compare flush hi() {
111
            PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(7, "S"), new Card(5, "S"),
   new Card(4, "S"), new Card(2, "S"), new Card(10, "S"))));
            PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
112
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(3, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
   new Card(10, "S"), new Card(8, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
113
114
            int expected answer = 1;
115
            int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
116
            Testing.assertEquals("Testing Flush1 vs highcard
     (Flush 1 wins)",
117
                    expected answer,
118
                    actual answer);
119
        }
120
```

```
121 //#####2 PAIR TESTS#####
122
123
        public static void test all two pair() {
124
            Testing.startTests();
125
            compare 2pair flush();
            compare_2pair_2pair_1();
126
127
            compare 2pair 2pair 2();
            compare 2pair 2pair 3();
128
129
            compare 2pair 2pair 4();
130
            Testing.finishTests();
131
        }
132
133
        //# 2pair vs Flush
134
        public static void compare 2pair flush() {
135
            PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(4, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
   new Card(8, "S"), new Card(8, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
            PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
136
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(7, "S"), new Card(5, "S"),
   new Card(11, "S"), new Card(2, "S"), new Card(10, "S"
    ))));
137
138
            int expected answer = -1;
139
            int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
140
            Testing.assertEquals("Testing 2pair vs Flush",
141
                    expected answer,
142
                    actual answer);
143
        }
144
       //# 2pair1 vs 2pair2 (2pair1 wins higher of pair
145
    values is greater)
146
        public static void compare 2pair 2pair 1() {
147
            PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(4, "H"), new Card(6, "D"),
   new Card(10, "S"), new Card(10, "C"), new Card(4, "D"
    ))));
148
            PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(4, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
   new Card(8, "S"), new Card(8, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
149
150
            int expected answer = 1;
151
            int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
152
            Testing.assertEquals("Testing 2pair1 vs 2pair2 (
   2pair1 wins higher of pair values is greater)",
153
                    expected answer,
154
                    actual answer);
155
        }
156
        //# 2pair1 vs 2pair2 (2pair2 wins higher of pair
157
    values is greater)
158
        public static void compare_2pair_2pair_2() {
159
            PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
```

```
159 Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(4, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
   new Card(8, "S"), new Card(8, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
160
           PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(14, "H"), new Card(14, "D"
   ), new Card(8, "S"), new Card(8, "C"), new Card(6, "D"
    ))));
161
162
            int expected answer = -1;
163
            int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
164
            Testing.assertEquals("Testing 2pair1 vs 2pair2 (
   2pair2 wins higher of pair values is greater)",
165
                    expected answer,
166
                    actual answer);
167
        }
168
169
       //# 2pair1 vs 2pair2 (2pair1 wins lower of pair
   values is greater)
        public static void compare 2pair_2pair_3() {
170
171
            PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(4, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
   new Card(8, "S"), new Card(8, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
172
            PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(3, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
   new Card(8, "S"), new Card(8, "C"), new Card(3, "D"))));
173
174
            int expected answer = 1;
175
            int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
176
            Testing.assertEquals("2pair1 vs 2pair2 (2pair1
   wins lower of pair values is greater)",
177
                    expected answer,
178
                    actual answer);
179
       }
180
       //# 2pair1 vs 2pair2 (2pair2 wins lower of pair
181
   values is greater)
182
      public static void compare 2pair 2pair 4() {
183
            PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
    Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(3, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
   new Card(8, "S"), new Card(8, "C"), new Card(3, "D"))));
184
            PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
   Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(4, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
   new Card(8, "S"), new Card(8, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
185
186
            int expected answer = -1;
187
            int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
            Testing.assertEquals("Testing 2pair1 vs 2pair2 (
188
   2pair2 wins lower of pair values is greater)",
189
                    expected answer,
190
                    actual answer);
191
       }
192
193 //####PAIR TESTS#####
```

```
194
        public static void test all pair() {
195
196
            Testing.startTests();
197
            compare pair pair 1();
198
            compare pair pair 2();
199
            compare pair pair 3();
200
            compare pair pair 4();
201
            Testing.finishTests();
202
        }
203
204
205
        //# pair1 vs pair2 (pair1 wins; high pair)
206
        public static void compare pair pair 1() {
207
            PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
    Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(10, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
    new Card(9, "S"), new Card(10, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
208
            PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
    Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(2, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
    new Card(9, "S"), new Card(9, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
209
210
            int expected answer = 1;
            int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
211
212
            Testing.assertEquals("pair1 vs pair2 (pair1 wins
    ; high pair)",
213
                    expected answer,
214
                    actual answer);
215
        }
216
217
        //# pair1 vs pair2 (pair2 wins; high pair)
218
        public static void compare pair pair 2() {
219
            PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
    \label{eq:card-card} \textit{Card-(Arrays.asList(new Card(10, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),}
    new Card(9, "S"), new Card(10, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
220
            PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
    Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(12, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
    new Card(9, "S"), new Card(12, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
221
222
            int expected answer = -1;
223
            int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
224
            Testing.assertEquals("Testing pair1 vs pair2 (
   pair2 wins; high pair)",
225
                    expected answer,
226
                    actual answer);
227
228
229
        //# pair1 vs pair2 (pair1 wins; highcard)
230
        public static void compare pair pair 3() {
231
            PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
    Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(10, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
    new Card(12, "S"), new Card(10, "C"), new Card(6, "D"
    ))));
232
            PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
```

```
232 Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(10, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
   new Card(9, "S"), new Card(10, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
233
234
            int expected answer = 1;
235
            int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
236
            Testing.assertEquals("Testing pair1 vs pair2 (
   pair1 wins; highcard)",
237
                    expected answer,
238
                    actual answer);
239
        }
240
241
       //# pair1 vs pair2 (pair2 wins; highcard)
242
        public static void compare pair pair 4() {
243
            PokerHand hand1 = new PokerHand (new ArrayList<
    Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(10, "H"), new Card(4, "D"),
   new Card(9, "S"), new Card(10, "C"), new Card(6, "D"))));
244
            PokerHand hand2 = new PokerHand(new ArrayList<
    Card>(Arrays.asList(new Card(10, "H"), new Card(13, "D"
    ), new Card(9, "S"), new Card(10, "C"), new Card(6, "D"
   ))));
245
246
            int expected answer = -1;
247
            int actual answer = hand1.compareTo(hand2);
248
            Testing.assertEquals("Testing pair1 vs pair2 (
   pair2 wins; highcard",
249
                    expected answer,
250
                    actual answer);
251
       }
252 }
253
254
255
256
257
258 /*
259
260
261
262
263
264
265
266
267
268
269
     */
270
271
272
273
```

 $\label{lem:communityCardSetTests.} File - C:\CSC120\CSC-120\Project4\src\proj4\CommunityCardSetTests.java$

```
1 package proj4;
3 public class CommunityCardSetTests{
5 }
6
7
```