Lab Report 6

Submitted to:

Shakib Mahmud Dipto Faculty

Submitted by:

Sumaiya Akter

ID: 201014071

Department of CSE Summer'24

Course code: CSE 2104

Course Title: Object Oriented Programming Lab

Section: 01

University of Liberal Arts Bangladesh

August 25, 2024

Problem 01

Code Explanation:

The Car class represents a car with properties such as make, model, year, color, and price. It provides getter and setter methods for each property to encapsulate the data. The main method creates three car objects, sets their properties using the setter methods, and prints their details using the getter methods. The corrected code fixes issues with the getColor method signature and return statement, and syntax errors in the print statements.

Code Screenshots: Input:

```
Source History | 🔀 🖟 🔻 🗸 🗸 🖓 🖶 🖫 | 🚰 🛂 | 🔴 🔲 | 📲 🚅
  2
      * Click nbfs://nbhost/SystemFileSystem/Templates/Licenses/license-default.txt to cha
 3
 5
     package car;
 7 - /**
 8
      * @author ANIK
 9
    L */
 10
     public class Car {
 11
        private String make;
 12
 13
         private String model;
 14
         private int year;
 15
         private String color;
 16
         private double price;
 17
 18 -
       public String getMake() {
 19
           return make;
 20 L
 21
 22 -
         public void setMake(String make) {
          this.make = make;
 23
 24
 25
 26 =
         public String getModel() {
          return model;
 27
 28
 29
 30 =
         public void setModel(String model) {
 31
          this.model = model;
 32
 33
 34 -
         public int getYear() {
 35
          return year;
 36
 37
 38 -
         public void setYear(int year) {
          this.year = year;
 39
 40
 41
 42 -
         public String getColor() { // Removed parameter
          return color; // Added return statement
 43
 44
 45
 46
         public void setColor(String color) { // Added setColor method
 47
            this.color = color;
 48
```

```
49
50
   public double getPrice() {
51
            return price;
52
53
54 -
          public void setPrice (double price) { // Added setPrice method
55
              this.price = price;
56
57
          public static void main(String[] args) {
58 -
59
              Car carl = new Car();
60
              carl.setMake("Toyota");
              carl.setModel("Camry");
61
62
              carl.setYear(2022);
              carl.setColor("Silver");
63
              carl.setPrice(25000.00);
64
65
              Car car2 = new Car();
67
              car2.setMake("Honda");
              car2.setModel("Accord");
68
69
              car2.setYear(2021);
70
              car2.setColor("Red");
71
              car2.setPrice(28000.00);
72
73
              Car car3 = new Car();
74
              car3.setMake("Ford");
75
              car3.setModel("Mustang");
76
              car3.setYear(2023);
77
              car3.setColor("Blue");
78
              car3.setPrice(35000.00);
79
              System.out.println("Car 1 :");
80
81
              System.out.println("Make : " + carl.getMake());
              System.out.println("Model : " + carl.getModel());
82
83
              System.out.println("Year : " + carl.getYear());
              System.out.println("Color: " + carl.getColor()); // Fixed concatenation
84
              System.out.println("Price: $ " + carl.getPrice()); // Fixed method call
85
86
              System.out.println();
87
88
              System.out.println("Car 2 : ");
              System.out.println("Make : " + car2.getMake());
89
90
              System.out.println("Model: " + car2.getModel());
91
              System.out.println("Year : " + car2.getYear());
              System.out.println("Color: " + car2.getColor()); // Fixed concatenation
92
              System.out.println("Price: $ " + car2.getPrice()); // Fixed method call
93
              System.out.println();
```

```
96
               System.out.println("Car 3 : ");
97
              System.out.println("Make : " + car3.getMake());
98
               System.out.println("Model : " + car3.getModel());
99
               System.out.println("Year : " + car3.getYear());
100
              System.out.println("Color: " + car3.getColor()); // Fixed concatenation
101
               System.out.println("Price: $ " + car3.getPrice()); // Fixed method call
102
               System.out.println();
103
104
```

Output:

```
Output - Run (Car)
     cd F:\sumaiya the V.I.P\sem 14\OOP\assignments\lab 6\codes\Car; "JAVA HOME=C:\\Program File
     Scanning for projects...
\square
-
      ------ com.mycompany:Car >-----
Building Car 1.0-SNAPSHOT
       from pom.xml
-----[ jar ]------
**
   --- resources:3.3.1:resources (default-resources) @ Car ---
    skip non existing resourceDirectory F:\sumaiya the V.I.P\sem 14\00P\assignments\lab 6\codes
   --- compiler:3.11.0:compile (default-compile) @ Car ---
    Nothing to compile - all classes are up to date
   --- exec:3.1.0:exec (default-cli) @ Car ---
     Car 1 :
     Make : Toyota
     Model : Camry
     Year : 2022
     Color: Silver
     Price: $ 25000.0
     Car 2 :
     Make : Honda
     Model : Accord
     Year : 2021
     Color: Red
     Price: $ 28000.0
     Car 3 :
     Make : Ford
     Model : Mustang
     Year: 2023
     Color: Blue
     Price: $ 35000.0
     BUILD SUCCESS
     Total time: 0.554 s
     Finished at: 2024-08-25T13:13:55+06:00
```

Practice Problem 01

Code Explanation:

The Person class encapsulates the properties of a person, including name, age, gender, and address. The class provides getter and setter methods for each property to ensure data integrity and accessibility. The main method creates a Person object, sets its properties using the setter methods, and prints the person's details using the getter methods. This code demonstrates the use of classes, objects, and encapsulation in Java.

Code Screenshot:

Input:

```
🚳 Car.java × 🚳 Person.java × 🚳 Employee.java ×
Source History | 🔀 🖟 🔻 🔻 🗸 🖓 🖶 🗔 | 🔗 😓 🔁 🔯 | 💿 🔲 🕌 🚅
   * Click nbfs://nbhost/SystemFileSystem/Templates/Licenses/license-default.txt to change this 1
*/
    package person;
 7 🖵 /**
 8
 9
      * @author ANIK
    L */
10
     public class Person {
11
12
       private String name;
13
         private int age;
        private String gender;
14
15
         private String address;
16
17
         // Getter and Setter for name
18 -
         public String getName() {
19
         return name;
20
21
22 -
         public void setName(String name) {
23
         this.name = name;
24
         // Getter and Setter for age
26
27 🖃
         public int getAge() {
         return age;
29
30
   阜
         public void setAge(int age) {
31
32
         this.age = age;
33
34
         // Getter and Setter for gender
35
   36
         public String getGender() {
37
         return gender;
38
39
40
         public void setGender(String gender) {
41
         this.gender = gender;
42
43
         // Getter and Setter for address
44
45
         public String getAddress() {
46
         return address;
47
```

```
48
49
          public void setAddress(String address) {
50
              this.address = address;
51
52
53
  public static void main(String[] args) {
54
              // Example usage
55
              Person person = new Person();
              person.setName("John Doe");
56
57
              person.setAge(30);
              person.setGender("Male");
58
              person.setAddress("123 Main St, Anytown, USA");
59
60
              // Displaying person details
61
              System.out.println("Name: " + person.getName());
62
63
              System.out.println("Age: " + person.getAge());
64
              System.out.println("Gender: " + person.getGender());
              System.out.println("Address: " + person.getAddress());
65
66
67
```

Output:



Practice Problem 02

Code Explanation:

The Employee class models an employee with properties such as name, ID, salary, and designation. It includes getter and setter methods for each property, allowing controlled access and modification of the data. The main method demonstrates the creation of an Employee object, setting its properties using the setter methods, and displaying the employee's details through the getter methods. This implementation showcases encapsulation and object-oriented programming principles in Java.

Code Screenshot:

Input:

```
Source History | 🔀 📮 - 👨 - 💆 - 💆 - 💆 - 📮 - 🖟 - 😂 - 🚭 - 🖆 - 🔲 | 📲 📑
     * Click nbfs://nbhost/SystemFileSystem/Templates/Licenses/license-default.txt tc
3
 4
5
    package employee;
 6
7 - /**
8
9
      * @author ANIK
     */
10
11
   public class Employee {
12
       private String name;
13
         private int id;
14
         private double salary;
15
         private String designation;
16
17
         // Getter and Setter for name
18 -
         public String getName() {
19
            return name;
20
21
22 =
         public void setName(String name) {
         this.name = name;
23
24
25
         // Getter and Setter for id
26
         public int getId() {
27 =
28
            return id;
29
30
31 📮
         public void setId(int id) {
32
         this.id = id;
33
34
35
         // Getter and Setter for salary
36 -
         public double getSalary() {
37
            return salary;
38
39
40 -
         public void setSalary(double salary) {
41
         this.salary = salary;
42
43
         // Getter and Setter for designation
44
45 🖃
         public String getDesignation() {
46
            return designation;
47
```

```
48
49
          // Method to update designation
50 =
          public void updateDesignation(String designation) {
              this.designation = designation;
51
52
53
54
          // Method to update both salary and designation
          public void updateSalaryAndDesignation(double salary, String designation) {
55 -
56
              this.salary = salary;
57
              this.designation = designation;
58
59
60
          // Main method for testing
61 =
          public static void main(String[] args) {
62
              Employee empl = new Employee("Alice", 101, 75000, "Software Engineer");
63
              Employee emp2 = new Employee("Bob", 102);
64
              Employee emp3 = new Employee("Charlie");
65
66
              empl.displayEmployeeInfo();
67
              emp2.displayEmployeeInfo();
68
              emp3.displayEmployeeInfo();
69
70
              // Updating salary and designation for empl
71
              empl.updateSalary(80000);
72
              empl.updateDesignation("Senior Software Engineer");
73
74
              System.out.println("\nUpdated Information for Employee 1:");
75
              empl.displayEmployeeInfo();
76
77
```

Output:

Output - Run (Employee) cd F:\sumaiya the V.I.P\sem 14\OOP\assignments\lab 5\code\Employee; "JAVA_HOME=C:\\E Scanning for projects... \square ------:Employee >------☐ Building Employee 1.0-SNAPSHOT from pom.xml -----[jar]--------- resources:3.3.1:resources (default-resources) @ Employee ---· skip non existing resourceDirectory F:\sumaiya the V.I.P\sem 14\00P\assignments\lab --- compiler:3.11.0:compile (default-compile) @ Employee ---· Nothing to compile - all classes are up to date --- exec:3.1.0:exec (default-cli) @ Employee ---Employee Information: Name: Alice ID: 101 Salary: \$75000.0 Designation: Software Engineer Employee Information: Name: Bob ID: 102 Salary: \$0.0 Designation: Unknown Employee Information: Name: Charlie ID: 0 Salary: \$0.0 Designation: Unknown Updated Information for Employee 1: Employee Information: Name: Alice ID: 101 Salary: \$80000.0 Designation: Senior Software Engineer BUILD SUCCESS Total time: 0.672 s Finished at: 2024-08-25T13:16:31+06:00