

নিচের বাক্যগুলো লক্ষ করো –

If you come, I shall go.

If it rains, they will not play.

ওপরের প্রত্যেকটি বাক্যের দুটি অংশ রয়েছে। এখানে উভয় বাক্যে If অংশে একটি শর্ত আরোপ করা হয়েছে এবং বলা হয়েছে, যদি কোনো কিছু ঘটে, তবে অন্য কিছু ঘটবে। এ ধরনের শর্তযুক্ত বাক্যকে বলে Conditional।

Conditional কথাটির অর্থ হচ্ছে শর্ত। যে সব Sentence কোনো Condition বা শর্ত প্রকাশ করে, সেগুলোকে Conditions বা Conditional Sentence বলে। Conditional Sentence-এর যে Clause বা অংশটি দ্বারা Condition বা শর্তটি প্রকাশিত হয় তার পূর্বে সাধারণত If থাকে। একে বলা হয় If Clause।

সুতরাং, যেসব Sentence-এর Subordinate Clause, Principal Clause বা Independent Clause-এর ওপর শর্ত আরোপ করে তাদেরকে Conditional Sentence বা শর্তাধীন বাক্য বলা হয়।

Conditional Sentence-এ দুটি অংশ থাকে। প্রথম অংশকে If Clause বা **Dependent Clause** বলা হয় এবং দ্বিতীয় অংশকে **Principal Clause** বা **Independence Clause** বলা হয়। তবে কখনো কখনো Principal Clause কে sentence-এর শুরুতে এবং Subordinate বা Dependent Clause-কে Sentence-এর শেষে লেখা হয়।

If you want, I shall help you.

You will catch cold if you play in the rain.

Note: If clause-টি Principal Clause-এর পূর্বে বসলে তারপর কমা (,) বসে এবং পরে বসলে কমা বসবে না।

Imperative Sentence এ Subject উহ্য থাকে এবং মূল verb দিয়ে বাক্য শুরু হয়। যেমন:

If you want to prosper, work hard.

Work hard if you want to prosper.

Note: If clause ছাড়াও Conditional Sentence গঠিত হতে পারে। If clause যুক্ত sentence-কে বলা হয় Open Conditional Sentence এবং If clause বিহীন Conditional Sentence-কে বলা হয় Closed Conditional।

If you come, I shall go. (Open conditional)

When grandfather came to visit, he would bring me a present. (Closed conditional)

Note: Zero Conditional:

নিচের বাক্যগুলো লক্ষ করো:

If it rains, we use umbrella.

If you are hungry, have something.

If you have finished everything, go home.

Unless she asks you, don't tell her.

When I am working, please be quiet.

ওপরের বাক্যগুলোর if, unless, when দিয়ে শুরু শর্তযুক্ত বাক্যাংশে Present tense এবং অপর অংশে Present tense কিংবা imperative বা আদেশসূচক বাক্য ব্যবহৃত হয়েছে। এ ধরনের শর্ত আরোপিত বাক্যকে **Zero Conditional** বলা হয়।

(If ও When)-এর মধ্যে পার্থক্য আছে।

If অর্থ কোনো কিছু সম্ভবত হতে পারে।

When অর্থ কোনো কিছু নিশ্চিত হয়।

শর্তযুক্ত কাজটি ঘটান সম্ভাব্যতার ওপর ভিত্তি করে Conditional Sentence-কে তিন ভাগে ভাগ করা যায়। যথা:

1. 1st Conditional বা Probable Conditional Sentence;
2. 2nd Conditional বা Improbable Conditional Sentence;
3. 3rd Conditional বা Impossible Conditional Sentence;

1st Conditional বা Probable Conditional Sentence:

যেসব Conditional Sentence-এ If clause-এর কাজটি ঘটা পুরোপুরি সম্ভব সেগুলোকে 1st Conditional Sentence বা Probable Conditional Sentence বলা হয়। যেমন:

If I get the news, I will tell you.

If you want, I will help you.

Structure & Use of 1st Conditionals:

- **If + present + future (certainty বা নিশ্চয়তা বোঝাতে ব্যবহৃত হয়।)**
If you come, I will go.
If it rains, we will not play.
If you study hard, you will pass.
- **If + present + may/might/can (may/might সম্ভাবনা বা অনুমতি বোঝাতে এবং can সামর্থ্য বোঝাতে ব্যবহৃত হয়।)**
If you want, you may go. (অনুমতি)
If you run fast, you may win. (সম্ভাবনা)
If I get an opportunity, I can prove myself fit. (সামর্থ্য)
- **If + present + present (অভ্যাসগত কর্ম, স্বয়ংক্রিয় ফলাফল বা বিজ্ঞানসম্মত সত্য প্রকাশ করতে ব্যবহৃত হয়।)**
If I like a book, I buy it.
If price gets higher, demand fall.
If you heat water at 100°C, it boils.
Note: এগুলো zero conditional-এর অন্তর্ভুক্ত।
- **If + present + must (বাধ্যবাধকতা বা obligation বোঝাতে ব্যবহৃত হয়।)**
If you want to succeed, you must work hard.

2nd Conditional বা Improbable Conditional Sentence:

যেসব Conditional Sentence-এর if clause-এর কাজটি ঘটা সম্ভব নয় বা বাস্তব তথ্যের বিরোধী সেগুলোকে 2nd Conditional বা Improbable Conditional Sentence বলা হয়। যেমন:

If I knew the answer, I would tell you.

Note: 2nd Conditional Sentence-এর if clause-এর be verb সর্বদা were হয়।

If I were a bird, I would fly.

Structure and Use of 2nd Conditionals:

- **If + past + should/would (certainty বা নিশ্চয়তা অর্থে ব্যবহৃত হয়। তবে উচিত বোঝাতে should-এর ব্যবহার পরিহার করা হয়।)**
If you came, I would go.
If I knew the answer, I would tell you.
- **If + past + might (সম্ভাবনা বা probability বোঝাতে ব্যবহৃত হয়।)**
If you worked hard, you might succeed.
If we had power, we might control all evils.
- **If + past + could (সামর্থ্য বা ability বোঝাতে ব্যবহৃত হয়।)**
If you worked hard, you could succeed.
If he read, he could pass.

3rd Conditional বা Impossible Conditional Sentence:

কিছু কিছু Conditional Sentence-এর If clause-টি এমন শর্ত প্রকাশ করে যা অতীতকালে ঘটার কথা ছিল, কিন্তু সে শর্ত পূরণ হয়নি বলে এখন আর পূরণ হওয়া সম্ভব নয়। এরূপ Conditional Sentence-কে 3rd Conditional বা Impossible Conditional Sentence বলে। যেমন:

If you had asked him, he might have helped you.

Structure and Use of 3rd Conditionals:

If + past perfect + perfect conditional. (অবাস্তব নিশ্চয়তা, সামর্থ্য বা সম্ভাবনা বোঝাতে ব্যবহৃত হয়।)

If you had studied hard, you could have passed in the exam.

গঠনটিকে নিম্নরূপেও লেখা যায়—

If + past perfect + perfect conditional

(Perfect Conditional = Subject + would/could/might + have + verb-এর Past participle form).

Note: Certainty বা নিশ্চয়তা বোঝাতে would, ability বা সামর্থ্য বোঝাতে could এবং probability বা সম্ভাবনা বোঝাতে might ব্যবহৃত হয়।

- **3rd Conditional**-এ if clause-টির had-কে Sentence-এর প্রথমে বসিয়ে if-কে বাদ দিয়ে —
Had + subject + verb এর past participle form + perfect conditional-এ গঠন অনুযায়ীও লেখা যায়।
Had you asked him, he might have helped you.
Had you studied well, you would have passed.

Note: কিছু ব্যতিক্রমধর্মী conditionals:

- সবিনয় অনুরোধ বা Polite request বোঝাতে If you will/if you would ব্যবহার করা হয়। তবে if you would-ব্যবহার করা অধিক বিনয় প্রকাশ করে।
If you would help me, I shall be grateful to you.
- বক্তা যখন ধরে নেয় যে শ্রোতা তার শর্ত বা অনুরোধ পূরণ করবে তখন If you could + verb-এর Present form দ্বারা clause শুরু করতে হয় এবং এক্ষেত্রে Principal Clause উহ্য থাকে।
If you could fill up this form (In an office).
If you could keep silent (In a classroom).
- If + want/wish-এর পরিবর্তে would like/would care-ও ব্যবহার করা যায়।
If you want to buy this shirt, I will buy it for you.
If you would like to buy this shirt, I will buy it for you.
- Conditional Sentence-এ would-এর পর object না থাকলে would-কে বাদ দেওয়া যায়।
If you come, I shall wait for you
কিন্তু would like-এর পর Object থাকলে would-কে বাদ দেওয়া যায় না।
If you would like to buy a ticket, I shall manage one for you.

Exercise

1. Read the e-mail written by one friend to another friend. The mail has some use of first conditionals but for each conditional sentence only a part is given. Complete the conditional sentences by selecting and adding the right part from the alternatives given below the mail.
(Source: English Grammar and Composition for Classes 9-10, Published by NCTB, Activity-1, Page-174)

Dear Mithila

Great to hear from you. It is also great to know that you are coming to North Bengal. How many days are you planning to stay here? Are you going on a vacation or coming with any special assignment. Please let me know the date of your coming and tentative stay period. I'll see you if I (a) —, I'll also (b) —, if I can manage my parents. Who else are coming with you? I often think of our lost days. They were really so sweet! (c) —, if you can. I will copy them from you. And don't forget your camera please for new photographs. However, we have a possibility to go on a study tour in March. Hope that will not coincide with your stay here. Yet, if it happens, (d) —?

Stay fine. And keep in touch.

Raifa

will you mind	Please bring your old album	try to receive you from Jaipurhat airport	have no exams that time
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2. Read the following text which tells about some guidance for tourists in a new city. The tourist guide is written in first conditional sentences. Half of the each guidance is written in the first column and the rest half is given in the right column. Match the texts in both the columns to make conditional sentences. (Source: English Grammar and Composition for Classes 9-10, Published by NCTB, Activity-3, Page-176)

If you travel in between November to March
If you travel during May to July

Seek help of the police
Keep some warm clothes with you

If you go to any place alone
 If you are lost
 If you want to shop
 If you want to avoid crowd
 If you book early
 If you love museums

Look at the city brochure
 Go to the memorials in the evening
 It may have discount
 Don't forget your umbrella and wind cheater
 Don't delay for late hours
 Don't speak to any unknown person

3. You know the world is too much polluted now. Here are some suggestions on how to make the world better. Complete the sentences using the verbs and the second conditional. You may need to use the options given to use more than once. The first one is done for you. (Source: English Grammar and Composition for Classes 9-10, Published by NCTB, Activity-1, Page-178)

- If you didn't start wars, the world would be a better place.
- If everyone — their cars less, there — so much pollution.
- If people — more recycling, they — the environment a lot.
- People — so unhealthy if they — junk food.
- People — from stress if life — so fast.
- Celebrities — popular if people — reading about them.

4. Join list A and B to make Conditional Sentences.

List A	List B
If anybody asks you what you're doing, When we become tired, Unless the rain stops, If you are feeling unwell, If you pour oil into water, If I don't get up till nine, When I'm studying,	wake me, please. don't disturb me. say you're with me. don't go outdoors. you need to see a doctor. we take some rest. the oil floats.

5. Complete these sentences any way you like.

- I'll be happy if _____.
- I'll be surprised if _____.
- If I have enough time tomorrow, I _____.
- If the weather is fine, _____.
- If the shop is open, _____.
- I'll go with you if _____.
- If I buy five kilos, _____.
- If you feel sleepy, _____.
- If she passes the exam, _____.
- If you don't hurry, _____.

6. Join list A and B and make sensible sentences:

If I flew,	I would attend the meeting.
If it rains,	he would get GPA 5.
If I got the chance,	she might come.
If you telephoned me,	I wouldn't do that.
If he worked hard,	I would tell you.
If you telephoned her,	I won't to go to school today.
If I were you,	I could get there in time.
If I knew her name,	I would visit America.

7. Complete the following sentences using the 2nd conditionals.

- If I knew his telephone number, _____.
- If you came yesterday, _____.
- If I had a car, _____.
- If I became the Prime Minister, _____.
- If the government doubled the pay of its employees, _____.
- If my grandfather didn't smoke, _____.
- If I were in charge of education in our country, _____.
- If people drove much more carefully, _____.
- If you were more careful, _____.
- If I were a bird, _____.

8. Complete the following sentences using the 3rd conditionals.

- I would have failed if _____.
- Had he supported me, _____.
- If he had been calm and cool, _____.
- The accident could have been avoided if _____.
- If they had worked hard, they _____.

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THE CONDITIONALS

1. a. have no exams that time; b. try to receive you from Jaipurhat airport; c. Please bring your old album; d. will you mind.
2. a. If you travel in between November to March, keep some warm clothes with you.
b. If you travel during May to July, don't forget your umbrella and wind cheater.
c. If you go to any place alone, don't speak to any unknown person.
d. If you are lost, seek help of the police.
e. If you want to shop, it may have discount.
f. If you want to avoid crowd, go to the memorials in the evening.
g. If you book early, look at the city brochure.
h. If you love museums, don't delay for late hours.
3. a. If you didn't start wars, the world would be a better place.
b. If everyone **used** their cars less, there **wouldn't be** so much pollution.
c. If people **did** more recycling, they **would improve** the environment a lot.
d. People **wouldn't be** so unhealthy if they **didn't eat** junk food.
e. People **wouldn't suffer** from stress if life **weren't** so fast.
f. Celebrities **wouldn't be** popular if people **stopped** reading about them.
4. • If anybody asks you what you're doing, say • If you are feeling unwell, you need to see a doctor.
• When we become tired, we take some rest. • If you pour oil into water, the oil floats.
• Unless the rain stops, don't go outdoors. • If I don't get up till nine, wake me, please.
• When I'm studying, don't disturb me.
5. a. I'll be happy if he comes. f. I'll go with you if you come here.
b. I'll be surprised if she phones me. g. If I buy five kilos, I'll give you one kilo.
c. If I have enough time tomorrow, I'll go there. h. If you feel sleepy, go to bed earlier.
d. If the weather is fine, you should go for a walk. i. If she passes the exam, we'll be surprised.
e. If the shop is open, I'll buy a pen. j. If you don't hurry, you'll miss the train.
6. 1. If I flew, I could get there in time. 5. If he worked hard, he would get GPA 5.
2. If it rains, I won't to go to school today. 6. If you telephoned her, she might come.
3. If I got the chance, I would visit America. 7. If I were you, I wouldn't do that.
4. If you telephoned me, I would attend the meeting. 8. If I knew her name, I would tell you.
7. 1. If I knew his telephone number, I would call him.
2. If you came yesterday, we could discuss it.
3. If I had a car, I could come early.
4. If I became the Prime Minister, I could fight against corruption.
5. If the government doubled the pay of its employees, they could live better.
6. If my grandfather didn't smoke, he could live long.
7. If I were in charge of education in our country, I would change the present examination system.
8. If people drove much more carefully, there wouldn't be any road accidents.
9. If you were more careful, You wouldn't make so many mistakes.
10. If I were a bird, I could fly about freely.
8. 1. I would have failed if **he had not helped me**.
2. Had he supported me, **I would have overcome the misery**.
3. If he had been calm and cool, **he could have managed very well**.
4. The accident could have been avoided if **the driver had been careful**.
5. If they had worked hard, they **could have succeeded**.