Hadoop in Windows Server using PolyBase

Requirements

Required Software: (Hadoop/ Hadoop bin files/Hadoop Configuration files/Java)

https://drive.google.com/open?id=1e6pYQxZrr1JQaAR5ywOWNxkEYjQKKpBL

SQL Server 2017 Developer Edition https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/sql-server/sql

SQL Server Edition **Standard**, **Web**, **Express with Advanced Services**, **Express** does not support head node they require head node

Enterprise Edition only can be used for head node and other can be Scale out with multiple compute nodes.

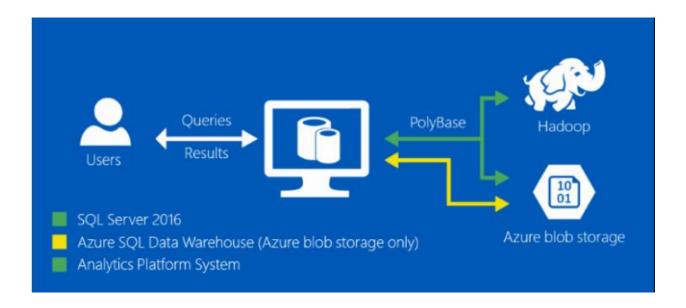
Before we start Some of the difference between Hadoop and SQL

| HADOOP | SQL |
|--|--|
| Schema on Read Approach | Schema on Write Approach |
| When we write the data on Hadoop, has distributed file system so brings all the files without any rules. Then when we dictate the data we apply rules to the code that reads the data rather of preconfiguring the data ahead of time. | In Schema on Write while coping the data from database A to B the data is first checked before inserting to the database (checked the datatypes of the data and the data size) if not meet the requirement reject the data |
| Data Storage Process Hadoop | Data Storage Process in SQL |
| Data is stored in Compressed file of either text or others datatype. In the moment files or data stored are replicated in multiple nodes in Hadoop distributed filing system | Data is stored in a Logical form in Related Table and Columns |

Installation of Java

Before installing Hadoop File Distributed System (HDFS) and **PolyBase** feature in SQL Server in 2016 or later requires Java. We need to first install Java in our system.

PolyBase enables your SQL Server 2016 and later instance to process Transact-SQL queries that read data from Hadoop. The same query can also access relational tables in your SQL Server. **PolyBase** enables the same query to also join the data from Hadoop and SQL Server. **PolyBase** is a mediator between SQL Server and Hadoop.

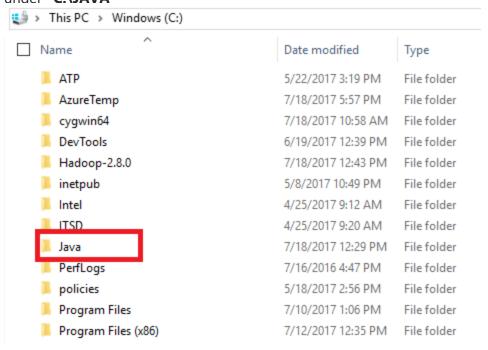


Set up

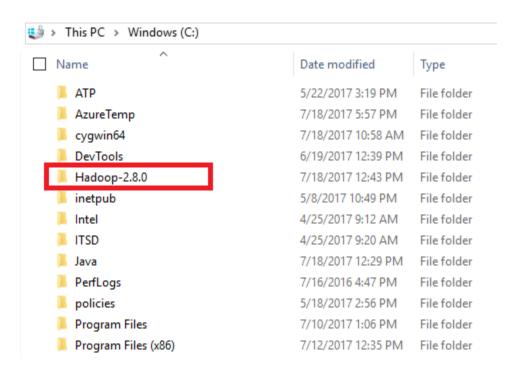
- 1. Check either Java 1.8.0 is already installed on your system or not, use "Java -version" to check.
 - C:\Windows\system32\CMD.exe

```
C:\Users\ESAdmin>java -version
java version "1.8.0_181"
Java(TM) SE Runtime Environment (build 1.8.0_181-b13)
Java HotSpot(TM) 64-Bit Server VM (build 25.181-b13, mixed mode)
C:\Users\ESAdmin>_
```

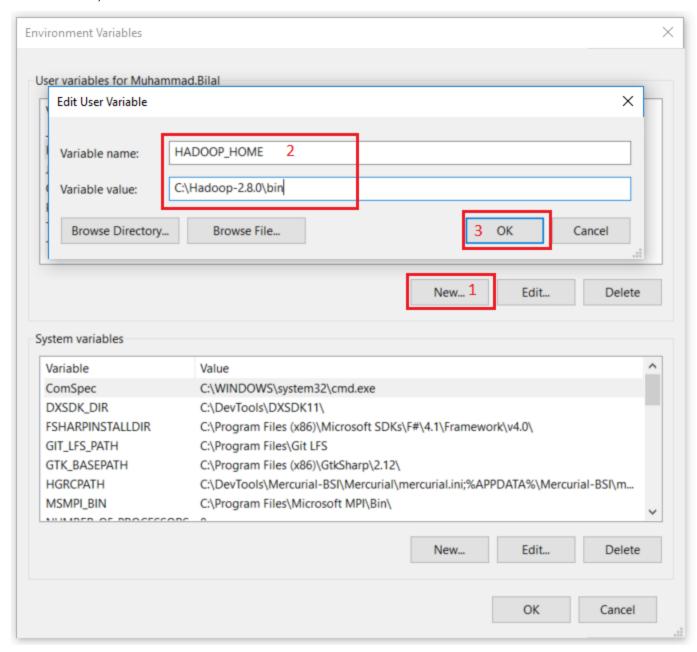
2. If Java is not installed on your system then first install java under "C:\JAVA"



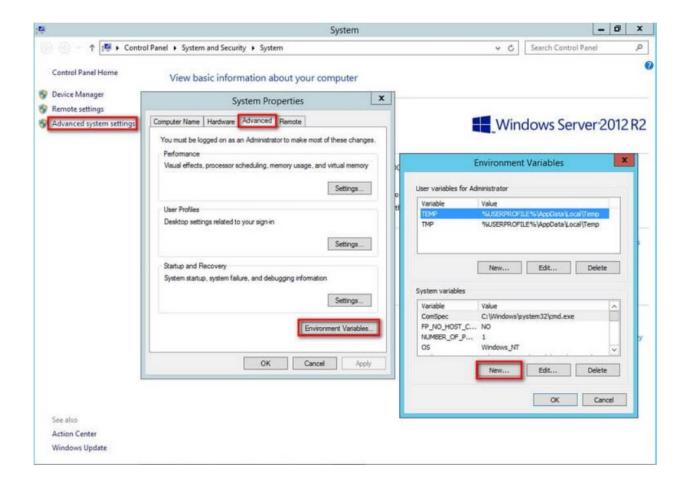
3. Extract file Hadoop 2.8.0.tar.gz or Hadoop-2.8.0.zip and place under "C:\Hadoop-2.8.0".



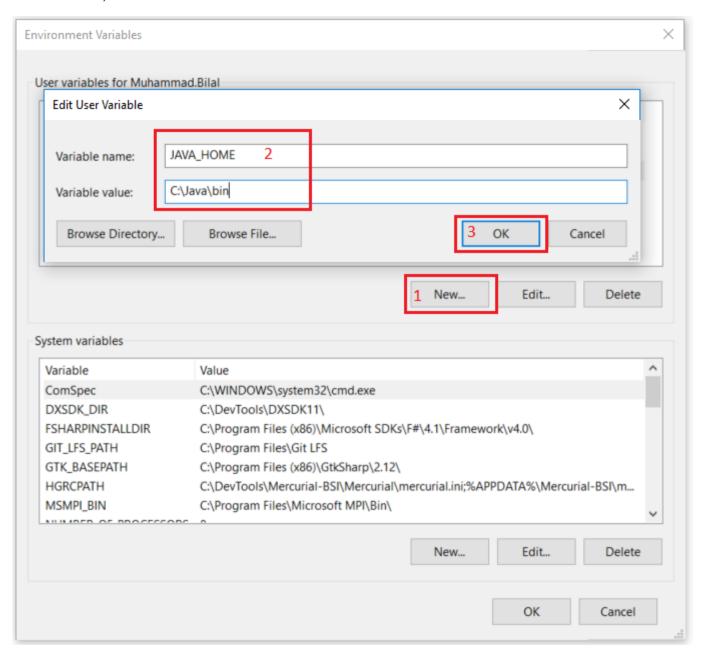
4. Set the path HADOOP_HOME Environment variable on windows 10(see Step 1,2,3 and 4 below).



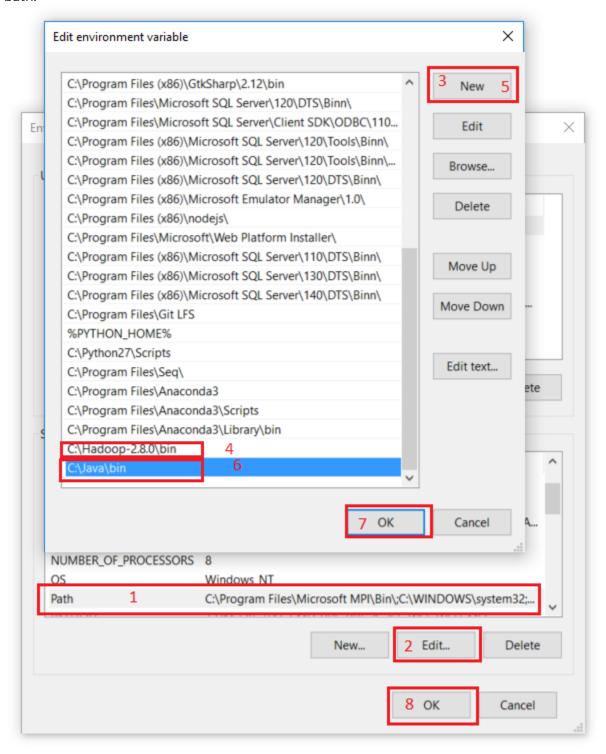
Hadoop In Windows



5. Set the path JAVA_HOME Environment variable on windows 10(see Step 1,2,3 and 4 below).

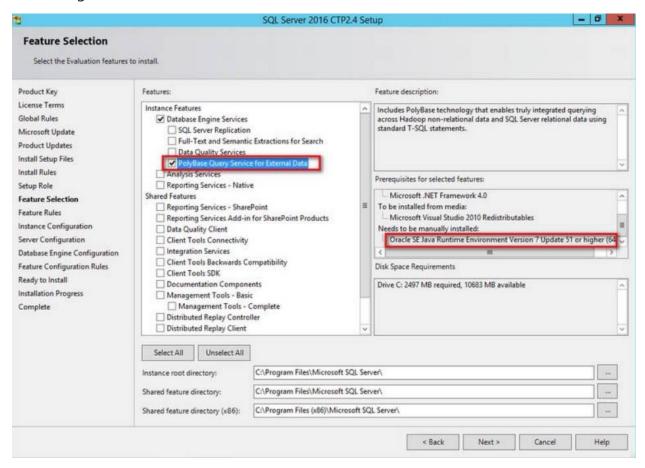


6. Next, we set the Hadoop bin directory path and JAVA bin directory path.



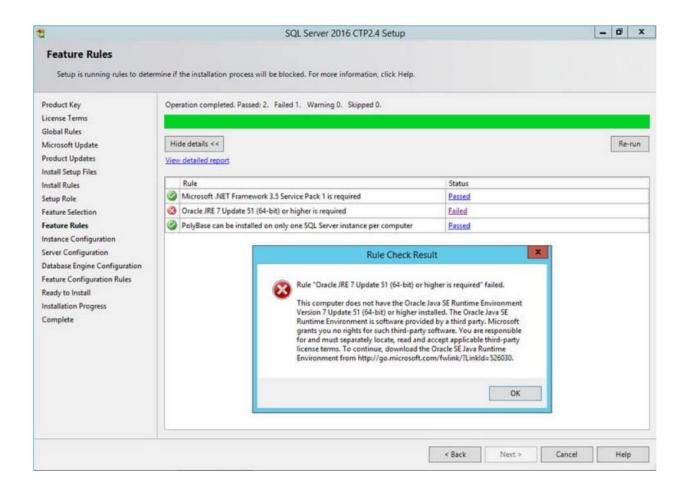
Install **Polybase** SQL Server 2016 or Later

Since **Polybase** is now part of SQL Server, we can use the SQL Server 2016 installation media to do the installation. And because it was designed to interact with Hadoop, we will need to install the Oracle Java SE Runtime Environment (JRE) 7.51 (x64) or higher prior to running the SQL Server 2016 installation media.



If You don't have JRE installed then the installation will fail and screen as below appears.

Hadoop In Windows

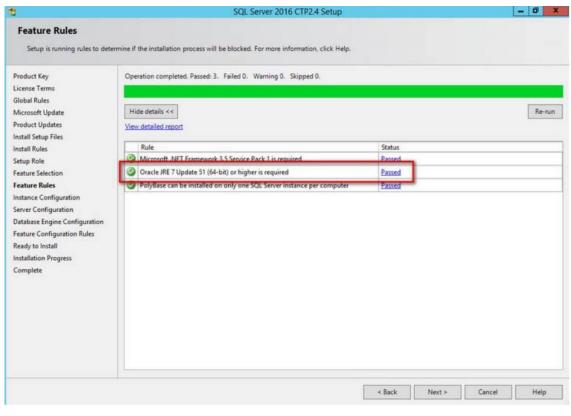


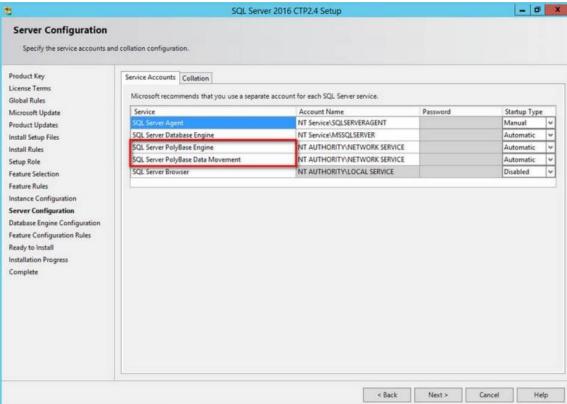
Install JRE and set the **Environment Variable** after installation which is mention in **Set Up** steps above.





And Continue the installation of Polybase and completed successfully.



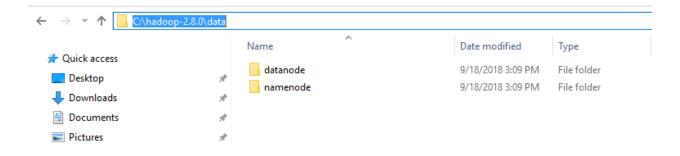


Configuration

1. Edit file **C:/Hadoop-2.8.0/etc/hadoop/core-site.xml**, paste below xml paragraph and save this file.

2. Rename "mapred-site.xml.template" to "mapred-site.xml" and edit this file **C:/Hadoop-2.8.0/etc/hadoop/mapred-site.xml**, paste below xml paragraph and save this file.

- 3. Create folder "data" under "C:\Hadoop-2.8.0"
- Create folder "datanode" under "C:\Hadoop-2.8.0\data"
- Create folder "namenode" under "C:\Hadoop-2.8.0\data"



4. Edit file **C:\Hadoop-2.8.0/etc/hadoop/hdfs-site.xml**, paste below xml paragraph and save this file.

5. Edit file **C:/Hadoop-2.8.0/etc/hadoop/yarn-site.xml**, paste below xml paragraph and save this file.

6. Edit file **C:/Hadoop-2.8.0/etc/hadoop/hadoop-env.cmd** by closing the command line**"JAVA_HOME=%JAVA_HOME%"** instead of set **"JAVA_HOME=C:\Java"** (On C:\java this is path to file jdk.18.0)

```
@rem The java implementation to use. Required.
@rem set JAVA_HOME=%JAVA_HOME%
set JAVA_HOME=C:\Java\jdk1.8.0_181
@rem The jsvc implementation to use. Jsvc is required to run secure datanodes.
@rem set JSVC_HOME=%JSVC_HOME%
```

Hadoop Configuration

- Download file Hadoop Configuration.zip (Link: https://drive.google.com/open?id=1e6pYQxZrr1JQaAR5ywOWNxkEYjQKKp
 BL)
- 2. Delete file bin on C:\Hadoop-2.8.0\bin, replaced by file bin on file just download (from Hadoop Configuration.zip).
- 3. Open cmd and typing command "hdfs namenode -format". You will see

Testing

1. Open cmd and change directory to "C:\Hadoop-2.8.0\sbin" and type **"start-all.cmd"** to start apache.

```
Select C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe — X

C:\>cd Hadoop-2.8.0\sbin

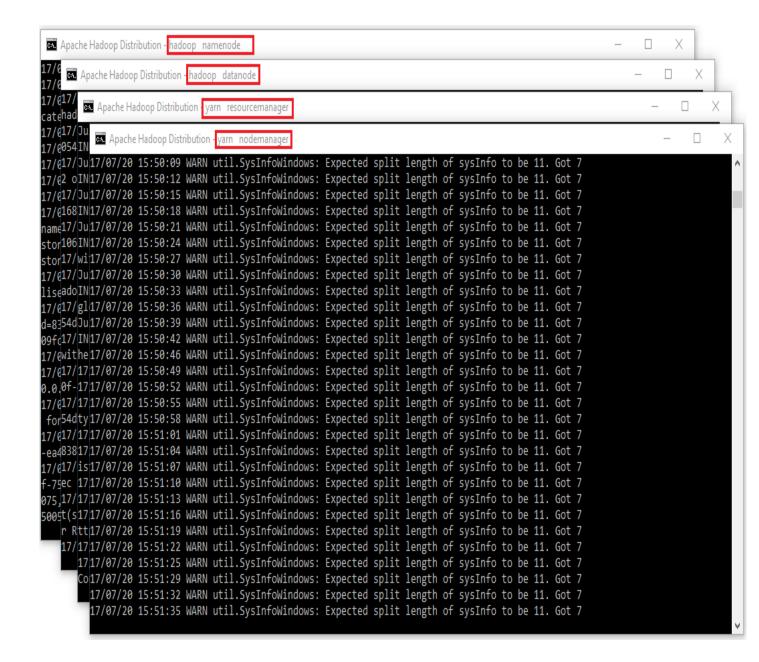
C:\Hadoop-2.8.0\sbin>start-all.cmd

This script is Deprecated. Instead use start-dfs.cmd and start-yarn.cmd

starting yarn daemons

C:\Hadoop-2.8.0\sbin>
```

- 2. Make sure these apps are running
- Hadoop Namenode
- Hadoop datanode
- YARN Resource Manager
- YARN Node Manager

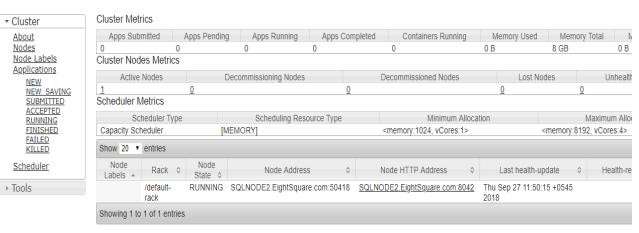


Open: http://localhost:8088

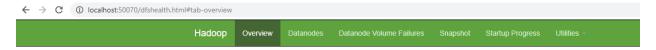




Nodes of the cluster



Open: http://localhost:50070



Overview 'localhost:9000' (active)

| Started: | Thu Sep 27 11:50:21 +0545 2018 |
|----------------|---|
| Version: | 2.8.0, r91f2b7a13d1e97be65db92ddabc627cc29ac0009 |
| Compiled: | Fri Mar 17 09:57:00 +0545 2017 by jdu from branch-2.8.0 |
| Cluster ID: | CID-34043f0d-2807-4751-bf09-49db15123534 |
| Block Pool ID: | BP-40599935-169.254.1.242-1537262628136 |

Summary

Block Pool Used:

Security is off.

Safemode is off.

6 files and directories, 1 blocks = 7 total filesystem object(s).

Heap Memory used 82.16 MB of 189.5 MB Heap Memory. Max Heap Memory is 889 MB.

Non Heap Memory used 56.93 MB of 57.75 MB Committed Non Heap Memory. Max Non Heap Memory is <unbounded>.

Configured Capacity:

49.45 GB

DFS Used:

2.09 KB (0%)

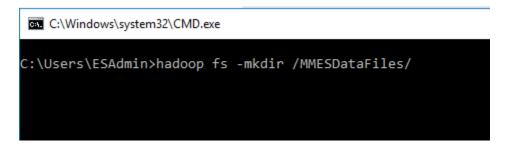
Non DFS Used:

38.74 GB

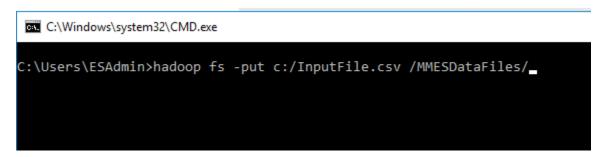
DFS Remaining:

10.71 GB (21.65%)

Create Directory in Hadoop



Import file to MMESDataFiles directory



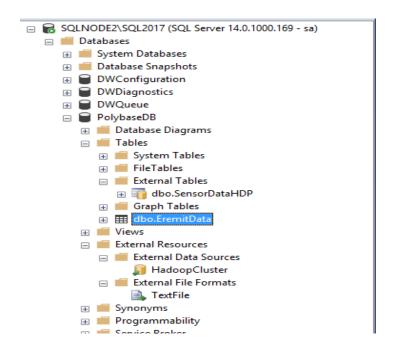
2.09 KB (0%)

Simple procedure to configure database for **PolyBase**, Hadoop Connectivity, And Create External Data Source, Create External File Format and Create External Table also create Statistics on external table for query optimization.

```
CREATE DATABASE PolybaseDB
use PolybaseDB
SELECT SERVERPROPERTY ('Is PolybaseInstalled') AS IsPolybaseInstalled;
--Prestep: Configuring Hadoop flavor
exec sp_configure 'hadoop connectivity',7
Reconfigure
exec sp configure 'allow polybase export',1
Reconfigure
--(a) Creating external data source --Hadoop HDP Cluster
--DROP EXTERNAL DATA SOURCE [HadoopCluster]
CREATE EXTERNAL DATA SOURCE HadoopCluster
WITH (TYPE = Hadoop,
     LOCATION = N'hdfs://localhost:9000')
select * from sys.external data sources;
--(b) Creating external file formates -delimited text
--DROP EXTERNAL FILE FORMAT [TextFile]
CREATE EXTERNAL FILE FORMAT TextFile
WITH (FORMAT TYPE = DelimitedText,
     FORMAT OPTIONS (FIELD TERMINATOR = N',',
     USE TYPE DEFAULT = True));
select * from sys.external file formats;
```

```
-- (c) Creating external tables refering to data in external Hadoop Cluster
 --DROP EXTERNAL TABLE [dbo].[SensorDataHDP]
CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE [dbo].[SensorDataHDP]
    Id int NOT NULL,
    BeneAccountCreditId int NOT NULL,
    BeneficiaryId int NULL,
    SendAmount varchar(50) NOT NULL,
    TypeofTraxId int NOT NULL
EWITH (LOCATION = '/MMESDataFiles/',
      DATA SOURCE = HadoopCluster,
      FILE FORMAT = TextFile,
      REJECT TYPE = Value,
      REJECT VALUE = 0
L);
 SELECT * FROM SensorDataHDP
 INSERT INTO SensorDataHDP
 SELECT
       [Id]
      ,[BeneAccountCreditId]
      ,[BeneficiaryId]
      ,[SendAmount]
      ,[TypeofTraxId]
 FROM [PolybaseDB].[dbo].[EremitData]
 where Id < 100
 SELECT * FROM SensorDataHDP
 CREATE STATISTICS STAT SensorDataHDPSendAmount on SensorDataHDP(SendAmount)
 SELECT
     hdp.*
 FROM SensorDataHDP hdp
 INNER JOIN [EremitData] ed on hdp.Id = ed.Id
 WHERE hdp.SendAmount between 100 and 200
      ≐SELECT
                  hdp.*
        FROM SensorDataHDP hdp
        INNER JOIN [EremitData] ed on hdp.Id = ed.Id
        WHERE hdp.SendAmount between 100 and 200
150 % - <
 Results 📳 Messages
          Bene Account Credit Id
                           Beneficiaryld
                                      SendAmount
                                                 Typeof TraxId
          4035
                                                 1
                           4035
                                      125
 2
          827
                           827
                                      100
                                                 1
 3
      50
          827
                           827
                                      100
                                                 1
      82
          536
                           536
                                      190
                                                 1
```

Structure of External Data Source, External File Format and External Table in SSMS.



File Resides in HDFS

