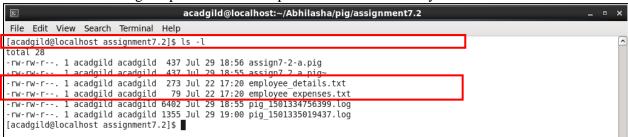
ASSIGNMENT 7

We have employee_details and employee_expenses files. Use local mode while running Pig and write Pig Latin script to get below results:

Input Files:

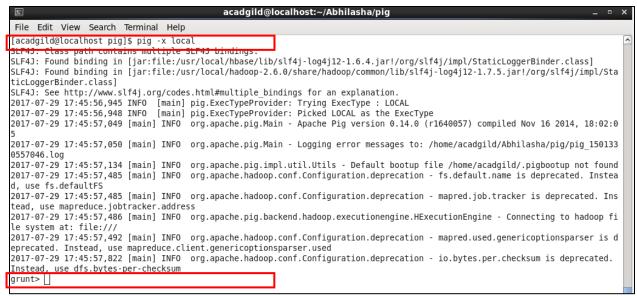
a. Screenshot mentioning the presence of the input files in local directory



b. Content of input files are as follows:

```
acadgild@localhost:~/Abhilasha/pig/assignment7.2
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[acadgild@localhost assignment7.2]$ cat employee details.txt
101.Amitabh.20000.1
102, Shahrukh, 10000, 2
103, Akshay, 11000, 3
104, Anubhav, 5000, 4
105, Pawan, 2500, 5
106, Aamir, 25000, 1
107, Salman, 17500, 2
108, Ranbir, 14000, 3
109,Katrina,1000,4
110, Priyanka, 2000, 5
111,Tushar,500,1
112, Ajay, 5000, 2
113, Jubeen, 1000, 1
114, Madhuri, 2000, 2[acadgild@localhost assignment7.2]$
[acadgild@localhost assignment7.2]$
[acadgild@localhost assignment7.2]$ cat employee expenses.txt
101
102
110
114
         200
119
         200
105
         100
101
         100
104
         300
        400[acadgild@localhost assignment7.2]$
102
```

c. Starting pig in local mode. This was needed to test the script, in step by step execution.



This shows that the grunt shell is launched.

------Problem Statement 1------

(a) Top 5 employees (employee id and employee name) with highest rating. (In case two employees have same rating, employee with name coming first in dictionary should get preference)

Solution: The script execution was as follows:



Name of the script executed was assign7-2-a.pig.

The details of script are as follows:

The script was executed in local mode. Hence, -x local was used while executing the script.

Step 1: empDetails = LOAD 'employee_details.txt' USING PigStorage(',') AS
 (empId:int, empName:chararray,empSalary:int,empRating:int);

Load **employee_details.tx**t in a variable **empDetails**. Using PigStorage operator, we have specified the delimiter for records, i.e., ','. Also, we have specified the schema of the data and named the columns as empld, empName, empSalary, empRating that have data-types integer, chararray, integer and integer respectively.

Step 2: sortByRating = ORDER empDetails by empRating DESC, empName; This is to sort the records based on **empRating** in descending order. Also the records are arranged in dictionary order of names.

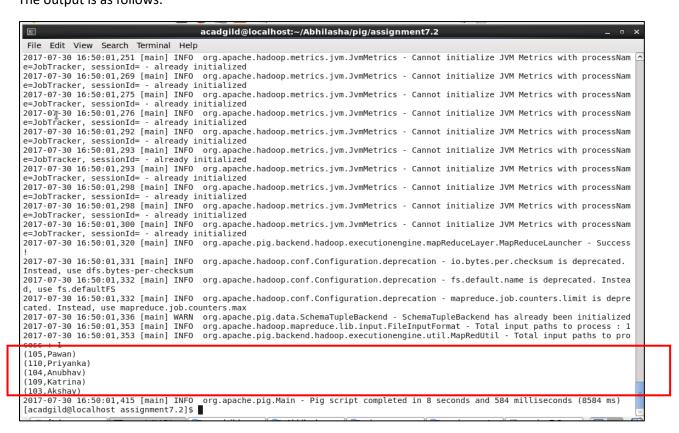
Step 3: limitedRecords = LIMIT sortByRating 5;

This is to limit the number of records in output to 5. Hence, used **LIMIT** command.

Step 4: requiredEmps = FOREACH limitedRecords generate empId, empName;
This is to fetch only empId and empName from the resultset.

Step 5: dump requiredEmps;

This is to dump the result on console. The Output is as follows The output is as follows:



-----Problem Statement 2-----

(b) Top 3 employees (employee id and employee name) with highest salary, whose employee id is an odd number.

(In case two employees have same salary, employee with name coming first in dictionary should get preference)

Solution: The script execution was as follows:



Name of the script executed was assign7-2-b.pig.

The details of script are as follows:

The script was executed in local mode. Hence, -x local was used while executing the script.

```
Step 1: empDetails = LOAD 'employee_details.txt' USING PigStorage(',') AS
(empId:int, empName:chararray,empSalary:int);
```

Load **employee_details**.txt in a variable **empDetails**. Using PigStorage operator, we have specified the delimiter for records, i.e., ','. Also, we have specified the schema of the data and named the columns as empld, empName, empSalary that have data-types integer, chararray and integer respectively.

Step 2: filteredEmps = FILTER empDetails BY empId % 2 != 0; Apply filter to get only those records that have odd **empId**. This is checked by performing a modulo operation, where, if output of modulo is 0 -> even else **empId** is odd.

Step 3: sortBySalary = ORDER filteredEmps by empSalary DESC, empName; Sort the records on the basis of empSalary in descending order and empName.

Step 4: limitedRecords = LIMIT sortBySalary 3;
To fetch only 3 records, we are using LIMIT operation.

Step 5: requiredEmps = FOREACH limitedRecords generate empId, empName;
To get only empId and empName columns from resultset.

Step 6: dump requiredEmps; Dump the output on the console.

The output is as follows:

```
acadgild@localhost:~/Abhilasha/pig/assignment7.2
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
2017-07-30 17:20:54,306 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker, sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 17:20:54,307 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker, sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 17:20:54,325 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker, sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 17:20:54,326 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker, sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 17:20:54,329 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker, sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 17:20:54,338 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker, sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 17:20:54,339 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker, sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 17:20:54,347 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker, sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 17:20:54,357 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker, sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 17:20:54,359 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker, sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 17:20:54,360 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker, sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 17:20:54,366 [main] INFO org.apache.pig.backend.hadoop.executionengine.mapReduceLayer.MapReduceLauncher - Success
2017-07-30 17:20:54,380 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration.deprecation - io.bytes.per.checksum is deprecated.
Instead, use dfs.bytes-per-checksum
2017-07-30 17:20:54,381 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration.deprecation - fs.default.name is deprecated. Instea
d. use fs.defaultFS
2017-07-30 17:20:54,381 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration.deprecation - mapreduce.job.counters.limit is depre
cated. Instead, use mapreduce.job.counters.max
2017-07-30 17:20:54,381 [main] WARN org.apache.pig.data.SchemaTupleBackend - SchemaTupleBackend has already been initialized
2017-07-30 17:20:54,390 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.input.FileInputFormat - Total input paths to process : 1
2017-07-30 17:20:54,390 [main] INFO org.apache.pig.backend.hadoop.executionengine.util.MapRedUtil - Total input paths to pro
(101, Amitabh)
(107, Salman)
(103, Akshay)
2017-07-30 17:20:54,455 [main] INFO org.apache.pig.Main
                                                               script completed in 7 seconds and 659 milliseconds (7659 ms)
                                                               Abhilasha
[acadgild@localhost assignment7.2]$
```

-----Problem Statement 3-----

(c) Employee (employee id and employee name) with maximum expense (In case two employees have same expense, employee with name coming first in dictionary should get preference)

Solution: The script execution was as follows:

```
acadgild@localhost:~/Abhilasha/pig/assignment7.2

File Edit View Search Terminal Help

[acadgild@localhost assignment7.2]$ pig -x local assign7-2-c.pig

SLF4J: Class path contains multiple SLF4J bindings.

SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/usr/local/hbase/lib/slf4j-log4j12-1.6.4.jar!/org/slf4j/impl/StaticLoggerBinder.class]

SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/usr/local/hadoop-2.6.0/share/hadoop/common/lib/slf4j-log4j12-1.7.5.jar!/org/slf4j/impl/StaticLoggerBinder.class]

SLF4J: See http://www.slf4j.org/codes.html#multiple_bindings for an explanation.

2017-07-30 18:06:12,065 INFO [main] pig.ExecTypeProvider: Trying ExecType : LOCAL
```

Name of the script executed was assign7-2-c.pig.

The details of script are as follows:

The script was executed in local mode. Hence, -x local was used while executing the script.

```
Step 1: empDetails = LOAD 'employee_details.txt' USING PigStorage(',') AS
(empId:int, empName:chararray);
```

Load **employee_details**.txt in a variable **empDetails**. Using PigStorage operator, we have specified the delimiter for records, i.e., ','. Also, we have specified the schema of the data and named the columns as empld, empName that have data-types integer and chararray respectively.

```
Step 2: empExpenses = LOAD 'employee_expenses.txt' USING PigStorage(' ') AS
(empId:int, expenses:int);
```

Load **employee_expenses**.txt in a variable **empExpenses**. Using PigStorage operator, we have specified the delimiter for records, i.e., ' '. Also, we have specified the schema of the data and named the columns as empld, expenses that have data-types integer and integer respectively.

Step 3: joinData = JOIN empDetails BY empId, empExpenses by empId;
Perform join of empDetails and empExpenses on employee id.

Step 4: sortedData = ORDER joinData by empExpenses::expenses
DESC,empDetails::empName ;

Sort the resultset by expenses in descending order and by employee name.

Step 5: firstRecord = LIMIT sortedData 1;
Get first record only. Hence, use LIMIT operator.

Step 6: requiredEmp = FOREACH firstRecord generate
empDetails::empId, empDetails::empName;
To get only empId and empName columns from resultset.

Step 7: dump requiredEmp; Dump the output on the console.

The output is as follows:

```
acadgild@localhost:~/Abhilasha/pig/assignment7.2
 File Edit View Search Terminal Help
2017-07-30 18:06:19,879 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam 🕒
e=JobTracker, sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 18:06:19,883 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker. sessionId= - alreadv initialized
2017-07-30 18:06:19,885 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker, sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 18:06:19,919 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker, sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 18:06:19,922 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker, sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 18:06:19,923 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker, sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 18:06:19,938 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker, sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 18:06:19,941 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker, sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 18:06:19,949 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker. sessionId= - alreadv initialized
2017-07-30 18:06:19,959 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker, sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 18:06:19,964 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker, sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 18:06:19,965 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker, sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 18:06:19,968 [main] INFO org.apache.pig.backend.hadoop.executionengine.mapReduceLayer.MapReduceLauncher - Success
2017-07-30 18:06:19,978 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration.deprecation - io.bytes.per.checksum is deprecated.
Instead, use dfs.bytes-per-checksum
2017-07-30 18:06:19.979 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration.deprecation - fs.default.name is deprecated. Instea
d. use fs.defaultFS
2017-07-30 18:06:19,979 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration.deprecation - mapreduce.job.counters.limit is depre
cated. Instead, use mapreduce.job.counters.max
2017-07-30 18:06:19,979 [main] WARN org.apache.pig.data.SchemaTupleBackend - SchemaTupleBackend has already been initialized
2017-07-30 18:06:19,992 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.input.FileInputFormat - Total input paths to process : 1
2017-07-30 18:06:19,992 [main] INFO org.apache.pig.backend.hadoop.executionengine.util.MapRedUtil - Total input paths to pro
(110, Priyanka)
[acadgild@localhost assignment7.2]$ ■ acadgild
```

--Problem Statement 4-----

(d) List of employees (employee id and employee name) having entries in employee_expenses file

Solution: The script execution was as follows:

Name of the script executed was assign7-2-d.pig.

The details of script are as follows:

The script was executed in local mode. Hence, -x local was used while executing the script.

```
Step 1: empDetails = LOAD 'employee_details.txt' USING PigStorage(',') AS
(empId:int, empName:chararray);
```

Load **employee_details**.txt in a variable **empDetails**. Using PigStorage operator, we have specified the delimiter for records, i.e., ','. Also, we have specified the schema of the data and named the columns as empld, empName that have data-types integer and chararray respectively.

Step 2: empExpenses = LOAD 'employee_expenses.txt' USING PigStorage('') AS
(empId:int);

Load **employee_expenses**.txt in a variable **empExpenses**. Using PigStorage operator, we have specified the delimiter for records, i.e., ' '. Also, we have specified the schema of the data and named the column as empld that has data-type integer.

Step 3: joinData = JOIN empDetails BY empId, empExpenses by empId;
Perform join of empDetails and empExpenses on employee id.

Step 4: distinctRecords = DISTINCT joinData; Data in 'employee_expenses.txt' has multiple entries for a few emplds. Hence, to remove duplicates, we have used **DISTINCT**.

Step 5: requiredEmps = FOREACH distinctRecords generate
empDetails::empId, empDetails::empName;
To get only empId and empName columns from resultset.

Step 7: dump requiredEmp;
Dump the output on the console.

The output is as follows:

```
acadgild@localhost:~/Abhilasha/pig/assignment7.2
 File Edit View Search Terminal Help
Total records proactively spilled: 0
Job DAG:
job local1393596130 0001
                                        job local1767596800 0002,
job_local1767596800_0002
2017-07-30 18:19:11,872 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker, sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 18:19:11,873 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker, sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 18:19:11,878 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker, sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 18:19:11,902 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker, sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 18:19:11,909 [main] IMFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker. sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 18:19:11,910 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics.jvm.JvmMetrics - Cannot initialize JVM Metrics with processNam
e=JobTracker, sessionId= - already initialized
2017-07-30 18:19:11,916 [main] INFO org.apache.pig.backend.hadoop.executionengine.mapReduceLayer.MapReduceLauncher - Success
2017-07-30 18:19:11,936 [main] INFO
                                    org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration.deprecation - io.bytes.per.checksum is deprecated.
Instead, use dfs.bytes-per-checksum
2017-07-30 18:19:11,936 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration.deprecation - fs.default.name is deprecated. Instea
d, use fs.defaultFS
2017-07-30 18:19:11,936 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration.deprecation - mapreduce.job.counters.limit is depre
cated. Instead, use mapreduce.job.counters.max
2017-07-30 18:19:11,936 [main] WARN org.apache.pig.data.SchemaTupleBackend - SchemaTupleBackend has already been initialized
2017-07-30 18:19:11,965 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.input.FileInputFormat - Total input paths to process : 1
2017-07-30 18:19:11,965 [main] INFO
                                    org.apache.pig.backend.hadoop.executionengine.util.MapRedUtil - Total input paths to pro
(101,Amitabh)
(102,Shahrukh)
(104.Anubhav)
(105, Pawan)
(110.Privanka)
(114.Madhuri)
2017-07-30 18:19:12,030 [main] INFO org.apache.pig.Main - Pig script completed in 6 seconds and 792 milliseconds (6792 ms)
                                                                        pig
[acadgild@localhost assignment7.2]$
```

-----Problem Statement 5-----

(e) List of employees (employee id and employee name) having no entry in employee_expenses file.

Solution: The script execution was as follows:

Name of the script executed was assign7-2-e.pig.

The details of script are as follows:

The script was executed in local mode. Hence, -x local was used while executing the script.

```
Step 1: empDetails = LOAD 'employee_details.txt' USING PigStorage(',') AS
(empId:int, empName:chararray);
```

Load **employee_details**.txt in a variable **empDetails**. Using PigStorage operator, we have specified the delimiter for records, i.e., ','. Also, we have specified the schema of the data and named the columns as empld, empName that have data-types integer and chararray respectively.

Step 2: empExpenses = LOAD 'employee_expenses.txt' USING PigStorage('') AS
(empId:int);

Load **employee_expenses**.txt in a variable **empExpenses**. Using PigStorage operator, we have specified the delimiter for records, i.e., ' '. Also, we have specified the schema of the data and named the column as empld that has data-type integer.

Step 3: coGroupData = COGROUP empDetails BY empId, empExpenses by empId; COGROUP is used to achieve cross-product join as well as group by. Here, the purpose is to get columns of both the relations in a record.

Step 4: filteredData = FILTER coGroupData BY IsEmpty(empExpenses); Filter the records to get only those that have no data for columns from employee expenses data. Used IsEmpty() for the same.

Step 5: flattenedData = FOREACH filteredData generate FLATTEN(empDetails);
To flatten the data, i.e., convert bag of tuples into distinct tuples.

Step 7: dump flattenedData; Dump the output on the console. The output is as follows:

