# Job Control Language

JCL is an interface between an Application Program and MVS OS. Using JCL we could execute programs in TSO written in COBOL, ASSEMBLER etc. JCL executes a program in batch mode.

# JCL Coding Rules

1) JCL has a Job card. Job card is made of up of two parameters namely positional and keyword parameters. A Job has one or more Job steps to execute Programs and utilities to perform a certain functionality.

JOB CARD Parameters:-

Positional Parameters: Accounting Info is a positional parameter and has to be given and Programmer name, if omitted should be replaced by a comma

Keyword Parameters: This can appear in any order after keyword parameters

CLASS: Depends on time duration and Resources (0-9, A-Z)

PRTY: Specifying Priority of a Job (0-15) within a Job class and is an Optional one.

NOTIFY: Sends the status of Job execution to the userid specified. &SYSUID denotes the user submitting the job

MSGCLASS: Denotes the destination for system messages

(A-Z, 0-9)

MSGLEVEL: Determines the type of messages written to O/p destination specified in Job class

MSGLEVEL=(1,1) - Preferred

User Msgs: 1-JCL Satements

System Msgs: 1-Normal OR Abnormal Job completion

TYPRUN: SCAN/HOLD

SCAN: Checks for Syntax errors

HOLD: Puts the Job on hold, To release type 'A' against the job in spool

TIME: (mm,ss) or Time=ss, nolimit, min=1-1439 - 1day, seconds=1-59, max = 248 days

REGION=4096K or 0M (Larger Database access requires more virtual memory)

NOTIFY: &SYSUID (Notify the Successful or Abnormal Execution of Job)

- 2) The first 2 chars of a jcl statement should be //,  $72^{nd}$  column is left blank unless otherwise a jcl statement is following next line
- 3) Operand keywords should start from col 16
- 4) //\* is a comment
- 5) We can have up to 255 job steps in a single jcl

#### Line Commands:

I - Insert a single line

I5 - Insert 5 lines

RR

RR - Repeat a block of lines

R - Repeat a line

 ${\sf C}$  - Copy a single line and paste After or before a line by typing A or B on a line

D - Deletes a line

DD....DD - Blocks and deletes a set of lines

CC...CC - Blocks the lines and type CUT on command prompt to cut lines and type PASTE where you want to paste

### Command Prompts

RES - Resets

REF - Refresh the info

COLS - Displays the column numbers

SAVE - SAVEs a Dataset

SUB - Submit a Job

# 1. IEFBR14 - Dummy Utility to Create/Delete a Physical Sequential dataset or a PDS

```
//STEP01
                EXEC
                      PGM=IEFBR14
//*deletes an existing physical seg dataset
                      DSN=WPR085.INPUT, DISP=(OLD, DELETE, DELETE)
//DD1
                DD
//*
//STEP01
               EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//* creates a dataset
//DD1
                     DSN=WPR085.OUTPUT,
                DD
//
                      DISP=(NEW, CATLG, DELETE),
//
                      SPACE = (TRK, (1, 1), RLSE),
//
                      DCB=(RECFM=FB, LRECL=80, BLKSIZE=800)
//*
//STEP01
               EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//* creates a pds dataset
//DD1
               DD
                      DSN=WPR085.OUTPUT,
//
                      DISP=(NEW, CATLG, DELETE),
//
                      SPACE = (TRK, (1, 1, 5), RLSE),
//
                     DCB=(RECFM=FB, LRECL=80, BLKSIZE=800, DSORG=PO)
//*
```

#### 2. IEBGENER

### Copy Seg files to Seg files

```
EXEC PGM=IEBGENER
//STEP01
//SYSUT1
                DD
                      DSN=WPR085.INPUT1, DISP=SHR
//SYSUT2
                DD
                      DSN=WPR085.OUTPUT1,
//
                      DISP=(NEW, CATLG, DELETE),
//
                      SPACE = (TRK, (1, 1), RLSE),
//
                      DCB=(RECFM=FB, LRECL=80, BLKSIZE=800)
//SYSPRINT
                      SYSOUT=*
                DD
//*
```

# Copy A Member of PDS to Seq files

```
//STEP01
                EXEC PGM=IEBGENER
//SYSUT1
                DD
                      DSN=WPR085.INPUT.PDS(TESTJCL1), DISP=SHR
//SYSUT2
                DD
                      DSN=WPR085.OUTPUT2,
//
                      DISP=(NEW, CATLG, DELETE),
//
                      SPACE = (TRK, (1, 1), RLSE),
                      DCB=(RECFM=FB, LRECL=80, BLKSIZE=800)
//
//SYSPRINT
                DD
                      SYSOUT=*
//*
```

# Copy 3 PS FILES to a Seq file

//STEP01 EXEC PGM=IEBGENER

```
//SYSUT1
               DD
                      DSN=WPR085.INPUT1, DISP=SHR
//
               DD
                      DSN=WPR085.INPUT2, DISP=SHR
//
                      DSN=WPR085.INPUT3, DISP=SHR
               DD
//SYSUT2
               DD
                      DSN=WPR085.OUTPUT3,
                      DISP=(NEW, CATLG, DELETE),
//
//
                      SPACE = (TRK, (1, 1), RLSE),
                      DCB=(RECFM=FB, LRECL=80, BLKSIZE=800)
//
//SYSPRINT
                      SYSOUT=*
               DD
  3. IEBCOPY
  (CREATES A PDS FROM AN EXISTING PDS AND COPIES ALL ITS
  MEMBERS)
//STEP01
               EXEC PGM=IEBCOPY
//DDIN
                      DSN=WPR085.JCL.LIB, DISP=SHR
               DD
//DDOUT
                      DSN=WPR085.JCL.LIB.BKUP,
               DD
//
                      DISP=(NEW, CATLG, DELETE),
//
                      SPACE = (TRK, (1, 1, 1), RLSE),
//
                      DCB=(RECFM=FB, DSORG=PO)
//SYSPRINT
                     SYSOUT=*
               DD
//SYSIN
               DD
COPY OUTDD=DDOUT, INDD=DDIN
/*
//*
  (CREATES A PDS FROM AN EXISTING PDS AND
                                                     COPIES
                                                             MEMBERS
  MEMBER1, MEMBER2 AND MEMBER3 TO THE NEW PDS)
//STEP01
               EXEC
                      PGM=IEBCOPY
//DDIN
               DD
                      DSN=WPR085.JCL.LIB1, DISP=SHR
//DDOUT
                      DSN=WPR085.JCL.LIB1.BKUP,
               DD
//
                      DISP=(NEW, CATLG, DELETE),
//
                      SPACE = (TRK, (1, 1, 1), RLSE),
//
                      DCB= (RECFM=FB, DSORG=PO)
                     SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT
               DD
//SYSIN
               DD
COPY OUTDD=DDOUT, INDD=DDIN
 SELECT MEMBER= (MEMBER1, MEMBER2, MEMBER3)
/*
//*
  (CREATES A PDS FROM AN EXISTING PDS AND COPIES ALL MEMBERS
  EXCEPT MEMBER2 TO THE NEW PDS)
//STEP01
               EXEC
                      PGM=IEBCOPY
                      DSN=WPR085.JCL.LIB1, DISP=SHR
//DDIN
               DD
//DDOUT
               DD
                      DSN=WPR085.JCL.LIB1.BKUP,
                      DISP=(NEW, CATLG, DELETE),
//
//
                      SPACE = (TRK, (1, 1, 1), RLSE),
//
                      DCB= (RECFM=FB, DSORG=PO)
```

```
//SYSPRINT
               DD
                     SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN
               DD
COPY OUTDD=DDOUT, INDD=DDIN
EXCLUDE MEMBER= (MEMBER2)
/*
//*
  4. IEBCOMPR
     Compares two Input files
//STEP01
               EXEC
                     PGM=IEBCOMPR
//SYSUT1
                      DSN=WPR085.INPUT1, DISP=SHR
               DD
//SYSUT2
               DD
                      DSN=WPR085.INPUT2, DISP=SHR
//SYSOUT
                      SYSOUT=*
               DD
//SYSPRINT
               DD
                      SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN
               DD
                     DUMMY
  5. SORT & MERGE
  a) Copies Input file to Output file
            EXEC PGM=SORT
//STEP01
//SORTIN
              DD DSN=WPR085.SORTIN, DISP=SHR
//SORTOUT
              DD DSN=WPR085.SORTOUT,
//
                  DISP=(NEW, CATLG, DELETE),
//
                  SPACE = (TRK, (1,1), RLSE),
//
                  DCB=(RECFM=FB, LRECL=80, BLKSIZE=800)
//SYSIN
              DD *
 SORT FIELDS=COPY
/*
//SYSOUT
              DD SYSOUT=*
//*
  B) Copies Input file
                         to Output file and sort first 10 chars
     in ascending order
//STEP01
            EXEC PGM=SORT
//SORTIN
              DD DSN=WPR085.SORTIN, DISP=SHR
//SORTOUT
                  DSN=WPR085.SORTOUT1,
              DD
//
                  DISP=(NEW, CATLG, DELETE),
//
                  SPACE = (TRK, (1, 1), RLSE),
//
                  DCB=(RECFM=FB, LRECL=80, BLKSIZE=800)
//SYSIN
              DD
  SORT FIELDS=(1, 10, CH, A)
```

//SYSOUT

DD SYSOUT=\*

```
C) Copies Input file to Output file and sort A NUMERIC field
     from 21st char to 25th char in descending order
//STEP01
            EXEC
                 PGM=SORT
//SORTIN
              DD DSN=WPR085.SORTIN, DISP=SHR
//SORTOUT
              DD DSN=WPR085.SORTOUT1,
                  DISP=(NEW, CATLG, DELETE),
//
//
                  SPACE = (TRK, (1, 1), RLSE),
//
                  DCB=(RECFM=FB, LRECL=80, BLKSIZE=800)
//SYSIN
              DD
  SORT FIELDS=(21,5,ZD,A)
//SYSOUT
              DD SYSOUT=*
D) Copies Input file to Output file and Sort first ten chars in
ascending order and within this sorted data, sort the file in
ascending order of a numeric field (21-25 columns)
//STEP01
            EXEC PGM=SORT
//SORTIN
              DD DSN=WPR085.SORTIN, DISP=SHR
//SORTOUT
              DD DSN=WPR085.SORTOUT1,
//
                  DISP=(NEW, CATLG, DELETE),
//
                  SPACE = (TRK, (1, 1), RLSE),
//
                  DCB=(RECFM=FB, LRECL=80, BLKSIZE=800)
//SYSIN
              DD
  SORT FIELDS=(1,10,CH,A,21,5,ZD,A)
//SYSOUT
              DD SYSOUT=*
E) Copies Input file to Output file and Sort first ten chars in
descending order and copy selective records
//STEP01
            EXEC PGM=SORT
//SORTIN
              DD DSN=WPR085.SORTIN, DISP=SHR
//SORTOUT
              DD DSN=WPR085.SORTOUT1,
//
                  DISP=(NEW, CATLG, DELETE),
//
                  SPACE = (TRK, (1, 1), RLSE),
//
                  DCB=(RECFM=FB, LRECL=80, BLKSIZE=800)
//SYSIN
              DD
  SORT FIELDS=(1,20,CH,A)
  INCLUDE COND= (26, 1, CH, EQ, C'M')
/*
//SYSOUT
              DD SYSOUT=*
```

F) Copies Input file to Output file and Sort first ten chars in descending order and copy selective records

```
//STEP01
            EXEC
                 PGM=SORT
//SORTIN
              DD DSN=WPR085.SORTIN, DISP=SHR
//SORTOUT
              DD DSN=WPR085.SORTOUT1,
//
                  DISP=(NEW, CATLG, DELETE),
//
                   SPACE = (TRK, (1, 1), RLSE),
//
                  DCB=(RECFM=FB, LRECL=80, BLKSIZE=800)
//SYSIN
              DD
 SORT FIELDS=(1,20,CH,A)
 OMIT COND=(26,1,CH,EQ,C'M')
//SYSOUT
              DD SYSOUT=*
```

G) Copies Input file to Output file and Sort first ten chars in descending order and copy age greater than 40

```
//STEP01
            EXEC PGM=SORT
//SORTIN
               DD DSN=WPR085.SORTIN, DISP=SHR
//SORTOUT
               DD DSN=WPR085.SORTOUT1,
//
                   DISP=(NEW, CATLG, DELETE),
//
                   SPACE = (TRK, (1, 1), RLSE),
//
                   DCB=(RECFM=FB, LRECL=80, BLKSIZE=800)
//SYSIN
               DD
  SORT FIELDS=(1,20,CH,A)
  INCLUDE COND=(21, 5, ZD, GT, 40)
/*
//SYSOUT
              DD SYSOUT=*
```

H) Merges two files (Both the input files should already be in the sorted order exactly same as the parameter given in the merge fields)

```
//STEP01
            EXEC PGM=SORT
//SORTIN01
              DD DSN=WPR085.MONTHLY.FILE, DISP=SHR
//SORTIN02
              DD DSN=WPR085.DAILY.FILE, DISP=SHR
//SORTOUT
              DD DSN=WPR085.SORTOUT,
//
                   DISP=(NEW, CATLG, DELETE),
//
                   SPACE = (TRK, (1,1), RLSE),
//
                   DCB=(RECFM=FB, LRECL=80, BLKSIZE=800)
//SYSIN
              DD
 MERGE FIELDS=(1, 20, CH, A)
//SYSOUT
              DD SYSOUT=*
//*
```

```
I) Merging two or more files using SORT FIELDS (Here I/p files
need not be presorted)
//STEP01
            EXEC PGM=SORT
              DD DSN=WPR085.DAILY.FILE1,DISP=SHR
//SORTIN
//
              DD DSN=WPR085.DAILY.FILE2,DISP=SHR
//
              DD DSN=WPR085.DAILY.FILE1,DISP=SHR
//SORTOUT
              DD DSN=WPR085.SORTOUT,
//
                  DISP=(NEW, CATLG, DELETE),
//
                  SPACE = (TRK, (1, 1), RLSE),
//
                  DCB=(RECFM=FB, LRECL=80, BLKSIZE=800)
//SYSIN
              DD
 MERGE FIELDS=(1,20,CH,A)
//SYSOUT
              DD SYSOUT=*
//*
  6. TEMPERORY DATASETS
```

```
//STEP01
            EXEC PGM=SORT
//SORTIN
               DD DSN=WPR085.SORTIN, DISP=SHR
//SORTOUT
               DD DSN=&&TEMP1,
                   DISP=(NEW, PASS, DELETE),
//
//
                   SPACE = (TRK, (1, 1), RLSE),
//
                   DCB=(RECFM=FB, LRECL=80, BLKSIZE=800)
//SYSIN
               DD
  SORT FIELDS=(1,10,CH,A)
/*
              DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT
//*
//STEP02
            EXEC PGM=COBOLPGM1
//INFILE
              DD DSN=&&TEMP1, DISP=SHR
//OUTFILE
               DD DSN=WPR085.COBOL.OUTPUT,
//
                   DISP=(NEW, CATLG, DELETE),
//
                   SPACE = (TRK, (1, 1), RLSE),
//
                   DCB=(RECFM=FB, LRECL=80, BLKSIZE=800)
//SYSOUT
              DD SYSOUT=*
//STEP01
            EXEC PGM=SORT
//SORTIN
               DD DSN=WPR085.SORTIN, DISP=SHR
//SORTOUT
               DD
                   DSN=&&TEMP1,
//
                   DISP=(NEW, PASS, DELETE),
                   SPACE = (TRK, (1,1), RLSE),
//
//
                   DCB=(RECFM=FB, LRECL=80, BLKSIZE=800)
//SYSIN
               DD
```

```
SORT FIELDS=(1, 10, CH, A)
/*
//SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//*
//STEP02 EXEC PGM=IEBGENER
//SYSUT1
            DD DSN=&&TEMP1, DISP=SHR
//SYSUT2
             DD DSN=WPR085.COBOL.OUTPUT1,
//
                 DISP=(NEW, CATLG, DELETE),
//
                 SPACE = (TRK, (1,1), RLSE),
                 DCB=(RECFM=FB, LRECL=80, BLKSIZE=800)
//
//SYSPRINT
             DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSUDUMP
            DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSABEND
            DD SYSOUT=*
```

# 7. CONDITIONAL PROCESSING COND PARM

COND parameter is used to test the condition code (return code) of one or more steps or all the previous steps and decide whether to execute the current step or not. This parm is usually given in Job steps.

```
COND=EVEN (EXECUTES EVEN IF ABOVE STEPS RUNS SUCCESSFULLY OR NOT)
COND=ONLY (EXECUTES only if any of the above job step fails)

COND=(4,LT)

COND=(4,NE,<STEPNAME>)
If the condition is true, it doesn't execute. If it is false, then it executes
COND=((4,NE,<STEPNAME>)AND(4,NE,<STEPNAME>))
```

If the condition is satisfied, it doesn't execute. If the condition is not satisfied, it executes.

#### IF THEN ELSE ENDIF PARM

```
// IF STEPNAME.RC = 0 THEN
//STEP01 EXEC PGM=TESTPGM1
// ELSE
//STEP02 EXEC PGM=TESTPGM2
// ENDIF
```

#### 8. WRITING INSTREAM DATA INTO A FILE THRU JOB

```
//STEP01
           EXEC PGM=IEBGENER
//SYSUT1
             DD *
007M S DHONI
                  35
022SHIKAR DHAWAN
                  32
050AJINKYA RAHANE 29
010VIRAT KOHLI
                  26
011ROHIT SHARMA
                  28
099SURESH RAINA
                 29
100MOHD SHAMI
                  33
005UMESH YADAV
                  34
004ASHWIN
                  31
088RAVINDRA JADEJA 28
011BHUVA KUMAR 33
/*
//SYSUT2 DD DSN=WPR085.COBOL.INPUT12,
//
                 DISP=(NEW, CATLG, DELETE),
//
                 SPACE = (TRK, (1,1), RLSE),
//
                 DCB=(RECFM=FB, LRECL=80, BLKSIZE=800)
//SYSPRINT
             DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSUDUMP
            DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSABEND
             DD SYSOUT=*
```

#### PROCEDURE:

A PROC is nothing but a set of JOB steps without a Job card. It is executable only thru a JCL.

Need for a PROC. A JCL cannot have more than 255 steps. So we have a concept called PROC where the Job steps reside and it is executed via a JCL. Also, in production environment, during production issues, if we need to change any component in proc, it is highly risky and this could be achieved thru overriding parameters thru a JCL.

```
In JCL
//JOB CARD....
// JCLLIB ORDER DSN=WPR085.PROC.LIBRARY
//*
//STEP01 EXEC SORTPROC
//*
```

SORTPROC is a PROC and present in WPR085.PROC.LIBRARY

```
A PROC will have all Job steps. The first statement will be
having a PROC name and a operation keyword PROC as given below:-
//SORTPROC
              PROC
//*
//STEP01
           EXEC PGM=SORT
//SORTIN
              DD DSN=WPR085.SORTIN, DISP=SHR
//SORTOUT
              DD DSN=WPRO085.SORTOUT,
//
                  DISP=(NEW, CATLG, DELETE),
//
                  SPACE = (TRK, (1, 1), RLSE),
//
                  DCB=(RECFM=FB, LRECL=80, BLKSIZE=800)
//SYSIN
              DD
  SORT FIELDS=(1,10,CH,A)
//SYSOUT
              DD SYSOUT=*
//*
Usage OF Symbolic parm
//SORTPROC PROC HLO=WPR085
//*
//STEP01
            EXEC PGM=SORT
              DD DSN=&HLQ..SORTIN, DISP=SHR
//SORTIN
//SORTOUT
              DD DSN=&HLQ..SORTOUT,
//
                  DISP=(NEW, PASS, DELETE),
//
                  SPACE = (TRK, (1, 1), RLSE),
//
                  DCB=(RECFM=FB, LRECL=80, BLKSIZE=800)
//SYSIN
              DD
  SORT FIELDS=(1, 10, CH, A)
//SYSOUT
              DD SYSOUT=*
//*
OVERRIDING PARAMETERS IN A PROC THRU JCL
  A) OVERRIDING A FILE THRU JCL
In JCL
//JOB CARD....
// JCLLIB ORDER DSN=WPR085.PROC.LIBRARY
//*
//STEP01 EXEC SORTPROC
//STEPSORT.SORTIN DD DSN=WPR085.SORTIN.NEW,DISP=SHR
//*
//SORTPROC PROC HLQ=WPR085
//*
//STEPSORT
              EXEC PGM=SORT
//SORTIN
              DD DSN=&HLQ..SORTIN, DISP=SHR
```

```
//SORTOUT DD DSN=&HLQ..SORTOUT,
// DISP=(NEW, PASS, DELETE),
// SPACE=(TRK, (1,1), RLSE),
// DCB=(RECFM=FB, LRECL=80, BLKSIZE=800)
//SYSIN DD *
SORT FIELDS=(1,10,CH,A)
/*
//SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
//*
```