



```
# <q>provider</q> For Option 1 : Fleet-Wide Pod Monitoring (Single Alarm) , lets say it
```

Yes, exactly! With Option 1 (Fleet-Wide Pod Monitoring), you create **just ONE alarm** regardless of whether you have 10 accounts, 100 accounts, or 1000 accounts.^[1] ^[2]

How One Alarm Monitors 1000 Accounts

```
# This creates ONLY 1 alarm in CloudWatch
resource "aws_cloudwatch_metric_alarm" "fleet_wide_single_alarm" {
  provider          = aws.monitoring
  alarm_name        = "all-pods-all-accounts-cpu-high"
  comparison_operator = "GreaterThanOrEqualToThreshold"
  evaluation_periods = 2
  threshold         = 80

  metric_query {
    id      = "q1"
    return_data = true

    # This query reaches across ALL accounts automatically
    expression = <<-SQL
      SELECT MAX(pod_cpu_utilization)
      FROM SCHEMA("YourCustomNamespace", ClusterName, Namespace, PodName)
      GROUP BY ClusterName, Namespace, PodName, :aws.AccountId
    SQL
  }
}
```

Result:

- **1 alarm resource** in CloudWatch
- Monitors pods across **all 1000 accounts**
- Monitors **thousands or even tens of thousands of pods**
- Each pod is a **contributor** to that single alarm

What "Contributors" Means

When the alarm triggers, CloudWatch shows you which specific contributors caused it:

```
Alarm: all-pods-all-accounts-cpu-high
State: In alarm
Contributors in alarm (showing top 10 of 47):
  1. Account: 111111111111, ClusterName: prod-cluster-1, Namespace: default, PodName: app
```

```
2. Account: 222222222222, ClusterName: prod-cluster-5, Namespace: backend, PodName: api
3. Account: 111111111111, ClusterName: staging-cluster-2, Namespace: default, PodName:
...

```

Limits for Single Fleet-Wide Alarm

However, there are constraints:^[3]

Limit	Value	Impact
Max time series per query	500	Alarm can track up to 500 distinct pods simultaneously ^[3]
Max metrics evaluated per query	10,000	Can query up to 10,000 metrics ^[3]
Contributors shown in UI	Top 500	Only top 500 contributors displayed ^[2]

What This Means for Your Scale

If you have **10,000 pods across 1000 accounts**:

- ✓ **Query succeeds** - can query all 10,000 pods (within 10,000 metric limit)
- ⚠ **Only 500 are "tracked" as contributors** - the query returns only 500 time series (you control which 500 with ORDER BY and LIMIT)

Controlling Which Pods Are Monitored

Use ORDER BY and LIMIT to focus on the most important pods:^[4]

```
resource "aws_cloudwatch_metric_alarm" "top_500_worst_pods" {
  alarm_name = "top-500-cpu-consuming-pods"
  threshold  = 80

  metric_query {
    id = "q1"

    # Automatically monitor the TOP 500 worst performing pods
    expression = <<-SQL
      SELECT MAX(pod_cpu_utilization)
      FROM SCHEMA("YourCustomNamespace", ClusterName, Namespace, PodName)
      GROUP BY ClusterName, Namespace, PodName, :aws.AccountId
      ORDER BY MAX() DESC
      LIMIT 500
    SQL
  }
}
```

Result:

- **1 alarm**
- Monitors **only the 500 pods with highest CPU usage**
- As pods come and go, the alarm **automatically tracks the current top 500**

- Works across **all 1000 accounts** [2] [4]

When You Need Multiple Alarms

You only need multiple fleet-wide alarms if:

Scenario 1: Different Metrics

```
# Alarm 1: CPU monitoring (1 alarm)
resource "aws_cloudwatch_metric_alarm" "fleet_cpu" {
  alarm_name = "fleet-pods-cpu"
  # ... monitors pod_cpu_utilization
}

# Alarm 2: Memory monitoring (1 alarm)
resource "aws_cloudwatch_metric_alarm" "fleet_memory" {
  alarm_name = "fleet-pods-memory"
  # ... monitors pod_memory_utilization
}

# Total: 2 alarms for all 1000 accounts
```

Scenario 2: Different Severity Levels

```
# Alarm 1: Warning threshold (1 alarm)
resource "aws_cloudwatch_metric_alarm" "fleet_warning" {
  alarm_name = "fleet-pods-warning"
  threshold  = 70
  alarm_actions = [aws_sns_topic.warnings.arn]
  # ...
}

# Alarm 2: Critical threshold (1 alarm)
resource "aws_cloudwatch_metric_alarm" "fleet_critical" {
  alarm_name = "fleet-pods-critical"
  threshold  = 90
  alarm_actions = [aws_sns_topic.critical.arn]
  # ...
}

# Total: 2 alarms for all 1000 accounts
```

Scenario 3: Different Environments

```
# Alarm 1: Production pods (1 alarm)
resource "aws_cloudwatch_metric_alarm" "fleet_production" {
  alarm_name = "fleet-pods-production"

  metric_query {
    id = "q1"
    expression = <<-SQL
```

```

        SELECT MAX(pod_cpu_utilization)
        FROM SCHEMA("YourCustomNamespace", ClusterName, Namespace, PodName)
        WHERE Namespace IN ('production', 'prod')
        GROUP BY ClusterName, Namespace, PodName, :aws.AccountId
    SQL
}

}

# Alarm 2: Staging pods (1 alarm)
resource "aws_cloudwatch_metric_alarm" "fleet_staging" {
    alarm_name = "fleet-pods-staging"

    metric_query {
        id = "q1"
        expression = <<-SQL
        SELECT MAX(pod_cpu_utilization)
        FROM SCHEMA("YourCustomNamespace", ClusterName, Namespace, PodName)
        WHERE Namespace IN ('staging', 'stage')
        GROUP BY ClusterName, Namespace, PodName, :aws.AccountId
    SQL
}
}

# Total: 2 alarms for all 1000 accounts

```

Terraform Count Verification

To make it crystal clear, let's show the Terraform plan output:

```

$ terraform plan

Terraform will perform the following actions:

# aws_cloudwatch_metric_alarm.fleet_wide_single_alarm will be created
+ resource "aws_cloudwatch_metric_alarm" "fleet_wide_single_alarm" {
    + alarm_name          = "all-pods-all-accounts-cpu-high"
    + comparison_operator = "GreaterThanThreshold"
    ...
}

Plan: 1 to add, 0 to change, 0 to destroy.

```

Only 1 resource gets created, no matter how many accounts or pods.^[1]

Cost Implications

One alarm for 1000 accounts is extremely cost-effective:

- **Metrics Insights alarm:** First 10 alarms free, then \$0.10/alarm/month^[5]
- **Your cost:** \$0 (assuming you have <10 total Metrics Insights alarms)
- **Alternative (individual alarms):** If you created 10,000 individual alarms at \$0.10 each = \$1,000/month

Summary

Option 1: Fleet-Wide Pod Monitoring

- **Number of accounts:** 1000
- **Number of pods:** 10,000+
- **Number of alarms created:** 1 ✓
- **Pods tracked per alarm:** Up to 500 contributors
- **Terraform resources:** 1

This is the power of CloudWatch Metrics Insights with GROUP BY - **one alarm can monitor an entire fleet** across any number of accounts. [2] [3] [1]

**

1. <https://pubudu.dev/posts/cloudwatch-multi-metric-alarms/>
2. <https://www.amazonaws.cn/en/new/2025/amazon-cloudwatch-query-alarms-support-monitoring-metrics-individually/>
3. <https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonCloudWatch/latest/monitoring/cloudwatch-metrics-insights-limits.html>
4. <https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonCloudWatch/latest/monitoring/cloudwatch-metrics-insights-querylanguage.html>
5. https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonCloudWatch/latest/monitoring/cloudwatch_limits.html