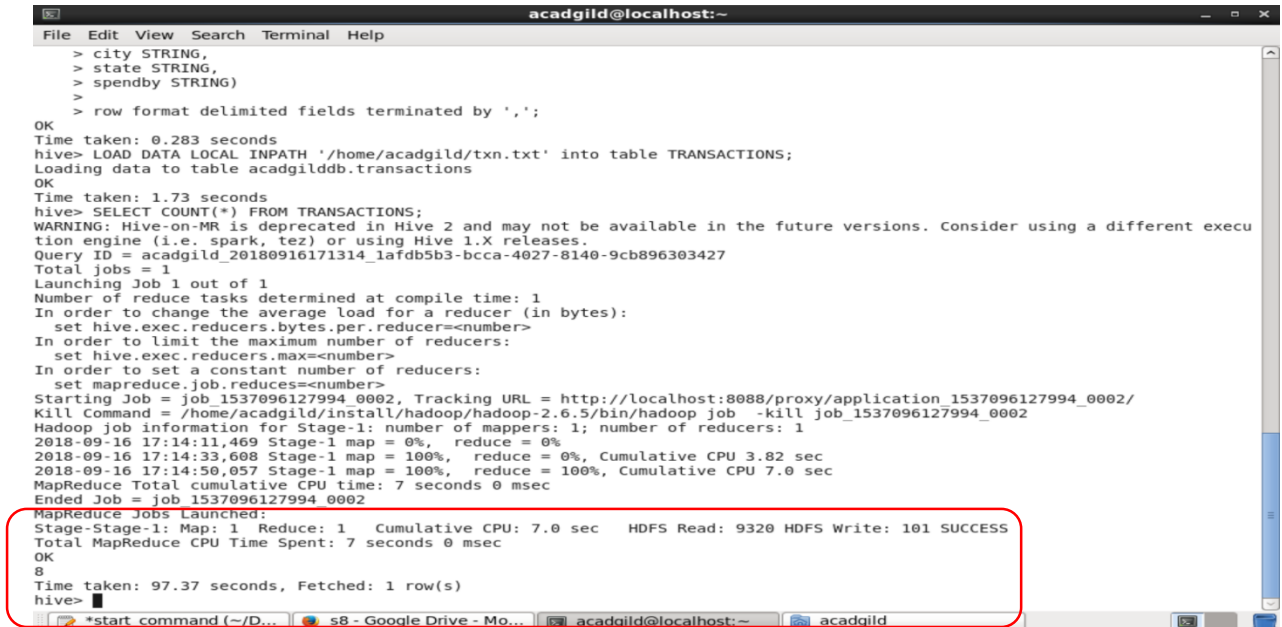


Advance HBase Assignment

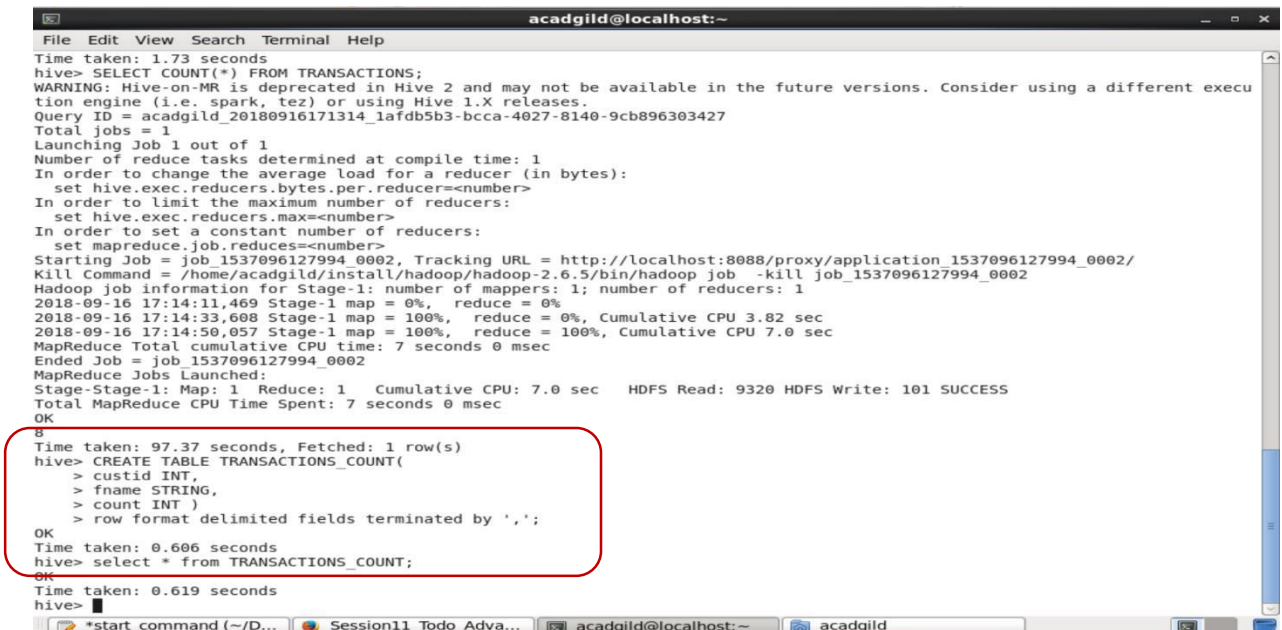
Tasks:

1. Find out the number of transactions by the customer (These should be taken up in module 8 itself)



```
acadgild@localhost:~$
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
> city STRING,
> state STRING,
> spendby STRING)
> row format delimited fields terminated by ',';
OK
Time taken: 0.283 seconds
hive> LOAD DATA LOCAL INPATH '/home/acadgild/txn.txt' into table TRANSACTIONS;
Loading data to table acadgild.transactions
OK
Time taken: 1.73 seconds
hive> SELECT COUNT(*) FROM TRANSACTIONS;
WARNING: Hive-on-MR is deprecated in Hive 2 and may not be available in the future versions. Consider using a different execution engine (i.e. spark, tez) or using Hive 1.X releases.
Query ID = acadgild_20180916171314_1afdb5b3-bcca-4027-8140-9cb896303427
Total jobs = 1
Launching Job 1 out of 1
Number of reduce tasks determined at compile time: 1
In order to change the average load for a reducer (in bytes):
  set hive.exec.reducers.bytes.per.reducer=<number>
In order to limit the maximum number of reducers:
  set hive.exec.reducers.max=<number>
In order to set a constant number of reducers:
  set mapreduce.job.reduces=<number>
Starting Job = job_1537096127994_0002, Tracking URL = http://localhost:8088/proxy/application_1537096127994_0002/
Kill Command = /home/acadgild/install/hadoop/hadoop-2.6.5/bin/hadoop job -kill job_1537096127994_0002
Hadoop job information for Stage-1: number of mappers: 1; number of reducers: 1
2018-09-16 17:14:11,469 Stage-1 map = 0%, reduce = 0%
2018-09-16 17:14:33,608 Stage-1 map = 100%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 3.82 sec
2018-09-16 17:14:50,057 Stage-1 map = 100%, reduce = 100%, Cumulative CPU 7.0 sec
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 7 seconds 0 msec
Ended Job = job_1537096127994_0002
MapReduce Jobs Launched:
Stage-Stage-1: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 7.0 sec HDFS Read: 9320 HDFS Write: 101 SUCCESS
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 7 seconds 0 msec
OK
8
Time taken: 97.37 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
hive>
```

2. Create a new table called TRANSACTIONS_COUNT. (This table should have 3 fields – custid, fname and count. (Again to be done in module 8)



```
acadgild@localhost:~$
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
Time taken: 1.73 seconds
hive> SELECT COUNT(*) FROM TRANSACTIONS;
WARNING: Hive-on-MR is deprecated in Hive 2 and may not be available in the future versions. Consider using a different execution engine (i.e. spark, tez) or using Hive 1.X releases.
Query ID = acadgild_20180916171314_1afdb5b3-bcca-4027-8140-9cb896303427
Total jobs = 1
Launching Job 1 out of 1
Number of reduce tasks determined at compile time: 1
In order to change the average load for a reducer (in bytes):
  set hive.exec.reducers.bytes.per.reducer=<number>
In order to limit the maximum number of reducers:
  set hive.exec.reducers.max=<number>
In order to set a constant number of reducers:
  set mapreduce.job.reduces=<number>
Starting Job = job_1537096127994_0002, Tracking URL = http://localhost:8088/proxy/application_1537096127994_0002/
Kill Command = /home/acadgild/install/hadoop/hadoop-2.6.5/bin/hadoop job -kill job_1537096127994_0002
Hadoop job information for Stage-1: number of mappers: 1; number of reducers: 1
2018-09-16 17:14:11,469 Stage-1 map = 0%, reduce = 0%
2018-09-16 17:14:33,608 Stage-1 map = 100%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 3.82 sec
2018-09-16 17:14:50,057 Stage-1 map = 100%, reduce = 100%, Cumulative CPU 7.0 sec
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 7 seconds 0 msec
Ended Job = job_1537096127994_0002
MapReduce Jobs Launched:
Stage-Stage-1: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 7.0 sec HDFS Read: 9320 HDFS Write: 101 SUCCESS
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 7 seconds 0 msec
OK
8
Time taken: 97.37 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
hive> CREATE TABLE TRANSACTIONS_COUNT(
> custid INT,
> fname STRING,
> count INT)
> row format delimited fields terminated by ',';
OK
Time taken: 0.606 seconds
hive> select * from TRANSACTIONS_COUNT;
OK
Time taken: 0.619 seconds
hive>
```

3. Now write a hive query in such a way that the query populates the data obtained in Step 1 above and populate the table in Step 2 above. (This has to be done I module 9)

```
acadgild@localhost:~$ hive
hive> describe customer
OK
custid          int
fname           string
lname           string
age             int
profession      string
Time taken: 0.523 seconds, Fetched: 5 row(s)
hive> describe transactions;
OK
txnno           int
txndate         string
custno          int
amount          double
category        string
product         string
city            string
state           string
spendby         string
Time taken: 0.27 seconds, Fetched: 9 row(s)
hive> INSERT INTO TRANSACTIONS_COUNT
> SELECT t1.id, t1.f, COUNT(t1.txn) FROM
> (SELECT c.custid as id, c.fname as f, t.txnno as txn
> FROM customer c JOIN transactions t ON c.custid = t.custno)t1
> GROUP BY t1.id, t1.f;
WARNING: Hive-on-MR is deprecated in Hive 2 and may not be available in the future versions. Consider using a different execution engine (i.e. spark, tez) or using Hive 1.X releases.
Query ID = acadgild_20180918@50032_c9d4ac4d-ef92-48e2-97a2-f2fa9f98f0bf
Total jobs = 1
SLF4J: Class path contains multiple SLF4J bindings.
SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/install/hive/apache-hive-2.3.2-bin/lib/log4j-slf4j-impl-2.6.2.jar!/org/slf4j/impl/StaticLoggerBinder.class]
SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/install/hadoop/hadoop-2.6.5/share/hadoop/common/lib/slf4j-log4j-1.7.5.jar!/org/slf4j/impl/StaticLoggerBinder.class]
SLF4J: See http://www.slf4j.org/codes.html#multiple_bindings for an explanation.
SLF4J: Actual binding is of type [org.apache.logging.slf4j.Log4jLoggerFactory]
2018-09-18 05:01:11 Starting to launch local task to process map join; maximum memory = 518979584
2018-09-18 05:01:17 Dump the side-table for tag: 0 with group count: 8 into file: file:/tmp/acadgild/7692f44a-e89b-47bb-8
```

```
Time taken: 120.018 seconds
hive> SELECT * FROM TRANSACTIONS_COUNT;
OK
101 Amitabh 2
102 Sharukh 1
104 Anubhav 1
105 Pawan 1
106 Aamir 1
107 Salman 1
108 Ranbir 1
Time taken: 0.414 seconds, Fetched: 7 row(s)
hive>
```

4. Now let's make the TRANSACTIONS_COUNT table HBase compliant. In the sense, use Ser Des and storage handler features of hive to change the TRANSACTIONS_COUNT table to be able to create TRANSACTIONS table in Hbase. (This has to be done in module 10)

```
hive> CREATE TABLE TRANSACTIONS_hbase(id int, username string, count_txn string)
> STORED BY 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.hbase.HBaseStorageHandler'
> WITH SERDEPROPERTIES ("hbase.columns.mapping" = ":key,cf1:username,cf1:count_txn")
> TBLPROPERTIES ("hbase.table.name" = "TRANSACTIONS");
OK
Time taken: 7.059 seconds
hive> show tables;
OK
customer
transactions
transactions_count
transactions_hbase
Time taken: 0.207 seconds, Fetched: 4 row(s)
hive>
```

Table in hbase

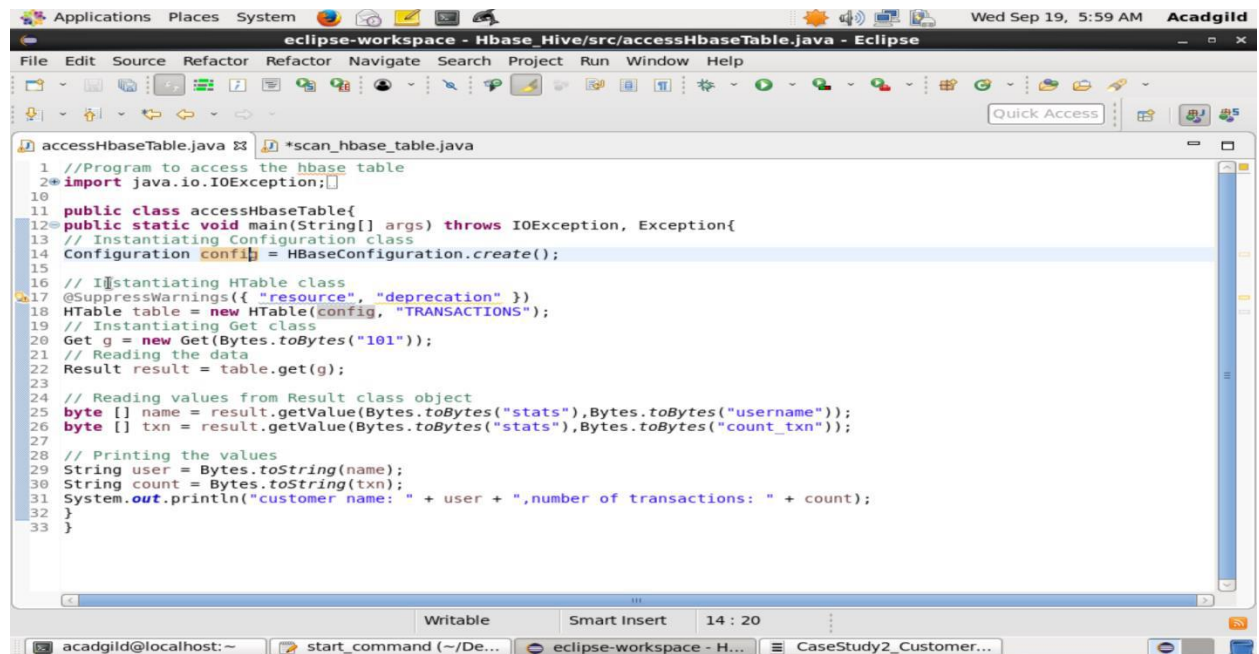
```
acadgild@localhost:~  
File Edit View Search Terminal Help  
=> ["bulktable", "clicks", "clicks1", "employee"]  
hbase(main):003:0> list  
TABLE  
TRANSACTIONS  
bulktable  
clicks  
clicks1  
employee  
5 row(s) in 0.0680 seconds  
=> ["TRANSACTIONS", "bulktable", "clicks", "clicks1", "employee"]  
hbase(main):004:0> describe 'TRANSACTIONS'  
Table TRANSACTIONS is ENABLED  
TRANSACTIONS  
COLUMN FAMILIES DESCRIPTION  
(NAME => 'cf1', BLOOMFILTER => 'ROW', VERSIONS => '1', IN_MEMORY => 'false', KEE  
P DELETED CELLS => 'FALSE', DATA_BLOCK_ENCODING => 'NONE', TTL => 'FOREVER', COM  
PRESSION => 'NONE', MIN_VERSIONS => '0', BLOCKCACHE => 'true', BLOCKSIZE => '655  
36', REPLICATION_SCOPE => '0')  
1 row(s) in 1.3430 seconds  
hbase(main):005:0>
```

- Now insert the data in TRANSACTIONS_COUNT table using the query in step 3 again, this should populate the Hbase TRANSACTIONS table automatically (This has to be done in module 10)

```
hive> show tables;  
OK  
customer  
transactions  
transactions count  
transactions_hbase  
Time taken: 0.207 seconds, Fetched: 4 row(s)  
hive> INSERT INTO TRANSACTIONS_HBase  
> SELECT * FROM TRANSACTIONS_COUNT;  
WARNING: Hive on MR is deprecated in Hive 2 and may not be available in the future versions. Consider using a different execu  
tion engine (i.e. spark, tez) or using Hive 1.X releases.  
Query ID = acadgild_20180919052433_91584203-4f83-4b3e-9b08-5fd9c4aad478  
Total jobs = 1  
Launching Job 1 out of 1  
Number of reduce tasks is set to 0 since there's no reduce operator  
Starting Job = job_1537312595756_0002, Tracking URL = http://localhost:8088/proxy/application_1537312595756_0002/  
Kill Command = /home/acadgild/install/hadoop/hadoop-2.6.5/bin/hadoop job -kill job_1537312595756_0002  
Hadoop job information for Stage-3: number of mappers: 1; number of reducers: 0  
2018-09-19 05:25:04,062 Stage-3 map = 0%, reduce = 0%  
2018-09-19 05:25:30,350 Stage-3 map = 100%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 5.67 sec  
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 5 seconds 670 msec  
Ended Job = job_1537312595756_0002  
MapReduce Jobs Launched:  
Stage-Stage-3: Map: 1 Cumulative CPU: 5.67 sec HDFS Read: 11244 HDFS Write: 0 SUCCESS  
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 5 seconds 670 msec  
OK  
Time taken: 59.123 seconds  
SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/install/hbase/hbase-1.2.6/lib/slf4j-log4j12-1.7.5.jar!/org/slf4j/impl/Static  
LoggerBinder.class]  
SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/install/hadoop/hadoop-2.6.5/share/hadoop/common/lib/slf4j-log4j12-1.7.5.jar!  
/org/slf4j/impl/StaticLoggerBinder.class]  
SLF4J: See http://www.slf4j.org/codes.html#multiple_bindings for an explanation.  
SLF4J: Actual binding is of type [org.slf4j.impl.Log4jLoggerFactory]  
HBase Shell; enter 'help<RETURN>' for list of supported commands.  
Type "exit<RETURN>" to leave the HBase Shell  
Version 1.2.6, rUnknown, Mon May 29 02:25:32 CDT 2017  
hbase(main):001:0> list  
TABLE  
TRANSACTIONS  
bulktable  
clicks  
clicks1  
employee  
5 row(s) in 1.0100 seconds  
=> ["TRANSACTIONS", "bulktable", "clicks", "clicks1", "employee"]  
hbase(main):002:0> scan 'TRANSACTIONS'  
COLUMN+CELL  
ROW column=cf1:count_txn, timestamp=1537314928770, value=2  
101 column=cf1:username, timestamp=1537314928770, value=Amitabh  
102 column=cf1:count_txn, timestamp=1537314928770, value=1  
102 column=cf1:username, timestamp=1537314928770, value=Sharukh  
104 column=cf1:count_txn, timestamp=1537314928770, value=1  
104 column=cf1:username, timestamp=1537314928770, value=Anubhav  
105 column=cf1:count_txn, timestamp=1537314928770, value=1  
105 column=cf1:username, timestamp=1537314928770, value=Pawan  
106 column=cf1:count_txn, timestamp=1537314928770, value=1  
106 column=cf1:username, timestamp=1537314928770, value=Aamir  
107 column=cf1:count_txn, timestamp=1537314928770, value=1  
107 column=cf1:username, timestamp=1537314928770, value=Salman  
108 column=cf1:count_txn, timestamp=1537314928770, value=1  
108 column=cf1:username, timestamp=1537314928770, value=Ranbir  
7 row(s) in 0.6220 seconds  
hbase(main):003:0>
```

- Now from the Hbase level, write the Hbase java API code to access and scan the TRANSACTIONS table data from java level.

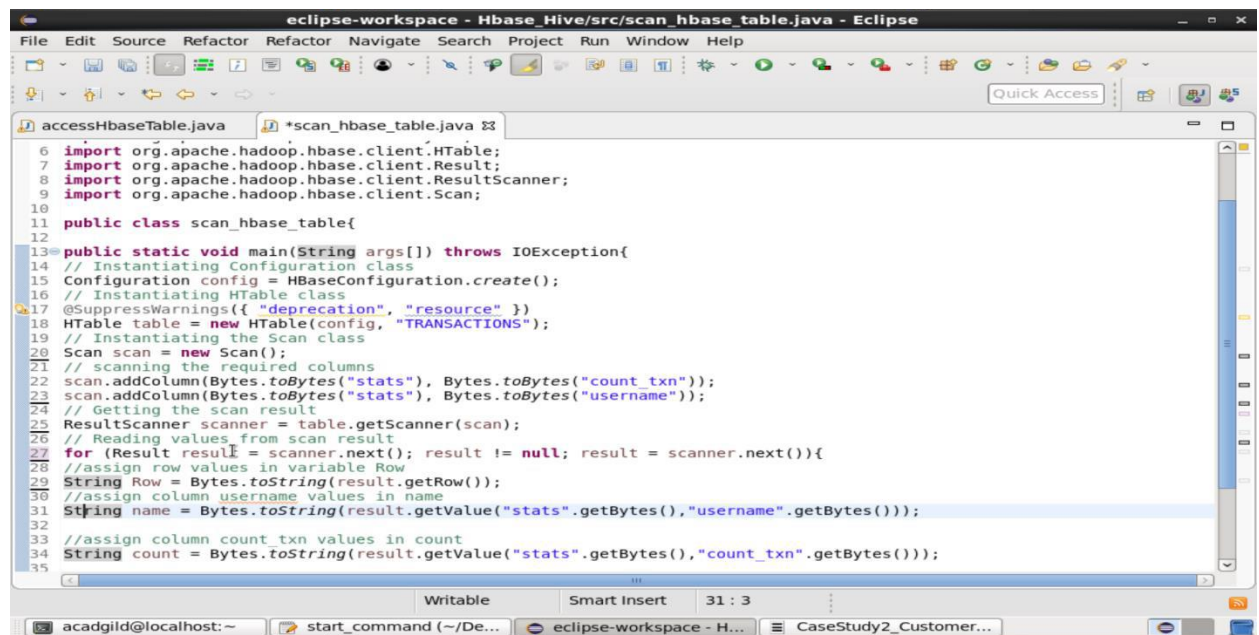
Access Hbase table



```
eclipse-workspace - Hbase_Hive/src/accessHbaseTable.java - Eclipse
File Edit Source Refactor Refactor Navigate Search Project Run Window Help

accessHbaseTable.java *scan_hbase_table.java
1 //Program to access the hbase table
2 import java.io.IOException;
10
11 public class accessHbaseTable{
12 public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException, Exception{
13 // Instantiating Configuration class
14 Configuration config = HBaseConfiguration.create();
15
16 // Instantiating HTable class
17 @SuppressWarnings({ "resource", "deprecation" })
18 HTable table = new HTable(config, "TRANSACTIONS");
19 // Instantiating Get class
20 Get g = new Get(Bytes.toBytes("101"));
21 // Reading the data
22 Result result = table.get(g);
23
24 // Reading values from Result class object
25 byte [] name = result.getValue(Bytes.toBytes("stats"),Bytes.toBytes("username"));
26 byte [] txn = result.getValue(Bytes.toBytes("stats"),Bytes.toBytes("count_txn"));
27
28 // Printing the values
29 String user = Bytes.toString(name);
30 String count = Bytes.toString(txn);
31 System.out.println("customer name: " + user + ",number of transactions: " + count);
32 }
33 }
```

Scan Hbase table



```
eclipse-workspace - Hbase_Hive/src/scan_hbase_table.java - Eclipse
File Edit Source Refactor Refactor Navigate Search Project Run Window Help

accessHbaseTable.java *scan_hbase_table.java
6 import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.client.HTable;
7 import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.client.Result;
8 import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.client.ResultScanner;
9 import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.client.Scan;
10
11 public class scan_hbase_table{
12
13 public static void main(String args[]) throws IOException{
14 // Instantiating Configuration class
15 Configuration config = HBaseConfiguration.create();
16 // Instantiating HTable class
17 @SuppressWarnings({ "deprecation", "resource" })
18 HTable table = new HTable(config, "TRANSACTIONS");
19 // Instantiating the Scan class
20 Scan scan = new Scan();
21 // scanning the required columns
22 scan.addColumn(Bytes.toBytes("stats"), Bytes.toBytes("count_txn"));
23 scan.addColumn(Bytes.toBytes("stats"), Bytes.toBytes("username"));
24 // Getting the scan result
25 ResultScanner scanner = table.getScanner(scan);
26 // Reading values from scan result
27 for (Result result = scanner.next(); result != null; result = scanner.next()){
28 //assign row values in variable Row
29 String Row = Bytes.toString(result.getRow());
30 //assign column username values in name
31 String name = Bytes.toString(result.getValue(Bytes.toBytes("stats").getBytes(),Bytes.toBytes("username").getBytes()));
32
33 //assign column count_txn values in count
34 String count = Bytes.toString(result.getValue(Bytes.toBytes("stats").getBytes(),Bytes.toBytes("count_txn").getBytes()));
35 }
```

	101,Amitabh,2
	102,Sharukh,1
	104,Anubahv,1
	105,Pawan,1
	106,Aamir,1
	107,Salman,1
	108,Ranbir,1