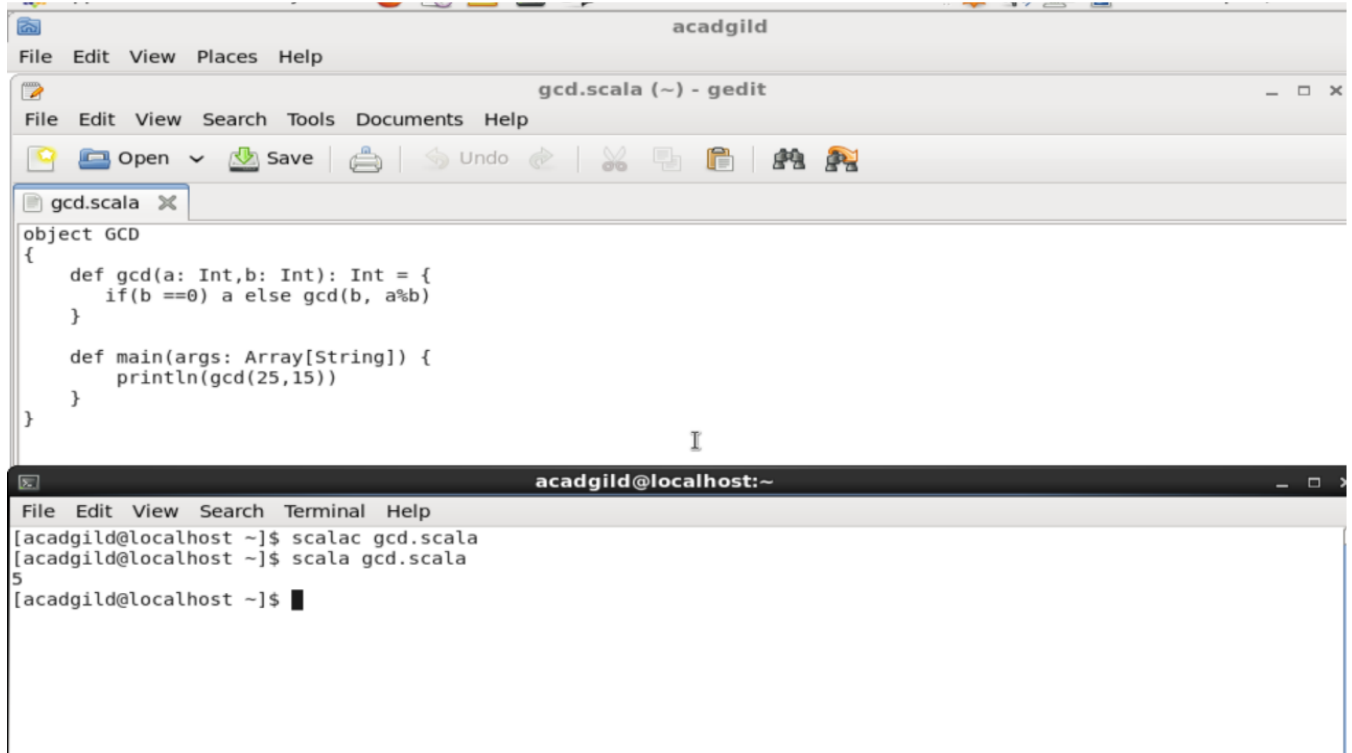


# Session 15: SCALA BASICS 2

## Assignment 1

### Task 1

Create a scala application to find the GCD of two numbers.

The screenshot shows a development environment with two windows. The top window, titled 'gcd.scala (~) - gedit', contains the following Scala code:

```
object GCD
{
  def gcd(a: Int,b: Int): Int = {
    if(b ==0) a else gcd(b, a%b)
  }

  def main(args: Array[String]) {
    println(gcd(25,15))
  }
}
```

The bottom window, titled 'acadgild@localhost:~', shows the terminal output of compiling and running the program:

```
[acadgild@localhost ~]$ scalac gcd.scala
[acadgild@localhost ~]$ scala gcd.scala
5
[acadgild@localhost ~]$
```

### Task 2

Fibonacci series (starting from 1) written in order without any spaces in between, thus producing a sequence of digits.

Write a Scala application to find the Nth digit in the sequence.

- Write the function using standard for loop

```
1 package mutable_collet
2
3 object fib_new extends App {
4   def fib(n: Int): Int = {
5     def calfib(n: Int, pre: Int, cur: Int): Int = {
6       if (n == 0)
7         pre
8       else
9         calfib(n - 1, cur, cur + pre)
10    }
11    calfib(n, pre = 0, cur = 1)
12  }
13
14  for (i <- 1 to 10)
15    println(fib(i))
16 }
17
```

Run: fib\_new x

"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0\_181\bin\java.exe" ...

1  
1  
2  
3  
5  
8  
13  
21  
34  
55

➤ Write the function using recursion

```
1 import scala.annotation.tailrec
2
3
4 object FibonacciTailRecursive extends App {
5
6   println(fib(9))
7
8   def fib(x: Int): BigInt = {
9     @tailrec def fibHelper(x: Int, prev: BigInt = 0, next: BigInt = 1): BigInt = x match {
10       case 0 => prev
11       case 1 => next
12       case _ => fibHelper(x - 1, next, (next + prev))
13     }
14     fibHelper(x)
15   }
16 }
17
```

FibonacciTailRecursive

Run: FibonacciTailRecursive x

"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0\_181\bin\java.exe" ...

34

Process finished with exit code 0

### Task 3

Find square root of number using Babylonian method.

1. Start with an arbitrary positive start value  $x$  (the closer to the root, the better).
2. Initialize  $y=1$ .
3. Do the following until desired approximation is achieved.
  - a) Get the next approximation for root using average of  $x$  and  $y$
  - b) Set  $y=n/x$

```
1 package mutable_collet
2
3 object Babylonian_method extends App {
4
5   def squareroot(n: Float): Float = {
6     var x :Float = n
7     var y :Float= 1
8     var e: Double = 0.000001
9
10    while (x - y > e) {
11      x = (x + y) / 2
12      y = n / x
13    }
14    return x
15  }
16
17  var n = 100
18  println(squareroot(n))
19
20 }
```

```
Run: Babylonian_method x
"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_181\bin\java.exe" ...
10.0
Process finished with exit code 0
```