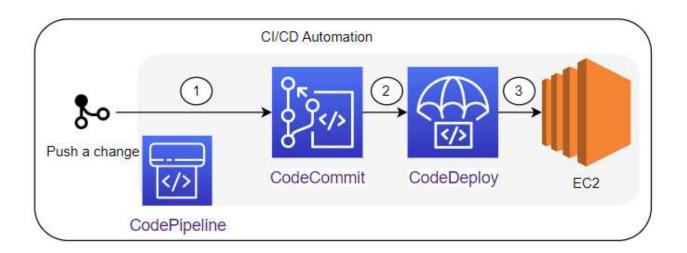
### Create a CI/CD pipeline on AWS

The *CodePipeline* is triggered when you push a code change to the *CodeCommit* repository. After that, the pipeline deploys your changes to an EC2 instance using *CodeDeploy* as the deployment service.

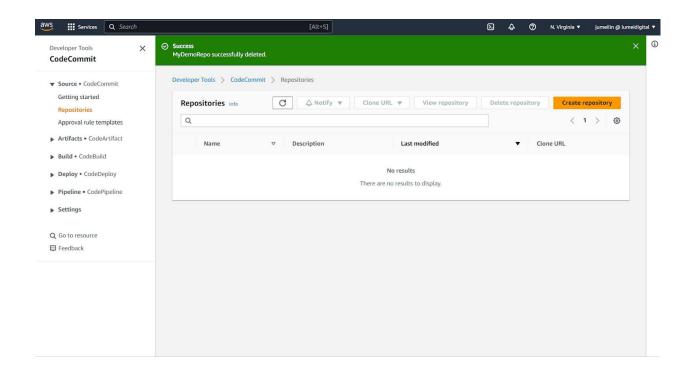


### The pipeline has two stages:

- A source stage (**Source**) for your CodeCommit source action.
- A deployment stage (**Deploy**) for your CodeDeploy deployment action.

### **Step 1: Create a CodeCommit repository**

- 1. Setup for HTTPS users using Git credentials
- 2. Open the CodeCommit console
- 3. Choose the AWS Region
- 4. On the **Repositories** page, choose **Create repository**.
- 5. On the **Create repository** page, in the **Repository** name, *MyDemoRepo*, enter a name for your repository
- 6. Choose Create



## Step 2: Add sample code to your CodeCommit repository

# Step 3: Create an ubuntu22 Linux instance and install the CodeDeploy agent

Create shell scripts Vi install.sh

#!/bin/bash

# This installs the CodeDeploy agent and its prerequisites on Ubuntu 22.04.

```
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install ruby-full ruby-webrick wget-y
cd/tmp
wget
https://aws-codedeploy-us-east-1.s3.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/r
eleases/codedeploy-agent_1.3.2-1902_all.deb
mkdir codedeploy-agent_1.3.2-1902_ubuntu22
dpkg-deb -R codedeploy-agent_1.3.2-1902_all.deb
codedeploy-agent_1.3.2-1902_ubuntu22
sed 's/Depends:.*/Depends:ruby3.0/' -i
./codedeploy-agent_1.3.2-1902_ubuntu22/DEBIAN/control
dpkg-deb -b codedeploy-agent_1.3.2-1902_ubuntu22/
sudo dpkg -i codedeploy-agent_1.3.2-1902_ubuntu22.deb
systemctl list-units --type=service | grep codedeploy
sudo service codedeploy-agent status
```

#### To create an instance role:

- Open the IAM console at https://console.aws.amazon.com/iam/).
- 2. From the console dashboard, choose **Roles**.
- 3. Choose Create role.
- 4. Under Select type of trusted entity, select AWS service. Under Choose a use case, select EC2. Under Select your use case, choose EC2. Choose Next: Permissions.
- 5. Search for and select the policy named

AmazonEC2RoleforAWSCodeDeploy.

6. Search for and select the policy named

AmazonSSMManagedInstanceCore. Choose Next: Tags.

7. Choose <b>Next: Review</b> . Enter a name for the role (for					
example, EC2InstanceRole)					

To launch an instance

- 1. Open the Amazon EC2 console at
- From the side navigation, choose Instances, and select
   Launch instances from the top of the page.

- 3. In Name, enter MyCodePipelineDemo. This assigns the instance a tag Key of Name and a tag Value of MyCodePipelineDemo. Later, you create a CodeDeploy application that deploys the sample application to this instance. CodeDeploy selects instances to deploy based on the tags.
- 4. Under Application and OS Images (Amazon
  Machine Image), locate the Amazon Linux AMI
  option with the AWS logo, and make sure it is selected.
  (This AMI is described as the Amazon Linux 2 AMI
  (HVM) and is labeled "Free tier eligible".)
- 5. Under **Instance type**, choose the free tier eligible

  t2.micro type as the hardware configuration for your instance.
- 6. Under **Key pair (login)**, choose a key pair or create one.

  You can also choose **Proceed without a key pair**.

- 7. Under Network settings, do the following. In Auto-assign Public IP, make sure the status is Enable.
- Next to Assign a security group, choose Create a new security group.
- In the row for **SSH**, under **Source type**, choose **My IP**.
- Choose **Add security group**, choose **HTTP**, and then under **Source type**, choose **My IP**.
- 8. Expand **Advanced details**. In **IAM instance profile**, choose the IAM role you created in the previous procedure (for example,

  EC2InstanceRole)
- 9. Under Summary, under Number of instances, enter 1...
- 10. Choose Launch instance.

### **Step 4: Create an application in CodeDeploy**

### **Step 4: Create an application in CodeDeploy**

In CodeDeploy, an <u>application</u> is a resource that contains the software application you want to deploy.

To create a CodeDeploy service role:

- Open the IAM console at https://console.aws.amazon.com/iam/).
- 2. From the console dashboard, choose **Roles**.
- 3. Choose **Create role**.
- 4. Under Select trusted entity, choose AWS service.

  Under Use case, choose CodeDeploy. Choose

  CodeDeploy from the options listed. Choose Next. The

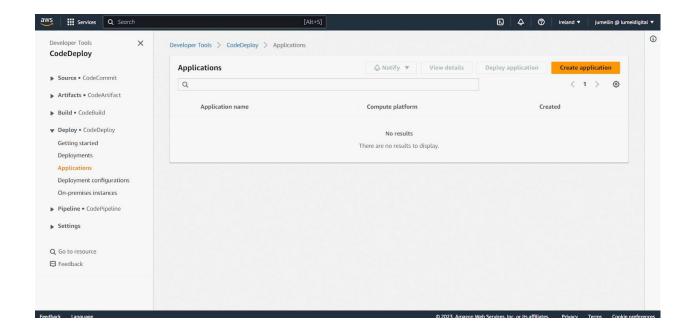
  AWSCodeDeployRole managed policy is already attached to
- 5. Choose **Next**.

the role.

6. Enter a name for the role (for example, codeDeployRole), and then choose **Create role**.

To create an application in CodeDeploy

- Open the CodeDeploy console at https://console.aws.amazon.com/codedeploy.
- 2. If the **Applications** page does not appear, on the menu, choose **Applications**.
- 3. Choose Create application.
- 4. In Application name, enter MyDemoApplication.
- 5. In Compute Platform, choose EC2/On-premises.
- 6. Choose **Create application**.
- 7. To create a deployment group in CodeDeploy.



Create application

A <u>deployment group</u> is a resource that defines deployment-related settings like which instances to deploy to and how fast to deploy them.

- On the page that displays your application, choose
   Create deployment group.
- 2. In **Deployment group name**, enter

MyDemoDeploymentGroup.

3. In **Service role**, choose the service role you created earlier (for example, <code>codeDeployRole</code>).

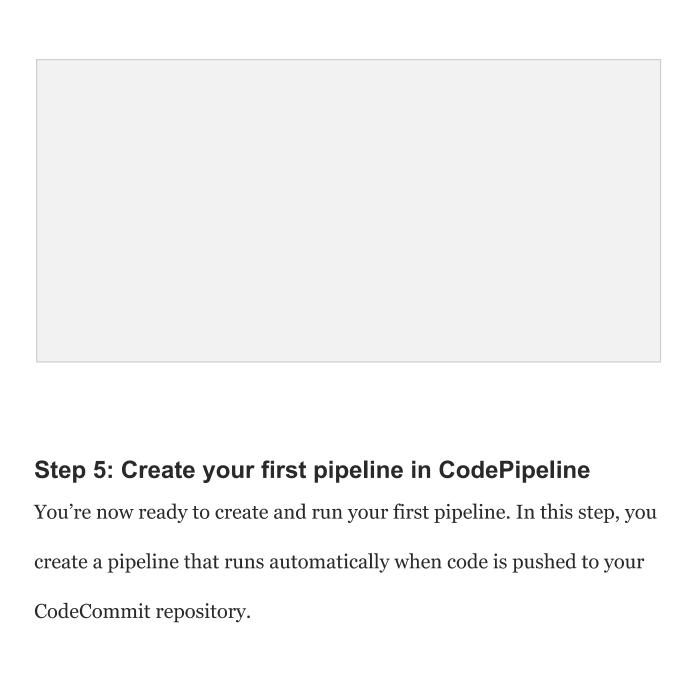
- 4. Under **Deployment type**, choose **In-place**.
- 5. Under Environment configuration, choose Amazon

  EC2 Instances. In the Key field, enter Name. In the

  Value field, enter the name you used to tag the instance

  (for example, MyCodePipelineDemo).
- 6. Under **Agent configuration with AWS Systems Manager**, choose **Now and schedule updates**. This installs the agent on the instance. The Linux instance is already configured with the SSM agent and will now be updated with the CodeDeploy agent.
- 7. Under **Deployment configuration**, choose

  CodeDeployDefault.OneAtaTime.
- 8. Under **Load Balancer**, make sure **Enable load balancing** is not selected. You do not need to set up a load balancer or choose a target group for this example.
- 9. Choose **Create deployment group**.



To create a CodePipeline pipeline

 Sign in to the AWS Management Console and open the CodePipeline console at http://console.aws.amazon.com/codesuite/codepipeline/home.

- 2. Open the CodePipeline console at <a href="https://console.aws.amazon.com/codepipeline/">https://console.aws.amazon.com/codepipeline/</a>.
- 3. Choose Create pipeline.
- 4. In Step 1: Choose pipeline settings, in Pipeline name, enter MyFirstPipeline.
- 5. In **Service role**, choose **New service role** to allow CodePipeline to create a service role in IAM.
- 6. Leave the settings under **Advanced settings** at their defaults, and then choose **Next**.
- 7. In Step 2: Add source stage, in Source provider, choose CodeCommit. In Repository name, choose the name of the CodeCommit repository you created in Step 1: Create a CodeCommit repository. In Branch name, choose main, and then choose Next step.

- 8. After you select the repository name and branch, a message displays the Amazon CloudWatch Events rule to be created for this pipeline.
- 9. Under Change detection options, leave the defaults.
  This allows CodePipeline to use Amazon CloudWatch
  Events to detect changes in your source repository.
- 10. Choose **Next**.
- 11. In Step 3: Add build stage, choose Skip build stage, and then accept the warning message by choosing Skip again. Choose Next.
- 12. In Step 4: Add deploy stage, in Deploy provider, choose CodeDeploy. In Application name, choose

  MyDemoApplication. In Deployment group, choose

  MyDemoDeploymentGroup, and then choose Next step.
- 13. In **Step 5: Review**, review the information, and then choose **Create pipeline**.

```
version: 0.2
phases:
install:
runtime-versions:
nodejs: 16
commands:
- npm install -g typescript
- npm install
pre_build:
commands:
- echo Installing source NPM dependencies...
build:
commands:
echo Build started on `date`
```

```
- npm prune --production
post build:
commands:
echo Build completed on `date`
artifacts:
type: zip
files:
- package.json
- package-lock.json
- "build/**/*"
- .ebextensions/**/*
```

- tsc